



User Guide

Unidrive M700 Unidrive M701 Unidrive M702

Model sizes 3 to 10

Universal Variable Speed AC drive for induction and permanent magnet motors

Part Number: 0478-0000-09

Issue: 9



Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

General information

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

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Drive firmware version

This product is supplied with the latest firmware version. If this drive is to be connected to an existing system or machine, all drive firmware versions should be verified to confirm the same functionality as drives of the same model already present. This may also apply to drives returned from a Control Techniques Service Centre or Repair Centre. If there is any doubt please contact the supplier of the product.

The firmware version of the drive can be checked by looking at Pr 11.029.

The firmware version of the Ethernet interface can be checked by looking at Pr 24.002

Environmental statement

Control Techniques is committed to minimising the environmental impacts of its manufacturing operations and of its products throughout their life cycle. To this end, we operate an Environmental Management System (EMS) which is certified to the International Standard ISO 14001. Further information on the EMS, our Environmental Policy and other relevant information is available on request, or can be found at www.greendrives.com.

The electronic variable-speed drives manufactured by Control Techniques have the potential to save energy and (through increased machine/process efficiency) reduce raw material consumption and scrap throughout their long working lifetime. In typical applications, these positive environmental effects far outweigh the negative impacts of product manufacture and end-of-life disposal.

Nevertheless, when the products eventually reach the end of their useful life, they must not be discarded but should instead be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. Recyclers will find the products easy to dismantle into their major component parts for efficient recycling. Many parts snap together and can be separated without the use of tools, while other parts are secured with conventional fasteners. Virtually all parts of the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates, while smaller products come in strong cardboard cartons which themselves have a high recycled fibre content. If not re-used, these containers can be recycled. Polythene, used on the protective film and bags for wrapping product, can be recycled in the same way. Control Techniques' packaging strategy prefers easily-recyclable materials of low environmental impact, and regular reviews identify opportunities for improvement.

When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

REACH legislation

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorisation.

For current information on how this requirement applies in relation to specific Control Techniques products, please approach your usual contact in the first instance. Control Techniques position statement can be viewed at:

http://www.controltechniques.com/REACH

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Issue Number: 9

Drive Firmware: 01.06.00.00 onwards Ethernet Firmware: 01.02.02.06 onwards

For patent and intellectual property related information please go to: www.ctpatents.info

How to use this guide

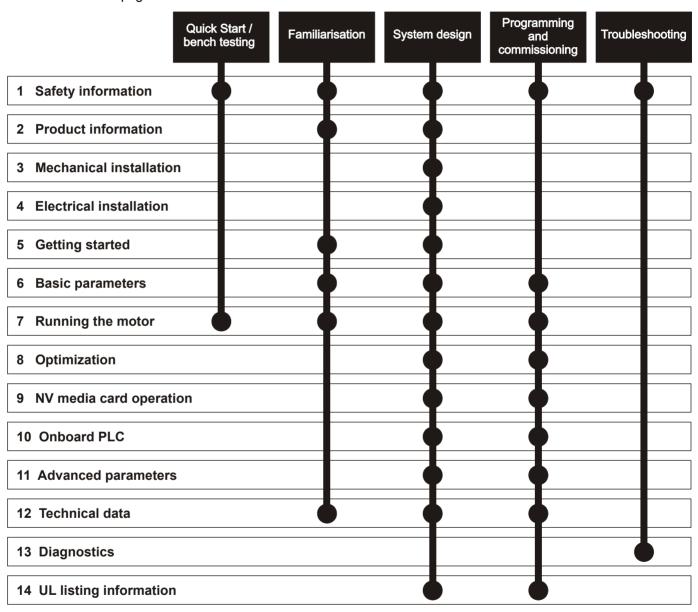
This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to *Contents* on page 4:



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Declaration of Conformity

Control Techniques Ltd

The Gro

Newtown

Powys

UK

SY16 3BE

This declaration applies to Unidrive M variable speed drive products, comprising models numbers as shown below:

Мааа	-bbcddddd Valid characters:
aaa	600, 700, 701, 702
bb	03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10
С	2, 4, 5 or 6
	00050, 00066, 00080, 00106, 00025, 00031, 00045, 00062, 00078, 00100
	00137, 00150, 00172, 00185
	00030, 00040, 00069, 00250, 00270, 00300
	00100, 00150, 00190, 00230, 00290, 00330, 00350, 00420, 00440, 00470
ddddd	00190, 00240, 00290, 00380, 00440, 00540, 00610, 00660, 00750, 00770, 00830, 01000
	00630, 00860, 01160, 01320, 01340, 01570
	01040, 01310, 01760, 01780, 02000, 02190, 02240
	01500, 01520, 01900, 02700, 02830, 03000, 03200

The AC variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - safety requirements - electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC product standard including specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4:2007	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current <16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2008	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current <16 A

EN 61000-3-2:2006 Applicable where input current <16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power >1 kW.

Moteurs Leroy-Somer Usine des Agriers Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS10015

16915 Angoulême Cedex 9

Im alexal

France

These products comply with the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC.

T. Alexander

Vice President, Technology

Newtown, Powys.UK

Date: 9th October 2013

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide. An EMC Data Sheet is also available giving detailed EMC information.

Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Control Techniques Ltd

The Gro

Newtown

Powys

UK

SY16 3BE

This declaration applies to Unidrive M variable speed drive product range, comprising models numbers composed as shown below:

Мааа	-bbcddddd Valid characters:
aaa	600, 700, 701, 702
bb	03, 04, 05, 06, 07
С	2, 4, 5 or 6
	00050, 00066, 00080, 00106, 00025, 00031, 00045, 00062, 00078, 00100 00137, 00150, 00172, 00185
ddddd	00030, 00040, 00069, 00250, 00270, 00300 00100, 00150, 00190, 00230, 00290, 00330,
	00350, 00420, 00440, 00470
	00190, 00240, 00290, 00380, 00440, 00540, 00610, 00660, 00750, 00770, 00830, 01000

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of Directives 2006/42/EC (The Machinery Directive) and 2004/108/EC (The EMC Directive).

EC type-examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein

D-51105 Köln

Notified Body identification number: 0035

EC type-examination certificate number: 01/205/5270/12

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008	Safety of machinery. Safety-related parts of control systems. General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2008	Safety of machinery. Safety-related parts of control systems. Validation
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery. Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

Moteurs Leroy-Somer Usine des Agriers Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS10015

16915 Angoulême Cedex 9

France

Person authorized to compile the technical file:

In alexand

C Hargis

Chief Engineer

Newtown, Powys. UK

T. Alexander

Vice President, Technology

Newtown

Date: 19th June 2013

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, sensors, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete systems. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the design of the complete machine, including its safety-related control system, is carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Machinery Directive and any other relevant legislation. The use of a safety-related drive in itself does not ensure the safety of the machine.

Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring inverters correctly. The inverters must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information information installation installation installation of installation installatio

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

1.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP and SAFE TORQUE OFF functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

With the sole exception of the SAFE TORQUE OFF function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behavior or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

1.4 Environmental limits

Instructions in this User Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.5 Access

Drive access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.6 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. For further information, refer to section 3.2.5 *Fire protection* on page 23.

1.7 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This User Guide contains instruction for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery. 2004/108/EC: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.8 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr 00.046 motor rated current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

1.9 Mechanical brake control

The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.10 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

1.11 Electrical installation

1.11.1 Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

Output cables and connections

Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

1.11.2 Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2 Product information

2.1 Introduction

Universal AC and servo drive

This product family consists of *Unidrive M700*, *Unidrive M701* and *Unidrive M702*, these deliver maximum machine performance.

Common features (Unidrive M700, 701 and 702)

- · Universal high performance open and closed loop control for induction, servo, permanent magnet and linear motors
- Automation and motion option module for direct migration of SyPTPro / SM-Applications programs
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation and motion control
- · Flexibility with speed and position measurement, supporting multiple devices and all common interfaces
- · NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage

Optional features (Unidrive M700, 701 and 702)

· Select up to three option modules including programmable automation and motion control.

Unidrive M700

- Ethernet fieldbus communications
- · Single channel SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) input

Unidrive M701

- · Provides a direct replacement / upgrade for Unidrive SP
- 485 serial communications interface
- · Single channel SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) input

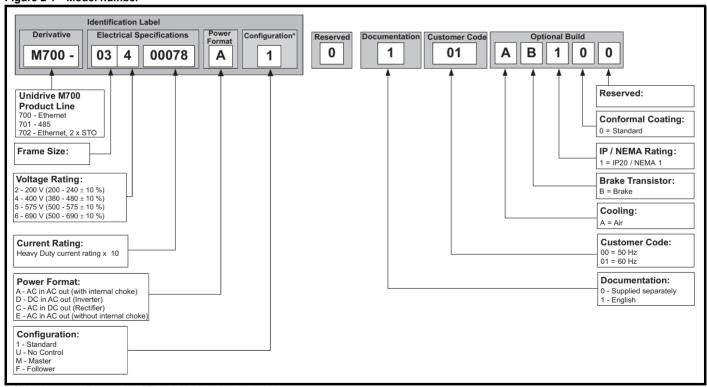
Unidrive M702

- · Ethernet fieldbus communications
- Dual channel SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) input

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the *Unidrive M700* range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



^{*} Only shown on Frame size 9E and 10 identification label.

NOTE

For simplicity a Frame 9 drive with no internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxxE) is referred to as a Frame 9E and a Frame 9 drive with an internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxxA) is referred to as a Frame 9A. Any reference to Frame 9 is applicable to both sizes 9E and 9A.

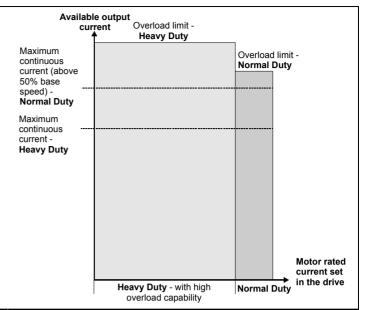
UL listing Safety Mechanica Electrica NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation inetallation started parameter the moto Operation PLC parameters data information

2.3 Ratings

The drive is dual rated.

The setting of the motor rated current determines which rating applies - Heavy Duty or Normal Duty.

The two ratings are compatible with motors designed to IEC60034. The graph aside illustrates the difference between Normal Duty and Heavy Duty with respect to continuous current rating and short term overload limits



Normal Duty

For applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the $\rm l^2t$ software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr 04.025 = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr 04.025 = 1.

Heavy Duty (default)

For constant torque applications or applications which require a high overload capability, or full torque is required at low speeds (e.g. winders, hoists).

The thermal protection is set to protect force ventilated induction motors and permanent magnet servo motors by default.

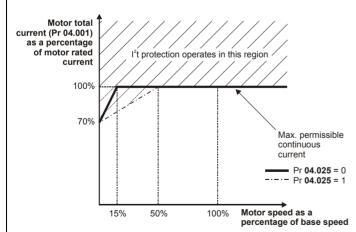
NOTE

If the application uses a self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motor and increased thermal protection is required for speeds below 50 % base speed, then this can be enabled by setting *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025) = 1.

Operation of motor I²t protection

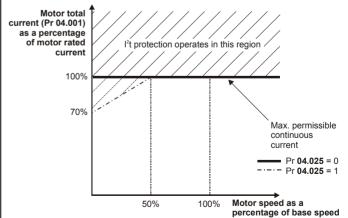
Motor I²t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

· Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



Motor I²t protection defaults to be compatible with:

- Forced ventilation induction motors
- Permanent magnet servo motors



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinoination	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamantina	UL listing
	information		installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F), 1000 m altitude and 3.0 kHz switching frequency. Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 269.

Table 2-1 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

			Normal [Outy				Heavy Duty		
Мо	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	03200050	6.6	1.1	1.5	7.2	5	7.5	10	0.75	1
F 2	03200066	8	1.5	2	8.8	6.6	9.9	13.2	1.1	1.5
Frame size 3	03200080	11	2.2	3	12.1	8	12	16	1.5	2
	03200106	12.7	3	3	13.9	10.6	15.9	21.2	2.2	3
5 sinc 4	04200137	18	4	5	19.8	13.7	20.5	27.4	3	3
Frame size 4	04200185	25	5.5	7.5	27.5	18.5	27.7	37	4	5
Frame size 5	05200250	30	7.5	10	33	25	37.5	50	5.5	7.5
Frame size 6	06200330	50	11	15	55	33	49.5	66	7.5	10
Frame Size 6	06200440	58	15	20	63.8	44	66	88	11	15
	07200610	75	18.5	25	82.5	61	91.5	122	15	20
Frame size 7	07200750	94	22	30	103.4	75	112.5	150	18.5	25
	07200830	117	30	40	128.7	83	124.5	166	22	30
Frame size 8	08201160	149	37	50	163.9	116	174	232	30	40
Frame Size 8	08201320	180	45	60	198	132	198	264	37	50
5 o	09201760	216	55	75	237.6	176	227	352	45	60
Frame size 9	09202190	266	75	100	292.6	219	282.5	438	55	75
Frame size 40	10202830	325	90	125	357.5	283	365	566	75	100
Frame size 10	10203000	360	110	150	396	300	387	600	90	125

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 2-2 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %)

			Normal I	Duty				Heavy Duty		
Мо	del	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 460 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 460 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	03400025	3.4	1.1	1.5	3.7	2.5	3.7	5.0	0.75	1.0
	03400031	4.5	1.5	2.0	4.9	3.1	4.6	6.2	1.1	1.5
Frame size 3	03400045	6.2	2.2	3.0	6.8	4.5	6.7	9.0	1.5	2.0
Frame Size 3	03400062	7.7	3.0	5.0	8.4	6.2	9.3	12.4	2.2	3.0
	03400078	10.4	4.0	5.0	11.4	7.8	11.7	15.6	3.0	5.0
	03400100	12.3	5.5	7.5	13.5	10.0	15.0	20.0	4.0	5.0
Frame size 4	04400150	18.5	7.5	10.0	20.3	15.0	22.5	30.0	5.5	10.0
Frame Size 4	04400172	24.0	11.0	15.0	26.4	17.2	25.8	34.4	7.5	10.0
Evere eine E	05400270	30.0	15.0	20.0	33.0	27.0	40.5	54.0	11.0	20.0
Frame size 5	05400300	31.0	15.0	20.0	34.1	30.0	45.0	60.0	15.0	20.0
	06400350	38.0	18.5	25.0	41.8	35.0	52.5	70.0	15.0	25.0
Frame size 6	06400420	48.0	22.0	30.0	52.8	42.0	63.0	84.0	18.5	30.0
	06400470	63.0	30.0	40.0	69.3	47.0	70.5	94.0	22.0	30.0
	07400660	79	37	50	86.9	66	99	132	30	50
Frame size 7	07400770	94	45	60	103.4	77	115.5	154	37	60
	07401000	112	55	75	123.2	100	150	200	45	75
Frame size 8	08401340	155	75	100	170.5	134	201	268	55	100
FIAITIE SIZE 8	08401570	184	90	125	202.4	157	235.5	314	75	125
Frame size 9	09402000	221	110	150	243.1	200*	258	400	90	150
Frame Size 9	09402240	266*	132	200	292.6	224*	288.9	448	110	150
Frame size 10	10402700	320	160	250	352	270	348.3	540	132	200
Frame Size 10	10403200	361	200	300	397.1	320*	412.8	640	160	250

^{*} These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 269.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Toohnical		III licting
Salety	Flouuci	iviecnanicai	Electrical	Getting	Dasic	Kullillig	Optimization	INV IVIEUIA CATU	Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	inotallation	inotallation	atartad	naramatara	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	narametera	data	Diagnostics	information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
					-			-		-			

Table 2-3 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

			Normal I	Outy				Heavy Duty		
Мо	del	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	05500030	3.9	2.2	3	4.3	3	4.5	6	1.5	2
Frame size 5	05500040	6.1	4	5	6.7	4	6	8	2.2	3
	05500069	10	5.5	7.5	11	6.9	10.3	13.8	4	5.0
	06500100	12	7.5	10	13.2	10	15	20	5.5	7.5
	06500150	17	11	15	18.7	15	22.5	30	7.5	10
Frame size 6	06500190	22	15	20	24.2	19	28.5	38	11	15
Fidille Size 6	06500230	27	18.5	25	29.7	23	34.5	46	15	20
	06500290	34	22	30	37.4	29	43.5	58	18.5	25
	06500350	43	30	40	47.3	35	52.5	70	22	30
F 7	07500440	53	45	50	58.3	44	66	88	30	40
Frame size 7	07500550	73	55	60	80.3	55	82.5	110	37	50
5	08500630	86	75	75	94.6	63	94.5	126	45	60
Frame size 8	08500860	108	90	100	118.8	86	129	172	55	75
F	09501040	125	110	125	137.5	104	134.1	208	75	100
Frame size 9	09501310	150	110	150	165	131	169	262	90	125
5i 40	10501520	200	130	200	220	152	196	304	110	150
Frame size 10	10501900	200	150	200	220	190	245.1	380	132	200

Table 2-4 690 V drive ratings (500 V to 690 V ±10 %)

			Normal I	Outy				Heavy Duty		
Мо	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 690 V	Motor power at 690 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 690 V	Motor power at 690 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	07600190	23	18.5	25	25.3	19	28.5	38	15	20
	07600240	30	22	30	33	24	36	48	18.5	25
Frame size 7	07600290	36	30	40	39.6	29	43.5	58	22	30
Frame Size /	07600380	46	37	50	50.6	38	57	76	30	40
	07600440	52	45	60	57.2	44	66	88	37	50
	07600540	73	55	75	80.3	54	81	108	45	60
F	08600630	86	75	100	94.6	63	94.5	126	55	75
Frame size 8	08600860	108	90	125	118.8	86	129	172	75	100
Eromo oizo 0	09601040	125	110	150	137.5	104	134.1	208	90	125
Frame size 9	09601310	155	132	175	170.5	131	169	262	110	150
Frame size 10	10601500	172	160	200	189.2	150	193.5	300	132	175
raine size 10	10601780	197	185	250	216.7	178	229.6	356	160	200

2.3.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC (RFC-A or RFC-S) and open loop (OL) modes:

Table 2-5 Typical overload limits

Table 2-3 Typical Overload lilling				
Operating mode	RFC from cold	RFC from 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Normal Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s
Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current (size 8 and below)	200 % for 28 s	200 % for 3 s	150 % for 60 s	150 % for 7 s
Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current (size 9E and 10)	170 % for 42 s	170 % for 5 s	150 % for 60 s	150 % for 7 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting. The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

2.4 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode

Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz)

Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)

2. RFC - A

With position feedback sensor

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

3. RFC - S

With position feedback sensor

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

2.4.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.4.2 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control with a position feedback device

With position feedback

For use with induction motors with a feedback device installed. The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed exactly as demanded. Motor flux is accurately controlled at all times to provide full torque all the way down to zero speed.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

2.4.3 RFC-S

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (RFC-S) provides closed loop control with position feedback device.

With position feedback

For use with permanent magnet brushless motors with a feedback device installed.

The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed is exactly as demanded. Flux control is not required because the motor is self excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor.

Absolute position information is required from the feedback device to ensure the output voltage is accurately matched to the back EMF of the motor. Full torque is available all the way down to zero speed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Toohnical		III licting
Salety	Flouuci	iviecnanicai	Electrical	Getting	Dasic	Kullillig	Optimization	INV IVIEUIA CATU	Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	inotallation	inotallation	atartad	naramatara	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	narametera	data	Diagnostics	information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
					-			-		-			

2.5 Compatible position feedback devices

Table 2-6 Supported feedback devices

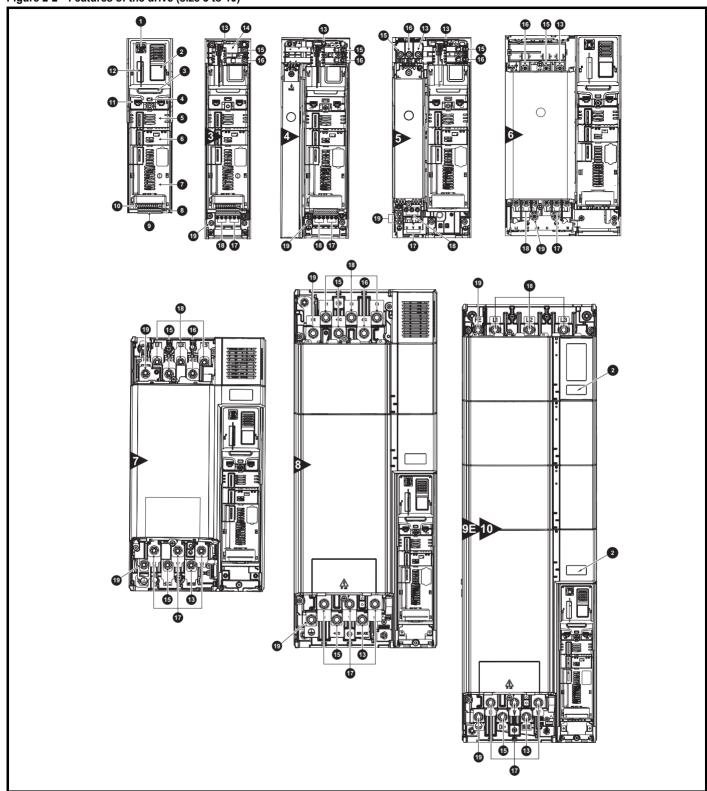
Encoder type	Pr 3.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
BiSS communication only encoders* (not currently supported)	BiSS (13)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders** (not currently supported)	Commutation only (16)

^{*} Only BiSS type C encoders are supported.

^{**} This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance.

2.6 Drive features

Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10)



Key

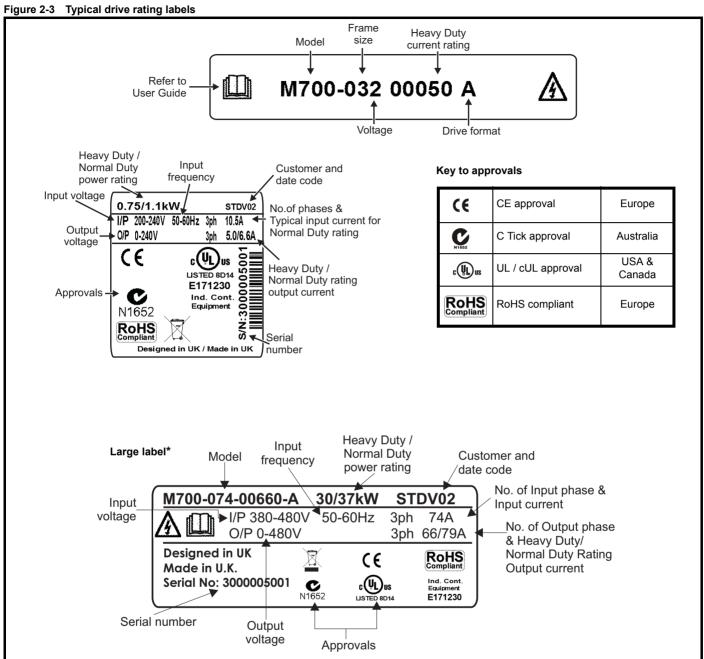
- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Status LED
- Option module slot 1
- 6. Option module slot 2
- 7. Option module slot 3
- 8. Relay connections
- 9. Position feedback connections
- 10. Control connections
- 11. Communications port
- 12. NV media card slot
- 13. Braking terminal
- 14. Internal EMC filter
- 15. DC bus +

- 16. DC bus -
- 17. Motor connections
- 18. AC supply connections
- 19. Ground connections

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.7 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-2 for location of rating labels.



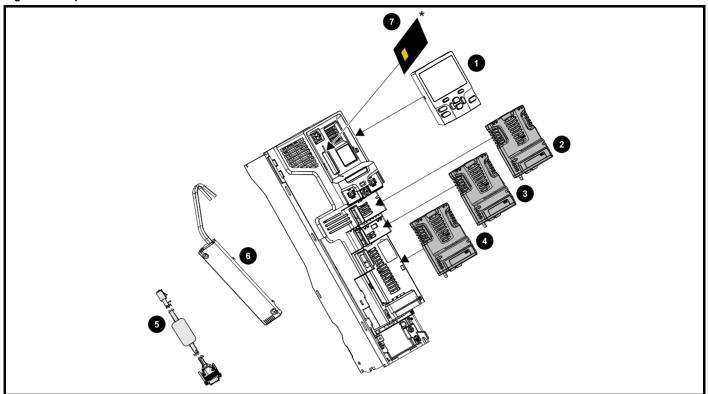
This label is only applicable to Size 7 and above.

Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 10 for further information relating to the labels.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	O 11 1 11	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	on information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.8 Options

Figure 2-4 Options available with the drive



- Keypad
- Option module slot 1
- 3. Option module slot 2
- 4. Option module slot 3
- 5. CT Comms cable

- 6. Internal braking resistor (available on size 3, 4 and 5)
- 7. NV media card
- * For further information, refer to Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 167.

Unidrive M option modules come in two different formats, a standard option module and a large option module. All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy, whereas the larger option module is black. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive, whereas the large option modules can only be installed to option slot 3. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

Table 2-7 Option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
Feedback		N/A	15-way D-type converter	Drive encoder input converter Provides screw terminal interface for encoder wiring and spade terminal for shield
reedback	To the state of th	N/A	Single ended encoder interface (15V or 24V)	Single ended encoder interface Provides an interface for single ended ABZ encoder signals, such as those from hall effect sensors. 15 V and 24 V versions are available
		N/A	KI-485 Adaptor	485 Comms Adaptor 485 Comms adaptor provides 485 communication interface. This adaptor supports 115 k Baud, node addresses between 1 to 16 and 8 1 NP M serial mode.
Fieldbus	CET	Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
Ticidodo		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adapter for communications with the drive

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Pacia	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Salety	FIOUUCL	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Dasic	Kullillig	Ontimization	INV Media Card	Onboard	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	OL listing
information	information	inctallation	inetallation	ctarted	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	-	information
					-					-			

Table 2-7 Option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
Automation (I/O expansion)	mammajira	Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: Digital I/O Digital Inputs Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) Analog Output Relays
		Moss Green	MCi200	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software.
Automation (Applications)		Moss Green	MCi210	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor (with Ethernet communications) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with Ethernet communications.
		Black	SI-Applications Plus	SyPTPro Compatible Applications Processor (with CTNet) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with CTNet support (can only be used on Slot 3).
	8	Didok	SI-Register	SyPTPro Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running position capture functionality with CTNet support (can only be used on Slot 3).

Table 2-8 Keypad identification

Type	Keypad	Name	Further Details
I/ av va a d		I K I-K EVNAN	LCD keypad option Keypad with a LCD display
Keypad	60 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	IKI-KEVNAN RIC:	LCD keypad option Keypad with a LCD display and real time clock

Table 2-9 Additional options

Type	Option	Name	Further Details
Back-up		SD Card Adaptor	SD Card Adaptor Allows the drive to use an SD card for drive back-up
Баск-ир	ROMAN PROCESS	SMARTCARD	SMARTCARD Used for parameter back-up with the drive

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.9 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the *Getting Started Guide*, a safety information booklet, the Certificate of Quality and an accessory kit box including the items shown in Table 2-10.

Table 2-10 Parts supplied with the drive (size 3 to 8)

Description	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5	Size 6	Size 7	Size 8
Control connectors			x 1* x 1*	x 1**		
Relay connector			I	x1		
24 V power supply connector					x 1	
Grounding bracket			,	x 1		
Surface mounting brackets	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2
Grounding clamp	10	x 1	x 1	x 1		
DC terminal cover grommets		x 2				
Terminal nuts				M6 x 11		
Supply and motor connector	4	x 1	×1 ×1			
Finger guard grommets			×3	x 2		

^{*} Available with *Unidrive M700 / M701* only for size 3 to 6.

^{**} Available with *Unidrive M702* only for size 3 to 6.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	0-4	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D:	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 2-11 Parts supplied with the drive (size 9E and 10)

Description	Size 9E	Size 10
Control connectors		
	x1 x1	x 1
Relay connector	x	1
24 V power supply connector	E Company of the Comp	
	х	1
Grounding bracket		
	X	2
Fan power supply connector		
	х	1
Surface mounting brackets	N	
	x	2

Safety Product information installation inst

3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes how to use all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- · Through-hole mounting
- · High IP as standard or through-panel mounting
- · Enclosure sizing and layout
- · Option module installing
- Terminal location and torque settings

3.1 Safety information



Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.9 *Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection* on page 45.

3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- · Corrosive gasses

NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 43.

3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page 59*.

3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

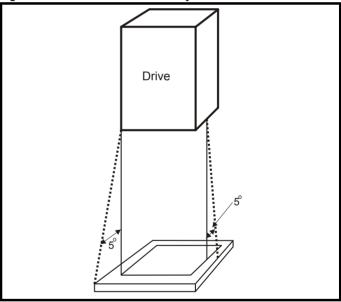
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness.

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

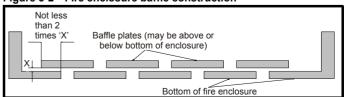
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5 VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



					ā.								
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Salety	1 Toduct	Wechanica	Liectifical	Getting	Dasic	ranning		INV IVICUIA CAIU	Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	ctarted	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
IIIIOIIIIalioii	imormation	mstallation	IIIStaliation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
					-			-					

3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.12 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) on page 80.

3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

3.3 Terminal cover removal



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



Stored charge

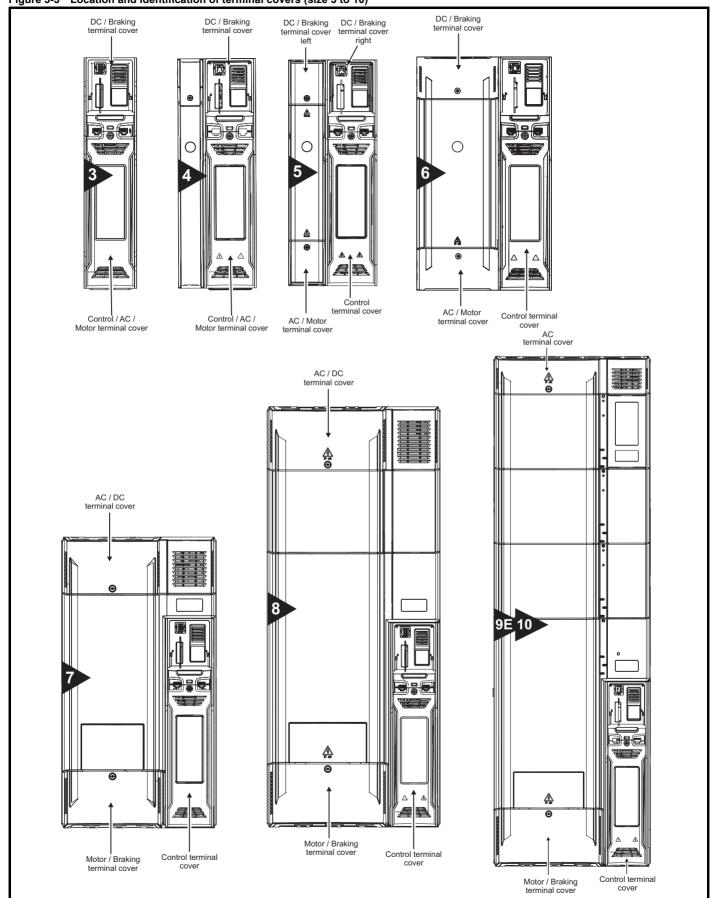
The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

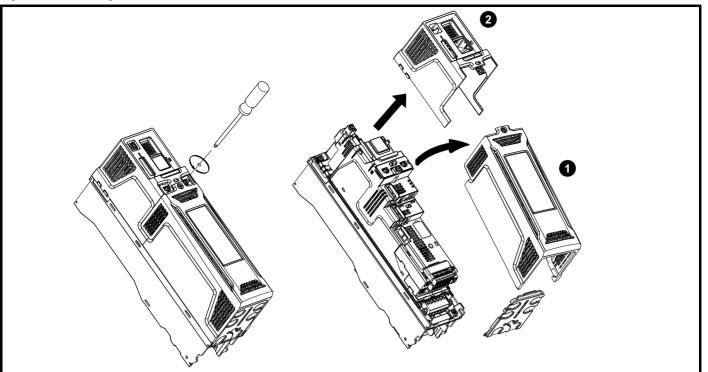
3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 3 to 10)



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

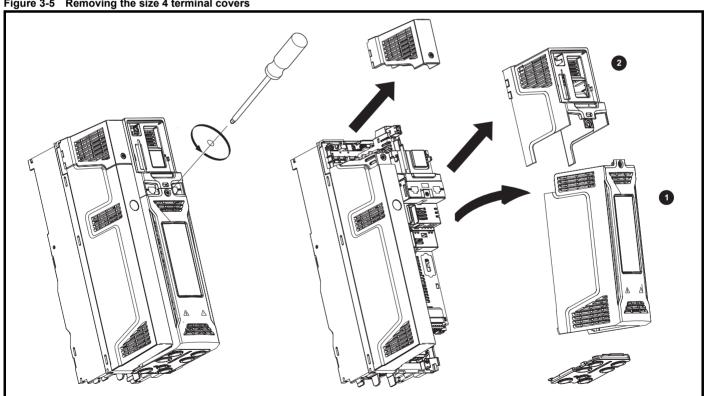
Figure 3-4 Removing the size 3 terminal covers



- Control / AC / Motor terminal cover
- DC / Braking terminal cover

On size 3 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Braking terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-5 Removing the size 4 terminal covers

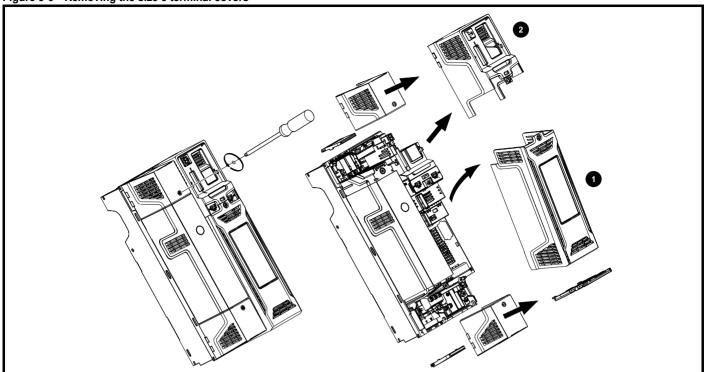


- Control / AC / Motor terminal cover
- DC / Braking terminal cover

On size 4 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Braking terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

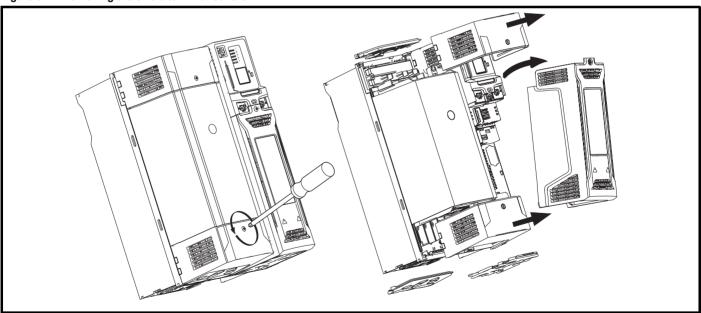
Figure 3-6 Removing the size 5 terminal covers



- 1. Control terminal cover
- 2. DC / Braking terminal cover right

On size 5 drives, the Control terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Braking terminal cover right. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

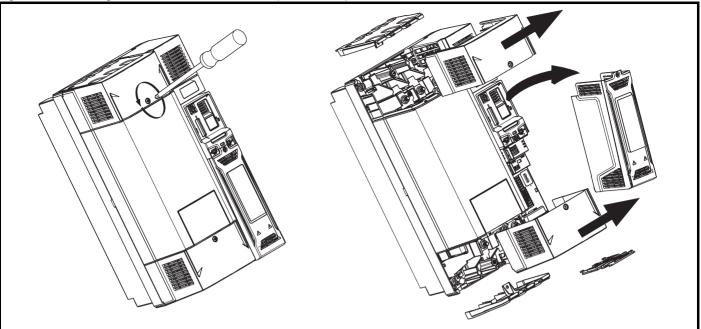
Figure 3-7 Removing the size 6 terminal covers



When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
illioilliation	IIIIOIIIIalioii	motanation	motanation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLC	parameters	data		imormation

Figure 3-8 Removing the size 7 to 10 terminal covers (size 7 shown)

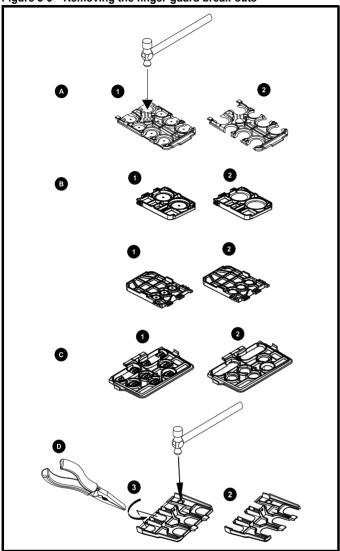


When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

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3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs

Figure 3-9 Removing the finger-guard break-outs



A: All sizes

B: Size 5 only

C: Size 6 only

D: Size 7 to 10

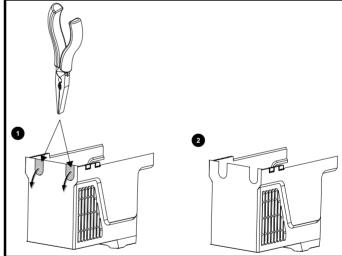
Place finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). For sizes 7 to 10 pliers can be used to remove the break-outs, grasp the relevant break-out with the pliers and twist it as shown (3). Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed.

Grommet kits are available for size 7 to 10 finger guards. For size 8 to 10, two versions are available allowing for either single or double cable entries

Table 3-1 Grommet kits

Drive size	Part number	Picture
Size 7 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	3470-0086-00	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	3470-0089-00	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	3470-0090-00	
Size 9E and 10 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	3470-0107-00	

Figure 3-10 Removing the size 3 and 4 DC terminal cover break-outs



Grasp the DC terminal cover break-outs with pliers as shown (1) and pull down in the direction shown to remove. Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed. Use the DC terminal cover grommets supplied in the accessory box (Table 2-10 on page 21) to maintain the seal at the top of the drive.

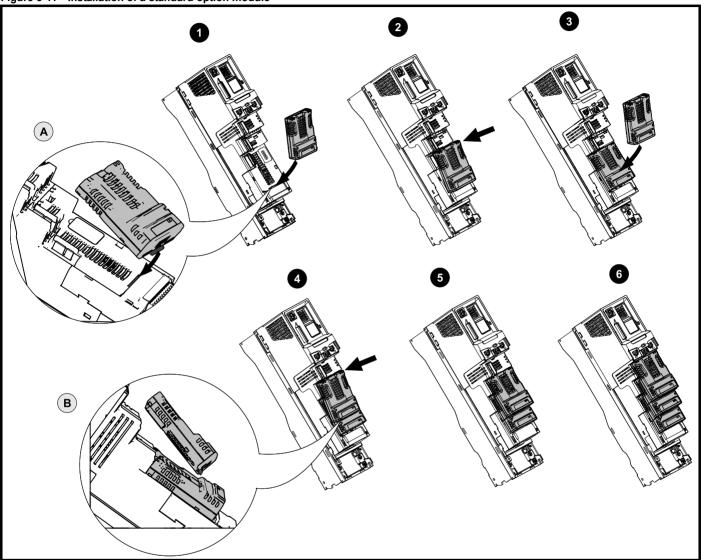
Safety Product information installation inst

3.4 Installing / removing option modules and keypads



Power down the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

Figure 3-11 Installation of a standard option module



Installing the first option module

NOTE

Option module slots must be used in the following order: slot 3, slot 2 and slot 1 (refer to Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10) on page 17 for slot numbers).

- Move the option module in direction shown (1).
- · Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided (2), this is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- · Press down on the option module until it clicks into place.

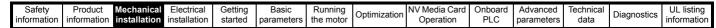
Installing the second option module

- Move the option module in direction shown (3).
- · Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided on the already installed option module (4), this is highlighted in the detailed view (B).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place. Image (5) shows two option modules fully installed.

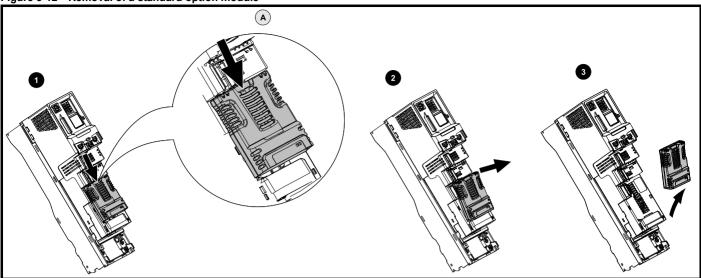
Installing the third option module

Repeat the above process.

The drive has the facility for all three option module slots to be used at the same time, image (6) shows the three option modules installed.

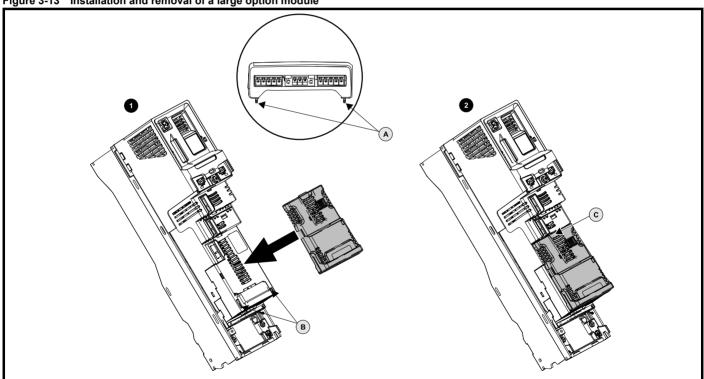


Removal of a standard option module



- Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing, the tab is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- Tilt the option module towards you as shown (2).
- Totally remove the option module in direction shown (3).

Figure 3-13 Installation and removal of a large option module



Installing a large option module

- Move the option module in direction shown (1).
- Align and insert the option module tabs (A) into the slot provided (B).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place.

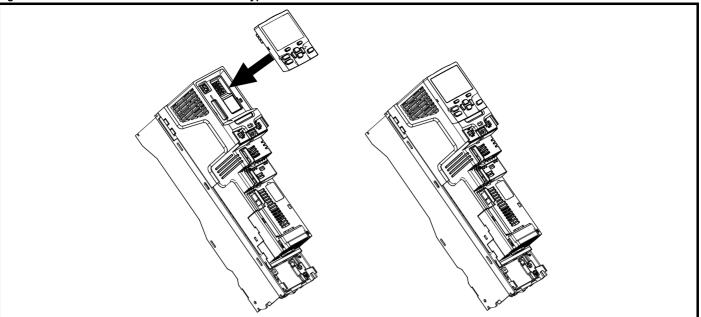
Removing a large option module

Press down on the tab (2C), tilt the option module towards you and remove.

The large option module can only be inserted into slot 3. Additional standard option modules can still be installed and used in slot 2 and slot 1.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-14 Installation and removal of the KI-Keypad



To install, align the keypad and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position.

To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

NOTE

The keypad can be installed / removed while the drive is powered up and running a motor, providing that the drive is not operating in keypad mode.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.5 **Dimensions and mounting methods**

The drive can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes for each method to allow a back plate to be prepared.

The Through-panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

Table 3-2 Through-panel mounting kit part numbers for size 3 to 8

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0053
4	3470-0056
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055
7	3470-0079
8	3470-0083
9E	3470-0105
10	3473-0103



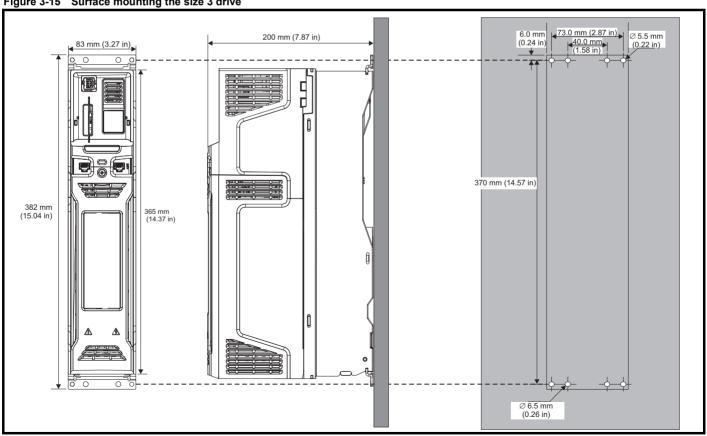
If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 °C (158 °F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.



Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in section 12.1.19 Weights on page 281.

3.5.1 **Surface mounting**

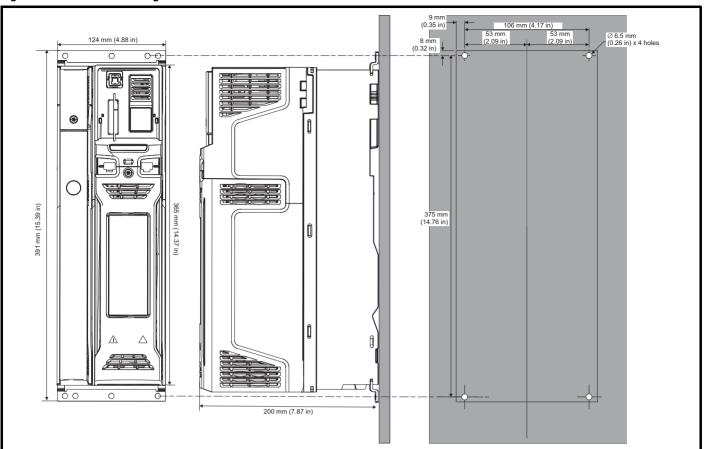
Surface mounting the size 3 drive



Each mounting bracket contains 4 mounting holes, the outer holes (5.5 mm) x 2 should be used for mounting the drive to the backplate as this allows the heatsink fan to be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate. The inner holes (6.5 mm) x 2 are used for Unidrive SP size 1 retrofit applications. See Table 3-3 for further information.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

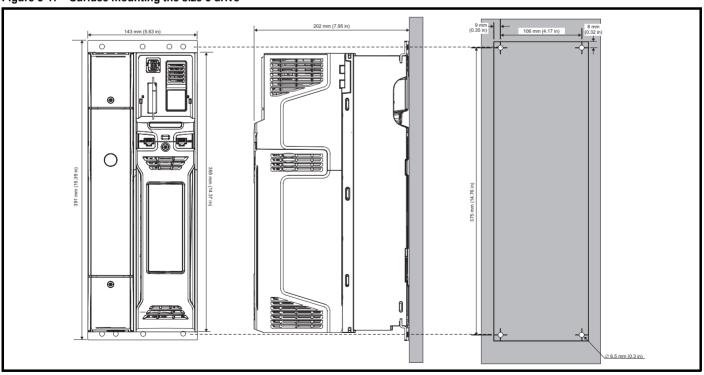
Figure 3-16 Surface mounting the size 4 drive



NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-3 for further information.

Figure 3-17 Surface mounting the size 5 drive

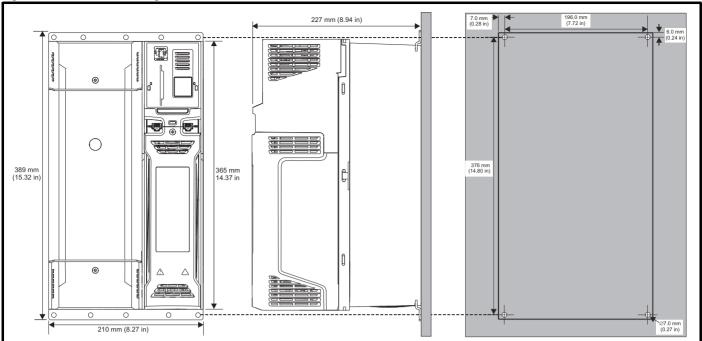


NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-3 for further information.



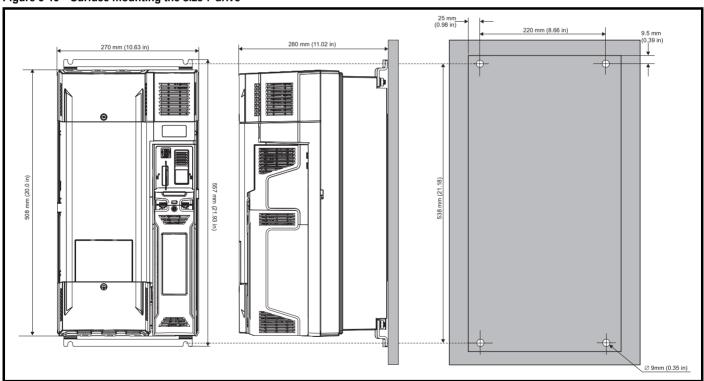
Figure 3-18 Surface mounting the size 6 drive



NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-3 for further information.

Figure 3-19 Surface mounting the size 7 drive



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Figure 3-20 Surface mounting the size 8 drive

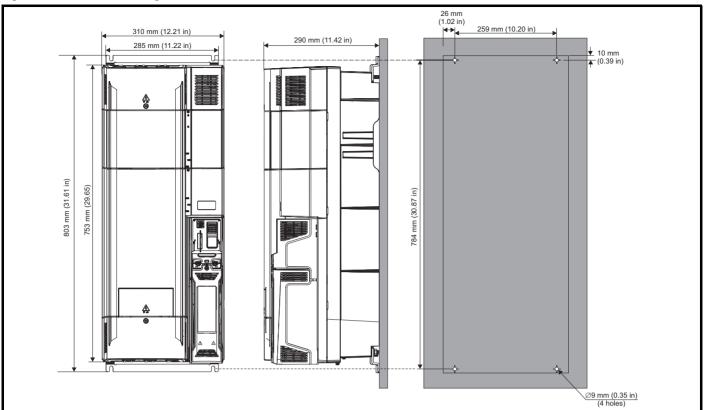
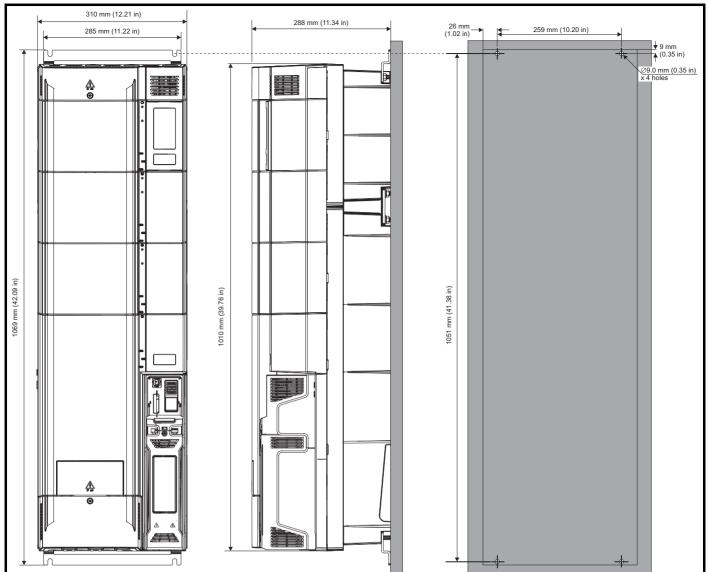


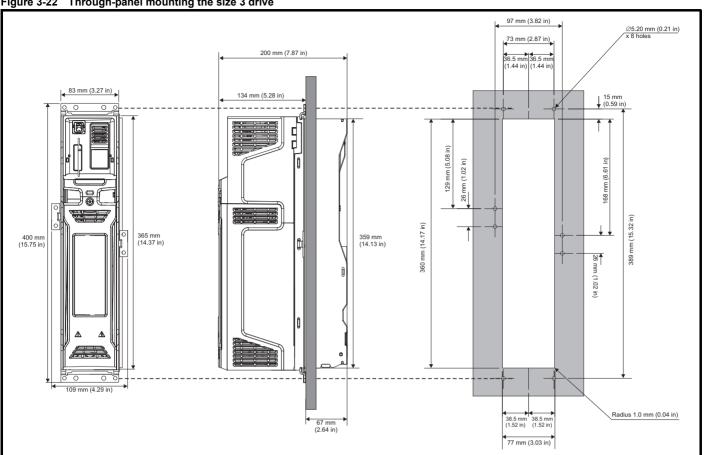
Figure 3-21 Surface mounting the size 9E and 10



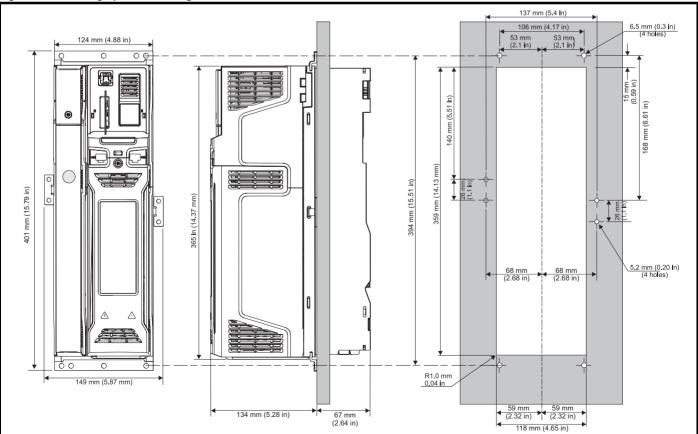
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.5.2 Through-panel mounting

Figure 3-22 Through-panel mounting the size 3 drive



Through-panel mounting the size 4 drive Figure 3-23



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-24 Through-panel mounting the size 5 drive

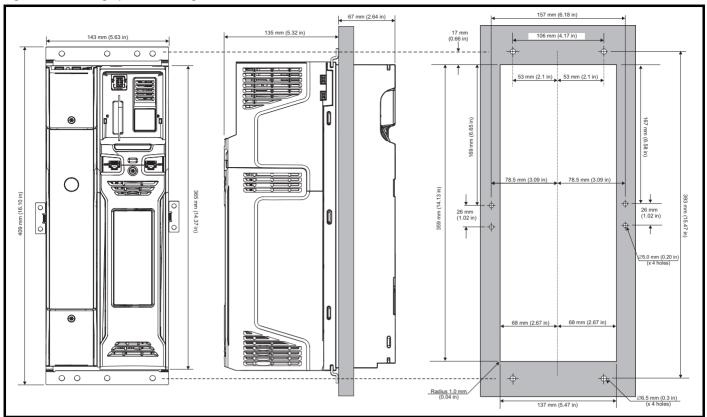
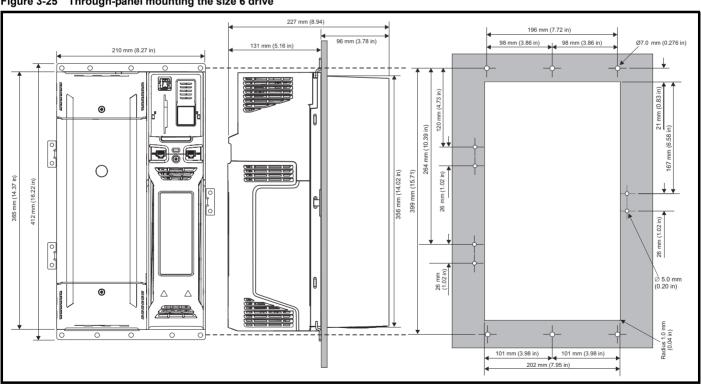


Figure 3-25 Through-panel mounting the size 6 drive



NOTE

The outer holes plus the hole located in the center of the bracket are to be used for through panel mounting.

Figure 3-26 Through-panel mounting the size 7 drive

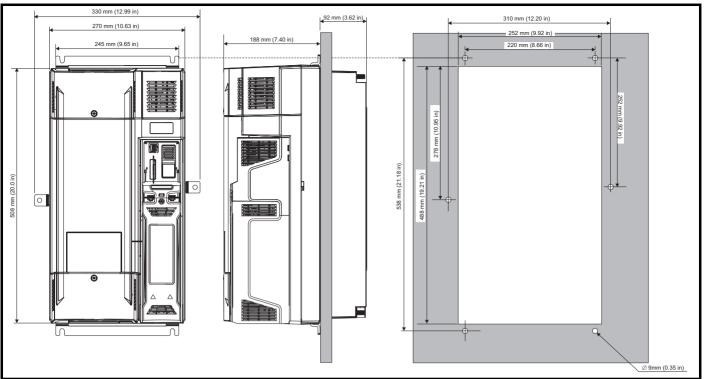
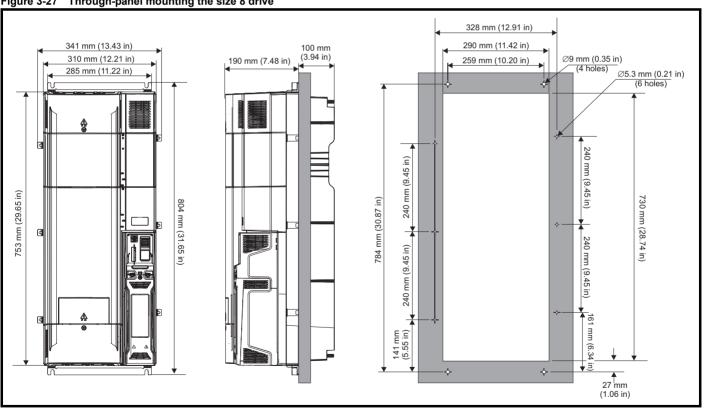
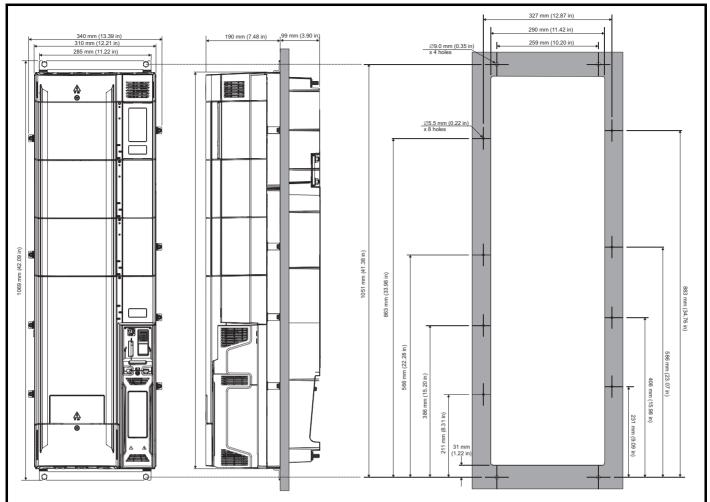


Figure 3-27 Through-panel mounting the size 8 drive



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-28 Through-panel mounting the size 9E and 10



3.5.3 Mounting brackets

Table 3-3 Mounting brackets (size 3 to 10)

Frame size	Surface	Qty	Through-panel	Qty
		0	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 2
3	Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 2	Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 2
4		x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 3
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x 2
5		x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x 2
6		x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 3
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x 2
7		x 2	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)		Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2
8		x 2	Hole size: 5.3 mm (0.21 in)	x 6
J	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	^4	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2
	<u> </u>		Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 8
9E and10		x 2		x 2
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)		Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	

Safety NV Media Card Product Running Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters data information

3.6 **Enclosure for standard drives**

3.6.1 Recommended spacing between the drives

Figure 3-29 Recommended spacing between the drives

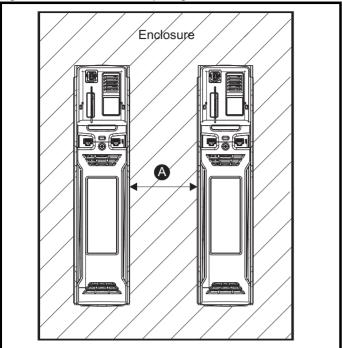


Table 3-4 Spacing required between the drives (without high IP bung)

Drive Size	Spaci	ing (A)					
Dilve Size	40°C	50°C*					
3	0 mm ((0.00 in)					
4	0 mm (0.00 in)						
5	0 mm (0.00 in)	30 mm (1.18 in)					
6	0 mm ((0.00 in)					
7	30 mm	(1.18 in)					
8	30 mm	(1.18 in)					
9E	30 mm	(1.18 in)					
10	30 mm (1.18 in)						

^{* 50°}C derating applies, refer to Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F) on page 272.

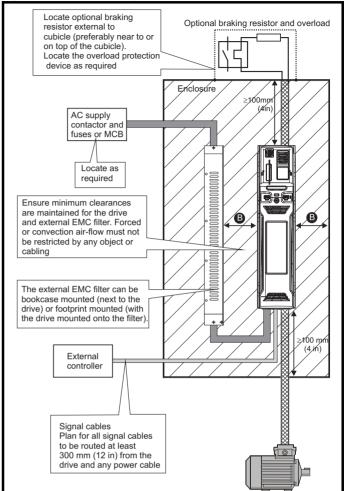
NOTE

When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced 30 mm (1.18 in) to maximize panel stiffness.

3.6.2 **Enclosure layout**

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

Figure 3-30 Enclosure layout



For EMC compliance:

- 1. When using an external EMC filter, one filter is required for each drive.
- Power cabling must be at least 100 mm (4 in) from the drive in all directions

Table 3-5 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / **EMC filter**

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
3	0 mm (0.00 in)
4	
5	
6	
7	30 mm (1.18 in)
8	
9E	
10	

Drive sizes 3 to 5 can be tile mounted where limited mounting space is available. The tile mounting kit is not supplied with the drive, it can be purchased separately.

$\overline{}$													
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamontina	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.6.3 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 12.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 274 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 12.2.1 EMC filter ratings on page 292 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$ for the enclosure from:

$$A_e = \frac{P}{k(T_{int} - T_{ext})}$$

Where:

 A_e Unobstructed surface area in m² (1 m² = 10.9 ft²)

T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in ^oC *outside* the enclosure

T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in ^oC *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the enclosure

k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m²/°C

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40°C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30°C

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) = 392.4 W

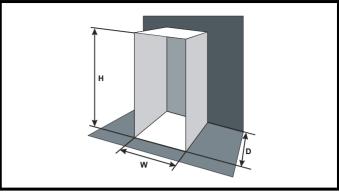
NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 269.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of 5.5 W/m²/°C. Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of 5.5 W/m²/°C can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-31 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

T_{int} 40 °C T_{ext} 30 °C k 5.5 P 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$${\rm A_e}\,=\,\frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

= 7.135
$$m^2$$
 (77.8 ft^2) (1 m^2 = 10.9 ft^2)

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W\,=\,\frac{A_e^{}-2HD}{H^{}+D}$$

Inserting **H** = 2m and **D** = 0.6 m, obtain the minimum width:

$$W = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- Removing other heat-generating equipment

Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where:

V Air-flow in m³ per hour $(1 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr} = 0.59 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min})$

T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure

T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the

k Ratio of
$$\frac{P_o}{P_i}$$

Where

P₀ is the air pressure at sea level

P_I is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced		Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	o puinzauon	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	D.agooaoo	information

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- · External EMC filter for each drive
- · Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

T_{int} 40 °C T_{ext} 30 °C k 1.3 P 323.7 W

Then:

$$V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}$$

= 126.2 m^3/hr (74.5 ft^3/min) (1 m^3/hr = 0.59 ft^3/min)

3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value (T_{rate}) which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \,^{\circ}C$
- 2. Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive $T_{rate} = T_{int}$
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} +5 °C, or T_{int}
- Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} or T_{int}

Where

T_{ext} = Temperature outside the cabinet

T_{int} = Temperature inside the cabinet

T_{rate} = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 269.

3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink mounted fan. The fan housing forms a baffle plate, channelling the air through the heatsink chamber. Thus, regardless of mounting method (surface mounting or through-panel mounting), the installing of additional baffle plates is not required.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on all sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Refer to section 3.14.2 *Fan removal procedure* on page 57 for information on fan removal. The size 6 onwards is also installed with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank.

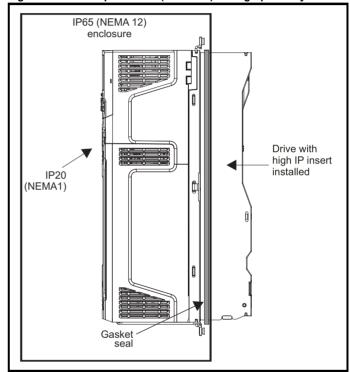
3.9 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection

An explanation of environmental protection rating is provided in section 12.1.9 $\it{IP/UL}$ Rating .

The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required). Refer to Table 12-2 on page 271.

This allows the front of the drive, along with various switchgear, to be housed in an IP65 (NEMA 12) enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. Thus, the majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure. This also relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gaskets provided.

Figure 3-32 Example of IP65 (NEMA 12) through-panel layout

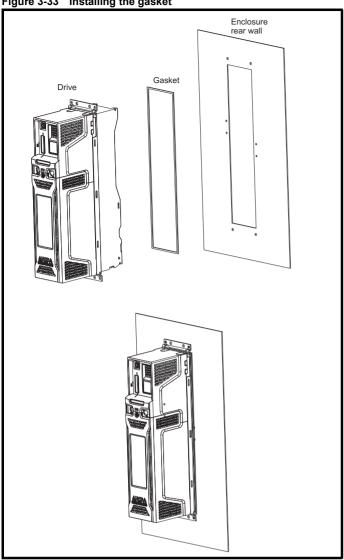


The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-33.

On drive sizes 3, 4 and 5, in order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert as shown in Figure 3-35, Figure 3-36 and Figure 3-37.



Figure 3-33 Installing the gasket



To seal the space between the drive and the backplate, use two sealing brackets as shown in Figure 3-34.

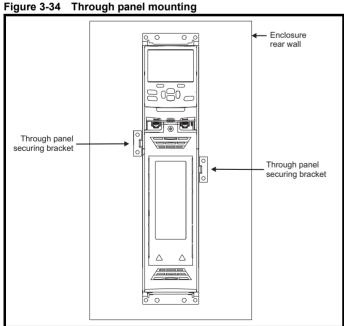
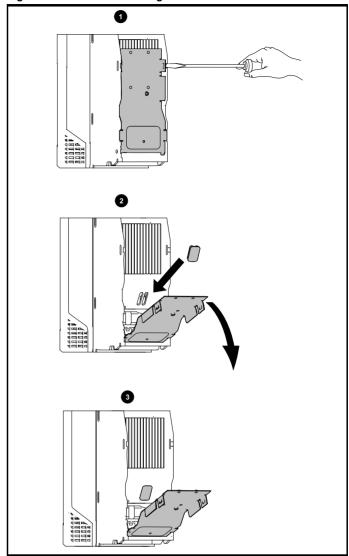


Figure 3-35 Installation of high IP insert for size 3

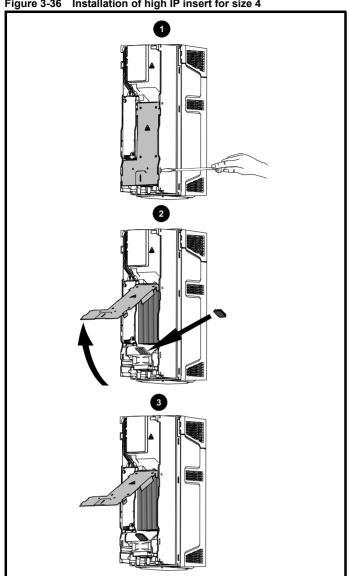


- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle down to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-6 should be followed.

Figure 3-36 Installation of high IP insert for size 4

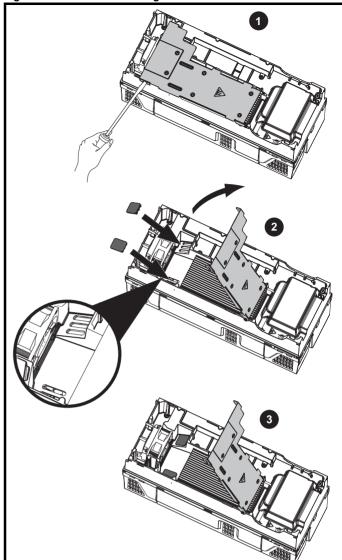


- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-6 should be followed.

Figure 3-37 Installation of high IP insert for size 5



- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation holes, install the high IP inserts into the ventilation holes in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP inserts are securely installed by firmly pressing them into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-6 should be followed.

Table 3-6 Environment considerations

Environment	High IP insert	Comments
Clean	Not installed	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Installed	Regular cleaning
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Installed	recommended
IP65 compliance	Installed	roommonada

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the high IP insert is installed. Derating information is provided in section 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 269.

Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

Safety Product information information installation installation in the parameters in the motor information in the parameters in the motor in the mo

NOTE

When designing an IP65 (NEMA 12) enclosure (Figure 3-32 Example of IP65 (NEMA 12) through-panel layout on page 45), consideration should be made to the dissipation from the front of the drive.

Table 3-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9E	
10	

3.10 Heatsink mounted brake resistor



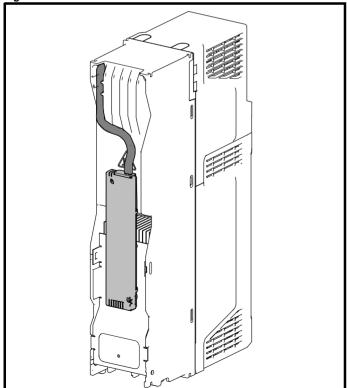
The internal / heatsink mounted braking resistors must only be used with the following drives.

Brake resistor 1220-2752-00 must only be used with size 3 drives. Brake resistor 1299-0003-00 must only be used with size 4 and 5 drives.

3.10.1 Size 3, 4 and 5 internal braking resistor

Size 3, 4 and 5 have been designed with an optional space-saving heatsink mounted resistor. The resistor can be installed within the heatsink fins of the drive. When the heatsink resistor is used, an external thermal protection device is not required as the resistor is designed such that it will fail safely under any fault conditions. The in-built software overload protection is set-up at default to protect the resistor. The resistor is rated to IP54 (NEMA 12).

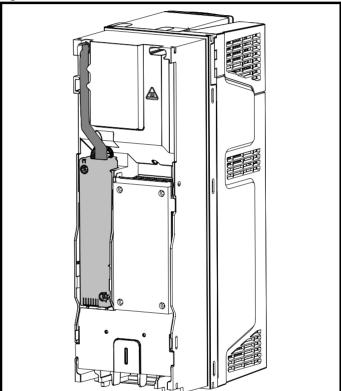
3.10.2 Internal braking resistor installation instructions Figure 3-38 Brake resistor installation on size 3



 Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers on page 25.

- Remove the internal EMC filter as shown in section 4.12.2 Internal EMC filter on page 82.
- Remove the brake resistor bung from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- 5. Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-38 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 8. Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

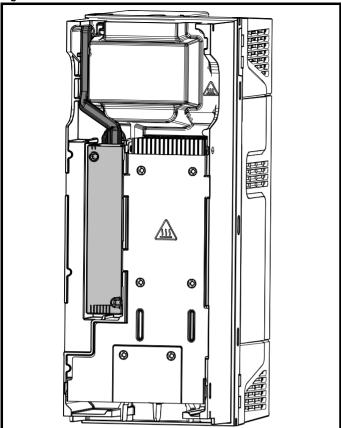
Figure 3-39 Brake resistor installation on size 4



- Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers on page 25.
- Remove the brake resistor bung from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 5. Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-39 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink, and the cables are not trapped between the heatsink fins and the resistor.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 7. Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-40 Brake resistor installation on size 5



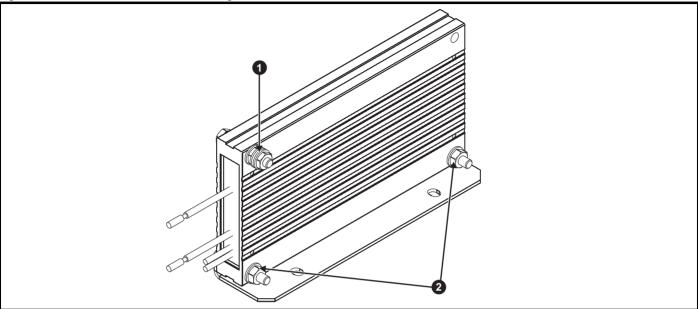
- Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers on page 25.
- Remove the brake resistor bung from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 5. Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-40 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink, and the cables are not trapped between the heatsink fins and the resistor.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 7. Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safe	y Proc	duct	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
informa	tion inform	nation	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.10.3 External brake resistor

External brake resistors are available from Control Techniques for drive sizes 3 to 6. They can be mounted in the enclosure as per mounting recommendation in Figure 3-30 *Enclosure layout* on page 43 using mounting brackets part number 6541-0187-00. Figure 3-41 below shows the brake resistor mounted on the mounting bracket. Two M4 screws and nuts (2) can be used to fix the brake resistor to the mounting bracket. One M4 nut with washer (1) is provided to use for the ground connection. The brake resistor is equipped with a thermal switch, the thermal switch should be integrated in the control circuit by the user.

Figure 3-41 Brake resistor with the mounting bracket



- 1. Ground connection (1 x M4 nut and washer).
- 2. Attaching the brake resistor to the mounting bracket (using 2 x M4 screws and nuts).

Figure 3-42 Mounting bracket dimensions

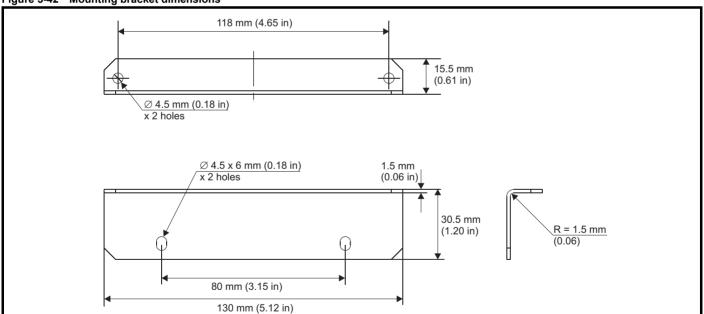
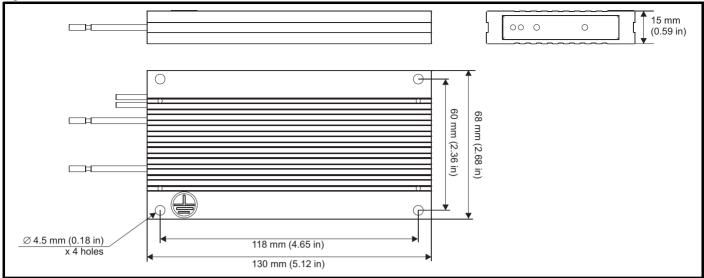




Figure 3-43 Brake resistor dimensions



3.11 External EMC filter

The external EMC filter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

Table 3-8 External EMC filter data

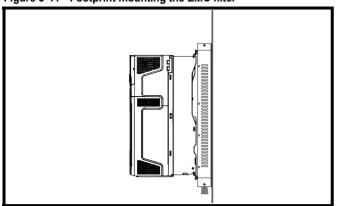
Model	CT part number	We	eight
Model	OT part number	kg	lb
200 V			
03200050 to 03200106	4200-3230	1.9	4.20
04200137 to 04200185	4200-0272	4.0	8.82
05200250	4200-0312	5.5	12.13
06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300	6.5	14.3
07200610 to 07200830	4200-1072		
08201160 to 08201320	4200-1672		
400 V			
03400025 to 03400100	4200-3480	2.0	4.40
04400150 to 04400172	4200-0252	4.1	9.04
05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402	5.5	12.13
06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800	6.7	14.8
07400660 to 07401000	4200-1132		
08401340 to 08401570	4200-1972		
575 V		•	•
05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122		
06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690	7.0	15.4
07500440 to 07500550	4200-0672		
08500630 to 08500860	4200-1662		
690 V			
07600190 to 07600540	4200-0672		
08600630 to 08600860	4200-1662		

The external EMC filters for size 3, 4, 5 and 6 can be footprint or bookcase mounted, see Figure 3-44 and Figure 3-45.

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Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.12.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 86.

Figure 3-44 Footprint mounting the EMC filter



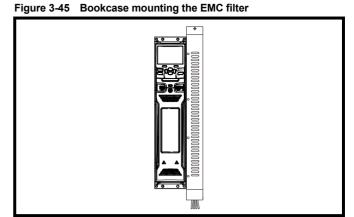
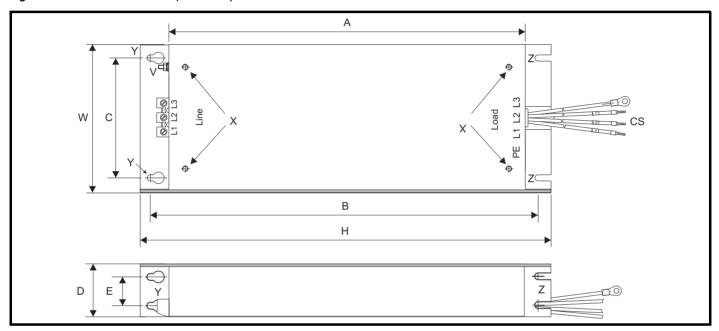


Figure 3-46 External EMC filter (size 3 to 6)



V: Ground stud

- X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive
- Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter.
- CS: Cable size
- Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

Table 3-9 Size 3 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	W	٧	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-3230	384 mm	414 mm	56 mm	41 mm		19.6 mm	426 mm	83 mm	M5	M5	5.5 mm	5.5 mm	2.5 mm ²
4200-3480	(15.12 in)	(16.30 in)	(2.21 in)	(1.61 in)		(0.77 in)	(16.77 in)	(3.27 in)	IVIO	IVIO	(0.22 in)	(0.22 in)	(14 AWG)

Table 3-10 Size 4 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	н	W	٧	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-0272	395 mm	425 mm	100 mm	60 mm	33 mm	11.5 mm	437 mm	123 mm	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	6 mm ²
4200-0252	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(3.94 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(0.45 in)	(17.2 in)	(4.84 in)	1010	IVIO	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	(10 AWG)

Table 3-11 Size 5 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	W	٧	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-0312													10 mm ²
4200-0402	395 mm	425 mm	106 mm	60 mm	33 mm	11.5 mm	437 mm	143 mm	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	(8 AWG)
4200-0122	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(4.17 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(0.45 in)	(17.2 in)	(5.63 in)	IVIO	IVIO	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)

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Table 3-12 Size 6 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	٧	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-2300 4200-4800	392 mm	420 mm	180 mm	60 mm		_	-	-	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	16 mm ²
4200-3690	(15.43 in)	(16.54 in)	(7.09 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(0.45 in)	(17.09 in)	(8.27 in)			(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	(6 AWG)

Table 3-13 Size 7 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	٧	Х	Y	Z	cs
4200-1072													
4200-1132													
4200-0672													

Table 3-14 Size 8 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	W	٧	Х	Y	Z	cs
4200-1672													
4200-1972													
4200-1662													

3.12 Line reactor mounting dimensions for size 9E and 10

Figure 3-47 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 9E and10

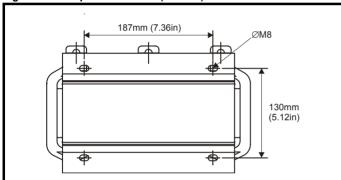
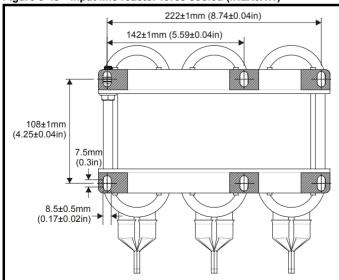


Figure 3-48 Input line reactor force cooled (INLX0XW)

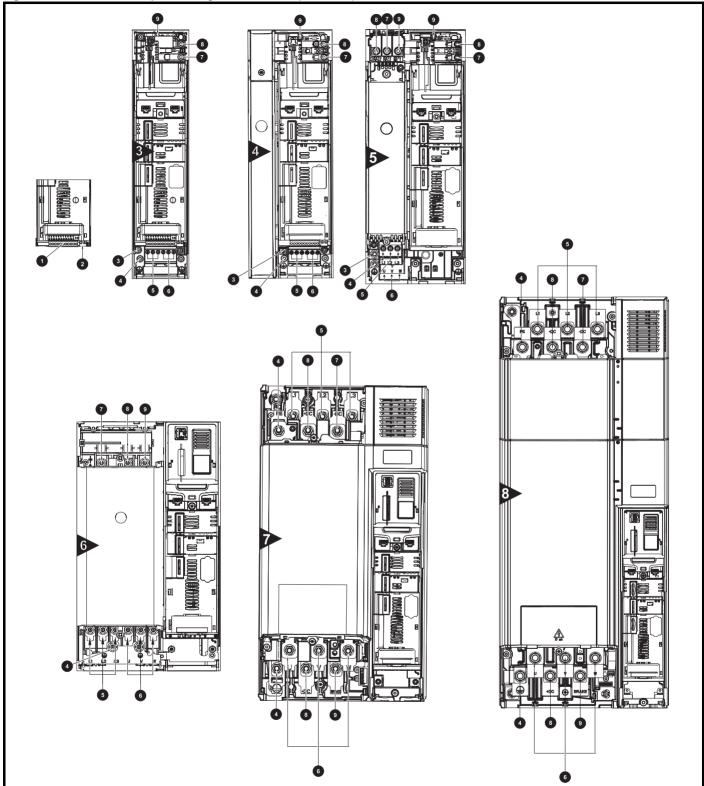


For overall dimensions and other details, refer to section 4.2.3 *Input line reactor specification for size 9E and 10* on page 65.

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3.13 **Electrical terminals**

3.13.1 Location of the power and ground terminals Figure 3-49 Location of the power and ground terminals (size 3 to 8)



Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Additional ground connection
- 4. Ground connections
- 5. AC power terminals
- 6. Motor terminals

- 7. DC bus -
- 8. DC bus +
- 9. Brake terminal

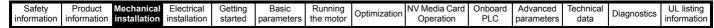
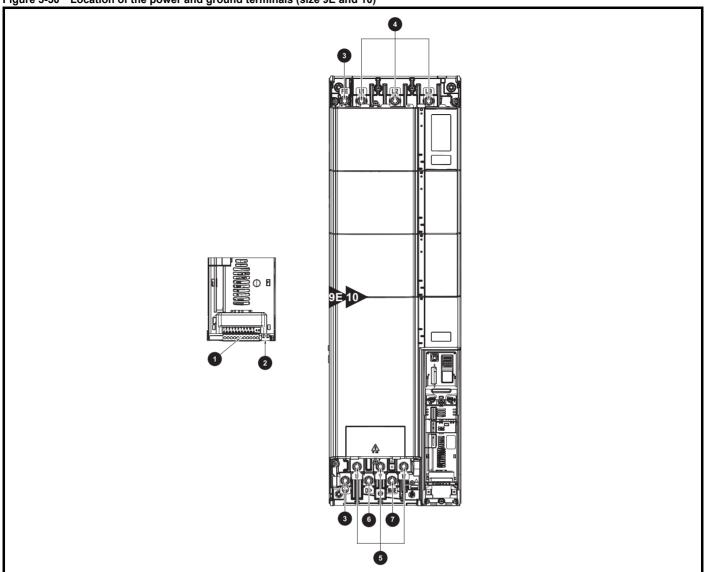


Figure 3-50 Location of the power and ground terminals (size 9E and 10)



Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Ground connections

- 4. AC power terminals
- 5. Motor terminals
- 6. DC bus +

7. Brake terminal

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3.13.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

Table 3-15 Drive power terminal data

Unidrive M	AC and mot	or terminals	DC and	braking	Ground	terminal
frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum
3 and 4	Plug-in teri	minal block	T20 To	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M4	4 Nut (7 mm AF)
3 and 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)
5	Plug-in teri	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8	3 mm AF)
Ŭ	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)
	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)
	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)
8 to 10	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)
0 10 10	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)

Table 3-16 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Table 3-17 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
7311	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm ² (12 AWG)
3 4	6 way AC power connector	6 mm ² (10 AWG)
5	3 way AC power connector 3 way motor connector	8 mm ² (8 AWG)
6		
7	2 way low voltage newer	
8	2 way low voltage power 24 V supply connector	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
9E	24 v dupply doffiledtol	
10		

Table 3-18 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		wer ctions	Ground connections				
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque			
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)					
4200-0252	16 mm ²		Me	4.8 N m			
4200-0272	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(2.8 lb ft)			
4200-0312		(1.4 lb ft)					
4200-0402							
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m			
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)			
4200-2300	402	2.3 N m		4.8 N m			
4200-4800	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	(1.70 lb ft)	M6	(2.8 lb ft)			
4200-3690	(U AVVG)	(1.70 10 10)		(2.0 10 10)			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.14 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact of moisture and dust with the drive should be prevented. Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment	
Ambient temperature	Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified
Dust	Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments.
Moisture	Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation
Enclosure	
Enclosure door filters	Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow
Electrical	
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight
Crimp terminals	Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage

3.14.1 Real time clock battery replacement

Those keypads which have the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad

Figure 3-51 KI-Keypad RTC (rear view)

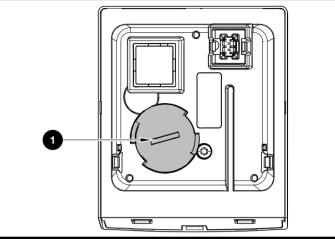


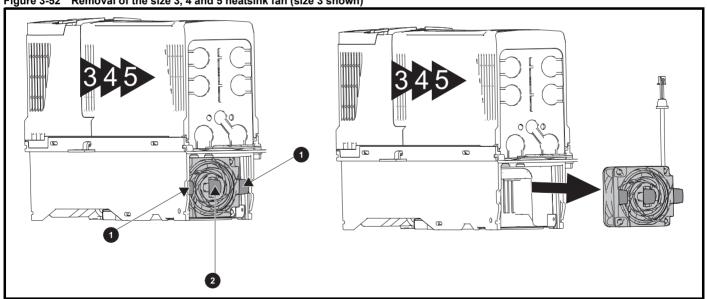
Figure 3-51 above illustrates the rear view of the KI-Keypad RTC.

- 1. To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.
- 2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).
- 3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

3.14.2 Fan removal procedure

Figure 3-52 Removal of the size 3, 4 and 5 heatsink fan (size 3 shown)



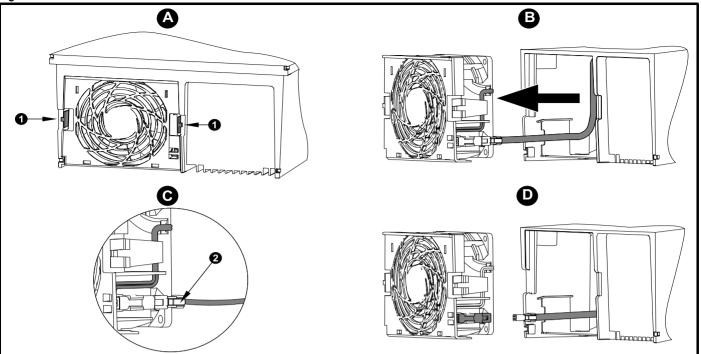
- Ensure the fan cable is disconnected from the drive prior to attempting fan removal.
- Press the two tabs (1) inwards to release the fan from the drive frame.
- Using the central fan tab (2), withdraw the fan assembly from the drive housing.

Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

If the drive is surface mounted using the outer holes on the mounting bracket, then the heatsink fan can be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-53 Removal of the size 6 heatsink fan



- A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.
- **B:** Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.
- C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).
- **D:** With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

VV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation the motor Operation PLC narameters information

Electrical installation 4

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- SAFE TORQUE OFF function
- Internal EMC filter
- EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- Product rating, fusing and cabling information
- Brake resistor details (selection / ratings)



Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
- DC and brake cables, and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



SAFE TORQUE OFF function

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue. Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).

Permanent magnet motors



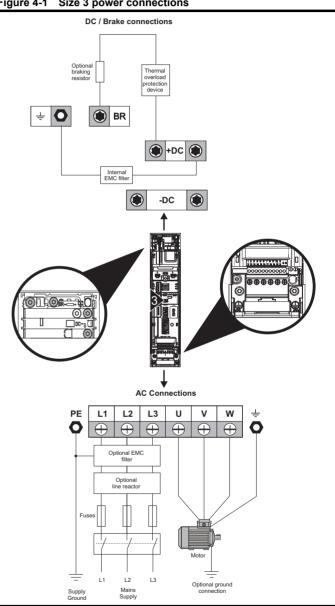
Permanent magnet motors generate electrical power if they are rotated, even when the supply to the drive is disconnected. If that happens then the drive will become energized through its motor terminals.

If the motor load is capable of rotating the motor when the supply is disconnected, then the motor must be isolated from the drive before gaining access to any live parts.

4.1 Power connections

4.1.1 AC and DC connections

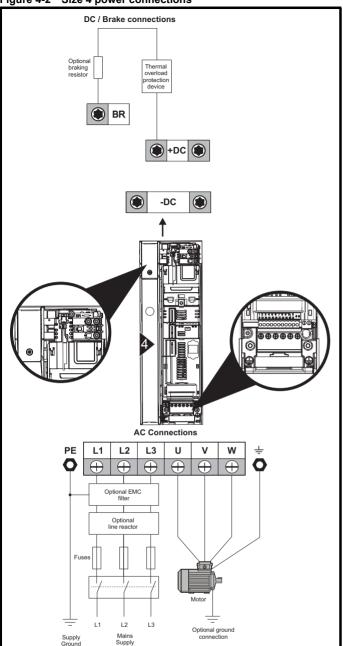
Figure 4-1 Size 3 power connections



If the heatsink mounted resistor is used, an overload protection device is not required. The resistor is designed to fail safely under fault conditions. See Figure 4-7 for further information on ground connections.

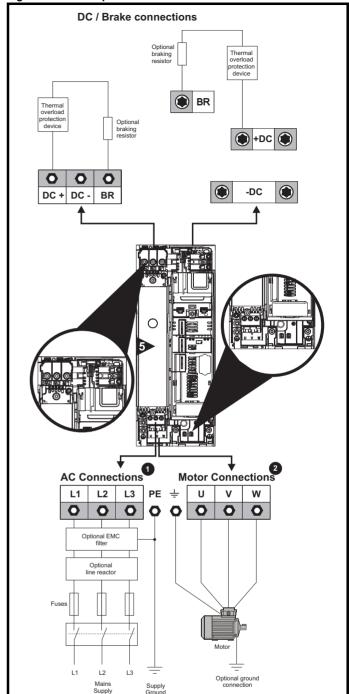
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
illioilliation	imormation	motanation	motanation	Started	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	1 20	parameters	uata		imormation

Figure 4-2 Size 4 power connections



If the heatsink mounted resistor is used, an overload protection device is not required. The resistor is designed to fail safely under fault conditions. See Figure 4-7 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-3 Size 5 power connections



The upper terminal block (1) is used for AC supply connection.

The lower terminal block (2) is used for Motor connection.

If the heatsink mounted resistor is used, an overload protection device is not required. The resistor is designed to fail safely under fault conditions.

See Figure 4-8 for further information on ground connections.



Figure 4-4 Size 6 power connections

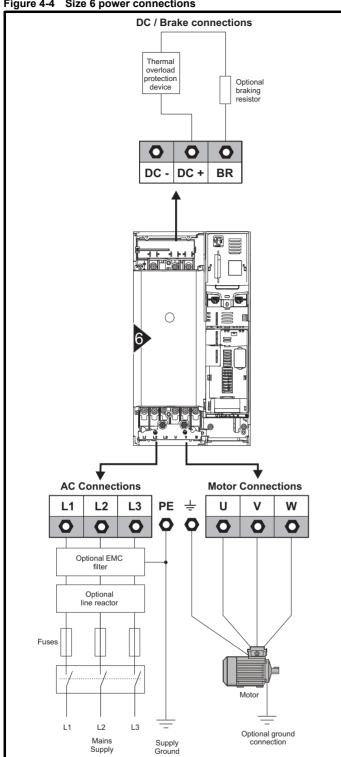
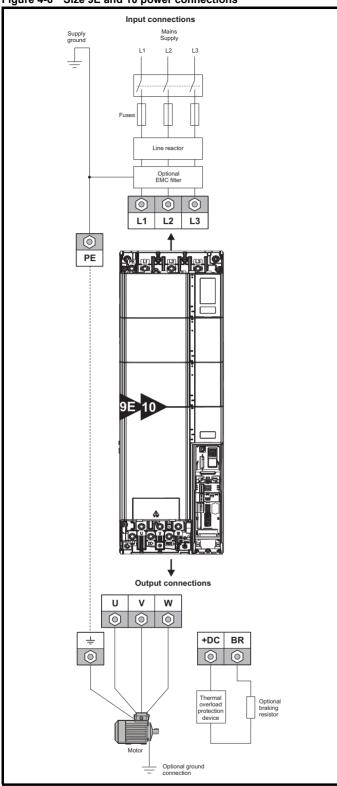


Figure 4-5 Size 7 and 8 power connections (size 7 shown) Input connections Mains Supply Supply L1 L2 L3 Optional line reactor Optional EMC filter \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc L1 L2 L3 \bigcirc 0 \bigcirc PΕ +DC -DC **Output connections** ٧ W U \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc BR +DC 0 Thermal Optional braking resistor overload protection device

Optional ground connection

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 4-6 Size 9E and 10 power connections



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 on page 65 must be used with size 9E and 10. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could CAUTION damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

4.1.2 **Ground connections**

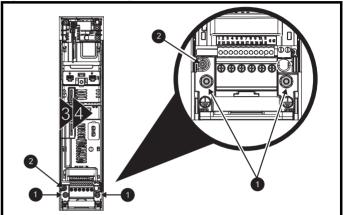


Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

Size 3 and 4

On sizes 3 and 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M4 studs located either side of the drive near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-7 for additional ground connection.

Figure 4-7 Size 3 and 4 ground connections

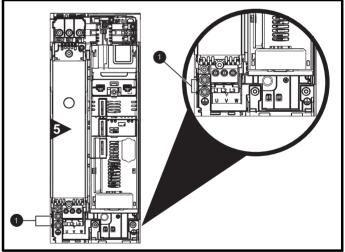


- Ground connection studs.
- Additional ground connection.

Size 5

On size 5, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M5 studs located near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-8 for additional ground connection.

Figure 4-8 Size 5 ground connections



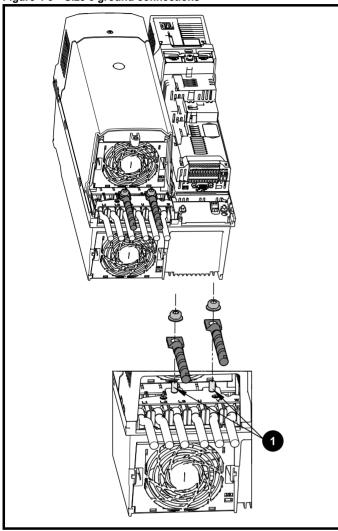
Ground connection studs.

Safety Product information installation stallation installation instal

Size 6

On a size 6, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M6 studs located above the supply and motor terminals. Refer to Figure 4-9 below.

Figure 4-9 Size 6 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs

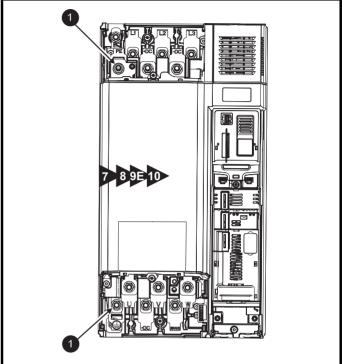
Size 7

On size 7, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M8 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

Size 8 to 10

On size 8 to 10, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals

Figure 4-10 Size 7 to 10 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs.



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor (an additional ground connection is provided on sizes 3, 4 and 5 for this purpose).
> 10 mm ² and ≤ 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
$> 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ and } \le 35 \text{ mm}^2$	16 mm ²
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

Safety NV Media Card Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information parameter information installation installation the motor Operation PLC parameters information

4.2 AC supply requirements

Voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.

- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding



If an SI-Applications Plus or SI-Register module is installed in the drive, then the drive must not be used on a cornergrounded or centre-grounded delta supply if the supply voltage is above 300 V. If this is required, please contact the WARNING supplier of the drive for more information.

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used (removed) or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided. For instructions on removal, refer to section 4.12.2 Internal EMC filter on page 82.

For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit then an input isolating transformer must be provided and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200050, 03200066, 03200080, 03200106,

03400025, 03400031, 03400045, 03400062

Model sizes 03400078 to 07600540 have an internal DC reactor and 082001160 to 08600860 have internal AC line reactors so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E and 10 do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to Section 4.2.3 Input line reactor specification for size 9E and 10.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.2.3 Input line reactor specification for size 9E and 10



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 must be used with size 9E and 10. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or CAUTION reduce the service life of the drive.

Table 4-2 Size 9E and 10 Model and Line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number
	09201760, 09202190, 09402000, 09402240	INL 401	4401-0181
9	09201700, 09202190, 09402000, 09402240	INL 401W*	4401-0208
	09501040, 09501310, 09601040, 09601310	INL 601	4401-0183
	10202830, 10203000, 10402700, 10403200	INL 402	4401-0182
10	10202630, 10203000, 10402700, 10403200	INL 402W*	4401-0209
	10501520, 10501900, 10601500, 10601780	INL 602	4401-0184

^{*}May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

Figure 4-11 Input line reactor dimensions

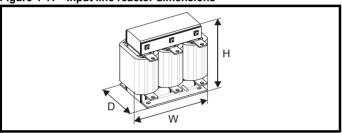


Table 4-3 Input line reactor ratings

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance μΗ	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H)	Weight	Max ambient temp °C	Min airflow m/s	Maximum losses W	Quantity required
4401-0181	INL 401	245	μ π 63	mm 240	mm 190	mm 225	kg 32	50	111/5	148	1
4401-0182	INL 402	339	44	276	200	225	36	50	1	205	1
4401-0208	INL 401W*	245	63	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0209	INL 402W*	339	44	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0183	INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	33	50	1	88	1
4401-0184	INL 602	192	133	276	200	225	36	50	1	116	1

^{*}May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

NOTE

If symmetrical fault current exceeds 38 kA then a line reactor with a higher inductance must be used, consult the supplier of the drive.

Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at Y%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi f I}$$

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

f = supply frequency (Hz)

V = voltage between lines

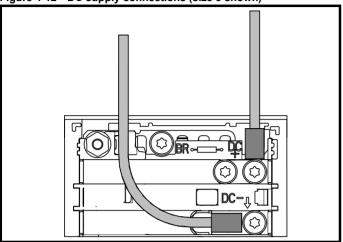
Safety Product V Media Card **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information information information installation installation parameter the motor Operation PLC parameters

4.3 Supplying the drive with DC

All drive sizes have the option to be powered from an external DC power supply. Refer to section 3.13 *Electrical terminals* on page 54 to identify the location of DC supply connections.

The DC supply connections for size 3 are located under the DC / Braking terminal cover. Figure 4-12 below shows DC supply connections and cable routing.

Figure 4-12 DC supply connections (size 3 shown)



NOTE

The Internal EMC filter and plastics have been removed from the above Figure 4-12 to demonstrate the routing of the DC cables.

4.4 DC bus paralleling

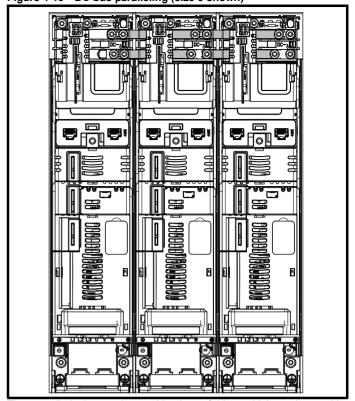
DC bus paralleling using standard cable / busbars is supported by all frame sizes.

On frame sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6, terminal and enclosure design enables the DC bus of a number of drives to be connected together using pre-made busbars. Figure 4-13 shows how the busbar links connect the DC bus of several drives together.

The connecting of the DC bus between several drives is typically used to:

- Return energy from a drive which is being overhauled by the load to a second motoring drive.
- Allow the use of one braking resistor to dissipate regenerative energy from several drives.

Figure 4-13 DC bus paralleling (size 3 shown)



There are limitations to the combinations of drives which can be used in this configuration.

For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

NOTE

The DC bus paralleling kit is not supplied with the drive but available to order from Control Techniques.

Table 4-4 DC bus paralleling kit part numbers

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0048-00
4	3470-0061-00
5	3470-0068-00
6	3470-0063-00

Safety Product **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information installation information installation started oarameter the motor Operation PLC parameters information

4.5 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to control terminals 1 & 2 provides the following functions:

- It can be used to supplement the drive's own internal 24 V supply when multiple option modules are being used and the current drawn by these module is greater than the drive can supply.
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits
 of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This
 allows any fieldbus modules, application modules, encoders or serial
 communications to continue to operate.
- It can be used to commission the drive when the line power supply is
 not available, as the display operates correctly. However, the drive
 will be in the Under voltage trip state unless either line power supply
 or low voltage DC operation is enabled, therefore diagnostics may
 not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when
 using the 24 V back-up power supply input).
- If the DC bus voltage is too low to run the main SMPS in the drive, then the 24 V supply can be used to supply all the low voltage power requirements of the drive. Low Under Voltage Threshold Select (06.067) must also be enabled for this to happen.

NOTE

On size 6 and larger, if the power 24 Vdc supply is not connected none of the above mentioned functions can be used and "Waiting For Power Systems" will be displayed on the keypad. The location of the power 24 Vdc can be identified from Figure 4-14 *Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6* on page 67.

Table 4-5 24 Vdc Supply connections

Function	Size 3 to 5	Size 6 to 10
Supplement the drive's internal supply	Terminal 1, 2*	Terminal 1, 2*
Back-up supply for the control circuit	Terminal 1, 2*	Terminal 1, 2* 50, 51

^{*} Terminal 9 on Unidrive M702.

The working voltage range of the control 24 V power supply is as follows:

1	0 V							
2	+24 Vdc*							
All driv	All drive sizes							
Nomina	Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc							
Minimur	Minimum continuous operating voltage 19.2 V							
Maximu	Maximum continuous operating voltage 28.0 V							
Minimum start up voltage 21.6 V								
Maximum power supply requirement at 24 V 40 W								
Recomm	Recommended fuse 3 A, 50 Vdc							

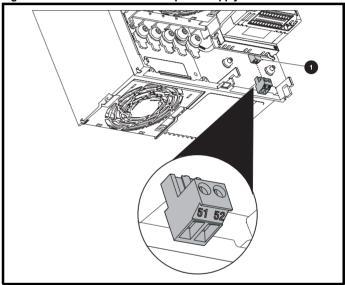
^{*} Terminal 9 on Unidrive M702.

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed $5\,\%$.

The working range of the 24 V power supply is as follows:

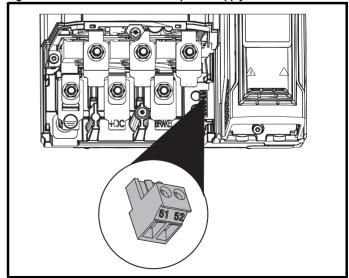
51	0 V	
52	+24 Vdc	
Size 6		
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc
Maximu	ım continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc
Minimu	m startup voltage	18.4 Vdc
Maximu	ım power supply requirement	40 W
Recom	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc
Size 71	to 10	
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc
Maximu	ım continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)
Minimu	m startup voltage	21.6 Vdc
Maximu	ım power supply requirement	60 W
Recom	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc

Figure 4-14 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6



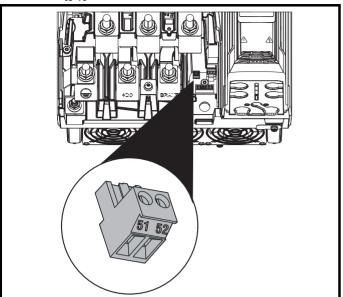
1. 24 Vdc power supply connection

Figure 4-15 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 7



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
illioilliation	imormation	motanation	motanation	Started	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	1 20	parameters	uata		imormation

Figure 4-16 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 8 to 10



4.6 Low voltage operation

With the addition of a 24 Vdc power supply to supply the control circuits, the drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption.

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage trip level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

Size 3 to 10

Minimum continuous operating voltage: 26 V Minimum start up voltage: 32 V

Maximum over voltage trip threshold: 230 V drives: 415 V

400 V drives: 830 V 575 V drives: 990 V 690 V drives: 1190 V

4.7 Heatsink fan supply

The heatsink fan on all drive sizes is supplied internally by the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.8 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-6.

Table 4-6 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100



Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-7 shows recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Table 4-7 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
Madal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	
03200050	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20		
03200066	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	aC.	20	25	CC or J
03200080	14	17	25	20	25	gG	25	25	CC 01 J
03200106	16	20	34	25			25		
04200137	17	20	30	25	25	~C	25	25	CC or J
04200185	23	28	41	32	32	gG	30	30	CC 01 J
05200250	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC or J
06200330	42	48	64	63	63	aC	60	60	CC or J
06200440	49	56	85	03	03	gG	60	00	CC 01 3
07200610	58	67	109	80	80		80	80	
07200750	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC or J
07200830	91	105	149	125	125		125	125	
08201160	123	137	213	200	200	«D	200	200	HSJ
08201320	149	166	243	200	200	gR	225	225	ПОЛ
09201760	172	205	270	250	250	αD	250	250	ЦСТ
09202190	228	260	319	315	315	gR	300	300	HSJ
10202830	277	305	421	400	400	αD	400	400	ЦСТ
10203000	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	HSJ

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinoination	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamastica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-8 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Oluss	Α	Α	Oluss
03400025	5	5	7						
03400031	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400045	8	9	13			gG			CC or J
03400062	11	13	21			go			00013
03400078	12	13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400100	14	16	25						
04400150	17	19	30	25	25	gG	25	25	CC or J
04400172	22	24	35	32	32	yG	30	30	CCOIJ
05400270	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC or J
05400300	27	30	58	40	40	yG	33	33	CC 01 3
06400350	32	36	67				40		
06400420	41	46	80	63	63	gR	50	60	HSJ or DFJ
06400470	54	60	90				60		
07400660	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400770	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC or J
07401000	96	105	188	125	125	1	125	125	
08401340	137	155	267	250	250	αD	225	225	HSJ
08401570	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	пол
09402000	211	232	306	315	315	αD	300	300	HSJ
09402240	245	267	359	313	310	gR	350	350	пол
10402700	306	332	445	400	400	αD	400	400	пет
10403200	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	HSJ

Table 4-9 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
No. del	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	0.000	Α	Α	Ciaco
05500030	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500040	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC or J
05500069	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500100	12	13	22	20			20		
06500150	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500190	22	24	41	40		0	30		CC or s
06500230	26	29	50	50		gG	35		CC 01 c
06500290	33	37	63	50	63		40	50	
06500350	41	47	76	63			50		
07500440	41	45	75	50	50	~C	50	50	CC or c
07500550	57	62	94	80	80	gG	80	80	CC 01 c
08500630	74	83	121	125	125	αD	100	100	HSJ
08500860	92	104	165	160	160	gR	150	150	пол
09501040	145	166	190	150	150	αD	150	150	HSJ
09501310	145	166	221	200	200	gR	175	175	пол
10501520	177	197	266	250	250	۵D	250	250	I IC I
10501900	199	218	310	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-10 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse r	ating		
Model	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC		-	UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
07600190	18	20	32	25			25		
07600240	23	26	41	32	50	=	30	50	
07600290	28	31	49	40	- 50	aC	35	50	CC
07600380	36	39	65	50		gG	50		or J
07600440	40	44	75	50	80		50	80	
07600540	57	62	92	80	- 00	-	80	- 60	
08600630	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08600860	92	104	165	160	160	gr	150	150	1100
09601040	124	149	194	150	150	αD	150	150	HSJ
09601310	145	171	226	200	200	gR -	200	200	1133
10601500	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ
10601780	202	225	313	250	250	aR*	250	250	1100

^{*} Class aR fuses do not provide branch circuit protection. Ensure that the input cables are suitably protected using HRC fuses or breaker.

NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 4-11 Cable ratings (200 V)

			Cable siz mn						size (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200050	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200066	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200080	4	7	DZ	4	7	DZ	12	10	12	10
03200106	7			۲			12		12	
04200137	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200185	8	0	52	8		52	8	0	8]
05200250	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200330	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200440	25	23	52	25	25	52	3		3	
07200610	35			35			2		2	
07200750	33	70	B2	33	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07200830	70			70	1		1/0		1/0	
08201160	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201320	2 x 70	2 X 70	D2	2 x 70	2 X 70	D2	2 x 1	2 X 1	2 x 1	2 X 1
09201760	2 :	x 70	B1	2)	k 95	B2	2 >	2/0	2 x	2/0
09202190	2 :	x 95	БΙ	2 x	120	DZ	2 x	4/0	2 x	4/0
10202830	2 x	120	B1	2 x	120	С	2 x	250	2 x	250
10203000	2 x	150	С	2 x	120	C	2 x	300	2 x	250

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 4-12 Cable ratings (400 V)

Model	Cable size (IEC) mm ²							Cable size (UL) AWG				
	Input			Output			Input		Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
03400025	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	18	10	18	10		
03400031							16		16			
03400045												
03400062		+	62		1 7	52	14	10	14	10		
03400078	2.5			2.5								
03400100							12	1	12			
04400150	6	- 8	B2	6	8	B2	10	- 8	10	- 8		
04400172	8			8			8		8			
05400270	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8 8	8		
05400300	U	Ü					0		0			
06400350	10	25	B2	10	25	B2	6	3	6	3		
06400420	16			16			4		4			
06400470	25			25			3		3			
07400660	35		B2	35	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0		
07400770	50	70		50			2		2			
07401000	70			70			1/0		1/0			
08401340	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	0 2 x 1	2 x 1/0		
08401570	2 x 70	2 1 7 0		2 x 70			2 x 1/0		2 x 1/0			
09402000	2 x 70		B1	2 x 95		B2	2 x 3/0		2 x 2/0			
09402240	2 x 95		5.	2 x 120			2 x 4/0		2 x 4/0			
10402700	2 x 120 2 x 150		С	2 x 120 2 x 150		B2	2 x 300		2 x 250			
10403200							2 x 350		2 x 300			

Table 4-13 Cable ratings (575 V)

Model	Cable size (IEC) mm ²							Cable size (UL) AWG				
	Input			Output			Input		Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
05500030	0.75	1.5	B2	0.75	1.5	B2	16	16	16	16		
05500040	1			1			14		14			
05500069	1.5			1.5			14		14			
06500100	2.5	25	B2	2.5	25	B2	14	3	14	3		
06500150	4			4			10		10			
06500190	6			6			10		10			
06500230	10			10			8		8			
06500290	10						6		6			
06500350	16						6		6			
07500440	16	25	B2	16	- 25	B2	4	- 3	4	3		
07500550	25			25			3		3	3		
08500630	35	50	B2	35	- 50	B2	1 1	4	1	1		
08500860	50			50			1		ı	'		
09501040	2 x 70		B2	2 x 35 2 x 50		B2	2 x 1		2 x 3			
09501310									2 x 1			
10501520	2 x 70 2 x 95		B2	2 x 70		B2	2 x 2/0		2 x 2/0			
10501900						D∠						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-14 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mn				Cable size (UL) AWG				
Model	Input			Output			In	put	Output		
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	
07600190							8		8		
07600240	10			10			6]	6		
07600290		25	B2		- 25	B2	6	3	6	3	
07600380	16	25		16		52	4		4		
07600440	16			16			4		4		
07600540	25			25			3		3		
08600630	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0	
08600860	70	70	62	70	70	DZ	1/0	170	1/0	170	
09601040	2 x	¢ 50	B2	2)	c 35	B2	2 :	x 1	2	x 3	
09601310	2 x	¢ 70	52	2)	k 50	DZ	2 x	1/0	2	x 1	
10601500	2 x	¢ 70	B2	2 \	70	B2	2 x 2/0		2 x	1/0	
10601780	2 x	(95	52	2 x 70		52	2 x 3/0		2 x 2/0		

PVC insulated cable should be used.

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for 40°C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method as specified.

Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

- B1 Separate cables in conduit.
- B2 Multicore cable in conduit.
- C Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

Fuse types

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

Ground connections

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings on page 63.

Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type for size 3 to 10 is AC1.

4.9 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than five times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20 µs. No additional short-circuit protection devices are required. The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, Rated Current (00.046) must be set to suit the motor.



Rated Current (00.046) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent overheating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

0.64				0 "		_		10/14 E O L					1.11 12 12
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.9.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-15 to Table 4-18.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- · Drive to motor
- · Drive to braking resistor

Table 4-15 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

	20	0 V Non	ninal AC	supply	voltage			
Model	Maxim	•			able len	_	ach of	
model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	
03200050		6	5 m (210	ft)				
03200066		100 m	(330 ft)			50 m	37 m	
03200080	130 m (425		ft)	100 m	75 m	(165 ft)	(120 ft)	
03200106	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	, ,		
04200137 04200185	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)	
05200250	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)	
06200330	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m		
06200440	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)		
07200610			185 m	125 m	90 m			
07200750	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)			
07200830			(001 11)	(1.0.1.)	(200 11)			
08201160	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m	125 m	90 m			
08201320	250 m (820 ft)		(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)			
09201760	250 m (820 ft)							
09202190	250 111 (820 11)							
10202830	250 m	(820 ft)						
10203000		250 m (820 ft)						

Table 4-16 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	40	0 V Non	ninal AC	supply	voltage		
Model	Maxim	•		motor c switchin		_	ach of
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400025		6	5 m (210	ft)			
03400031		100 m	(330 ft)				
03400045	13	0 m (425	ft)		75 m	50 m	37 m
03400062	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03400078			(490 ft)	(330 ft)			
03400100			(450 11)				
04400150	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04400172			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05400270	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
05400300	200 111	(000 11)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
06400350	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06400420	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	
06400470	(504 11)	(000 11)	(430 11)	(000 11)	(24011)	(10011)	
07400660			185 m	125 m	90 m		
07400770	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
07401000			(007 11)	(41011)	(20011)		
08401340	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m (607 ft)	125 m	90 m		
08401570	230 111	250 m (820 ft)		(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
09402000	250 m (920 ft)						
09402240	230 111	250 m (820 ft)					
10402700	250 m	(820 ft)					
10403200	200 111	(02011)					

Table 4-17 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

	575 V Nominal AC supply voltage									
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
inodo.	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
05500030	200) m								
05500040		0 ft)								
05500069	(00)	o 11,								
06500100										
06500150	300 m (984 ft)	200 m (660 ft)								
06500190			150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m				
06500230			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)				
06500290										
06500350										
07500440	200) m								
07500550	(66)	0 ft)								
08500630	250 m (820 ft)									
08500860	250 III (820 II)									
09501040	250 m (820 ft)									
09501310	250 III (820 II)									
10501520	250 m (820 ft)									
10501900	200 111	(02011)								

I	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-18 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

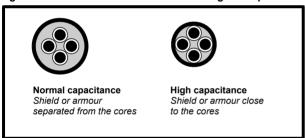
	69	0 V Non	ninal AC	supply	voltage					
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
07600190										
07600240										
07600290	250 m		185 m	125 m	90 m					
07600380	(820	Oft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)					
07600440										
07600540										
08600630	250) m	185 m	125 m	90 m					
08600860	(820	Oft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)					
09601040	250) m								
09601310	(820 ft)									
10601500	250 m									
10601780	(820	Oft)								

4.9.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-17 shows how to identify the two types).

Figure 4-17 Cable construction influencing the capacitance



The maximum motor cable lengths specified in Section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

4.9.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted. Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.9.4 *Multiple motors* on page 75 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This

has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output inductor should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

4.9.4 Multiple motors

Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-18 and Figure 4-19. The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 4.9.1 Cable types and lengths on page 74 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor. It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For \downarrow connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-19, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For details of inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

Figure 4-18 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

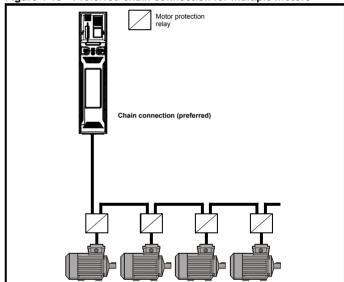
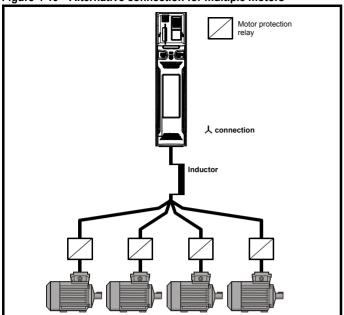




Figure 4-19 Alternative connection for multiple motors



4.9.5 \downarrow / Δ motor operation

The voltage rating for $\bf L$ and $\bf \Delta$ connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in \uplimbdr for 400 V operation or Δ for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g. \uplimbdr 690 V Δ 400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

4.9.6 Output contactor



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed.

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. Ol ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- 2. High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- 3. Increased contactor wear and tear

The Drive Enable (terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*) when opened provides a SAFE TORQUE OFF function. This can in many cases replace output contactors.

For further information see section 4.16 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) on page 103.

4.10 Braking

Braking occurs when the drive is decelerating the motor, or is preventing the motor from gaining speed due to mechanical influences. During braking, energy is returned to the drive from the motor.

When motor braking is applied by the drive, the maximum regenerated power that the drive can absorb is equal to the power dissipation (losses) of the drive.

When the regenerated power is likely to exceed these losses, the DC bus voltage of the drive increases. Under default conditions, the drive brakes the motor under PI control, which extends the deceleration time as necessary in order to prevent the DC bus voltage from rising above a user defined set-point.

If the drive is expected to rapidly decelerate a load, or to hold back an overhauling load, a braking resistor must be installed.

Table 4-19 shows the default DC voltage level at which the drive turns on the braking transistor. However the braking resistor turn on and the turn off voltages are programmable with *Braking IGBT Lower Threshold* (06.073) and *Braking IGBT Upper Threshold* (06.074).

Table 4-19 Default braking transistor turn on voltage

Drive voltage rating	DC bus voltage level
200 V	390 V
400 V	780 V
575 V	930 V
690 V	1120 V

NOTE

When a braking resistor is used, Pr **00.015** should be set to Fast ramp mode.



High temperatures

Braking resistors can reach high temperatures. Locate braking resistors so that damage cannot result. Use cable having insulation capable of withstanding high temperatures.

4.10.1 Heatsink mounted braking resistor

A resistor has been especially designed to be mounted within the heatsink of the drive (size 3, 4 and 5). See section 3.10 *Heatsink mounted brake resistor* on page 48 for mounting details. The design of the resistor is such that no thermal protection circuit is required, as the device will fail safely under fault conditions. On size 3, 4 and 5 the in built software overload protection is set-up at default for the designated heatsink mounted resistor. The heatsink mounted resistor is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately.

Table 4-20 provides the resistor data for each drive rating.

NOTE

The internal / heatsink mounted resistor is suitable for applications with a low level of regen energy only. See Table 4-20.





Braking resistor overload protection parameter settings Failure to observe the following information may damage the resistor.

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. On size 3, 4 and 5 this function is enabled at default to protect the heatsink mounted resistor. Below are the parameter settings.

		Siz	Size 3		e 4	Size 5		
Parameter		200 V drive	400 V drive	200 V drive	400 V drive	200 V drive		
Braking resistor rated power	Pr 10.030	50 W		100 W		100 W		
Braking resistor thermal time constant	Pr 10.031	3.3 s		2.0 s		2.0 s		
Braking resistor resistance	Pr 10.061	75	<u> </u> Ω	38	Ω	38 Ω		

For more information on the braking resistor software overload protection, see Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 full descriptions in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

If the resistor is to be used at more than half of its average power rating, the drive cooling fan must be set to full speed by setting Pr 06.045 to 11.

Table 4-20 Heatsink mounted braking resistor data

Parameter	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5		
Part number	1220-2752-00	1299-0003-00			
DC resistance at 25 °C	75 Ω	37.5	Ω		
Peak instantaneous power over 1 ms at nominal resistance	8 kW	16 kW			
Average power over 60 s *	50 W	100 W			
Ingress Protection (IP) rating	IP54				
Maximum altitude		2000 m			

^{*} To keep the temperature of the resistor below 70 °C (158 °F) in a 30 °C (86 °F) ambient, the average power rating is 50 W for size 3, 100 W for size 4 and 5. The above parameter settings ensure this is the case.

4.10.2 External braking resistor



Overload protection

When an external braking resistor is used, it is essential that an overload protection device is incorporated in the braking resistor circuit; this is described in Figure 4-20 on page 80.

When a braking resistor is to be mounted outside the enclosure, ensure that it is mounted in a ventilated metal housing that will perform the following functions:

- · Prevent inadvertent contact with the resistor
- Allow adequate ventilation for the resistor

When compliance with EMC emission standards is required, external connection requires the cable to be armored or shielded, since it is not fully contained in a metal enclosure. See section 4.12.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 86 for further details.

Internal connection does not require the cable to be armored or shielded.

Minimum resistances and power ratings for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 4-21 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (200 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03200050			1.5
03200066	20	8.5	1.9
03200080	20	0.5	2.8
03200106			3.6
04200137	18	9.4	4.6
04200185	10	9.4	6.3
05200250	16.5	10.3	8.6
06200330	8.6	19.7	12.6
06200440	0.0	19.7	16.4
07200610	6.1	27.8	20.5
07200750	0.1	21.0	24.4
07200830	4.5	37.6	32.5
08201160	2.2	76.9	41
08201320	2.2	70.9	47.8
09201760	1.2	144.5	59.4
09202190	1.2	144.5	79.7
10202830	1.3	130	98.6
10203000	1.5	130	116.7

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinoination	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamastica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-22 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)

	-		
Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03400025			1.5
03400031	74	9.2	2.0
03400045	74	9.2	2.8
03400062			4.6
03400078	50	13.6	5.0
03400100	- 50	13.0	6.6
04400150	34	19.9	9.0
04400172	- 34	19.9	12.6
05400270	31.5	21.5	16.2
05400300	18	37.5	19.6
06400350			21.6
06400420	17	39.8	25
06400470			32.7
07400660	9.0	75.2	41.6
07400770	9.0	75.2	50.6
07401000	7.0	96.6	60.1
08401340	4.8	140.0	81
08401570	4.0	140.9	98.6
09402000	2.4	202.0	118.6
09402240	2.4	282.9	156.9
10402700	2.6	260	198.2
10403200	2.0	200	237.6

Table 4-23 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (575 V)

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	troi ruunig (or o r)	
Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating	
	Ω	kW	kW	
05500030			2.6	
05500040	80	12.1	4.6	
05500069	1		6.5	
06500100			8.7	
06500150	13		12.3	
06500190		74	16.3	
06500230			19.9	
06500290	1		24.2	
06500350	1		31.7	
07500440	8.5	113.1	39.5	
07500550	0.5	113.1	47.1	
08500630	5.5	174.8	58.6	
08500860	5.5	174.0	78.1	
09501040	3.3	291.3	97.7	
09501310	3.3	281.3	116.7	
10501520	3.3	291.3	155.6	
10501900	2.5	384.4	100.0	

Table 4-24 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (690 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
07600190			20.6
07600240			23.9
07600290	11.5	121.2	32.5
07600380		121.2	41.5
07600440			47.8
07600540			60.5
08600630	5.5	253.5	79.7
08600860	5.5	255.5	95.2
09601040	4.2	331.9	116.3
09601310	4.2	331.9	139.1
10601500	4.2	331.9	166.7
10601780	3.3	422.4	193

^{*} Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The following external brake resistors are available from Control Techniques for drive sizes 3 to 6.

Table 4-25 External brake resistors for drive sizes 3 to 6

Part number	Part description	Resistance value	Continuous power (40°C)	Max. instantaneous (40°C) ton = 1 ms	Pulse power (40°C) 1/120 s (ED 0.8 %)	Pulse power (40°C) 5/120 s (ED 4.2 %)	Pulse power (40°C) 10/120 s (ED 8.3 %)	Pulse power (40°C) 40/120 s (ED 33.3 %)
1220-2201	DBR, 100 W, 20R, 130 x 68, TS	20 Ω	100 W	2.0 MW	2300 W	1000 W	650 W	250 W
1220-2401	DBR, 100 W, 40R, 130 x 68, TS	40 Ω	100 W	1.6 MW	1900 W	900 W	610 W	240 W
1220-2801	DBR, 100 W, 80R, 130 x 68, TS	80 Ω	100 W	1.25 MW	1500 W	775 W	570 W	230 W

The brake resistors can be used in a series or parallel to get the required resistance and power depending on the size of the drive as per Table 4-21 to Table 4-24. The brake resistor is equipped with a thermal switch. The thermal switch should be integrated in the control circuit by the user.

The resistor combinations shown in Table 4-26 below can be made using one or more brake resistor/s from Table 4-25 above. Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** should be set as per information provided in Table 4-26 below. Refer to description of Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** in the *Unidrive M700/701/702 Parameter Reference Guide* for more information.

Table 4-26 Resistor combinations

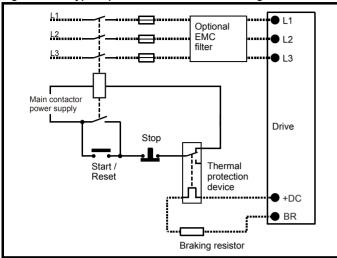
Unidrive M type	Heavy duty (kW)	150 % Peak power (Ω)	200 % Peak power (Ω)	Braking voltage (Vdc)	Resistor Min. value (Ω)	Resistor combinations (Ω)
03200050	0.7	135	101			1 x 20 = 20
03200066	1.1	92	69	390	20	1 x 40 = 40
03200080	1.5	68	51	390	20	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paralle
03200106	2.2	46	34			2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in parall
03400025	0.7	540	405			
03400031	1.1	370	277		7.4	
03400045	1.5	271	203	700	74	1 x 80 = 80
03400062	2.2	184	138	780		2 x 40 = 80 (when connected in serie
03400078	3.0	135	101		50	
03400100	4.0	101	76		50	
04200137	3.0	34	25	390	40	1 x 20 = 20
04200185	4.0	26	19	390	18	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paral
04400150	5.5	74	56	780	24	1 x 40 = 40
04400172	7.5	54	40	780	34	2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in paral
05200250	5.5	19	14	390	16.5	1 x 20 = 20 2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paral
05400270	11.0	37	28	780	31.5	1 x 40 = 40 2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in para
05400300	15.0	27	20	700	18	1 x 20 = 20 2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paral
05500030	1.5	384	288			4 × 20 = 20
05500040	2.2	263	197	930	80	1 x 80 = 80 2 x 40 = 80 (when connected in paral
05500069	4.0	144	108			2 x 40 = 00 (when connected in paral
06200330	7.5	13.3	10	390	8.6	2 x 20 = 10 (when connected in paral
06200440	11.0	9.3	7	390	0.0	4 x 40 = 10 (when connected in paral
06400350	15.0	27	20			1 x 20 = 20
06400420	18.5	22	16.4	780	17	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paral
06400470	22.0	18.4	13.8			4 x 80 = 20 (when connected in paral
06500100	5.5	104	78			
06500150	7.5	77	58			1 x 20 = 20
06500190	11.0	52	39	020	12	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in paral
06500230	15.0	39	29	930 13	13	3 x 40 = 13 (when connected in para
06500290	18.5	33	25			4 x 80 = 20 (when connected in paral
06500350	22.0	27	20			

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Thermal protection circuit for the braking resistor

The thermal protection circuit must disconnect the AC supply from the drive if the resistor becomes overloaded due to a fault. Figure 4-20 shows a typical circuit arrangement.

Figure 4-20 Typical protection circuit for a braking resistor



See Figure 4-1 on page 59 and Figure 4-4 on page 61 for the location of the +DC and braking resistor connections.

4.10.3 Braking resistor software overload protection

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. In order to enable and set-up this function, it is necessary to enter three values into the drive:

- Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030)
- Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant (10.031)
- Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061)

This data should be obtained from the manufacturer of the braking resistors

Pr 10.039 gives an indication of braking resistor temperature based on a simple thermal model. Zero indicates the resistor is close to ambient and 100 % is the maximum temperature the resistor can withstand. A 'Brake Resistor' alarm is given if this parameter is above 75 % and the braking IGBT is active. A Brake R Too Hot trip will occur if Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, when Pr 10.037 is set to 0 (default value) or 1.

If Pr 10.037 is equal to 2 or 3, a Brake R Too Hot trip will not occur when Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, but instead the braking IGBT will be disabled until Pr 10.039 falls below 95 %. This option is intended for applications with parallel connected DC buses where there are several braking resistors, each of which cannot withstand full DC bus voltage continuously. With this type of application it is unlikely the braking energy will be shared equally between the resistors because of voltage measurement tolerances within the individual drives. Therefore with Pr 10.037 set to 2 or 3, then as soon as a resistor has reached its maximum temperature the drive will disable the braking IGBT, and another resistor on another drive will take up the braking energy. Once Pr 10.039 has fallen below 95 % the drive will allow the braking IGBT to operate again.

See the *Parameter Reference Guide* for more information on Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031, Pr 10.037 and Pr 10.039.

This software overload protection should be used in addition to an external overload protection device.

4.11 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.12.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 82.

With internal filter installed:

Size 3 to 5: 28 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

30 μ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (10 M Ω)

Size 7 to 10: 56 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

18 μ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (33 M Ω)

* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

With internal filter removed:

<1 mA



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.

4.11.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- 3. B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
 - Type AC should never be used with drives.
 - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
 - · Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

4.12 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

Section 4.10.3, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 12 Technical data on page 269 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 88 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

Section 4.12.4, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.12.5, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.12.3 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a non-industrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.12.4 or section 4.12.5 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

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In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 12 Technical data on page 269

The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.12.3 General requirements for EMC on page 84 and section 4.12.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 86 must be followed.

Table 4-27 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
03200050 to 03200106	4200-3230
04200137 to 04200185	4200-0272
05200250	4200-0312
06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300
07200610 to 07200830	4200-1072
08201160 to 08201320	4200-1672
400 V	
03400025 to 03400100	4200-3480
04400150 to 04400172	4200-0252
05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402
06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800
07400660 to 07401000	4200-1132
08401340 to 08401570	4200-1972
575 V	
05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122
06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690
07500440 to 07500550	4200-0672
08500630 to 08500860	4200-1662
690 V	•
07600190 to 07600540	4200-0672
08600630 to 08600860	4200-1662



High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal WARNING EMC filter.

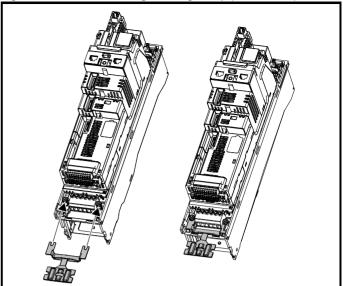
The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket and grounding clamp to facilitate EMC compliance. They provide a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps¹ (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

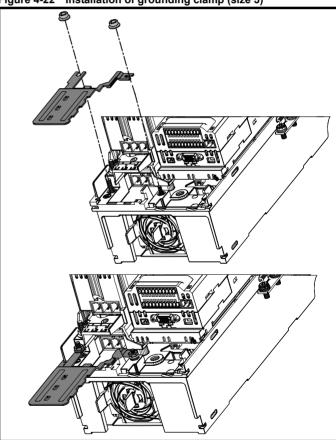
- See Figure 4-21, Figure 4-22 and Figure 4-23 for details on installing the grounding clamp.
- See Figure 4-24 for details on installing the grounding bracket.

Installation of grounding clamp (size 3 and 4)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-22 Installation of grounding clamp (size 5)

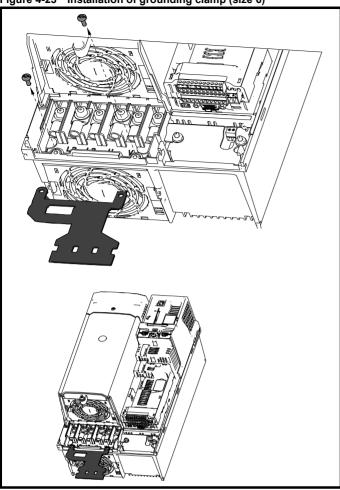


Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp down onto the pillars in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

¹ A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

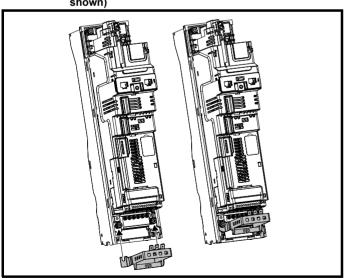
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Figure 4-23 Installation of grounding clamp (size 6)



The grounding clamp is secured using the provided 2 x M4 x 10 mm fasteners. The fasteners should be tightened with the maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-24 Installation of grounding bracket (all sizes -size 3 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).



On size 3 and 4 the grounding bracket is secured using the power ground terminal of the drive. Ensure that the supply ground connection is secure after installing / removing the grounding bracket. Failure to do so will result in the drive not warning being grounded.

A faston tab is located on the grounding bracket for the purpose of connecting the drive 0 V to ground should the user require to do so.

4.12.2 **Internal EMC filter**

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.



If the drive is used with ungrounded (IT) supplies, the internal EMC filter must be removed unless additional motor ground fault protection is installed.

For instructions on removal refer to section 4.12.2. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive

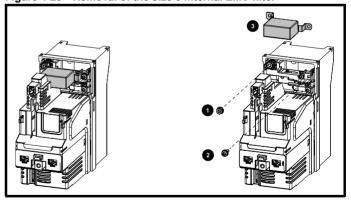
If the drive is used as a motoring drive as part of a regen system, then the internal EMC filter must be removed.

The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.12.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems) on page 86 and section 12.1.27 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) on page 291. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 28 mA for size 3 is unacceptable. See section 4.12.2 for details of removing and installing the internal EMC filter.



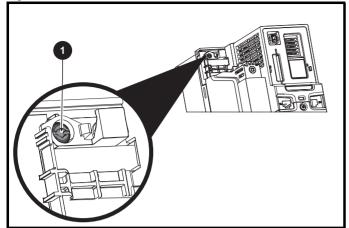
The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-25 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



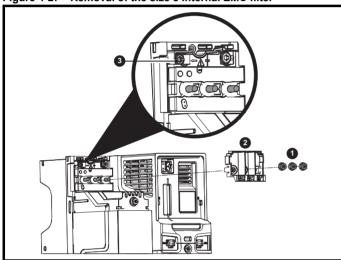
Remove the screw and nut (1) and (2) as shown above. Lift away from the securing points and rotate away from the drive. Ensure the screw and nut are replaced and re-tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-26 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



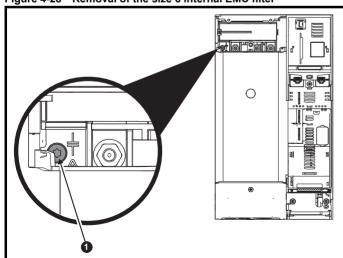
To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

Figure 4-27 Removal of the size 5 internal EMC filter



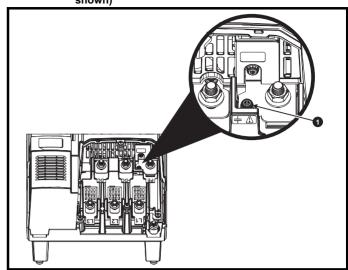
Remove the three M4 terminal nuts (1). Lift away the cover (2) to expose the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw. Finally remove the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw (3) to electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-28 Removal of the size 6 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

Figure 4-29 Removal of the size 7 and 8 internal EMC filter (size 7 shown)



NOTE

The Internal EMC filter on size 9E and 10 cannot be removed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

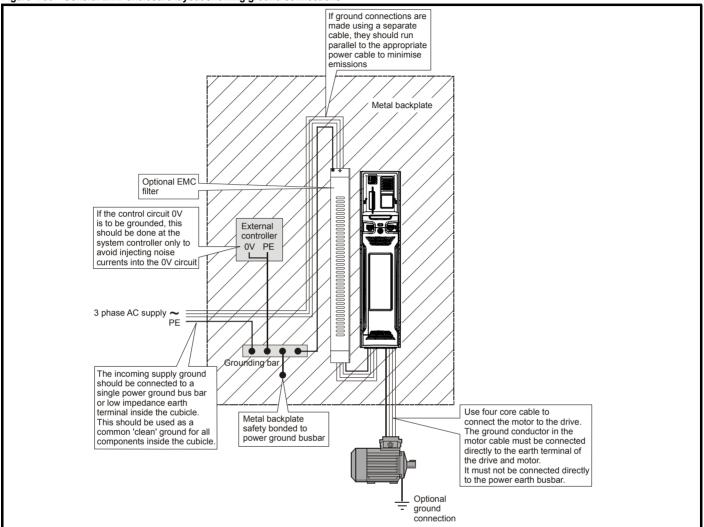
4.12.3 General requirements for EMC

Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-30, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-30 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.12.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 86.

Figure 4-30 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections

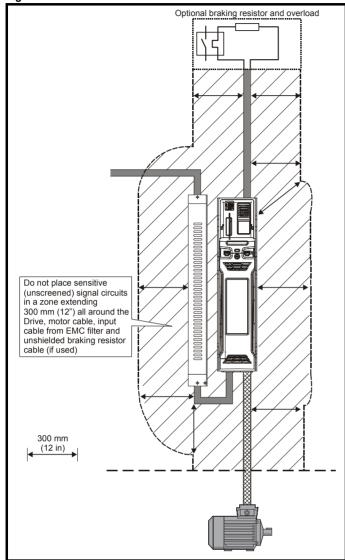


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Cable lavout

Figure 4-31 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment

Figure 4-31 Drive cable clearances



Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

Feedback device cable shielding

Shielding considerations are important for PWM drive installations due to the high voltages and currents present in the output (motor) circuit with a very wide frequency spectrum, typically from 0 to 20 MHz.

The following guidance is divided into two parts:

- Ensuring correct transfer of data without disturbance from electrical noise originating either within the drive or from outside.
- Additional measures to prevent unwanted emission of radio frequency noise. These are optional and only required where the installation is subject to specific requirements for radio frequency emission control

To ensure correct transfer of data, observe the following: Resolver connections:

- Use a cable with an overall shield and twisted pairs for the resolver
- Connect the cable shield to the drive 0V connection by the shortest possible link ("pigtail")
- It is generally preferable not to connect the cable shield to the resolver. However in cases where there is an exceptional level of common-mode noise voltage present on the resolver body, it may be helpful to connect the shield there. If this is done then it becomes essential to ensure the absolute minimum length of "pigtails" at both shield connections, and possibly to clamp the cable shield directly to the resolver body and to the drive grounding bracket.
- The cable should preferably not be interrupted. If interruptions are unavoidable, ensure the absolute minimum length of "pigtail" in the shield connections at each interruption.

Encoder connections:

- Use a cable with the correct impedance
- Use a cable with individually shielded twisted pairs
- Connect the cable shields to 0V at both the drive and the encoder, using the shortest possible links ("pigtails")
- The cable should preferably not be interrupted. If interruptions are unavoidable, ensure the absolute minimum length of "pigtail" in the shield connections at each interruption. Preferably, use a connection method which provides substantial metallic clamps for the cable shield terminations.

The above applies where the encoder body is isolated from the motor and where the encoder circuit is isolated from the encoder body. Where there is no isolation between the encoder circuits and the motor body, and in case of doubt, the following additional requirement must be observed. This gives the best possible noise immunity.

The shields must be directly clamped to the encoder body (no pigtail) and to the drive grounding bracket. This may be achieved by clamping of the individual shields or by providing an additional overall shield which is clamped.

The recommendations of the encoder manufacturer must also be adhered to for the encoder connections.

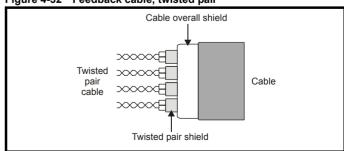
In order to guarantee maximum noise immunity for any application double shielded cable as shown should be used.

In some cases single shielding of each pair of differential signals cables, or a single overall shield with individual shield on the thermistor connections is sufficient. In these cases all the shields should be connected to ground and 0 V at both ends.

If the 0 V is required to be left floating a cable with individual shields and an overall shield must be used.

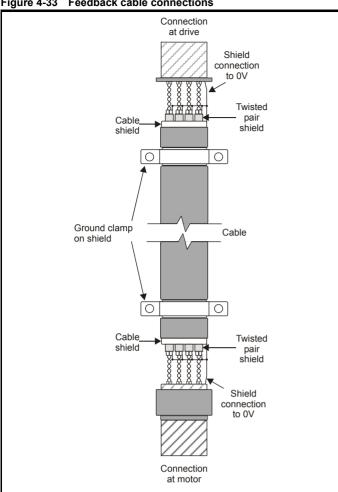
Figure 4-32 and Figure 4-33 illustrate the preferred construction of cable and the method of clamping. The outer sheath of the cable should be stripped back enough to allow the clamp to be installed. The shield must not be broken or opened at this point. The clamps should be installed close to the drive or feedback device, with the ground connections made to a ground plate or similar metallic ground surface.

Figure 4-32 Feedback cable, twisted pair



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Figure 4-33 Feedback cable connections



To ensure suppression of radio frequency emission, observe the following:

- Use a cable with an overall shield
- Clamp the overall shield to grounded metallic surfaces at both the encoder and the drive, as illustrated in Figure 4-33

4.12.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.12.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 86. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in Section 4.12.5 Compliance with generic emission standards.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.12.3 General requirements for EMC on page 84.



The second environment typically includes an industrial lowvoltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in Section 4.12.5 Compliance with generic emission standards be adhered to.

Refer to section 12.1.27 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) on page 291 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the EMC Data Sheet which is available from the supplier of the drive.

Compliance with generic emission standards 4.12.5

The following information applies to frame sizes 3 to 8.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-34 and Figure 4-35. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and

Figure 4-34 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 3 to 6)

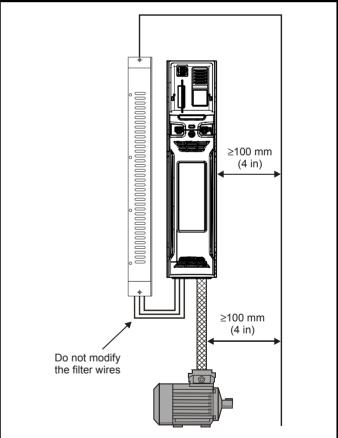
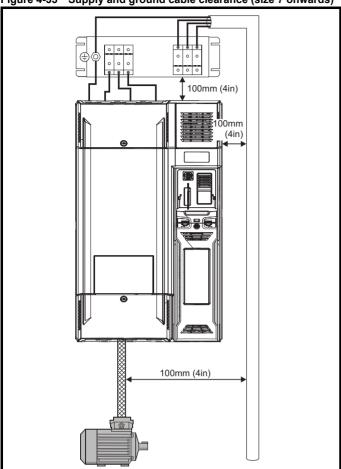
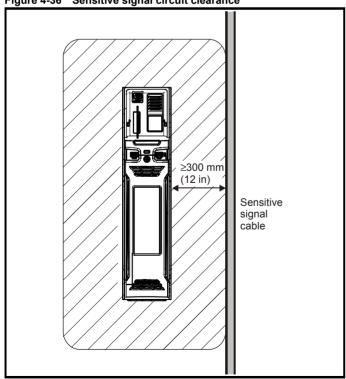


Figure 4-35 Supply and ground cable clearance (size 7 onwards)



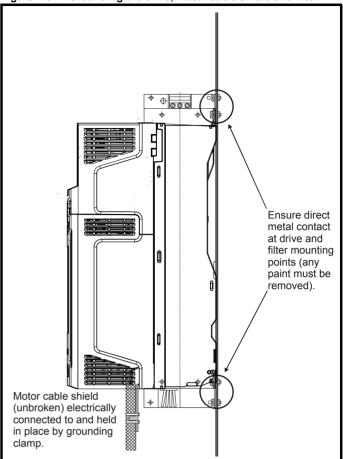
Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

Figure 4-36 Sensitive signal circuit clearance



Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module. Ensure good EMC grounding.

Figure 4-37 Grounding the drive, motor cable shield and filter

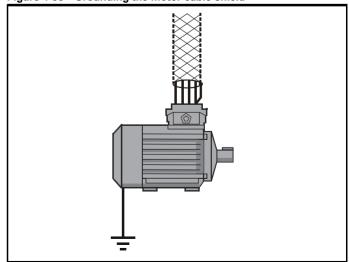


Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long.

A complete 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

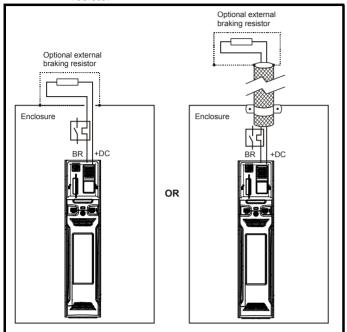
Figure 4-38 Grounding the motor cable shield



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Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure. Ensure a minimum spacing of 300 mm (12 in) from the signal wiring and the AC supply wiring to the external EMC filter. If this condition cannot be met then the wiring must be shielded.

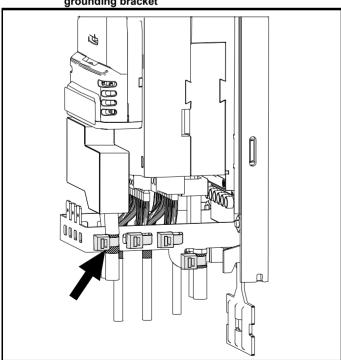
Figure 4-39 Shielding requirements of optional external braking resistor



If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-40. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

Figure 4-40 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



4.12.6 Variations in the EMC wiring Interruptions to the motor cable

The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

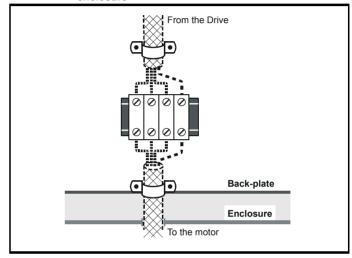
- Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.

Figure 4-41 Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the enclosure



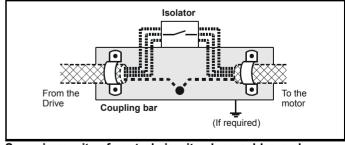
Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.

Figure 4-42 Connecting the motor cable to an isolator / disconnect switch



Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0 V connection is not grounded.

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In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0 V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0 V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm², or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-43 and Figure 4-44.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (I/O Overload trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr 10.034 to 5.

Figure 4-43 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and outputs

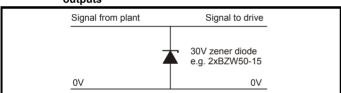
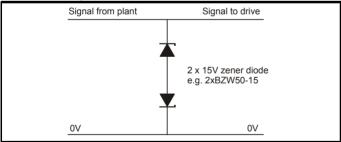


Figure 4-44 Surge suppression for analog and bipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

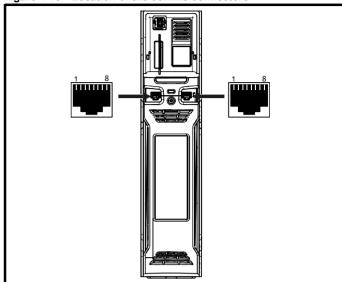
Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC

These devices are not suitable for encoder signals or fast digital data networks because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. Most encoders have galvanic isolation of the signal circuit from the motor frame, in which case no precautions are required. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

4.13 Communications connections

The *Unidrive M700 / M702* drive offers Ethernet fieldbus communications and the *Unidrive M701* drive offers a 2 wire 485 interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

Figure 4-45 Location of the comms connectors



4.13.1 Unidrive M700 / M702 Ethernet fieldbus communications

The Ethernet option provides two RJ45 connections with an Ethernet switch for easy network creation.

Standard UTP (unshielded twisted pair) or STP (shielded twisted pair) cables are supported. It is recommended that a minimum specification CAT5e is used in new installations. As the drive supports the 'Auto cross-over detection' a cross-over cable is not required.

NOTE

The shell of the RJ45 connector is isolated from the 0 V of the drive control terminals but it is connected to ground.

4.13.2 *Unidrive M701* 485 serial communications

The 485 option provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-28 for the connection details.

NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables are not recommended for use when connecting drives on a 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-28 Serial communication port pin-outs

	• •
Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	Isolated 0 V
4	+24 V (100 mA)
5	Isolated 0 V
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)
Shell	Isolated 0 V

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

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4.13.3 Unidrive M701 Isolation of the 485 serial communications port

The serial PC communications port is double insulated and meets the requirements for SELV in EN 50178:1998.



In order to meet the requirements for SELV in IEC60950 (IT equipment) it is necessary for the control computer to be grounded. Alternatively, when a lap-top or similar device is used which has no provision for grounding, an isolation WARNING device must be incorporated in the communications lead.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-29 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

4.14 Control connections

4.14.1 Unidrive M700 / M701 control connections Table 4-30 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number					
Differential analog input	1	Mode, offset, invert, scaling	5, 6					
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	7, 8					
Analog output	2	Source, scaling	9, 10					
Digital input	3	Destination, invert, logic select	27, 28, 29					
Digital input / output	3	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert, logic select	24, 25, 26					
Relay	1	Source, invert	41, 42					
Drive enable (SAFE TORQUE OFF)	1		31					
+10 V User output	1		4					
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	22					
0V common	6		1, 3, 11, 21, 23, 30					
+24V External input	1	Destination, invert	2					

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. positive / negative logic (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic), open collector.

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



Ensure the logic sense is correct for the control circuit to be used. Incorrect logic sense could cause the motor to be started unexpectedly.

Positive logic is the default state for the drive.

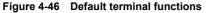
NOTE

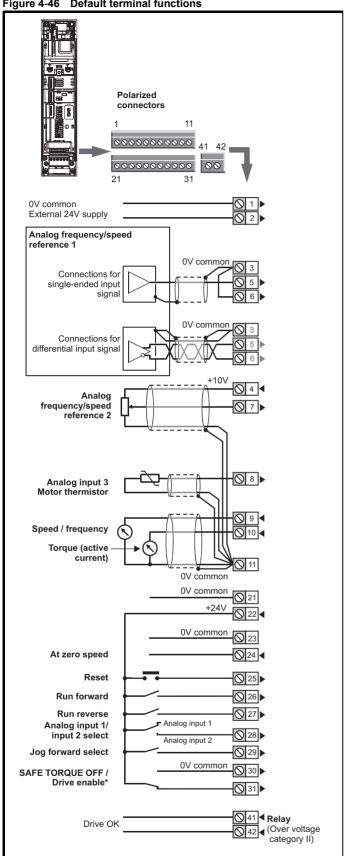
Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only. It is not affected by the setting of Input Logic Polarity (08.029).

The common 0 V from analog signals should, wherever possible, not be connected to the same 0 V terminal as the common 0 V from digital signals. Terminals 3 and 11 should be used for connecting the 0V common of analog signals and terminals 21, 23 and 30 for digital signals. This is to prevent small voltage drops in the terminal connections causing inaccuracies in the analog signals.







*The SAFE TORQUE OFF / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only.

4.14.2 Unidrive M700 / M701 control terminal specification

1	0V common	
Function	on	Common connection for all external devices

2 +24V external input				
Function	To supply the control circuit without providing a supply to the power stage			
Programmability	Can be used as digital input when using an external 24 V supply			
Sample / update	2 ms			
Nominal voltage	+24.0 Vdc			
Minimum continuous operating voltage	+19.2 Vdc			
Maximum continuous operating voltage	+28.0 Vdc			
Minimum start-up voltage	21.6 Vdc			
Recommended power supply	40 W 24 Vdc nominal			
Recommended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc			

3	0V common	
Funct	ion	Common connection for all external devices

4	+10V user output			
Function	on	Supply for external analog devices		
Voltage		10.2 V nominal		
Voltage	tolerance	±1 %		
Nominal	output current	10 mA		
Protection	on	Current limit and trip @ 30 mA		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinoination	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamastica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Precision reference A	nalog input 1			
5	Non-inverting input				
6					
	Inverting input				
Defaul	t function	Frequency/speed reference			
Type of	input	Bipolar differential analog voltage or current, thermistor input			
	ontrolled by:	Pr 07.007			
Operat	ing in Voltage mode				
Full scal	le voltage range	±10 V ±2 %			
Maximu	m offset	±10 mV			
Absolute voltage	e maximum range	±36 V relative to 0 V			
Working range	common mode voltage	±13 V relative to 0 V			
Input res	sistance	≥100 kΩ			
Monotor	nic	Yes (including 0 V)			
Dead ba	and	None (including 0 V)			
Jumps		None (including 0 V)			
Maximu	m offset	20 mV			
Maximu	m non linearity	0.3% of input			
Maximu	m gain asymmetry	0.5 %			
Input filt	er bandwidth single pole	~3 kHz			
Operat	ing in current mode				
Current ranges		0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %			
Maximu	m offset	250 μΑ			
	e maximum voltage e biased)	±36 V relative to 0 V			
Equivale	ent input resistance	≤300 Ω			
Absolute	e maximum current	±30 mA			
Operating in thermistor input mode ((in conjunction with analog input 3)			
Internal pull-up voltage		2.5 V			
Trip threshold resistance		User defined in Pr 07.048			
Short-ci	rcuit detection resistance	50 Ω ± 40 %			
Comm	on to all modes				
Resoluti	on	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)			
Sample	/ update period	250 µs with destinations Pr 01.036, Pr 01.037, Pr 03.022 or Pr 04.008 in RFC-A and RFC-S modes. 4 ms for open loop mode and all other destinations in RFC-A o RFC-S modes.			

7 Analog input 2					
Default function	Frequency / speed reference				
Type of input	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current				
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.011				
Operating in voltage mode					
Full scale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %				
Maximum offset	±10 mV				
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0 V				
Input resistance	≥100 k Ω				
Operating in current mode					
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %				
Maximum offset	250 μΑ				
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	±36 V relative to 0V				
Absolute maximum current	±30 mA				
Equivalent input resistance	≤ 300 Ω				
Common to all modes					
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)				
Sample / update	250 μs with destinations Pr 01.036, Pr 01.037 or Pr 03.022, Pr 04.008 in RFC-A or RFC-S. 4ms for open loop mode and all other destinations in RFC-A or RFC-S mode.				

8 Analog input 3			
Default function	Thermistor input		
Type of input	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage, or thermistor input		
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.015		
Operating in Voltage mode (default)		
Voltage range	±10 V ±2 %		
Maximum offset	±10 mV		
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0 V		
Input resistance	≥100 k Ω		
Operating in thermistor inpu	t mode		
Supported thermistor types	Din 4408, KTY 84, PT100, PT 1000, PT 2000		
Internal pull-up voltage	2.5 V		
Trip threshold resistance	User defined in Pr 07.048		
Reset resistance	User defined in Pr 07.048		
Short-circuit detection resistance	50 Ω ± 40 %		
Common to all modes			
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)		
Sample / update period	4 ms		

9	Analog output 1			
10	Analog output 2			
Termin	nal 9 default function	OL> Motor FREQUENCY output signal RFC> SPEED output signal		
Termin	nal 10 default function	Motor active current		
Type of	output	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage		
Opera	ting in Voltage mode (d	lefault)		
Voltage	range	±10 V ±5 %		
Maximu	ım offset	±120 mV		
Maximu	ım output current	±20 mA		
Load re	sistance	≥1 k Ω		
Protecti	on	20 mA max. Short circuit protection		
Comm	on to all modes			
Resolut	ion	10-bit		
Sample	/ update period	250 µs (output will only change at update the rate of the source parameter if slower)		

11	0V common	
Funct	ion	Common connection for all external devices

21	0V common	
Funct	ion	Common connection for all external devices

22	+24 V user output (selectable)				
Termin	nal 22 default function	+24 V user output			
Programmability		Can be switched on or off to act as a fourth digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018			
Nominal output current		100 mA combined with DIO3			
Maximum output current		100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)			
Protection	on	Current limit and trip			
Sample / update period		2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)			

23	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

24	Digital I/O 1				
25	Digital I/O 2				
26	Digital I/O 3				
Termin	nal 24 default function	AT ZERO SPEED output			
Termin	nal 25 default function	DRIVE RESET input			
Termin	nal 26 default function	RUN FORWARD input			
Туре		Positive or negative logic digital inputs, positive logic voltage source outputs			
Input / o	utput mode controlled by	Pr 08.031, Pr 08.032 and Pr 08.033			
Operating as an input					
Logic m	ode controlled by	Pr 08.029			
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-3 V to +30 V			
Impeda	nce	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω			
Input thi	resholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1			
Operat	ting as an output				
Nomina	I maximum output current	100 mA (DIO1 & 2 combined) 100 mA (DIO3 & 24 V User Output Combined)			
Maximum output current		100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)			
Comm	Common to all modes				
Voltage range		0 V to +24 V			
Sample / Update period		2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter)			

27	Digital Input 4					
28	Digital Input 5					
Termi	inal 27 default function	RUN REVERSE input				
Termi	inal 28 default function	Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select				
Туре		Negative or positive logic digital inputs				
Logic r	mode controlled by	Pr 08.029				
Voltage	e range	0 V to +24 V				
	te maximum applied e range	-3 V to +30 V				
Impeda	ance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω				
Input tl	nresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1				
Sample / Update period		250 µs when configured as an input with destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 . 600 µ when configured as an input with destination Pr 06.029 . 2 ms in all other cases.				

29	Digital Input 6		
Termin	al 29 default function	JOG SELECT input	
Туре		Negative or positive logic digital inputs	
Logic m	ode controlled by	Pr 08.029	
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V	
Absolute voltage	e maximum applied range	-3 V to +30 V	
Impedance		>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω	
Input thresholds		10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1	
Sample / Update period		2 ms	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

30	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

Refer to section 4.16 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) on page 103 for further information

31	SAFE TORQUE OFF function (drive enable)				
Type		Positive logic only digital input			
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V			
Absolute voltage	e maximum applied	30 V			
Logic Th	nreshold	10 V ± 5 V			
	te maximum voltage for to SIL3 and PL e	5 V			
Impeda	nce	>4 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 k Ω			
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA			
Response time		Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms			

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the SAFE TORQUE OFF function is not required, this terminal is used for enabling the drive.

41 Relay contacts			
Default function	Drive OK indicator		
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II		
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)		
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA		
Contact type	Normally open		
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK		
Update period	4 ms		

51	0 V					
52	+24 Vdc					
Size 6						
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc				
Maximu	ım continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m startup voltage	18.4 Vdc				
Maximu	40 W					
Recomi	Recommended fuse 4 A @ 50 Vdc					
Size 7 t	o 10					
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc				
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc				
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)				
Minimu	m startup voltage	21.6 Vdc				
Maximu	m power supply requirement	60 W				
Recomi	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc				



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

4.14.3 Unidrive M702 control connections

Table 4-31 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Digital input	2	Destination, invert, logic select	7, 8
Digital input / output	2	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert, logic select	4, 5
Relay	1	Source, invert	41, 42
Drive enable (SAFE TORQUE OFF)	2		11, 13
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	2
0 V common	5		1, 3, 6, 10, 12
+24 V External input	1	Destination, invert	9

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. positive / negative logic (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic), open collector.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



Ensure the logic sense is correct for the control circuit to be used. Incorrect logic sense could cause the motor to be started unexpectedly.

Positive logic is the default state for the drive.

NOTE

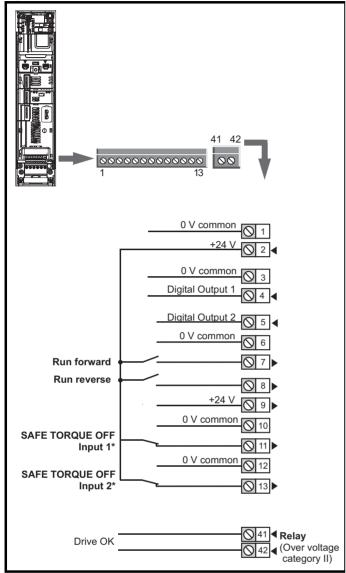
Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

NOTE

The SAFE TORQUE OFF drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only. It is not affected by the setting of *Input Logic Polarity* (08.029).

Figure 4-47 Default terminal functions



^{*}The SAFE TORQUE OFF / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only.

4.14.4 Unidrive M702 control terminal specification

1	0 V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

2 +24	+24 V user output (selectable)						
Terminal 2	default function	+24 V user output					
Programmab	bility	Can be switched on or off to act as a fourth digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018					
Nominal outp	out current	100 mA					
Maximum ou	tput current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)					
Protection		Current limit and trip					
Sample / upo	date period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)					

3	0 V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

4	Digital Output 1						
5	Digital Output 2						
Termi	nal 4 default function	AT ZERO SPEED output					
Termi	nal 5 default function						
Туре		Positive logic voltage source outputs					
Input /	output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031, Pr 08.032					
Opera	ting as an input						
Logic n	node controlled by	Pr 08.029					
Absolut range	te maximum applied voltage	-3 V to +30 V					
Impeda	nce	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω					
Input th	resholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1					
Opera	ting as an output						
Nomina	al maximum output current	100 mA (DIO1 & 2 combined)					
Maximi	um output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)					
Comn	non to all modes						
Voltage	erange	0 V to +24 V					
Sample	e / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter					

6	0 V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

0.64				0 "		_		10/14 E O L					1.11 12 12
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7 Digital Input 4	Digital Input 4							
8 Digital Input 5	Digital Input 5							
Terminal 7 default function	RUN FORWARD input							
Terminal 8 default function	RUN REVERSE input							
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs							
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029							
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V							
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V							
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω							
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1							
Sample / Update period	250 μs when configured as an input with destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 . 600 μs when configured as an input with destination Pr 06.029 . 2 ms in all other cases.							

9 +24 V external input	
Function	To supply the control circuit without providing a supply to the power stage
Programmability	Can be used as a digital input when using an external 24 Vdc
Sample / Update period	2 ms
Nominal voltage	+24.0 Vdc
Minimum continuous operating voltage	+19.2 Vdc
Maximum continuous operating voltage	+28.0 Vdc
Minimum start-up voltage	21.6 Vdc
Recommended power supply	40 W 24 Vdc nominal
Recommended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc

10	0 V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

12	0 V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

11	SAFE TORQUE OFF f	unction input 1 (drive enable)										
13	SAFE TORQUE OFF function input 2 (drive enable)											
Туре		Positive logic only digital input										
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V										
Absolute voltage	e maximum applied	30 V										
Logic TI	nreshold	10 V ± 5 V										
	te maximum voltage for to SIL3 and PL e	5 V										
Impeda	nce	>4 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 k Ω										
	te maximum current for to SIL3 and PL e	0.5 mA										
Respon	se time	Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms										
The CAI	EE TOROLLE OFF function r	nov he used in a sefety related application in										

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the SAFE TORQUE OFF function is not required, these terminals are used for enabling the drive.

Refer to section 4.16 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) on page 103 for further information.

41 Relay contacts	
Default function	Drive OK indicator
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA
Contact type	Normally open
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK
Update period	4 ms

51 0 V		
52 +24	Vdc	
Size 6		
Nominal opera	ating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimum cont	inuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc
Maximum con	tinuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc
Minimum start	up voltage	18.4 Vdc
Maximum pov	ver supply requirement	40 W
Recommende	d fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc
Size 7 to 10		
Nominal opera	ating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimum cont	inuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc
Maximum con	tinuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)
Minimum start	up voltage	21.6 Vdc
Maximum pov	ver supply requirement	60 W
Recommende	d fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

Safety Product NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Running Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation the motor Operation PLC parameters information

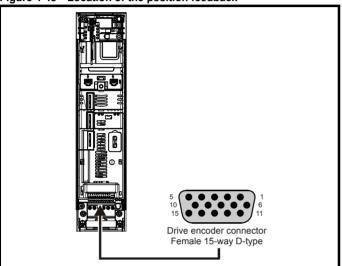
4.15 Position feedback connections

The following functions are provided via the 15-way high density D-type connector on the drive:

- · Two position feedback interfaces (P1 and P2).
- · One encoder simulation output.
- Two freeze trigger inputs (marker inputs).
- · One thermistor input.

The P1 position interface is always available but the availability of the P2 position interface and the encoder simulation output depends on the position feedback device used on the P1 position interface, as shown in Table 4-34.

4.15.1 Location of position feedback connector Figure 4-48 Location of the position feedback



4.15.2 Compatible position feedback devices Table 4-32 Supported feedback devices on the P1 position interface

Encoder type	Pr 3.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
BiSS communication only encoders (not currently supported)	BiSS (13)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders* (not currently supported)	Commutation only (16)

^{*} This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance

Table 4-33 Supported feedback devices on the P2 position interface

	_
Encoder type	Pr 3.138 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (3)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (4)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (5)
BiSS communication only encoders (not currently supported)	BiSS (6)

Table 4-34 shows the possible combinations of position feedback device types connected to the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the availability of the encoder simulation output.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-34 Availability of the P2 position feedback interface and the encoder simulation output

	Functions	
P1 Position feedback interface	P2 Position feedback interface	Encoder Simulation Output
AB Servo FD Servo FR Servo SC Servo SC SC Commutation only	None	None
AB FD FR	AB, FD, FR EnDat, BiSS, SSI	None
SC Resolver SC Hiperface	None	Full
SC EnDat SC SSI	AB, FD, FR (No Z marker pulse input) EnDat, BiSS, SSI (with freeze input)	- None
	None	No Z marker pulse output
EnDat	AB, FD, FR EnDat, BiSS, SSI	None
BiSS	None	Full
SSI	EnDat, BiSS, SSI	No Z marker pulse output

The priority of the position feedback interfaces and the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type is assigned in the following order from the highest priority to the lowest.

- P1 position interface (highest)
- · Encoder simulation output
- P2 position interface (lowest)

For example, if an AB Servo type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface, then both the encoder simulation output and the P2 position interface will not be available as this device uses all connections of the 15-way D-type connector. Also, if an AB type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface and Pr 03.085 is set to a valid source for the encoder simulation output, then the P2 position interface will not be available.

Depending on the device type used on the P1 position interface, the encoder simulation output may not be able support a marker pulse output (e.g. SC EnDat or SC SSI device types). Pr **03.086** shows the status of the encoder simulation output indicating whether the output is disabled, no marker pulse is available or full encoder simulation is available.

NOTE

When using the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the encoder simulation output together, the P2 position interface uses alternative connections on the 15-way D-type connector. Pr **03.172** shows the status of the P2 position interface and indicates if alternative connections are being used for the P2 position interface.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	mormation	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

4.15.3 Position feedback connection details

Table 4-35 P1 Position feedback connection details

P1 Position feedback						C	onne	ctions							
interface Pr 03.038	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AB (0)	Α	A۱	В	B\	Z	Z١									
FD (1)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z۱									
FR (2)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١									
AB Servo (3)	Α	A۱	В	B\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V١	W	W۱			
FD Servo (4)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V١	W	W١			
FR Servo (5)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V\	W	W١			
SC (6)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z\									
SC Hiperface (7)	Cos	Cosref	Sin	Sinref	DATA	DATA\									
EnDat (8)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\							+V	0V	Th
SC EnDat (9)	Α	A۱	В	В١	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			
SSI (10)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
SC SSI (11)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			
SC Servo (12)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z\	U	U\	V	V١	W	W۱			
BiSS (13)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
Resolver (14)	Cos H	Cos L	Sin H	Sin L	Ref H	Ref L									
SC SC (15)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z\	C*1	C* ¹	D* ²	D* ²	Freeze2	Freeze2\			
Commutation Only (16)							U	U\	V	V١	W	W\			

^{*1 -} One sine wave per revolution

Greyed cells are for P2 position feedback connections or simulated encoder outputs.

NOTE

Freeze and Freeze\ on terminals 5 and 6 are for Freeze input 1. Freeze2 and Freeze2\ on terminals 11 and 12 are for Freeze input 2.

^{*2 -} One cosine wave per revolution

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 4-36 P2 Position feedback and encoder simulation output connection details

P1 Position	P2 Position	Encoder		-		Connec	ctions			
feedback interface Pr 03.038	feedback interface Pr 03.138	Simulation Output	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	AB (1)				Α	A۱	В	B\	Z	Z\
	FD (2)				F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z\
AB (0)	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z\
FD (1) FR (2) SC (6)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze2	Freeze2\
SC Hiperface (7) Resolver (14)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
Resolver (14)	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
	AB (1)				Α	A۱	В	B\		
	FD (2)				F	F\	D	D\		
	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R	R\		
SC EnDat (9) SC SSI (11)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\		
,		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\		
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\		
		FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\		
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
	AB (1)				А	A۱	В	B\	Z	Z١
	FD (2)				F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z\
	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z\
EnDat (8) SSI (10)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze2	Freeze2\
BiSS (13)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
EnDat (8)		AB	DATA	DATA\	Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	CLK	CLK\
SSI (10) BiSS (13)	EnDat (4) SSI (5)	FD	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	CLK	CLK\
(with no Freeze	BiSS (6)	FR	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	CLK	CLK\
inputs)		SSI	DATA	DATA\	DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\	CLK	CLK\

^{*1} The encoder simulation output is disabled when Pr **03.085** is set to zero.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.15.4 Position feedback terminal specifications

A,F, Cosref, Data, Cos H	
2 AF\ Cosref Data Cos L	
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD	O Servo(4), FR Servo (5)
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz
Line loading	
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SS SC SC (15)	SI (11), SC Servo (12),
Туре	Differential voltage
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-37
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V
Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be reduced at high frequency. Table 4-37 shows information at different frequencies and with diencoder port	the number of bits of interpolated
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BISS (13)	
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz
Line loading	
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V
Resolver (14)	
Туре	2 Vrms sinusoidal signal
Operating Frequency	6 - 8 kHz
Input voltage	0.6 Vrms
Common to All	

B, D, R Sinref, Clock, Sin H								
B D R Sinref Clock Sin	1							
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5)								
Type	EIA 485 differential receivers							
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz							
Line loading	000 KHZ							
	400 0 (- 1/-1/-1/-)							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)							
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V							
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SC SC (15)	SSI (11), SC Servo (12),							
Туре	Differential voltage							
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)							
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-37							
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V							
Resolution: The sine wave frequency can reduced at high frequency. Table 4-37 show information at different frequencies and with encoder port	ws the number of bits of interpolated							
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BISS (13)								
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers							
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz							
Line loading								
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)							
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V							
Resolver (14)								
Туре	2 Vrms sinusoidal signal							
Operating Frequency	6 – 8 kHz							
Input voltage	0.6 Vrms							
Common to All								

Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V -9 V to 14 V

Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V -9 V to 14 V

0.64				0 "		_		10/14 E O L					1.11 12 12
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Z, Data, Freeze, Ref H							
Z Data Freeze Ref L							
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC SC (15)							
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI	l (11), SC Servo (12)						
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)							
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
Resolver (14)							
Туре	Differential voltage						
Nominal voltage	0 – 2 Vrms depending on turn ratio						
Operating frequency	6 - 8 KHz						
Line loading							
Common to All							
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0	OV -9 V to 14 V						

7 U, C, Not used, Not used							
8 U C Not used, Not used							
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)							
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
SC SC (15)							
Туре	Differential voltage						
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)						
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-37						
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V						
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)							
Not used							
Resolver (14)	Resolver (14)						
Not used							
Common to All							
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0	0V -9 V to 14 V						

g V, D, Not used, Not used							
10 V D Not used, Not used							
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)							
Type EIA 485 differential receivers							
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
SC SC (15)							
Туре	Differential voltage						
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)						
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-37						
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V						
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)							
Not used							
Resolver (14)							
Not used							
Common to All							
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V						

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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W, Clock, Not used, Not used							
W Clock Not used, Not used							
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)							
Туре	EIA 485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz						
Line loading							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	-7 V to +12 V						
SC EnDat (9), SC SSI (11)							
Туре	Differential voltage						
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)						
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-37						
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V						
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)							
Not used							
Resolver (14)							
Not used							
Common to All							
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0\	V -9 V to 14 V						

Common to all Feedback types

13	Feedback device supply	
Supply	voltage	5.15 V ±2 %, 8 V ± 5 % or 15 V ± 5 %
Maxim	um output ourrant	300 mA for 5 V and 8 V
Waxiii	um output current	200 mA for 15 V

The voltage on Terminal 13 is controlled by Pr 03.036. The default for this parameter is 5 V (0) but this can be set to 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). Setting the encoder voltage too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. The termination resistors should be disabled if the outputs from the encoder are higher than 5 V.

14 0 V Common

5 Motor thermistor input

Thermistor type is selected in P1 Thermistor Type (03.118).

Sincos encoder resolution

The sine wave frequency can be up to 500 kHz but the resolution is reduced at high frequency. Table 4-37 shows the number of bits of interpolated information at different frequencies and with different voltage levels at the drive encoder port. The total resolution in bits per revolution is the ELPR plus the number of bits of interpolated information. Although it is possible to obtain 11 bits of interpolation information, the nominal design value is 10 bits.

Table 4-37 Feedback resolution based on frequency and voltage level

Volt/Freq	1 kHz	5 kHz	50 kHz	100 kHz	200 kHz	500 kHz
1.2	11	11	10	10	9	8
1.0	11	11	10	9	9	7
8.0	10	10	10	9	8	7
0.6	10	10	9	9	8	7
0.4	9	9	9	8	7	6

4.16 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO)

The *Unidrive M700 / M701* has a single channel STO, whereas the *Unidrive M702* has a dual channel STO.

4.16.1 Single channel SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) (Unidrive M700 / M701)

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function is fail-safe, so when the SAFE TORQUE OFF input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. SAFE TORQUE OFF is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Data as verified by TÜV Rheinland:

According to EN ISO 13849-1:

PL = e

Category = 4

 $MTTF_D = High$

 $DC_{av} = High$

Mission Time and Proof Test Interval = 20 years

The calculated MTTF_D for the complete STO function is:

STO1 2574 yr

According to EN 61800-5-2:

SIL = 3

PFH = $4.21 \times 10^{-11} \, h^{-1}$

The SAFE TORQUE OFF input also meets the requirements of EN 81-1 (clause 12.7.3 b) as part of a system for preventing unwanted operation of the motor in a lift (elevator).

SAFE TORQUE OFF can be used to eliminate electro-mechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

Safety Product Information information installation installation installation in the parameters of the motor information in the parameters of the motor information in the parameters of the motor information in the parameters of the motor in the motor of the motor o

The function can be used in safety-related machines or systems which have been designed according to IEC 62061 or IEC 61508, or other standards which are compatible with IEC 61508, since the analysis and the integrity metrics used in EN 61800-5-2 are the same.

Note on response time of SAFE TORQUE OFF, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs.

SAFE TORQUE OFF has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms, so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.

Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors.

When the drive is disabled through SAFE TORQUE OFF, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor. If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The SAFE TORQUE OFF function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



SAFE TORQUE OFF inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and SAFE TORQUE OFF in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



SAFE TORQUE OFF does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With SAFE TORQUE OFF there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the SAFE TORQUE OFF input to a DC supply of approximately +24 V would cause the drive to be enabled. This can be excluded under EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.
 or
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of SAFE TORQUE OFF. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the SAFE TORQUE OFF circuit be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductor which should be connected to terminal 30 at the drive.

SAFE TORQUE OFF over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the SAFE TORQUE OFF function, for example for maintenance purposes.

For more information regarding the SAFE TORQUE OFF input, please see the *Control Techniques Safe Torque Off Engineering Guide* available for download from www.controltechniques.com.

4.16.2 Dual channel SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) (Unidrive M702)

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when either one or both STO inputs are in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function is fail-safe, so when the SAFE TORQUE OFF input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. SAFE TORQUE OFF is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Data as verified by TÜV Rheinland:

According to EN ISO 13849-1:

PL = e

Category = 4

 $MTTF_D = High$

DCav = High

Mission Time and Proof Test Interval = 20 years

The calculated MTTF_D for the complete STO function is:

STO1 2574 yr

STO2 2716 yr

According to EN 61800-5-2:

SIL = 3

PFH = $4.21 \times 10^{-11} \text{ h}^{-1}$

The SAFE TORQUE OFF input also meets the requirements of EN 81-1 (clause 12.7.3 b) as part of a system for preventing unwanted operation of the motor in a lift (elevator).

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SAFE TORQUE OFF can be used to eliminate electro-mechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

The function can be used in safety-related machines or systems which have been designed according to IEC 62061 or IEC 61508, or other standards which are compatible with IEC 61508, since the analysis and the integrity metrics used in EN 61800-5-2 are the same.

Note on response time of SAFE TORQUE OFF, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs.

SAFE TORQUE OFF has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms, so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.

Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors.

When the drive is disabled through SAFE TORQUE OFF, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor. If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.

Two-channel SAFE TORQUE OFF

Two fully independent input channels are provided for the SAFE TORQUE OFF function.

Each input separately meets the requirements of the standards as defined above, regardless of the state of the other input. If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels in order for the drive to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults. For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety-related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output. Then there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single SAFE TORQUE OFF input. In this case it is important to note that a single short-circuit from the SAFE TORQUE OFF input to a DC supply of approximately +24 V would cause the drive to be enabled. This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.
 or
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.

SAFE TORQUE OFF over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the SAFE TORQUE OFF function, for example for maintenance purposes. Because of the risk of human error, the installation must not provide any facility to over-ride the function.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The SAFE TORQUE OFF function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



SAFE TORQUE OFF inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and SAFE TORQUE OFF in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



SAFE TORQUE OFF does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With SAFE TORQUE OFF there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of SAFE TORQUE OFF. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the SAFE TORQUE OFF circuits be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductors which should be connected to terminals 10 and 12 at the drive.

For more information regarding the SAFE TORQUE OFF input, please see the *Control Techniques Safe Torque Off Engineering Guide* available for download from www.controltechniques.com.

Product V Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information Operation information installation installation parameters the motor PLC parameters information

Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Understanding the display

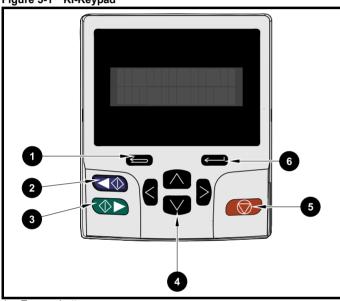
The keypad can only be mounted on the drive.

KI-Keypad

The KI-Keypad display consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by Parameter Displayed At Power-Up (11.022).

Figure 5-1 KI-Keypad



- Escape button
- 2. Start reverse (Auxiliary button)
- 3. Start forward
- 4. Navigation keys (x4)
- Stop / Reset (red) button
- Enter button

NOTE



The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101

Table 5-2 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Priority
å	Alarm active	
٥	Keypad real-time clock battery low	
ם	Accessing non-volatile media card	
or 🔁	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	
П	Motor map 2 active	
#	User program running	
4	Keypad reference active	

5.2 **Keypad operation**

5.2.1 **Control buttons**

The keypad consists of:

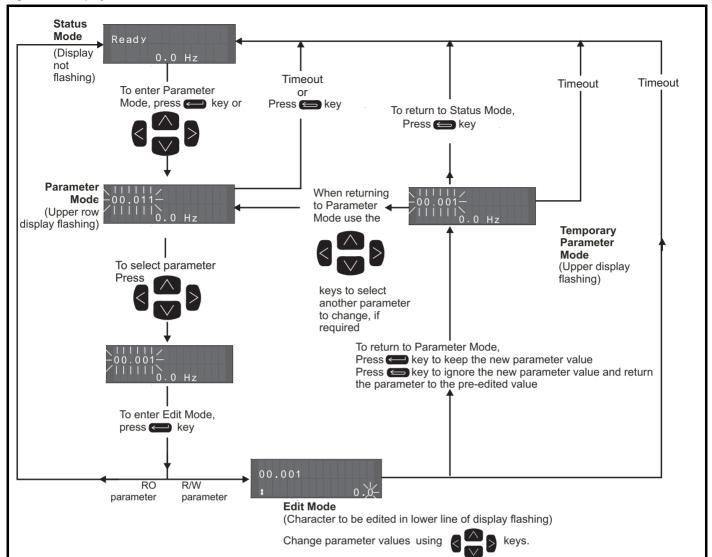
- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button pressed the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start forward button Use to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Start reverse button Used to control the drive if keypad mode is selected and the reverse button is activated. If Enable Auxiliary Key (06.013) = 1, then the keypad reference is toggled between run forward and run reverse each time the button is pressed. If Enable Auxiliary Key (06.013) = 2, then the button functions as a run reverse key.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display. Refer to section 3.14.1 Real time clock battery replacement on page 57 for information on battery replacement.

Figure 5-2 overleaf shows an example on moving between menus and editing parameters.



Figure 5-2 Display modes



The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr 00.049 has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 111.

5.2.2 Quick access mode

The quick access mode allows direct access to any parameter without scrolling through menus and parameters.

To enter the quick access mode, press and hold the Enter button on the keypad while in 'parameter mode'.

Figure 5-3 Quick access mode



5.2.3 **Keypad shortcuts**

In 'parameter mode':

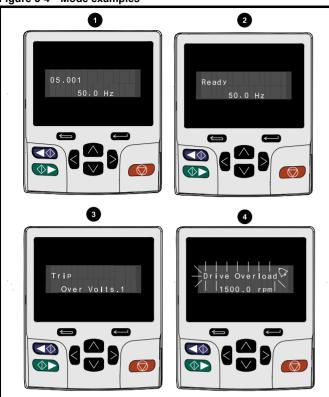
- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the start of the parameter menu being viewed, i.e. Pr 05.005 being viewed, when the above buttons pressed together will jump to Pr 05.000.
- If the < left and right > keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the last viewed parameter in Menu 0.

In 'parameter edit mode':

- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the parameter value of the parameter being edited will be set to 0.
- If the < left and right > keypad buttons are pressed together, the least significant digit (furthest right) will be selected on the keypad display for editing.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information information installation installation of the motor of the mo

Figure 5-4 Mode examples



1. Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only

2. Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the upper row of the display will show one of the following:

'Inhibit', 'Ready' or 'Run'.

3. Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the upper row of the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the lower row of the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes. refer to Table 13-4 *Trip indications* on page 296.

4. Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the upper row of the display flashes between the drive status (Inhibit, Ready or Run, depending on what is displayed) and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

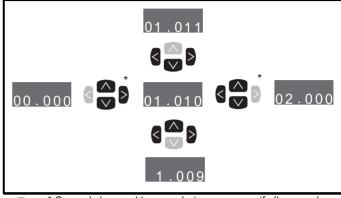
For new parameter-values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 111.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.049** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 111

Figure 5-5 Parameter navigation



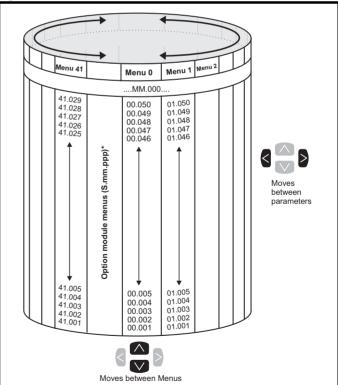
* Can only be used to move between menus if all menus have been enabled (Pr **00.049**). Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter* access level and security on page 111.

The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

Figure 5-6 Menu structure



^{*} The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

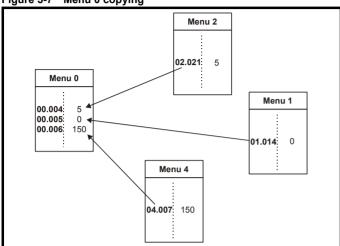
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 *Basic parameters* on page 115.

Figure 5-7 Menu 0 copying



5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the KI-Keypad.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed (except for *Unidrive M700 / M702* 4.mm.ppp) if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

On Unidrive M700 / M702, menu 4.00.xxx is the same as menu 24.xxx.

Table 5-3 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
Ü	programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
24	Ethernet module (slot 4) set-up menu*
25	Option module slot 1 application parameters
26	Option module slot 2 application parameters
27	Option module slot 3 application parameters
28	Option module slot 4 application parameters
29	Reserved menu
30	Onboard user programming application menu
31-41	Advanced motion controller set-up parameters
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus**
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus**
Slot 4	Slot 4 option menus**
	played on Unidrive M700 / M702

^{*} Only displayed on Unidrive M700 / M702.

^{**} Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

5.5.1 KI-Keypad set-up menu

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape or < or





button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

Table 5-4 KI-Keypad set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Type
Keypad.00	Language	Classic English (0) English (1),	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO

NOTE

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-5 Status indications

		Drive		
Upper row string	Description	output stage		
Inhibit	conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)			
Ready	because the final drive run is not active			
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled		
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled		
Scan	Scan The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply			
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled		
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled		
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled		
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop	Enabled		
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display.	Disabled		
Active	The Regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply	Enabled		
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled		

5.5.3 **Alarm indications**

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 5-6 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

Table 5-7 Option module and NV media card and other status indications at power-up

First row string	Second row string	Status									
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded									
Drive param	Drive parameters are being loaded from a NV Media Card										
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded									
User progra	User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the drive										
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded									
	User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the option module in slot X										
Writing To	Writing To NV Card Data being written to NV Media Card										
	•	ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode									
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage									
The drive is after power-	-	sor in the power stage to respond									
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module									
The drive is	waiting for the options	s modules to respond after power-up									
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database									
held by the of an application structure. The	I gading parameter database										

Safety Product Getting NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics informatio information installation installation started the motor Operation PLC parameters information

5.6 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702* is open or Pr **06.015** is Off (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 3. Change the setting of Pr 0.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
00.048 t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 \$ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 \$ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 4. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr mm.000 will only load defaults if the setting of Pr 00.048 has been changed.

5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when

pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out

Procedure

- Select 'Save Parameters'* in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000* in Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- · Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100
- * If the drive is in the under voltage state (i.e. when the control terminal 1 & 2 are being supplied from a low voltage DC supply) a value of 1001 must be entered into Pr mm.000 to perform a save function.

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702* is open or Pr **06.015** is Off (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-8.

Table 5-8 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status	
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible	
Ŭ	Wicha o	Closed	RO	Not visible	
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW	
'	All Merius	Closed	RO	RO	
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible	
	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible	
3	Bood only	Open	RO	RO	
3	Read-only	Closed	RO	RO	
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible	
4	Status Offiy	Closed	Not visible	Not visible	
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible	
5	INO access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible	

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown below.

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description						
Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible						
All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited						
Read- only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only						
Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible						
Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited						
No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module						

Getting started NV Media Card Safety Product Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information Operation information installation installation parameters the motor PLC parameters information

5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.049** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 00.034 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 00.049. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the symbol is displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr 00.034 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.034

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 111 for further information regarding access level.

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 111 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

The *Unidrive M700 / M702* drive offer Ethernet fieldbus communications and the *Unidrive M701* drive offers a 2 wire 485 interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

5.12.1 Unidrive M700 / M702 - Ethernet communications

The drive offers fieldbus communications via Ethernet, this enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller. The drive provides two RJ45 connections with an Ethernet switch for easy network creation. The Ethernet option provides support for the following protocols:

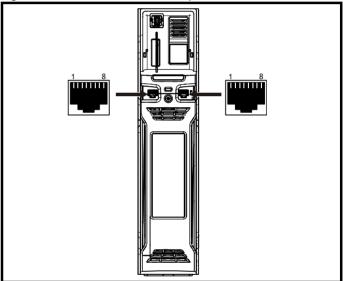
- Modbus TCP
- EtherNet/IP
- Web pages*
- Fmail*
- Synchronization with IEEE1588

*Features have not been implemented but will be available soon.

In addition to two RJ45 connectors, each port provides a status LED for diagnostic / information purposes.

LED status	Description
Off	Ethernet connection not detected
Solid green	Ethernet connection detected but no data
Flashing green	Ethernet connection detected and data flow

Figure 5-8 Location of the Ethernet ports



NOTE

The shell of the RJ45 connector is isolated from the 0 V of the drive control terminals but it is connected to ground.

Recommended cable

It is recommended that a minimum specification of CAT5e is used in new installations. If the existing cabling is used this may limit the maximum data rate depending on the cable ratings. In noisy environments the use of STP cable will offer additional noise immunity.

Maximum network lengths

The main restriction imposed on the Ethernet cabling is the length of a single segment of the cable, for Copper - UTP/STP CAT 5 cable type, maximum trunk cable length should be limited to 100 m. If distances greater than this are required it may be possible to extend the network with additional switches.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Ethernet set-up parameters

The following section covers the minimum number of parameters required to be set to establish an Ethernet communication.

Table 5-9 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination
IP	IP Address	Mac	Mac Address
Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter		

		007 007}	Reset						
R۱	Ν	Bit						US	
Û		Off	(0) or	On (1)	\Diamond		Off (0))	

Changes to the Ethernet set-up parameters will not take effect until a *Reset* (4.00.007) has been performed.

4	.00.	010	Active	IP Ad	dress				
R	0	ΙP						US	
Û			000.00 5.255.2			\Rightarrow			

This parameter displays the Active IP Address. The Active IP Address can also be viewed in Pr **00.037**.

4	.02.	005	DHCP	Enable	е					
R۱	Ν	Bit							US	
Û		Off	(0) or	On (1)		\Rightarrow		On (1	1)	

If *DHCP Enable* (4.02.005) is set to On (1), the IP address is acquired from the DHCP server and written to *IP Address* (4.02.006).

NOTE

When using manual / static IP address configuration, ensure *Subnet Mask* (4.02.007) and *Default Gateway* (4.02.008) should also be set manually.

4	.02.	006	IP Add	iress						
R۱	N	ΙP							US	
Û			000.000 5.255.2		-	\Rightarrow	192	2.168.0	01.100	

This parameter controls and displays the IP address of the drive. If *DHCP Enable* (4.02.005) is set to On (1) this parameter will become read-only.

	4.02	.007	Subne	t Mask	(
F	₹W	ΙP							US	
Û			000.00 5.255.2		-	\Rightarrow	255	5.255.2	55.000	

This parameter controls and displays the *Subnet Mask* (4.02.007) of the drive.

	4.0	2.008	Defau	It Gate	way					
ľ	RW	IP							US	
	Û		.000.00 5.255.2			\Rightarrow	19	92.168.	1.254	

This parameter controls and displays the *Default Gateway* (4.02.008) of the drive.

PC Tools support

The discovery protocol feature, which is supported by the Unidrive M PC tools, is able to discover the drives that are connected to a PC, independent of above parameter settings.

5.12.2 Unidrive M701 - 485 Serial communications

The EIA485 option provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The serial communications port of the drive is a RJ45 socket, which is isolated from the power stage and the other control terminals (see section 4.13 *Communications connections* on page 89 for connection and isolation details).

The communications port applies a 2 unit load to the communications network.

USB/EIA232 to EIA485 Communications

An external USB/EIA232 hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

Suitable USB to EIA485 and EIA232 to EIA485 isolated converters are available from Control Techniques as follows:

- CT USB Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0096)
- CT EIA232 Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0087)

NOTE

When using the CT EIA232 Comms cable the available baud rate is limited to 19.2 k baud.

When using one of the above converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		INV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	recrimical	Diamagatica	UL listing
				-444			Optimization	o	D1 0			Diagnostics	
information	intormation	Installation	l installation	started	parameters	the motor	- 1	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	. 5	information
		otaat.o	otanation		parametere			operation.		parameters	aata		

Serial communications set-up parameters
The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	I communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024) {00.035}	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (11.025) {00.036}	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (11.023) {00.037}	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by $\{...\}$). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	_		R	ange			Default							
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	±VM_NEGATIVE_F	REF_CLAMP1 H	z / rpm	0.0 Hz	0.0 rp	pm	RW	Num				US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp	{01.006}	±VM_POSITIVE_F	REF_CLAMP1 H	z / rpm	50 Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz default: 60.0 Hz	50 Hz default: 1500.0 Hz 60 Hz default: 1800.0 Hz	3000.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	±VM_AC	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s/100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	±VM_AC	CCEL_RATE		10.0 s/100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.005	Reference Selector	{01.014}	A1 A2 (0), A1 Preset (1 Keypad (4), Precis			A1 A	A2 (0) / Preset (3)	***	RW	Txt				US
00.006	Symmetrical Current Limit	{04.007}	±VM_MOTOR1_	CURRENT_LIM	IT %	165 %	175	%	RW	Num		RA		US
00.007	Open-loop Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}		0.0000 to 200	0.000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
800.00	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			3.0 %			RW	Num				US
	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}		0.00 to 655.	35 s ² /rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
00 000	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.009	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1	{03.012}		0.00000 to 0.6	65535 1/rad		0.00000	1/rad	RW	Num				US
00.010	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm			0 rpm			RW	Bit				US
00.010	Speed Feedback	{03.002}		±VM_SPE	ED rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.011	Output Frequency	{05.001}	±VM_SPEED_FREG	Q_REF Hz					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	P1 Position	{03.029}			0 to 65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.012	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	±VM_DRIVE_CU	RRENT_UNIPOL	AR A				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.013	Torque Producing Current	{04.002}		E_CURRENT A		0			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.014	Torque Mode Selector	{04.011}	0 or 1	0 to	5	0			RW	Num				US
00.015	Ramp Mode Select	{02.004}	Fast (0), Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Fast (0), Sta	ndard (1)		Standard (1)		RW	Txt				US
00.016	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or	On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
	Digital Input 6 Destination****	{08.026}	00.000 to 59.999			06.031			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
00.017	Current Reference Filter Time Constant	{04.012}		0.0 to 25			0.0 n	ns	RW	Num				US
00.019	Analog Input 2 Mode****	{07.011}	4-20 mA Low (-4 4-20 mA Hold (-2 0-20 mA (0), 20-0 n 20-4 mA Trip (3), 4-20 r	2), 20-4 mA Hold nA (1), 4-20 mA	(-1), Trip (2),		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
00.020	Analog Input 2 Destination****	{07.014}) to 59.999			01.037		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
00.021	Analog Input 3 Mode****	{07.015}	Volt (6), Therm Shor Therm	t Cct (7), Thermi No Trip (9)	stor (8),		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
00.022	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}	Off (0)) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
00.023	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 400	0.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
00.024	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF rpi	n		0.0		RW	Num				US
00.025	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF rpi	n		0.0		RW	Num				US
00.026	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz			0.0			RW	Num				US
	Overspeed Threshold	{03.008}		0 to 4000	00 rpm		0.0)	RW	Num				US
00.027	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz			0.0			RW	Num				US
	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution	{03.034}		1 to 10	0000		1024	4096	RW	Num				US
00.028	Enable Auxiliary Key	{06.013}	() to 2			0		RW	Num				US
00.029	NV Media Card Data Previously Loaded	{11.036}	0	to 999					RO	Num		NC	PT	
00.030	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}		d (1), Program (2 3), Boot (4)	2),		None (0)		RW	Txt		NC		US
00.031	Drive Rated Voltage	{11.033}		0 V (1), 575 V (2 0 V (3)),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	{11.032}	0.000 to	99999.999 A					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Dovernator		R	ange			Default				т			
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	Эe		
00.033	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd Only (2), Rev Only (3)			Disable (0)			RW	Txt				US
	Motor Parameter Adaptive Control	{05.016}		0 to 2			0		RW	Num				US
00.034	User Security Code	{11.030}	0 to	2 ³¹ -1			0		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
00.035	Serial Mode*	{11.024}	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 N 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (i 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP 7 1 EP M (14	ŃP M (5), 8 1 EF 8), 7 1 NP (9), 7	P M (6), 7 1 EP (10), P M (13),		8 2 NP (0)		RW	Txt				US
00.036	Serial Baud Rate*	{11.025}	300 (0), 600 (1), 120 9600 (5), 19200 (6) 76800 (9)				19200 (6)		RW	Txt				US
00.037	Serial Address*	{11.023}	11	to 247			1		RW	Num				US
00.037	Active IP Address**	{24.010}	000.000.000.000	to 255.255.25	5.255				RO	IP		NC	PT	
00.038	Current Controller Kp Gain	{04.013}	0 to	30000		20	150)	RW	Num				US
00.039	Current Controller Ki Gain	{04.014}	0 to	30000		40	200	0	RW	Num				US
00.040	Auto-tune	{05.012}	0 to 2	0 to 5	0 to 6		0		RW	Num		NC		
00.041	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 4 k 12 kHz (5	Hz (2), 6 kHz (3 5), 16 kHz (6)	3), 8 kHz (4),	3 kł	Hz (1)	6 kHz (3)	RW	Txt		RA		US
00.042	Number Of Motor Poles	{05.011}	Automatic (0)	to 480 Poles (2	40)		natic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Num				US
00.043	Rated Power Factor	{05.010}	0.000 to 1.0	00		0.	850		RW	Num		RA		US
00.043	Position Feedback Phase Angle	{03.025}			0.0 to 359.9 °				RW	Num	ND			US
00.044	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	±VM_AC_\	/OLTAGE_SET		50 Hz d 60 Hz d 5	00 V drive: 230 V efault 400V drive: efault 400V drive: 75 V drive: 575 V 90 V drive: 690 V		RW	Num		RA		US
00.045	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33000.00 rpm		50 Hz default: 1500 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800rpm	50 Hz default: 1450 rpm 60 Hz default: 1750rpm		RW	Num				US
	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	{04.015}			1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s	RW	Num				US
00.046	Rated Current	{05.007}	±VM_RATE	D_CURRENT		Maximum I	Heavy Duty Rating	(11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
00.047	Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 550.0 Hz				ault: 50.0 Hz ault: 60.0 Hz		RW	Num				US
00.048	Drive Mode	{11.031}	Open-loop (1), RFC-A	(2), RFC-S (3),	, Regen (4)	Open-loop (1)	RFC-A (2)	RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.049	User Security Status	{11.044}	Menu 0 (0), All Menus Read-only (3), Status				Menu 0 (0)	•	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
00.050	Software Version	{11.029}	0 to 9	9999999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.051	Action On Trip Detection	{10.037}	0	to 31			0		RW	Bin				US
00.052	Reset Serial Communications*	{11.020}	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)				Bit	ND	NC		

^{*} Only applicable to *Unidrive M701*.

^{****} Only applicable to *Unidrive M700 / M701*.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Rit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	EI	Filtered
FVV	Read / Write	KU	Read Offig	INUIII	Number parameter	DIL	bit parameter	TXL	rext string	DIII	Billary parameter	FI	riileieu
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

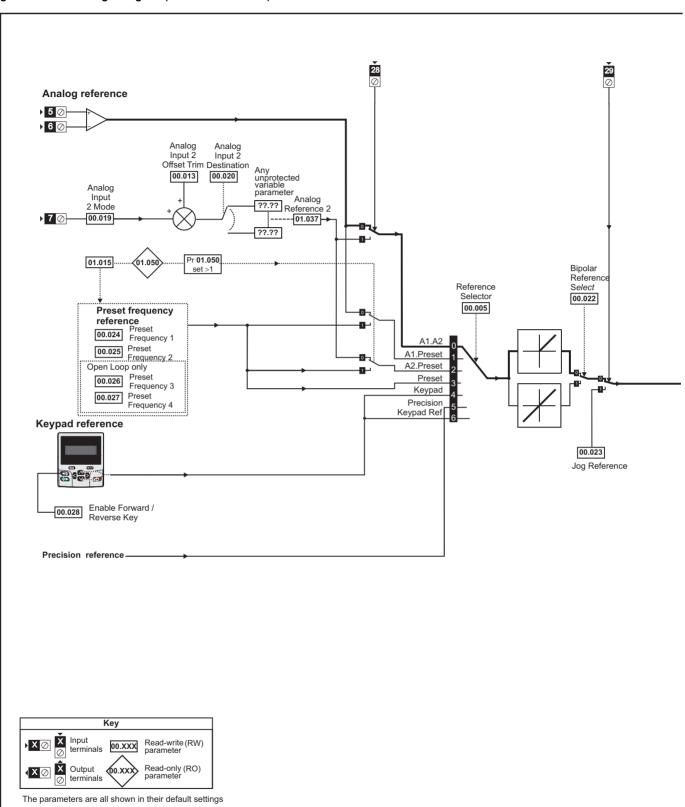
^{**} Only applicable to Unidrive M700 / M702.

^{***} Only applicable to *Unidrive M702*.

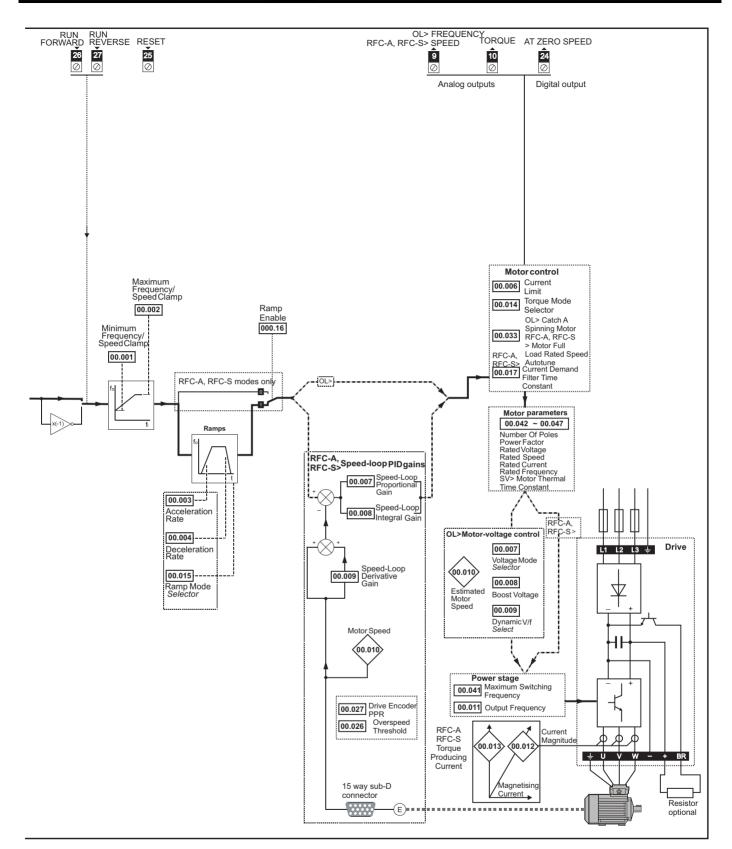
Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information installation installa

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram (Unidrive M700 / 701)

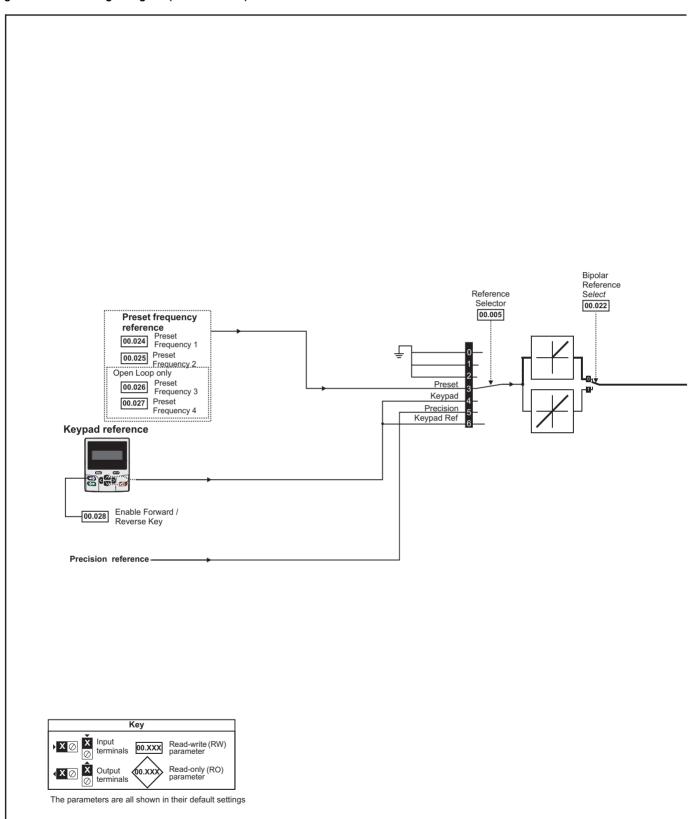


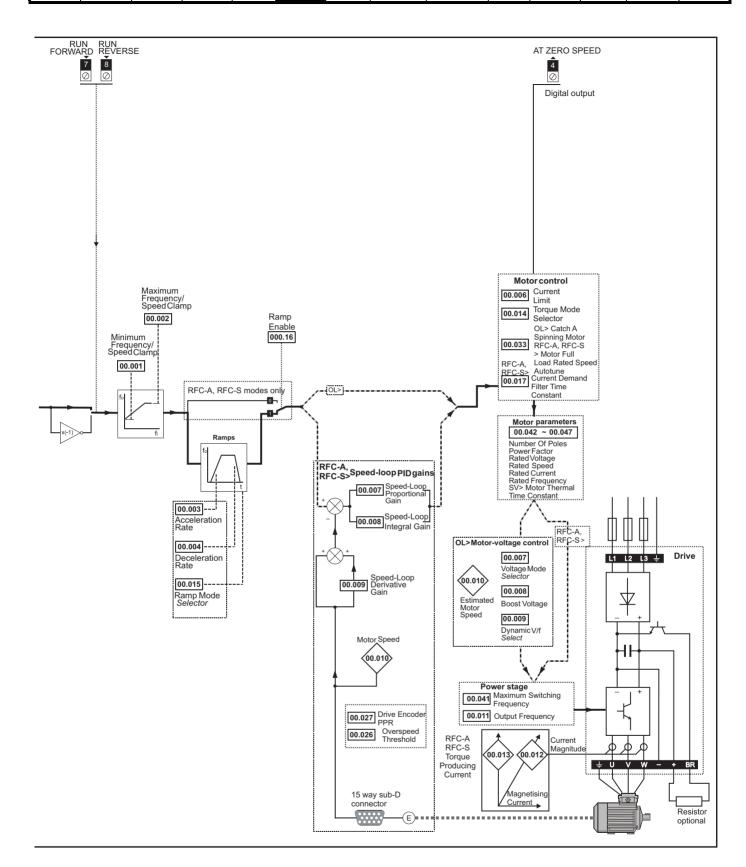
Safety Product Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics PLC information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data information



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLC	parameters	uala		IIIIOIIIIau

Figure 6-2 Menu 0 logic diagram (Unidrive M702)





Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

6.2 Parameter descriptions

6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6.2. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6.3) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 7001 in Pr mm.000 to erase the file in NV media card location 001.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in xx.000

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	[No Action]	
1000	1	[Save parameters]	Save parameters when under voltage is not active and low voltage threshold is not active
6001	2	[Load file 1]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 001
4001	3	[Save to file 1]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
6002	4	[Load file 2]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 002
4002	5	[Save to file 2]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
6003	6	[Load file 3]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 003
4003	7	[Save to file 3]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
12000	8	[Show non-default]	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
12001	9	[Destinations]	Displays parameters that are set
1233	10	[Reset 50Hz Defs]	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
1244	11	[Reset 60Hz Defs]	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
1070	12	[Reset modules]	Reset all option modules
11001	13	[Read Enc. NP P1]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P1 encoder
11051	14	[Read Enc. NP P2]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P2 encoder

Г	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
i	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

	Functions in Pr mm.000
Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when <i>Under Voltage Active</i> (Pr 10.016) is not active and <i>Low Under Voltage Threshold Select</i> mode (Pr 06.067 = Off)
1000	is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset all option modules
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
5yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
6ууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
7yyy*	NV media card: Erase file xxx
8yyy*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
9999*	NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card
110S0	Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module.
110S1	Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or option module to the drive parameters.
110S2	As 110S0, but for performance object 1
110S3	As 110S1, but for performance object 1
110S4	As 110S0, but for performance object 2
110S5	As 110S1, but for performance object 2
110S6	Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format.
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
15xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
16xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
17xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
18xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.
19xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.
20xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 3.
21xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 4 to a non-volatile media card file xxx.
22xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 4.

^{*} See Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 167 for more information on these functions.

^{**} These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

6.3 Full descriptions

Table 6-3 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

6.3.1 Parameter x.00

	00.0 nm.	000 000}	Param	eter ze	ero					
R۱	N	Num				N	D	NC	PT	
$\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$	0 to 65,535									

6.3.2 Speed limits

00.001	{01	.007}	Minim	um Re	eferenc	e C	lam	р			
RW		Num								US	
OL									0.0 H	z	
RFC-A RFC-S	Û		_NEGA _AMP1			\Diamond			0.0 rp	m	

(When the drive is jogging, [00.001] has no effect.)

Open-loop

Set Pr 00.001 at the required minimum output frequency of the drive for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002. [00.001] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**

00.002	{01	.006}	Maxin	num R	eferen	ce (Clan	np			
RW		Num								US	
OL									default default		
RFC-A	Û		_	TIVE_F Hz / rp	_	\Rightarrow	_		efault: efault:		
RFC-S								3	0.000	rpm	

(The drive has additional over-speed protection).

Open-loop

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum output frequency for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002. [00.002] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002

For operating at high speeds see section 8.6 *High speed operation* on page 165.

6.3.3 Ramps, speed reference selection, current limit

00.003	{02	.011}	Accel	eratior	Rate	1					
RW		Num								US	
OL							5.0 s/100 Hz				
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	±Vľ	M_ACC	EL_RA	ATE	\Rightarrow	2.000 s/1000 rpm				
RFC-S								0.20	0 s/10	00 rpm	ì

Set Pr 00.003 at the required rate of acceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower acceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.004	{02	.021}	Decel	eratior	Rate	1					
RW		Num								US	
OL							10.0 s/100 Hz				
RFC-A	Û	±VI	M_ACC	EL_RA	ATE	⇨		2.00	0 s/10	00 rpm	1
RFC-S								0.20	0 s/10	00 rpm	ı

Set Pr 00.004 at the required rate of deceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower deceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.005	{01	.014}	Refer	ence S	electo					
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A	₿	A2 Pre Preset	eset (1) eset (2) (3), Ke	*,́ eypad ((4),	⇧	N		A1 A2	` '
RFC-S		Precis Keypa	ion (5), d Ref (

^{*} Available on Unidrive M700 / M701 only.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Use Pr **00.005** to select the required frequency/speed reference as follows:

Setting		Description
A1 A2*	0	Analog input 1 OR analog input 2 selectable by digital input, terminal 28
A1 Preset*	1	Analog input 1 OR preset frequency/speed
A2 Preset*	2	Analog input 2 OR preset frequency/speed
Preset (3)	3	Pre-set frequency/speed
Keypad (4)	4	Keypad mode
Precision (5)	5	Precision reference
Keypad Ref (6)	6	Keypad Reference

^{*} Available on Unidrive M700 / M701 only.

00.006	{04	.007}	Symm	netrica	Curre	nt L	.imi	t			
RW		Num								US	
OL									165 %	%	
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		VM_M0 RRENT			\Rightarrow			175 °	%	
RFC-S									170	,0	

Pr **00.006** limits the maximum output current of the drive (and hence maximum motor torque) to protect the drive and motor from overload. Set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum torque as a percentage of the rated torque of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{T_R}{T_{RATED}} \times 100 \text{ (\%)}$$

Where:

T_R Required maximum torque

T_{RATED} Motor rated torque

Alternatively, set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum active (torque-producing) current as a percentage of the rated active current of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{I_R}{I_{RATED}} \times 100 \,(\%)$$

Where:

I_R Required maximum active current

IRATED Motor rated active current

6.3.4 Voltage boost, (open-loop), Speed-loop PID gains (RFC-A / RFC-S)

00.007 {	05.0	014}	Open	-loop	Contr	ol N	/lod	le (OL))		
00.007 {	03.0	010}	Spee	d Con	troller	Pre	opo	rtiona	l Gain	Kp1 (RFC)
RW		Txt / Num	(0) 11- (1)							US	
OL	\$	Fixed Ur I (4	0), Ur (1), (2), Ur Auto (3), 4), Square (5), nt 1P (6)			仓			Ur I (4)	
RFC-A			00 to 200 000 c/rad			⇧	0.0300 s/rad				
RFC-S				00 to 200.000 s/rad			0.0100 s/rad				

Open-loop

There are seven voltage modes available, which fall into three categories, vector control, fixed boost and single phase current output. For further details, refer to section *Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode* on page 156.

RFC-A/RFC-S

Pr **00.007** (**03.010**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 on page 194 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 155.

00.008 {	05.0	015}	Low I	Frequ	ency \	/olta	age	Boos	t (OL)		
800.00	03.0	011}	Spee	d Con	troller	Int	egr	al Gai	n Ki1 ((RFC)	
RW										US	
OL	OL 🔃 0.0 to 25.0				, D	\Diamond			3.0 %	%	
RFC-A	ĵ;	0.00	0 to 655.35 s ² /rad			⇧	0.10 s ² /rad				
RFC-S	10 655.35 S-/rad			ĺ	1.00 s ² /rad						

Open-loop

When *Open-loop Control Mode* (00.007) is set at **Fd** or **SrE**, set Pr **00.008** (**05.015**) at the required value for the motor to run reliably at low speeds.

Excessive values of Pr 00.008 can cause the motor to be overheated.

RFC-A/RFC-S

Pr **00.008** (**03.011**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 on page 194 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 155.

00.009 {	05.0	013}	Dyna	mic V	to F S	ele	ct (OL)			
00.009 {	03.0	012}	•	d Con (RFC)	troller	Dif	fer	ential	Feedb	ack G	ain
RW		Bit								US	
OL	Û	0	ff (0) c	\Diamond		Off (0)					
RFC-A RFC-S	0.00000 10					⇒ 0.00000 1/rad					

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.009** (**05.013**) at 0 when the V/f characteristic applied to the motor is to be fixed. It is then based on the rated voltage and frequency of the motor.

Set Pr **00.009** at 1 when reduced power dissipation is required in the motor when it is lightly loaded. The V/f characteristic is then variable resulting in the motor voltage being proportionally reduced for lower motor currents. Figure 6-3 shows the change in V/f slope when the motor current is reduced.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.009** (**03.012**) operates in the feedback path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 194 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 155.

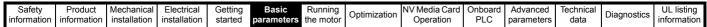
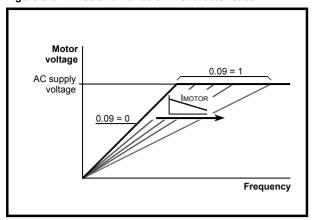


Figure 6-3 Fixed and variable V/f characteristics



6.3.5 Monitoring

00.01	0 {0	5.004}	Motor	Rpm						
R۱	V	Bit							US	
OL 🔃 ±180000 rpm						\bigcirc		0 rpn	n	

Open-loop

Pr 00.010 (05.004) indicates the value of motor speed that is estimated from the following:

02.001 Post Ramp Reference **00.042** Number Of Motor Poles

00.010	{03	3.002}	Speed	Feed	back					
RO		Num	FI			NI	D	NC	PT	
RFC-A	⇧	+/	/M SP	EED rr	nm.	7				
RFC-S	>	Τ,	/101_31	LLD I	7111					

RFC-A / RFC-S

 ${\sf Pr}$ 00.010 (03.002) indicates the value of motor speed that is obtained from the speed feedback.

00.011 {	05.0	001}	Outp	ut Fre	quenc	y (C	DL)			
00.011 {	03.0	029}	P1 Pc	sitior	ı (RFC)				
RO		Num	FI		N	D	NC	PT		
OL RFC-A	ŷ	±VM_	_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz			仓				
RFC-S	RFC-S 🔃			0 to 65535						

Open-loop and RFC-A

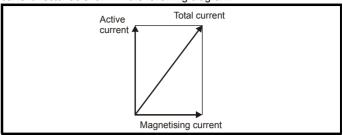
Pr 00.011 displays the frequency at the drive output.

RFC-S

Pr **00.011** displays the position of the encoder in mechanical values of 0 to 65,535. There are 65,536 units to one mechanical revolution.

00.012	{04	.001}	Curre	Current Magnitude								
RO		Bit	FI			N)	NC	PT			
OL RFC-A	\$	_	DRIVE _. UNIPO	_	_	↔						
RFC-S			OIVII O	LANA								

Pr 00.012 displays the rms value of the output current of the drive in each of the three phases. The phase currents consist of an active component and a reactive component, which can form a resultant current vector as shown in the following diagram.



The active current is the torque producing current and the reactive current is the magnetizing or flux-producing current.

00.013	{04	.002}	2) Torque Producing Current									
RO		Bit	FI			N	D	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	Û	±VM_	DRIVE.	:_CURI A	RENI	\Rightarrow						
RFC-S												

When the motor is being driven below its rated speed, the torque is proportional to [00.013].

6.3.6 Jog reference, Ramp mode selector, Stop and torque mode selectors

Pr **00.014** is used to select the required control mode of the drive as follows:

00.014	{04	.011}	Torque Mode Selector							
RW	-	Num							US	
OL	Û		0 0	or 1		\Rightarrow		0		
RFC-A RFC-S	\$		0 t	o 5		\Rightarrow		0		

Setting	Open-Loop	RFC-A/S
0	Frequency control	Speed control
1	Torque control	Torque control
2		Torque control with speed override
3		Coiler/uncoiler mode
4		Speed control with torque feed- forward
5		Bi-directional torque control with speed override

00.015	{02	2.004}	Ramp	Mode	Select	t				
RW		Txt							US	
OL	Û	Fast	(0), St Std bo	andard ost (2)	. ,	\Rightarrow	St	andar	d (1)	
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	Fas	t (0), S	tandard	d (1)	\Rightarrow	St	andar	d (1)	

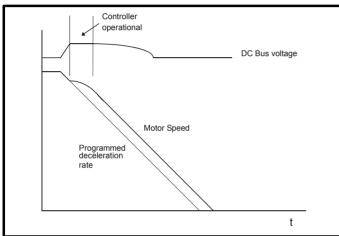
Pr 00.015 sets the ramp mode of the drive as shown below:

0: Fast ramp

Fast ramp is used where the deceleration follows the programmed deceleration rate subject to current limits. This mode must be used if a braking resistor is connected to the drive.

1: Standard ramp

Standard ramp is used. During deceleration, if the voltage rises to the standard ramp level (Pr 02.008) it causes a controller to operate, the output of which changes the demanded load current in the motor. As the controller regulates the link voltage, the motor deceleration increases as the speed approaches zero speed. When the motor deceleration rate reaches the programmed deceleration rate the controller ceases to operate and the drive continues to decelerate at the programmed rate. If the standard ramp voltage (Pr 02.008) is set lower than the nominal DC bus level the drive will not decelerate the motor, but it will coast to rest. The output of the ramp controller (when active) is a current demand that is fed to the frequency changing current controller (Open-loop modes) or the torque producing current controller (RFC-A or RFC-S modes). The gain of these controllers can be modified with Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014.



2: Standard ramp with motor voltage boost

This mode is the same as normal standard ramp mode except that the motor voltage is boosted by 20 %. This increases the losses in the motor, dissipating some of the mechanical energy as heat giving faster deceleration.

00.016	{02	2.002}	Ramp	Enab	le					
RW		Bit							US	
OL	Û					$\hat{\mathbf{U}}$				
RFC-A	ĵ;		Off (0) o	ır On (′	1)	Û		On (1)	
RFC-S	4.) ii (0) 0	011 (' /			OII (')	

Setting Pr **00.016** to 0 allows the user to disable the ramps. This is generally used when the drive is required to closely follow a speed reference which already contains acceleration and deceleration ramps.

		00.0 08.0)17)26}	Digita	Digital Input 6 Destination*										
	R۱	N	Num		DE					PT	US				
(OL	L 🔃 00.000 to 59.999					\bigcirc			06.03	1				

^{*} Not applicable to Unidrive M702.

Open-loop

Pr 00.017 sets the destination of digital input T29.

00.017 {0	4.012}	Curre	nt Refe	erence	Filt	er 1	Time C	onsta	nt	
RW	Num								US	
RFC-A		0.0 to 2	25.0 ms	3	$\hat{\Gamma}$			0.0 m	ıs	

RFC-A / RFC-S

A first order filter, with a time constant defined by Pr **00.017**, is provided on the current demand to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation noise. The filter introduces a lag in the speed loop, and so the speed loop gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased.

00.019	00.019 {07.011} Analog Input 2 Mode*											
RW		Num								US		
OL RFC-A RFC-S		20 4-2 20 0-20 n 4- 20-4 m	20 mA 1-4 mA 20 mA -4 mA nA (0), 20 mA nA Trip 0-4 mA	Low (- Hold (- Hold (- 20-0 m Trip (2 (3), 4-2	3), 2), 1), nA (1), 2),	₽			Volt (6)		

^{*} Not applicable to Unidrive M702.

In modes 2 and 3 a current loop loss trip is generated if the current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -4, -3, 2 and 3 the analog input level goes to 0.0 % if the input current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -2 and -1 the analog input remains at the value it had in the previous sample before the current fell below 3mA.

Pr Value	Pr string	Comments
-4	4-20 mA Low	4-20 mA low value on current loss (1)
-3	20-4 mA Low	20-4 mA low value on current loss (1)
-2	4-20 mA Hold	4-20 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
-1	20-4 mA Hold	20-4 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
0	0-20 mA	
1	20-0 mA	
2	4-20 mA Trip	4-20 mA trip on current loss
3	20-4 mA Trip	20-4 mA trip on current loss
4	4-20 mA	
5	20-4 mA	
6	Volt	

00.020	{07	'.014}	Analo	stin	atio	n*					
RW		Num		DE					PT	US	
OL											
RFC-A	Û	00	00.000 to 59.999						01.03	37	
RFC-S	· ·										

^{*} Not applicable to Unidrive M702.

Pr 00.020 sets the destination of analog input 2.

00.021	{07	'.015}	Analo	g Inpu	t 3 Mo	de*				
RW		Txt						PT	US	
OL		Volt (6	3), The	rm Sho	ort Cct					
RFC-A	${\bf \hat{v}}$	(7)	, Therr	nistor ((8),	\Rightarrow		Volt ((6)	
RFC-S		11	nerm N	o mp ((9)					

^{*} Not applicable to Unidrive M702.

Pr value	Pr string	Comments
6	Volt	
7	Therm Short Cct	Temperature measurement input with short circuit detection
8	Thermistor	Temperature measurement without short circuit detection
9	Therm No Trip	Temperature measurement input with no trips

00.022	{01	.010}	Bipolar Reference Enable								
RW		Bit								US	
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	0	FF (0)	or On ((1)	\Rightarrow			OFF (0)	
RFC-S											

Pr **00.022** determines whether the reference is uni-polar or bi-polar as follows:

Pr 00.022	Function	
0	Unipolar speed/frequency reference	
1	Bipolar speed/frequency reference	

00.023	{01	.005}	Jog R	eferen	ce							
RW		Num								US		
OL	Û	().0 to 4	0 to 400.0 Hz				0.0				
RFC-A	ĵ;	0	0 to 40	00 0 rr	nm	₽	0.0					
RFC-S	V	0.	0 10 40	00.01	,,,,				0.0			

Enter the required value of jog frequency/speed.

The frequency/speed limits affect the drive when jogging as follows:

Frequency-limit parameter	Limit applies
Pr 00.001 Minimum reference clamp	No
Pr 00.002 Maximum reference clamp	Yes

00.024	00.024 {01.021} Preset Reference 1													
RW		Num								US				
OL														
RFC-A	Û	±VN	1_SPEI REF	ED_FR rpm	EQ_	\Rightarrow			0.0					
RFC-S														

00.025	{01	.022}	Prese	Preset Reference 2							
RW		Num								US	
OL											
RFC-A	Û	±VIV	SPEE REF	ED_FR rpm	EQ_	⇔			0.0		
RFC-S											

00.026 {	00.026 {01.023}				Preset Reference 3 (OL)									
00.026 {03.008} Overspeed Thre					Thres	hol	d (RFC)						
RW		Num	Num							US				
OL	Û	±VM _.	±VM_SPEED_FR REF Hz											
RFC-A	Λ	0	0.45.40000 =====			\Rightarrow	0.0							
RFC-S	Û	U	0 to 40000 rpm											

Open-loop

If the preset reference has been selected (see Pr 00.005), the speed at which the motor runs is determined by these parameters.

RFC-A / RFC-S

If the speed feedback (Pr 03.002) exceeds this level in either direction, an overspeed trip is produced. If this parameter is set to zero, the overspeed threshold is automatically set to 120 % x SPEED_FREQ_MAX.

00.027 {	00.027 {01.024}				Preset Reference 4 (OL)							
00.027 {	03.0	034}	P1 R	otary I	Lines I	Per Revolution (RFC)						
RW		Num							US			
OL	Û	±VM _.	/SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz				0.0					
RFC-A	ĵ		1 to 1	00000		1024			4			
RFC-S	₩.		1 10 1	00000		-ν	4096					

Open-loop

Refer to Pr 00.024 to Pr 00.026.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Enter in Pr 00.027 the number of lines per revolution of the drive encoder.

00.028				Enable Auxiliary Key									
RW		Num								US			
OL													
RFC-A	Û		0 to 2						0				
RFC-S													

When a keypad is installed, this parameter enables the forward/reverse key.

00.029	{11	.036}	NV Me	NV Media Card Data Previously Loaded									
RO		Num						NC	PT	US			
OL													
RFC-A	${\bf \hat{v}}$		0 to 999										
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a SMARTCARD to the drive.

00.030	00.030 {11.42}			Parameter Cloning							
RO		Txt						NC		US*	
OL		No	ne (0),	Read ((1),						
RFC-A	Û	Prog	gram (2		(3),	⇨			None	(0)	
RFC-S			Воо	t (4)							

^{*} Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr **00.030** is equal to 1 or 2 this value is not transferred to the EEPROM or the drive. If Pr **00.030** is set to a 3 or 4 the value is transferred.

Pr String	Pr value	Comment
None	0	Inactive
Read	1	Read parameter set from the NV Media Card
Program	2	Programming a parameter set to the NV Media Card
Auto	3	Auto save
Boot	4	Boot mode

For further information, please refer to Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 167.

00.031	{11	.033}	Drive	Rated	Voltage	е				
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$			400 V 690 V		\Rightarrow				
RFC-S			. ,		` ,					

Pr 00.031 indicates the voltage rating of the drive.

00.032	{11	.032}	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating								
RO		Num				ND NC PT					
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	0.00	00 to 99	9999.99	99 A	\Rightarrow					
RFC-S											

Pr 00.032 indicates the maximum continuous Heavy Duty current rating.

	00.033 {06.009}			Catch A Spinning Motor (OL)								
Ī	00.033 {05.016} Motor Parameter				Adaptive Control (RFC-A)							
ľ	RW							US				
	OL	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd Only (2), Rev Only (3)				⇧		ſ	Disable	e (0)		
I	RFC-A	Û		0 to 2			\Rightarrow			0		

Open-loop

When the drive is enabled with Pr **00.033** = 0, the output frequency starts at zero and ramps to the required reference. When the drive is enabled when Pr **00.033** has a non-zero value, the drive performs a start-up test to determine the motor speed and then sets the initial output frequency to the synchronous frequency of the motor. Restrictions may be placed on the frequencies detected by the drive as follows:

Pr 00.033	Pr string	Function
0	Disable	Disabled
1	Enable	Detect all frequencies
2	Fwd only	Detect positive frequencies only
3	Rev only	Detect negative frequencies only

RFC-A

The motor rated full load rpm parameter (Pr 00.045) in conjunction with the motor rated frequency parameter (Pr 00.046) defines the full load slip of the motor. The slip is used in the motor model for closed-loop vector control. The full load slip of the motor varies with rotor resistance which can vary significantly with motor temperature. When Pr 00.033 is set to 1 or 2, the drive can automatically sense if the value of slip defined by Pr 00.045 and Pr 00.046 has been set incorrectly or has varied with motor temperature. If the value is incorrect parameter Pr 00.045 is automatically adjusted. The adjusted value in Pr 00.045 is not saved at power-down. If the new value is required at the next power-up it must be saved by the user.

Automatic optimization is only enabled when the speed is above 12.5 % of rated speed, and when the load on the motor load rises above 62.5 % rated load. Optimization is disabled again if the load falls below 50 % of rated load.

For best optimization results the correct values of stator resistance (Pr 05.017), transient inductance (Pr 05.024), stator inductance (Pr 05.025) and saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030) should be stored in the relevant parameters. These values can be obtained by the drive during an autotune (see Pr 00.040 for further details).

Rated rpm auto-tune is not available if the drive is not using external position/speed feedback.

The gain of the optimizer, and hence the speed with which it converges, can be set at a normal low level when Pr **00.033** is set to 1. If this parameter is set to 2 the gain is increased by a factor of 16 to give faster convergence.

00.034 {1	00.034 {11.030}			User security code						
RW	Num				Ν	D	NC	PT	US	
OL										
RFC-A 🗘		0 to 2	2 ³¹ -1		\Rightarrow			0		
RFC-S										

If any number other than 0 is programmed into this parameter, user security is applied so that no parameters except Pr **00.049** can be adjusted with the keypad. When this parameter is read via a keypad it appears as zero. For further details refer to section 5.9.3 *User Security Code* on page 112.

00.035	{11	.024}	Serial	Mode ³	ŧ					
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	≎	810 71N	NP (0), EP (2), 8 2 NF 8 1 NF 8 1 EP P M (7, IP (9), 7 1 OI 7 2 NP 7 1 NP 7 1 OP	8 1 OF M (4), M (5), M (6), J T 2 N T 1 EP C (11), M (12) M (13) M (14)	P (8), (10),	⇧	;	8 2 NF	P (0)	

^{*} Only applicable to Unidrive M701.

This parameter defines the communications protocol used by the EIA485 comms port on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original protocol. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new protocol. (Note: ANSI uses 7 data bits, 1 stop bit and even parity; Modbus RTU uses 8 data bits, 2 stops bits and no parity).

Pr Value	Pr String
0	8 2 NP
1	8 1 NP
2	8 1 EP
3	8 1 OP
4	8 2 NP M
5	8 1 NP M
6	8 1 EP M
7	8 1 OP M
8	7 2 NP
9	7 1 NP
10	7 1 EP
11	7 1 OP
12	7 2 NP M
13	7 1 NP M
14	7 1 EP M
15	7 1 OP M

The core drive always uses the Modbus rtu protocol and is always a slave. *Serial Mode* (11.024) defines the data format used by the serial comms interface. The bits in the value of *Serial Mode* (11.024) define the data format as follows. Bit 3 is always 0 in the core product as 8 data bits are required for Modbus rtu. The parameter value can be extended in derivative products which provide alternative communications protocols if required.

Bits	3	2	1 and 0
			Stop bits and Parity
	Number of data bits	Register mode	0 = 2 stop bits, no parity
Format	0 = 8 bits	0 = Standard	1 = 1 stop bit, no parity
	1 = 7 bits	1 = Modified	2 = 1 stop bit, even parity
			3 = 1 stop bit, odd parity

Bit 2 selects either standard or modified register mode. The menu and parameter numbers are derived for each mode as given in the following table. Standard mode is compatible with Unidrive SP. Modified mode is provided to allow register numbers up to 255 to be addressed. If any menus with numbers above 63 should contain more than 99 parameters, then these parameters cannot be accessed via Modbus rtu.

Register mode	Register address
Standard	(mm x 100) + ppp - 1 where mm ≤ 162 and ppp ≤ 99
Modified	(mm x 256) + ppp - 1 where mm ≤ 63 and ppp ≤ 255

Changing the parameters does not immediately change the serial communications settings. See *Reset Serial Communications* (11.020) for more details.

00.036	00.036 {11.025} Serial Baud Rate*										
RW		Txt								US	
OL RFC-A	₿	24 960	00 (3), 00 (5),	(1), 120 4800 (19200 57600	4), (6),	♪		,	19200	(6)	
RFC-S		7680	00 (9),	115200	(10)						

^{*} Only applicable to *Unidrive M701*.

This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new baud rate.

00.037	{11	.023}	Serial	Addre	ss*					
RW		Num							US	
OL										
RFC-A	Û		1 to	247		\Rightarrow		1		
RFC-S										

^{*} Only applicable to Unidrive M701.

Used to define the unique address for the drive for the serial interface. The drive is always a slave address 0 is used to globally address all slaves, and so this address should not be set in this parameter

00.037	{24	.010}	Active	P Ad	dress*				
RO		ΙP					NC	PT	
OL									
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0.000.0 55.255.			\Box			
RFC-S									

^{*} Only applicable to Unidrive M700 and Unidrive M702.

00.038 {	4.013}	Curre	nt Con	troller	Кp	Gai	n			
RW	Num								US	
OL								20		
RFC-A (ţ	0 to 3	30000		\Diamond			150		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

00.039	{04	.014}	Curre	nt Con	troller	Ki (Gair	1				
RW		Num								US		
OL	Û					\Rightarrow	40					
RFC-A	î		0 to 30000			⇒ 2000						
RFC-S	~		2000									

These parameters control the proportional and integral gains of the current controller used in the open loop drive. The current controller either provides current limits or closed loop torque control by modifying the drive output frequency. The control loop is also used in its torque mode during line power supply loss, or when the controlled mode standard ramp is active and the drive is decelerating, to regulate the flow of current into the drive.

	.04 .01		Auto-	tune					
RW		Num					NC		
OL	Û		0 t	0 2		\Diamond			
RFC-A	Û		0 t	0 5		\Diamond		0	
RFC-S	Û		0 t	to 6		\Diamond			

Open-Loop

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058), Maximum Voltage Offset (05.059) and Current At Maximum Voltage Offset (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 and 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 7 or 8 on *Unidrive M702*).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

RFC-A

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and an inertia measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr **00.040** set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 and 13 on *Unidrive M702*) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 7 or 8 on *Unidrive M702*).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 and 13 on *Unidrive M702*, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

Safety Product Information Installation Inst

RFC-S

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-S mode, a stationary autotune, a rotating autotune, an inertia measurement test and a locked rotor test to measure load dependent parameters.

· Stationary Autotune

The stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotune, a test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not be able to calculate such an accurate value for the Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058), Maximum Voltage Offset (05.059), Current At Maximum Voltage Offset (05.060), No Load Lq (05.068) and No Load Phase Offset (05.070). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The Stator Resistance (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up Current controller Kp Gain (04.013) and Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014). If sensorless mode is not selected then Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).

· Rotating Autotune

The rotating autotune must be performed on unloaded motor. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and parameters for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque.

During the rotating autotune, Rated Current (05.007) is applied and the motor is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). A stationary test is then performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058), Maximum Voltage Offset (05.059), Current At Maximum Voltage Offset (05.060) and No Load Lq (05.068). Stator Resistance (05.017) and Ld (05.024) are used to set up Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013) and Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014). This is only done once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required. After a delay of 5 s the motor is rotated through a further electrical revolution and Cogging Data Parameter 1 (05.074) to Cogging Data Parameter 8 (05.081) are measured. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on *Unidrive* M700 / M701 and terminal 11 and 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).

00 {05	.04 ²		Maxin	num S	witchir	ıg F	req	uency	′		
RW		Num						NC			
OL			Hz (0),		. ,.	Û			3 kHz	(1)	
RFC-A	Û		Hz (2), Iz (4), ¹		. ,.	}		,	O KMZ	(1)	
RFC-S			, ,	\Diamond		(6 kHz	(3)			

This parameter defines the required switching frequency. The drive may automatically reduce the actual switching frequency (without changing this parameter) if the power stage becomes too hot. A thermal model of the IGBT junction temperature is used based on the heatsink temperature and an instantaneous temperature drop using the drive output current and switching frequency. The estimated IGBT junction temperature is displayed in Pr 07.034. If the temperature exceeds

145 °C the switching frequency is reduced if this is possible (i.e >3 kHz). Reducing the switching frequency reduces the drive losses and the junction temperature displayed in Pr **07.034** also reduces. If the load condition persists the junction temperature may continue to rise again above 145 °C and the drive cannot reduce the switching frequency further the drive will initiate an 'OHt Inverter' trip. Every second the drive will attempt to restore the switching frequency to the level set in Pr **00.041**.

The full range of switching frequencies is not available on all ratings of Unidrive M. See section 8.5 *Switching frequency* on page 165, for the maximum available switching frequency for each drive rating.

6.3.7 Motor parameters

00.042	{05	.011}	Numb	er Of N	lotor F	ole	s				
RW		Num								US	
OL				(0) (Û		Δι	ıtomat	ic (0)	
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		utoma 80 Pol		ŕ		710	itomat	10 (0)		
RFC-S					⇒ 6 Poles (3)			(3)			

Open-loop

This parameter is used in the calculation of motor speed, and in applying the correct slip compensation. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the Rated Frequency (00.047) and the Rated Speed rpm (00.045). The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-A

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (00.045) rpm. The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-S

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When auto is selected the number of poles is set to 6.

00.043 {	05.	010}	Rate	d Pov	ver Fac	tor	(OL)					
00.043 {	03.	025}	Posi	tion F	eedba	k F	hase Ang	gle (RF	-C)			
RW		Num		US								
OL	Û	C	0.000	to 1.00	00	\Diamond		0.85	0			
RFC-A	Û	C	0.000 to 1.000			\Diamond		0.85	0			
RFC-S	Û	(0.0 to	359.9	0	\Rightarrow	>					

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current.

Open-loop

The power factor is used in conjunction with the motor rated current (Pr **00.046**) to calculate the rated active current and magnetizing current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetizing current is used in vector mode Rs compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr **00.043**.

RFC-

If the stator inductance (Pr **05.025**) contains a non-zero value, the power factor used by the drive is continuously calculated and used in the vector control algorithms (this will not update Pr **00.043**).

If the stator inductance is set to zero (Pr **05.025**) then the power factor written in Pr **00.043** is used in conjunction with the motor rated current

and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetizing currents which are used in the vector control algorithm.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr **00.043**.

RFC-S

The phase angle between the rotor flux in a servo motor and the encoder position is required for the motor to operate correctly. If the phase angle is known it can be set in this parameter by the user. Alternatively the drive can automatically measure the phase angle by performing a phasing test (see autotune in RFC-S mode Pr 00.040). When the test is complete the new value is written to this parameter. The encoder phase angle can be modified at any time and becomes effective immediately. This parameter has a factory default value of 0.0, but is not affected when defaults are loaded by the user.

00.044	{05	.009}	Rate	d Volta	age						
RW		Num				F	RA			US	
OL							50L		V drive		400 V
RFC-A	Û	±VM _.	_AC_\ SI		GE_	\Rightarrow		lz defau	ult 400 \	√ drive:	
RFC-S			O.						V drive V drive		

Open-loop and RFC-A

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.045 {	05.0	008}	Rated	Spee	d (OL)					
00.045 {	04.0	015}	Moto	r Ther	mal Ti	me	Со	nstan	t 1 (RF	:C)	
RW		Num				Ν	D			US	
OL	Û	0	to 180	o 180000 rpm					default: default:		
RFC-A	Û	0.00	to 50000.00 rpm			⇧			default: default:		
RFC-S	Û	1	.0 to 3000.0 s			\Diamond			89.0	s	

Open-loop

This is the speed at which the motor would rotate when supplied with its base frequency at rated voltage, under rated load conditions (= synchronous speed - slip speed). Entering the correct value into this parameter allows the drive to increase the output frequency as a function of load in order to compensate for this speed drop.

Slip compensation is disabled if Pr **00.045** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, or if Pr **05.027** is set to 0.

If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the value from the rating plate of the motor, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

RFC-A

Rated load rpm is used with motor rated frequency to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter can result in the following:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- · Failure to reach maximum speed
- Over-current trips
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot machine, however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate.

The rated full load rpm can be optimized by the drive (For further information, refer to section 8.1.2 *RFC-A mode* on page 158).

RFC-S

Pr **00.045** is the motor thermal time constant of the motor, and is used (along with the motor rated current Pr **00.046**, and total motor current Pr **00.012**) in the thermal model of the motor in applying thermal protection to the motor.

Setting this parameter to 0 disables the motor thermal protection. For further details, refer to section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 164.

00.046	{05	.007}	Rated	Curre	nt						
RW		Num				R	ľΑ			US	
OL								Maxim	um He	avy D	uty
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	±VM_	RATED	_CUR	RENT	\Rightarrow		Rating			,
RFC-S									(11.03	32)	

Enter the name-plate value for the motor rated current.

	.04 .00		Rated Frequency								
RW		Num								US	
OL	Û	0	0.0 to 3000.0 Hz			U	_		defaul		
RFC-A	Û	0	.0 to 16	to 1667.0 Hz			6	60 Hz	defaul	:: 60.0	Hz
RFC-S	Û					\bigcirc					

Open-loop and RFC-A

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

6.3.8 Operating-mode selection

00.048	{01	.031}	User Drive Mode									
RW		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	US		
OL						\Box	Open-loop (1)					
RFC-A	${\mathfrak V}$	Open- RFC	loop (1 C-S (3),	oop (1), RFC-A (2), -S (3), Regen (4)				RFC-A (2)				
RFC-S						\Diamond		F	RFC-S	(3)		

The settings for Pr 0.48 are as follows:

Setting	Operating mode
1	Open-loop
2	RFC-A
3	RFC-S
4	Regen

This parameter defines the drive operating mode. Pr mm.000 must be set to '1253' (European defaults) or '1254' (USA defaults) before this parameter can be changed. When the drive is reset to implement any change in this parameter, the default settings of all parameters will be set according to the drive operating mode selected and saved in memory.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnoonoo	information

6.3.9 Status information

00.049	{11	.044}	User Security Status									
RW		Txt						ND	PT			
OL RFC-A	₿	Rea		Menu (only (3)) (2), ,	₽		N	Menu 0	(0)		
RFC-S			Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)									

This parameter controls access via the drive keypad as follows:

Security level	Description
0	All writable parameters are available to be edited but
(Menu 0)	only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
1	All writable parameters are visible and available to be
(All Menus)	edited.
2 (Read-only Menu 0)	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.
3	All parameters are read-only however all menus and
(Read-only)	parameters are visible.
4	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters
(Status Only)	can be viewed or edited.
5 (No Access)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms / fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

The keypad can adjust this parameter even when user security is set.

00.050	{11	.029}	Software Version									
RO		Num				NE)	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	Û		0 to 99	999999	9	⇒						
RFC-S						П						

The parameter displays the software version of the drive.

00.051	{10	.037}	Action On Trip Detection								
RW		Bin								US	
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 31			⇨			0		
RFC-S											

Each bit in this parameter has the following functions:

Bit	Function
0	Stop on non-important trips
1	Disable braking resistor overload detection
2	Disable phase loss stop
3	Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring
4	Disable parameter freeze on trip

Example

Pr 10.037=8 (1000_{binary}) Th Brake Res trip is disabled

 $\text{Pr}\:\textbf{10.037}\text{=}12\:(\text{1100}_{\text{binary}})\:\text{Th}\:\text{Brake}\:\text{Res}\:\text{and}\:\text{phase}\:\text{loss}\:\text{trip}\:\text{is}\:\text{disabled}$

Stop on non-important trips

If bit 0 is set to one the drive will attempt to stop before tripping if any of the following trip conditions are detected: I/O Overload, An Input 1 Loss, An Input 2 Loss or Keypad Mode.

Disable braking resistor overload detection

For details of braking resistor overload detection mode see Pr 10.030.

Disable phase loss trip

Normally the drive will stop when the input phase loss condition is detected. If this bit is set to 1 the drive will continue to run and will only trip when the drive is brought to a stop by the user.

Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring

Size 3, 4 and 5 drives have an internal user install braking resistor with a thermistor to detect overheating of the resistor. As default bit 3 of Pr 10.037 is set to zero, and so if the braking resistor and its thermistor is not installed the drive will produce a trip (Th Brake Res) because the thermistor appears to be open-circuit. This trip can be disabled so that the drive can run by setting bit 3 of Pr 10.037 to one. If the resistor is installed then no trip is produced unless the thermistor fails, and so bit 3 of Pr 10.037 can be left at zero. This feature only applies to size 3, 4 and 5 drives. For example if Pr 10.037 = 8, then Th Brake Res trip will be disabled

Disable parameter freeze on trip

If this bit is 0 then the parameters listed below are frozen on trip until the trip is cleared. If this bit is 1 then this feature is disabled.

Open-loop mode	RFC-A and RFC-S modes
Reference Selected (01.001)	Reference Selected (01.001)
Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)	Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)
Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)	Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)
Post Ramp Reference (02.001)	Post Ramp Reference (02.001)
Frequency Slaving Demand (03.001)	Final Speed Reference (03.001)
	Speed Feedback (03.002)
	Speed Error (03.003)
	Speed Controller Output (03.004)
Current Magnitude (04.001)	Current Magnitude (04.001)
Torque Producing Current	Torque Producing Current
(04.002)	(04.002)
Magnetising Current (04.017)	Magnetising Current (04.017)
Output Frequency (05.001)	Output Frequency (05.001)
Output Voltage (05.002)	Output Voltage (05.002)
Output Power (05.003)	Output Power (05.003)
D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)	D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)
Analog Input 1 (07.001)*	Analog Input 1 (07.001)*
Analog Input 2 (07.002)*	Analog Input 2 (07.002)*
Analog Input 3 (07.003)*	Analog Input 3 (07.003)*

*Not applicable to Unidrive M702

00.052	{11	.020}	Reset Serial Communications*									
RW		Bit				NI	D	NC				
OL RFC-A	ĵ;	(Off (0) or On (1)				Off (0)					
RFC-S	ľ		. ,	•	,				ì	,		

^{*} Only applicable to Unidrive M701.

When Serial Address (11.023), Serial Mode (11.024), Serial Baud Rate (11.025), Minimum Comms Transmit Delay (11.026) or Silent Period (11.027) are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communications system. The new values are used after the next power-up or if Reset Serial Communications (11.020) is set to one. Reset Serial Communications (11.020) is automatically cleared to zero after the communications system is updated.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic parameters information installation installat

7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see *Chapter 8 Optimization* on page 155.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.046** *Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr 01.017). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr 01.017 and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 144.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC – A mode (with speed feedback)	Induction motor with speed feedback
RFC - S mode (with speed and position feedback)	Permanent magnet motor with speed and position feedback

Speed feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z)
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z)
- SINCOS encoder (with, or without Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat or SSI communications protocols)
- BiSS absolute encoder

- · EnDat absolute encoder
- Resolver

Speed and position feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z) with commutation signals (U, V, W)
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z) and commutation outputs (U, V, W)
- SINCOS encoder (with Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat or SSI communications protocols)
- BiSS absolute encoder
- EnDat absolute encoder
- Resolver

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User Security Status* (Pr **00.049**) and *User Security Code* (Pr **00.034**) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

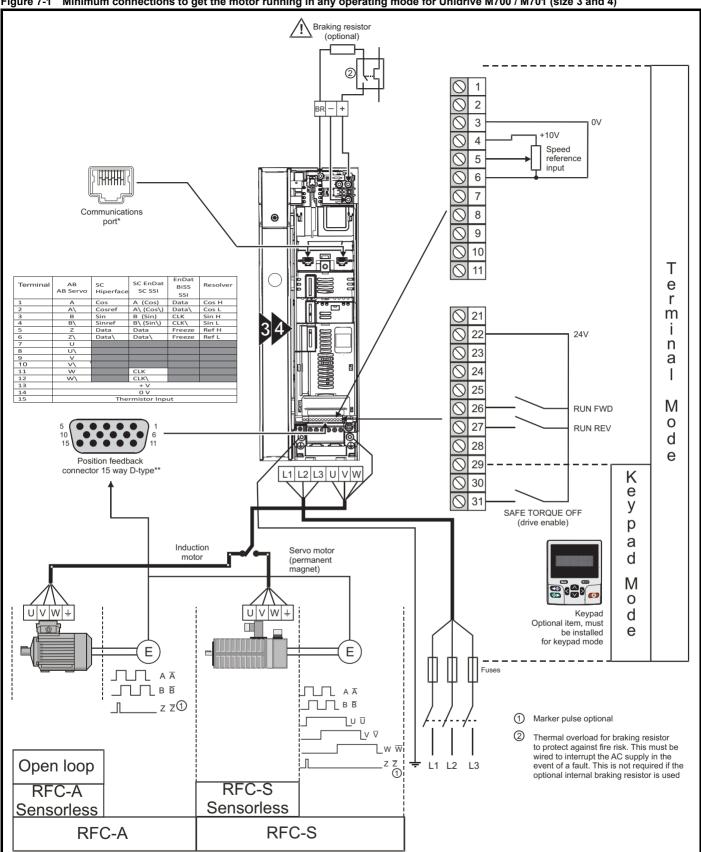
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency) 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting	Operating mode		
00.048 † Open-loop	1	Open-loop	
00.048 t RFC-A	2	RFC-A	
00.048 \$ RFC-S	3	RFC-S	

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- · Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100 (ensure that Pr. mm.000 returns to 0).

Figure 7-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M700 / M701 (size 3 and 4)



^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports on Unidrive M700 and 485 serial communication ports on Unidrive M701.

^{**} Position feedback port.



Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M702 (size 3 and 4) Braking resistor (optional) Communications port* Т е Termina BiSS 2 24V r A (Cos) 3 Data A (Cos)
A\ (Cos\)
B (Sin)
B\ (Sin\)
Data
Data\ Data\ CLK CLK\ m 4 i 5 n 6 а П RUN FWD 8 **RUN REV** M 9 0 10 d 11 SAFE TORQUE е Position feedback 12 connector 15 way D-type** L1 L2 L3 U V W K SAFE TORQUE OFF 2 е У p а Induction Servo motor motor d (permanent magnet) M 0 UVW U V W + Keypad d Optional item, must be installed е for keypad mode Ε Ε $\Box\Box\Box$ A \overline{A} LIL A Ā ∐∏ в В ____ z z① Marker pulse optional Thermal overload for braking resistor to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the event of a fault. This is not required if the w w Open loop z z 1 L1 L2 optional internal braking resistor is used RFC-S RFC-A Sensorless **Sensorless**

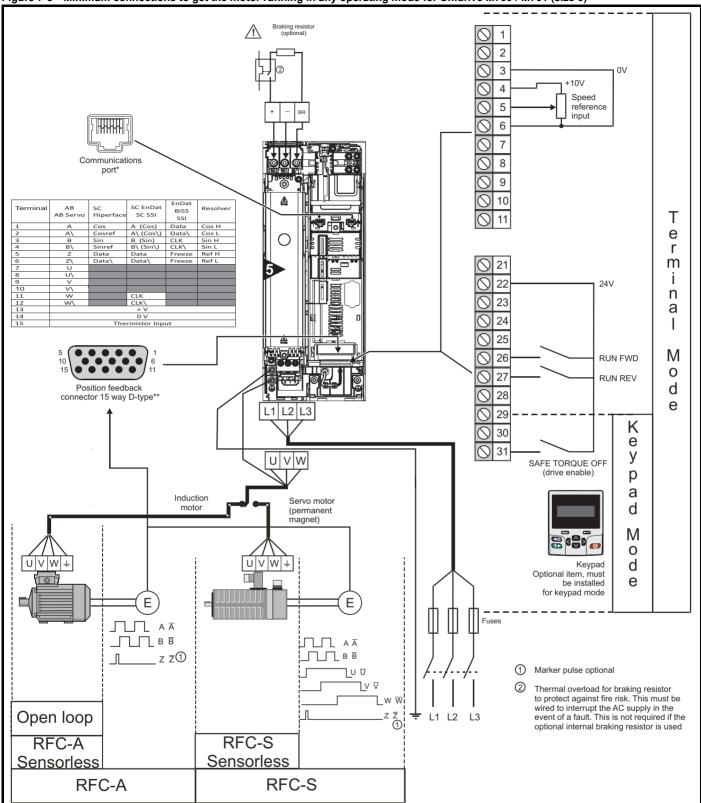
RFC-S

RFC-A

^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports.

^{**} Position feedback port.

Figure 7-3 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M700 / M701 (size 5)

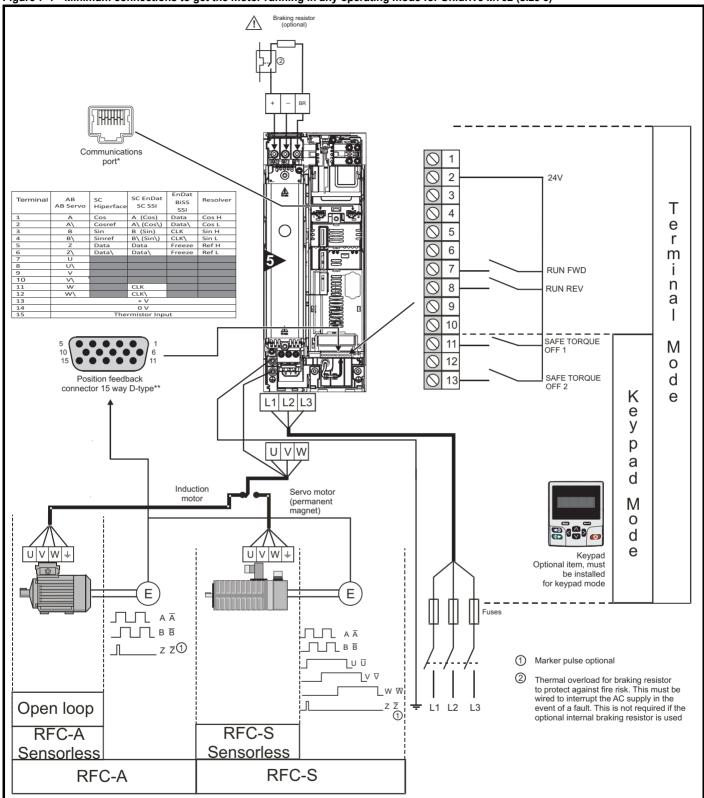


^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports on *Unidrive M700* and 485 serial communication ports on *Unidrive M701*.

^{**} Position feedback port.



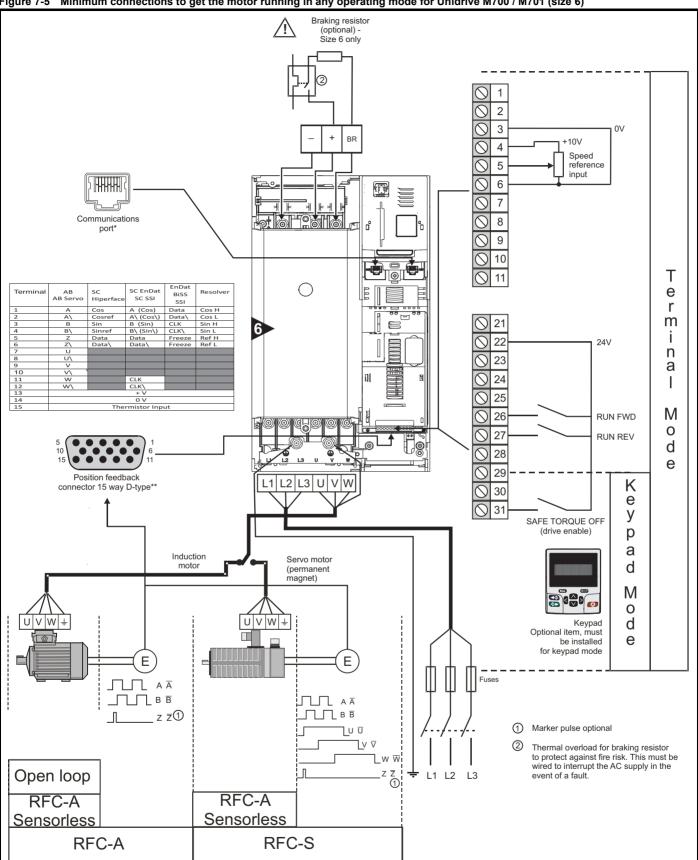
Figure 7-4 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M702 (size 5)



^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports.

^{**} Position feedback port.

Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M700 / M701 (size 6)

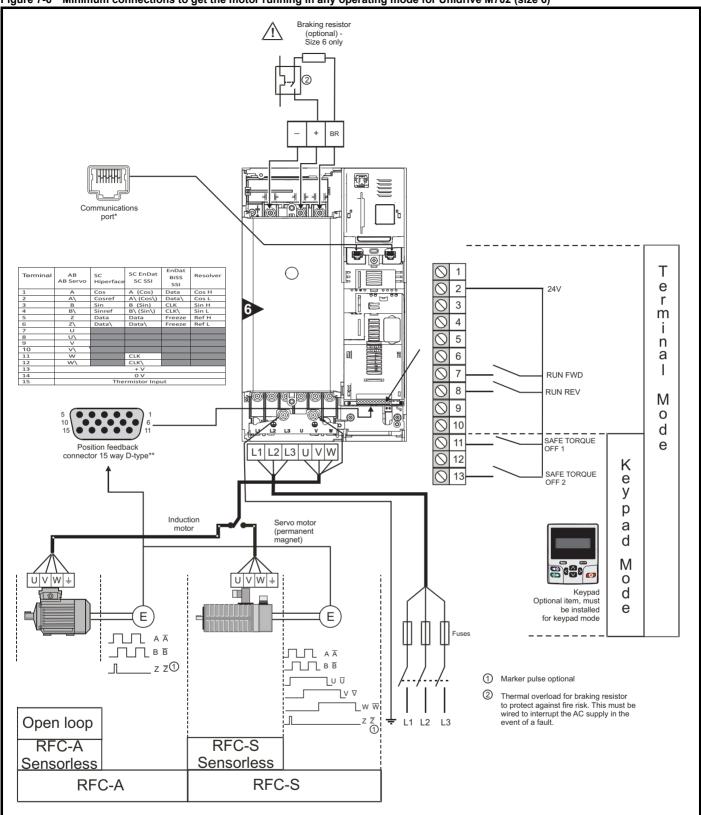


^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports on Unidrive M700 and 485 serial communication ports on Unidrive M701.

^{**} Position feedback port.



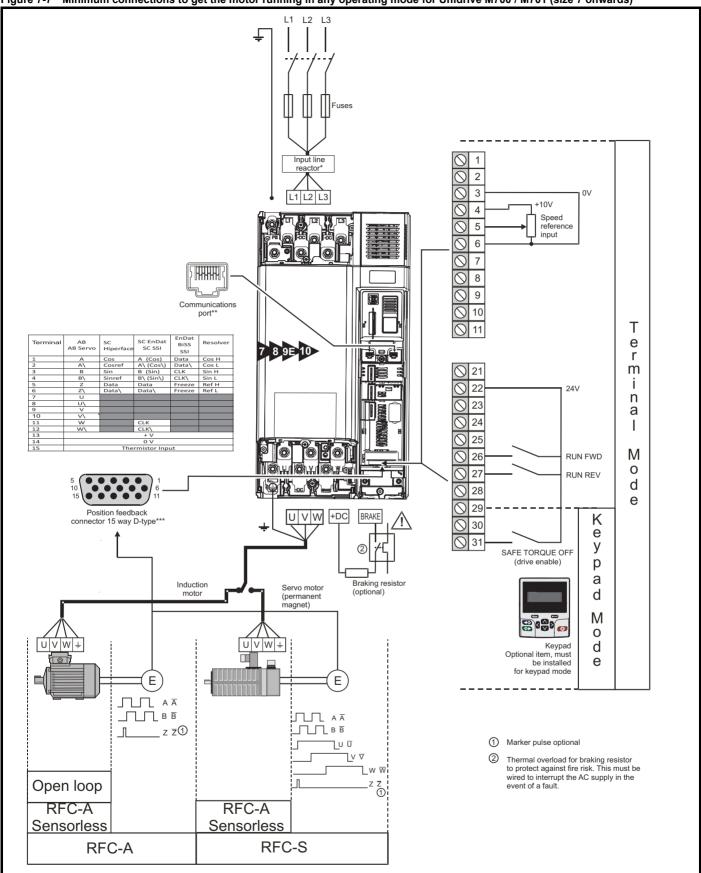
Figure 7-6 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M702 (size 6)



^{*} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports.

^{**} Position feedback port.

Figure 7-7 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M700 / M701 (size 7 onwards)



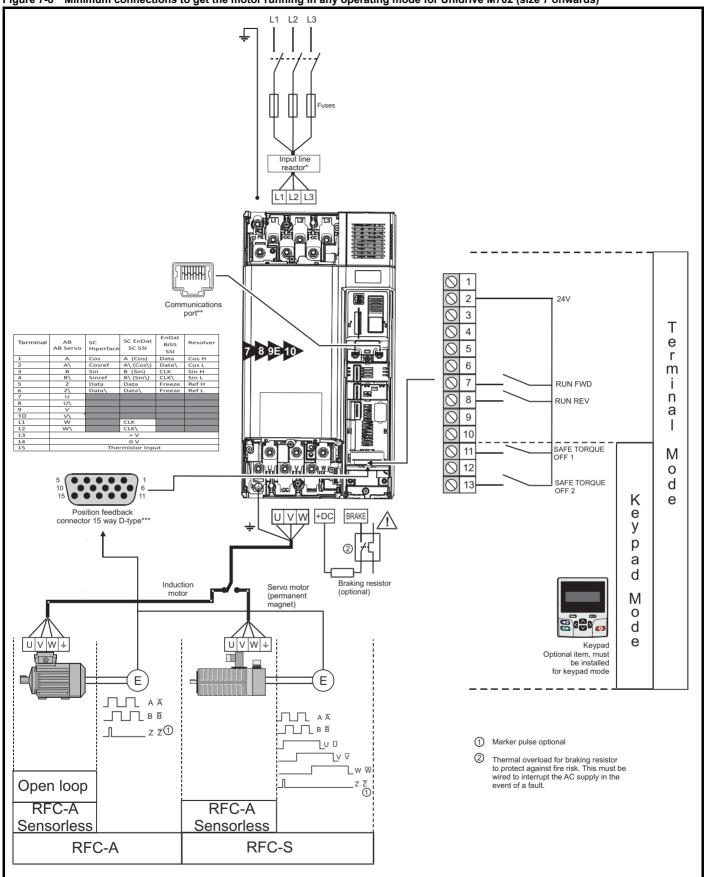
^{*} Required for size 9E and 10.

^{**} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports on Unidrive M700 and 485 serial communication ports on Unidrive M701.

^{***} Position feedback port.



Figure 7-8 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode for Unidrive M702 (size 7 onwards)



^{*} Required for size 9E and 10.

^{**} Ethernet fieldbus communication ports.

^{***} Position feedback port.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

7.3.1 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). Run signal is not given Motor is connected 	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 111. Ensure: • Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see section 13 Diagnostics on page 294.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: • Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) • Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) • Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection	Mot X XXXXXXXX No XXXXXXXXX kg P55 LGF °C 40 s S1 V Hz min kW coso A
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	100Hz
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). On Unidrive M700 / M701, the motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	-
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures the stator resistance of the motor and the voltage offset in the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 294. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.	R _s otl _s
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press the red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.3.2 RFC - A mode (with position feedback) Induction motor with position feedback

For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section 7.4 Setting up a feedback device on page 148.

Action	refer to section 7.4 Setting up a feedback device on page 148. Detail	
Action	Ensure:	
Before power-up	 The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). Run signal is not given Motor and feedback device are connected 	
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 111. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 294.	7
Set motor feedback parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: Drive encoder type in Pr 03.038 = AB (0): Quadrature encoder Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. Drive encoder Lines Per Revolution (LPR) in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039: 0 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 1 = A-A B-B termination resistors enabled, Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 2 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection 	Mark Mark
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000pm
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). On Unidrive M700 / M701, the motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	— /
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive.	
	A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $^2/_3$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.	
Autotune	 A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. 	R _s oL _s L _s Saturation break. Nn ppm
	 Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 294. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red	
Save parameters	reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	•

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.3.3 RFC-A mode (Sensorless control) Induction motor with sensorless control

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). Run signal is not given Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 111. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 294.	7
Select RFC-A (Sensorless control) mode and disable encoder wire- break trip	 Set Pr 03.024 = 1 or 3 to select RFC-A Sensorless mode Set Pr 03.040 = 0000 to disable the wire break 	The state of the s
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: • Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) • Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) • Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if	Max X DOX Max
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000rpm
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). On Unidrive M700 / M701, the motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	— /
Select or deselect catch a spinning motor mode	If catch a spinning motor mode is not required then set Pr 06.009 to 0. If catch a spinning motor mode is required then leave Pr 06.009 at the default of 1, but depending on the size of the motor the value in Pr 05.040 may need to be adjusted. Pr 05.040 defines a scaling function used by the algorithm that detects the speed of the motor. The default value of Pr 05.040 is 1 which is suitable for small motors (<4 kW). For larger motors the value in Pr 05.040 will need to be increased. Approximate values of Pr 05.040 for different motor sizes are as follows, 2 for 11 kW, 3 for 55 kW and 5 for 150 kW. If the value of Pr 05.040 is too large the motor may accelerate from standstill when the drive is enabled. If the value of this parameter is too small the drive will detect the motor speed as zero even if the motor is spinning.	
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2). A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $^2/_3$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable	
Autotune	 signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). The drive will display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'. Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 294. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	R _s oL _s saturation break-points N rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor		NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Action Detail													
Save para	meters	elect 'Save P eset button or			•	tively enter	a value of 10	000 in Pr MM.0 0	00) and pr	ess red			
Run Drive is now ready to run													

7.3.4 RFC-S mode (with position feedback) Permanent magnet motor with position feedback

For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder with commutation outputs will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section 7.4 Setting up a feedback device on page 148.

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702). Run signal is not given Motor and feedback device are connected	χ
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 111. Ensure: Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 294.	7
Set motor feedback parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: Drive encoder type in Pr. 03.038 = AB Servo (3): Quadrature encoder with commutation outputs Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. Drive encoder Pulses Per Revolution in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039: 0 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 1 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled, Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 2 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) 	The state of the s
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000cpm
Motor thermistor set- up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). On Unidrive M700 / M701, the motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	-

	roduct Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic romation installation started parameters the motor Mechanical Optimization Optimization Optimization Optimization NV Media Card Optimization Opt	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Action	Detail		
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. The drive is able to perform a stationary, rotating, mechanical load measurement or locked rotor test auotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. It is suggested that a rotating auto tune is used for accurate measurement for position feedback phase angle. • A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, voltage offset at zero current, maximum voltage offset, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and current at maximum voltage offset of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. If Sensorless mode is not selected then Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025) is set-up for the selected position feedback. • A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. The rotating autotune will rotate the motor by up to 2 mechanical revolutions in the direction selected, regardless of the reference provided to obtain the position feedback phase angle. A stationary autotune is then performed to obtain stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, voltage offset at zero current, maximum voltage offset, inductance in rorque axis with no load on the motor and current at maximum voltage offset of the motor. From the above obtained parameters the current loop gains are calculated, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. • The rotating autotune will rotate the motor by up to 2 mechanical r		0
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr MM.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr MM.000) and press red button or toggle the reset digital input.		
Run	Drive is now ready to run		<u></u>

7.4 Setting up a feedback device

7.4.1 P1 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with P1 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Table 7-3 Parameters required for feedback device set-up on the P1 position interface

Parameter	AB, FD, FR, AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC, SC Servo	SC Hiperface	SC EnDat	EnDat	SC SSI	SSI	BiSS	Resolver
P1 Marker Mode (03.031)	✓							
P1 Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)		•	•	•	✓	✓	•	
P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.034)	✓	•	•		√			
P1 Comms Bits (03.035)		•	•	•	✓	✓	•	
P1 Supply Voltage (03.036)*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P1 Comms Baud Rate (03.037)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P1 Device Type (03.038)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
P1 Auto-configuration Select (03.041)		✓	✓	✓			✓	
P1 SSI Binary Mode (03.048)					✓	✓		
P1 Resolver Poles (03.065)								✓
P1 Resolver Excitation (03.066)								✓

[✓] Information required to be entered by the user.

Table 7-3 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

[•] Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration parameter. Must be set by the user if auto-configuration is disabled (i.e. Pr 03.041 = Disabled (0)).

^{*} Pr 03.036: If the output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then termination resistors must be disabled by setting Pr 03.039 to 0.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.4.2 P1 position interface: Detailed feedback device commissioning / start-up information

Standard quadrature encoder with o Sincos encoder with or without UV					ation signals (A, B, Z or A, B, Z, U, V, W), or mals						
Device Type (03.038)	AB S	Serv (6) fo	o (3) r a S	for a	ature encoder without commutation signals * a quadrature encoder with commutation signals s encoder without commutation signals * a Sincos encoder with commutation signals						
Supply Voltage (03.036)	NOT	E			15 V (2) om the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039 to 0						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set f	Set to the number of lines or sine waves per revolution of the encoder.									
Termination Select (03.039) (AB or AB Servo only)	1 = /	۸, B	B, Z termination resistors disabled B termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled B, Z termination resistors enabled								
	3	Bit 3 2 1 0			Description						
	Х	Х	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs						
Marker Mode (03.031)	x	X	x 1	1 x	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero						
Marker Mode (03.031)			1 x	1 x x							
Marker Mode (03.031)	х		1		Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset.						
. ,	х	1 x	1 x	х	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1. Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse						
Marker Mode (03.031) Error Detection Level (03.040)	x x 1	1 x	1 x x	x	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1. Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μs wide.						

^{*} These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

Incremental encoder with Frequency	and [)ired	tion	(Fa	nd D) or Forward and Reverse (CW and CCW) signals with or without commutatio						
signals.	ana L	mec	,tioii	(i a	in b) of totward and reverse (off and ooff) signals with of without commutation						
Device Type (03.038)	FR ((3) fo Serv	or for o (4)	ward for f	cy and direction signals without commutation signals* and reverse signals without commutation signals* requency and direction signals with commutation signals orward and reverse signals with commutation signals						
Supply Voltage (03.036)	NOT	Έ		,	15 V (2) om the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039 to						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set	Set to the number of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2.									
Termination Select (03.039)	1 = 1	0 = F or CW, D or CCW, Z termination resistors disabled 1 = F or CW, D or CCW termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled 2 = For CW, D or CCW, Z termination resistors enabled									
	Bit 3 2 1 0				Description						
	Х	Х									
		^	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs						
Marker Mode (03.031)	х	X	1	1 X	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero						
Marker Mode (03.031)	x	X	1 x								
Marker Mode (03.031)		X	1	Х	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset.						
, , ,		1 x	1 x	x	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1. Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse						
Marker Mode (03.031) Error Detection Level (03.040)	1	1 x	1 x	x x	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1. Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μ s wide.						

^{*} These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	l	UL listing
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	data	Diagnootioo	information
momation	iiiioiiiiatioii	motanation	motanation	otartoa	parameters	the motor		Operation	I LO	parameters	aata		momation

Device Type (03.038)	E	SC Hiperface (7) for a Sincos encoder with Hiperface serial communications EnDat (8) for an EnDat communications only encoder										
201100 1960 (00.000)		SC EnDat (9) for a Sincos encoder with EnDat serial communications BiSS (13) for a BiSS communication only encoder										
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5	V (0), 8 '	V (1)	or 1	5 V (2)						
Auto-configuration Select (03.041)	F F	Auto-configuration is enabled at default and automatically sets up the following parameters. Rotary Turns Bits (03.033) Rotary Lines Per Revolutions (03.034) Comms Bits (03.035) These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.041 is set to Disabled (0).										
Comms Baud Rate (03.037)	1	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M										
		3	E	Bit	0	Description	٦					
Error Detection Level (03.040)		Х	Х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection						
,		Х	х	1	Х	Enable phase error detection						
				х	х							

Device Type (03.038)						communications only encoder		
Device Type (03.038)	S	c ss	SI (1	1) fo	r a S	Sincos encoder with SSI serial communications		
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5 '	V (0), 8	V (1)	or 1	15 V (2)		
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Se	et the	e nu	mbe	r of	sine waves per revolution of the encoder		
SSI Binary Mode (03.048)			,	Coory M				
Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)	Se	et to	the	num	ber (of turns bits for the encoder (this is normally 12 bits for a SSI encoder)		
Comms Bits (03.035)	To	tal r	iuml	oer c	of bits	ts of position information (this is usually 25 bits for a SSI encoder)		
Comms Baud Rate (03.037)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M							
		3 2 1 0				Description		
Farm Batastian Lauri (00.040)		Х	Х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection		
Error Detection Level (03.040)		Х	Х	1	Х	Enable phase error detection		
		х	1	х	Х	Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor		
		1	Х	Х	Х	Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 7		

UVW commutation signal only enc	oders*
Device Type (03.038)	Commutation Only (16) for a quadrature encoder with commutation signals*
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2)
Error Detection Level (03.040)	Set to zero to disable wire break detection

^{*} This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance.

Due to the low resolution of UVW communication only encoders, it is recommended that the *P1 Feedback Filter* (03.042) is set to its maximum value. A value of 1 ms to 2 ms may also be required in the *Current Demand Filter* (04.012) and it is also recommended that the speed loop gains are set to a low value to obtain stable operation.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Resolver										
Device Type (03.038)	Resolver (14)									
Resolver Poles (03.065)	Set number of Resolver poles 2 poles, 4 poles, 6 poles, 8 poles									
Resolver Excitation (03.066) Set Resolver excitation voltage and frequency 6 V Auto (0), 4 V Auto (1), 6 V 6 kHz (2), 4 V 6 kHz (3), 6 V 8 kHz (4), 4 V 8 kHz (5)										
	Bit Description									
Free Detection Level (03.040)	3 2 1 0									
Error Detection Level (03.040)	X X X 1 Enable wire break detection									
	1 X X Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 7									
	So for example, to enable the wire break error detection, set Pr 03.040 to 0001.									

7.4.3 P2 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with the P2 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*. If the position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface is required to be used for motor control feedback then Pr **03.026** will need to be set to P2 Drive (1).

Table 7-4 Parameters required for feedback device set-up on the P2 position interface

Parameter	AB, FD, FR	EnDat	SSI	BiSS
P2 Marker Mode (03.131)	√			
P2 Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)		•	•	•
P2 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.134)	✓			
P2 Comms Bits (03.135)		•	•	•
P2 Comms Baud Rate (03.137)		✓	✓	✓
P2 Device Type (03.138)	✓	✓	✓	✓
P2 Auto-configuration Select (03.141)		✓		✓

[✓] Information required to be entered by the user.

The P2 position interface does not have its own independent power supply output. Therefore, any position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface must either share the P1 power supply output on pin 13 of the 15-way D-type, or be supplied from an external source.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

Table 7-4 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

Device Type (03.138)	AB (1) for a quadrature encoder									
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)	Set to the number of lines per revolution of the encoder									
	Bit				Description					
	3 2 1 0									
	Х	Х	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs					
Marker Mode (03.131)	х	Х	1	Х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero					
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	x 1 x x		х	Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.						
	1	х	х	х	Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 µs wide.					

Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration. Parameter must be set by the user if auto-configuration is
disabled (i.e. Pr 03.041 = Disabled (0)).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Device Type (03.138)					cy and direction signals without commutation signals I and reverse signals without commutation signals			
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)	Set to the number of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2							
	Bit 3 2 1 0				Description			
	Х	X	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs			
Marker Mode (03.131)	х	Х	1	Х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero			
лагкег моде (03.131)	x 1 x x Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.				Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.			
	1	х	х	х	Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μs wide.			

Device Type (03.138)	EnDat (4) for an EnDat communications only encoder BISS (6) for a BISS communication only encoder									
Auto-configuration Select (03.141)	Auto-configuration is enabled at default and automatically sets up the following parameters: *Rotary Turns Bits* (03.133) *Comms Bits* (03.135) These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.141 is set to Disabled (0).									
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M									
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description 3 2 1 0 1 x x x Disable trips Encoder 4 to Encoder 7									

Absolute SSI communications of	nly encoder
Device Type (03.138)	SSI (5) for a SSI communications only encoder
SSI Binary Mode (03.148)	Off (0) = Gray Code On (1) = Binary Mode
Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)	Set to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is usually 12 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)
Comms Bits (03.135)	Total number of bits of position information for the encoder (this is usually 25 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description
	X 1 X X Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor

7.5 Encoder Simulation Output Set-up

The drive supports three modes of encoder simulation output.

- · Hardware mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- Software mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- · Software mode Absolute SSI data

The availability of the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type on the drive is dependent on the type of feedback device connected to the P1 position interface. See Table 4-34 on page 98 for more information on the availability of the encoder simulation output. The status of the encoder simulation output can be seen in *Encoder Simulation Status* (03.086) as follows:

None (0) The encoder simulation output is not enabled or is not available Full (1) Full encoder simulation with marker output is available

No Marker (2) Encoder simulation without marker output is available

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use the encoder simulation output on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the Parameter Reference Guide.

Sa	fety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
inforn	nation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.5.1 Hardware mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

Hardware mode provides incremental signals derived via hardware from the P1 position feedback interface on the drive, with negligible delay. The supported incremental output signals are AB, FD and FR. Hardware mode only produces an output when the input device connected to the P1 position interface is AB, FD, FR, SC, SC Hiperface, SC EnDat or SC SSI type devices. It should be noted that with a SINCOS source device the output is based on the zero crossings of the sine wave inputs and does not include interpolation.

Hardware mode set-up	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	This parameter must be set to 03.029 to select the P1 position interface as the source.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Hardware (0)
Encoder Simulation Hardware Divider (03.089)	This parameter defines the divider ratio between the device connected to the P1 position feedback interface and the output. 0 = 1/1 1 = 1/2 2 = 1/4 3 = 1/8 4 = 1/16 5 = 1/32 6 = 1/64 7 = 1/128
Encoder Simulation Hardware Marker Lock (03.090)	 0 = The marker output is derived directly from the marker input 1 = The incremental output signals are adjusted on each marker event so that the A and B are high with an AB type output, or F is high with an FD or FR type output
EncoderSimulationOutputMode(03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

7.5.2 Software mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 μ s which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). For incremental output signals, the resolution of the output can be defined by either selecting the required output lines per revolution or by an output ratio.

Lines per revolution

The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092).

AB quadrature output signals, software i	AB quadrature output signals, software mode setup – Lines per revolution								
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.								
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)								
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output lines per revolution. The maximum output lines per revolution are 16384.								
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals								

Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output pulse per revolution divided by 2. For example if 2000 pulses per revolution is required, set this parameter to 1000.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Ratio

In ratio mode the resolution of the input source is based on a 16 bit position feedback device (i.e. equivalent to an AB quadrature encoder with a resolution of 16384 lines per revolution). The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by the ratio of *Encoder Simulation Numerator* (03.093) and *Encoder Simulation Denominator* (03.094).

AB quadrature output signals, software mode Frequency and Direction or Forward and Rev	•
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Ratio (2)
Encoder Simulation Numerator (03.093) and Encoder Simulation Denominator (03.094)	Set these two parameters to give the required output ratio.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

Software mode - Absolute SSI data

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 µs which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). In SSI output mode drive will simulate an SSI encoder, where the number of bits and the format of the position message can be adjusted.

Absolute SSI data, software mode setup	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of SSI (3)
Encoder Simulation SSI Turns Bits (03.096)	Set to the number of bits representing the number of turns in the position message.
Encoder Simulation SSI Comms Bits (03.097)	Set to the number bits in the whole position message.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for position data in Gray code format FD/Binary (1) or FR/Binary (2) for position data in binary format

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8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current

Defines the maximum continuous motor current

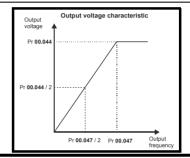
- The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. (See section 8.2 Maximum motor rated current on page 164, for information about setting this parameter higher than the maximum Heavy Duty current rating). The motor rated current is used in the following:
- Current limits (see section 8.3 Current limits on page 164, for more information)
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 164, for more information)
- Vector mode voltage control (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table)
- Slip compensation (see Enable Slip Compensation (05.027), later in this table)
- Dynamic V/F control

Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage

Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The Rated Voltage (00.044) and the Rated Frequency (00.047) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The Rated Frequency (00.047) is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Rated Speed (00.045), later in this table).



Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.

Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Motor rated speed / 60]) = $00.047 = \left(\frac{00.042}{2} \times \frac{00.045}{60}\right)$

If Pr **00.045** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disabled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

Pr **00.042** is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the drive for a given output frequency. When Pr **00.042** is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequency Pr **00.047**, and the motor rated speed Pr **00.045**.

Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (00.047) / Rated Speed (00.045)) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 00.043 {05.010} Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction with the *Rated Current* (00.046), to calculate the rated active current and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in vector mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated power factor by performing a rotating autotune (see Autotune (Pr 00.040), below).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diggrantias	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058), Maximum Voltage Offset (05.059) and Current At Maximum Voltage Offset (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Rated Power Factor* (00.043), *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 00.040 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

- (0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance and the voltage offset are measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.(4)
- (4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset.
- (3) **Ur_Auto=** The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058)) parameters are written to, and along with the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

Fixed boost

Neither the stator resistance nor the voltage offset are used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr 00.008, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.0 47), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

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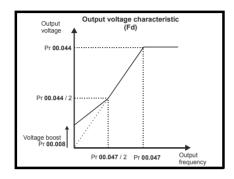
Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode (cont)

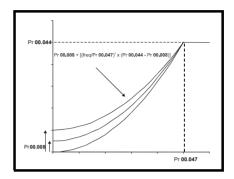
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Neither the stator resistance nor the voltage offset are used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by parameter Pr **00.008**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

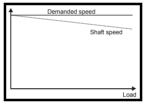
For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0Hz to ½ x Pr 00.047) a voltage boost is applied defined by Pr 00.008 as shown below:





Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.045** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr 00.045, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr 00.045, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

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8.1.2 RFC-A mode

Induction motor with Position feedback

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. (See section 8.2 *Maximum motor rated current* on page 164, for information about setting this parameter higher than the maximum Heavy Duty current rating.) The motor rated current is used in the following:

- Current limits (see section 8.3 Current limits on page 164, for more information).
- · Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 164, for more information)
- Vector control algorithm

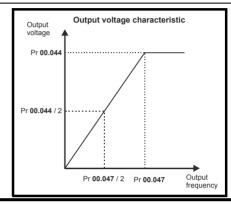
Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage

Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency

The Rated Voltage (00.044) and the Rated Frequency (00.047) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see motor Rated Speed (00.045), later in this table).

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency

Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied



Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- · Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. Either a fixed value can be entered in this parameter or an optimization system may be used to automatically adjust this parameter (see *Motor Parameter Adaptive Control* (05.016), later in this table).

When Pr **00.042** is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and the motor *Rated Speed* (00.045).

Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (00.047 / Motor Rated Speed (00.045) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 00.043 {5.10} Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. If the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is set to zero then the power factor is used in conjunction with the motor *Rated Current* (00.046) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the stator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator inductance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr 00.040), later in this table).

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Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and an inertia measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).
- The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. During the inertia measurement test motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to a speed of *Rated Speed* (05.008) / 4, and this speed is maintained at this level for 60 seconds. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) and load compensation parameters (*Load Compensation Param 1* (04.031) to *Load Compensation Param 4* (04.034)) are measured. If the required speed is not achieved on the final attempt the test is aborted and an Autotune trip is initiated. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

Pr 05.016 Motor Parameter Adaptive Control

The motor *Rated Speed* (00.045) in conjunction with the motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047) defines the full load slip of the motor. The slip is used in the motor model for RFC-A control. The full load slip of the motor varies with rotor resistance which can vary significantly with motor temperature. When Pr **05.016** is set to 1 or 2 the drive can automatically sense if the value of slip defined by Pr **00.047** and Pr **00.045** has been set incorrectly or if it has varied with motor temperature. If the value is incorrect Pr **00.045** is automatically adjusted. Pr **00.045** is not saved at power-down, and so when the drive is powered-down and up again it will return to the last saved value. If the new value is required at the next power-up it must be saved by the user.

The adaptive control system is only enabled when the |Output Frequency (05.001)| is above Rated Frequency (05.006) / 8, and the |Percentage Load (04.020)| is greater than 60 %. The adaptive control system is disabled again if the |Percentage Load (04.020)| falls below 50 %. For best optimization results the correct values of Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Stator Inductance (05.025), Saturation Breakpoint 1 (05.029), Saturation Breakpoint 2 (05.062), Saturation Breakpoint 3 (05.030) and Saturation Breakpoint 4 (05.063) should be used. If Motor Parameter Adaptive Control (05.016) = 1 the gain of the adaptive control system is low and hence the rate at which it converges is slow. If Motor Parameter Adaptive Control (05.016) = 2 the gain is increased by a factor of 16 and the convergence rate is increased.

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

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Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 (03.010) and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {03.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are three methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr **03.017**:

1. Pr **03.017** = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr **03.017** = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

Pr 03.020 - Required bandwidth,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr 03.018 - Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

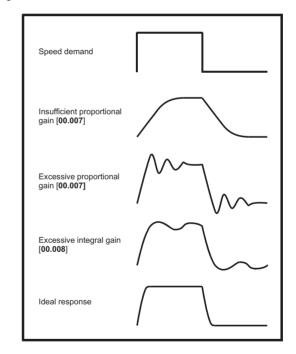
Pr 03.019 - Required compliance angle,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table)

4. Pr **03.017** = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr **03.017** = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity.

These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017)	Performance	Bandwidth		
4	Low	5 Hz		
5	Standard	25 Hz		
6	High	100 Hz		

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8.1.3 RFC-S mode

Permanent magnet motor with Position feedback

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

- Current limits (see section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 164, for more information)
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 164, for more information)

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

Defines the number of motor poles

The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of electrical revolutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be set correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When Pr **00.042** is set to "Auto" the number of poles is 6.

Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-S mode, a stationary autotune, a rotating autotune, an inertia measurement test and a locked rotor test to measure load dependent parameters.

Stationary Autotune

The stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotune, a test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not be able to calculate such an accurate value for the *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed to measure *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024), *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058), *Maximum Voltage Offset* (05.059), *Current At Maximum Voltage Offset* (05.060), *No Load Lq* (05.068) and *No Load Phase Offset* (05.070). If *Enable Stator Compensation* (05.049) = 1 then *Stator Base Temperature* (05.048) is made equal to *Stator Temperature* (05.046). The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and the *Ld* (05.024) are then used to set up *Current controller Kp Gain* (04.013) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (04.014). If sensorless mode is not selected then *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with *Motor Control Feedback Select* (03.026). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).

Rotating Autotune

The rotating autotune must be performed on unloaded motor. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and parameters for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque.

During the rotating autotune, *Rated Current* (05.007) is applied and the motor is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with *Motor Control Feedback Select* (03.026). A stationary test is then performed to measure *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024), *Voltage Offset At Zero Current* (05.058), *Maximum Voltage Offset* (05.059), *Current At Maximum Voltage Offset* (05.060) and *No Load Lq* (05.068). *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Ld* (05.024) are used to set up *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (04.014). This is only done once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required. After a delay of 5 s the motor is rotated through a further electrical revolution and *Cogging Data Parameter 1* (05.074) to *Cogging Data Parameter 8* (05.081) are measured. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).



Inertia measurement test

The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see *Speed loop gains*) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. During the inertia measurement test motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to a speed of *Rated Speed* (05.008) / 4, and this speed is maintained at this level for 60 seconds. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) and load compensation parameters (*Load Compensation Param 1* (04.031) to *Load Compensation Param 4* (04.034)) are measured. If the required speed is not achieved on the final attempt the test is aborted and an Autotune trip is initiated. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 on *Unidrive M700 / M701* and terminal 11 & 13 on *Unidrive M702*, setting the drive *Enable Parameter* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

Locked rotor test

This test can be used to measure the parameters necessary to operate in sensorless mode at low speeds using signal injection, or to exploit the torque produced from saliency, provided all the basic control parameters have been set-up correctly. The test can only be carried out if the rotor is locked is such a way that it will not move even when a torque producing current equal to *Rated Current* (05.007) is applied to the motor. *Rated Load Lq* (05.069), *Rated Load Offset* (05.071) and *Maximum Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.072) are measured. To perform a *Rotating* autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 31 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 11 & 13 on Unidrive M702) and a run signal (terminal 26 or 27 on Unidrive M700 / M701 and terminal 7 or 8 on Unidrive M702).

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Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The proportional gain (Pr 04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Speed loop gains

(Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 (03.010) and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 (03.012) and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

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Speed loop gains (cont) (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

There are three methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr **03.017**:

1. Pr **03.017** = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr **03.017** = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

Pr 03.020 - Required bandwidth,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr 03.018 - Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

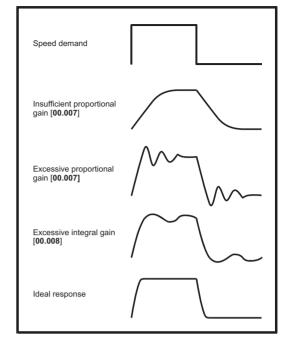
Pr 03.019 - Required compliance angle,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table)

4. Pr **03.017** = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr **03.017** = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017)	Performance	Bandwidth		
4	Low	5 Hz		
5	Standard	25 Hz		
6	High	100 Hz		

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8.2 Maximum motor rated current

The maximum motor rated current allowed by the drive is greater than the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032). The ratio between the Normal Duty rating and the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032) varies between drive sizes. The values for the Normal and Heavy Duty rating can be found in section 2.3 *Ratings* on page 11. If the motor *Rated Current* (00.046) is set above the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032), the current limits and the motor thermal protection scheme are modified (see section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 164 and section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 164 for more information).

8.3 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

- 165 % x motor rated current for open loop mode
- 175 % x motor rated current for RFC-A and RFC-S modes

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- · Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- · Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen operation

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

Increasing the motor rated current (Pr **00.046/05.007**) above the Heavy Duty rating (default value), will automatically reduce the current limits in Pr **04.005** to Pr **04.007**. If the motor rated current is then set to or below the Heavy Duty rating, the current limits will be left at their reduced values.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.4 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses] Where:

Load related losses = $(1 - K_{fe}) \times (I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated})^2)$

Iron losses = $K_{fe} \times (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I_{Rated} = Rated Current (05.007)

K_{fe} = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K_2) (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 1}$) + K_2 (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 2}$)]

Where

T = Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019)

K₂ = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

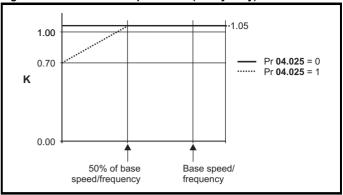
τ1 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (04.015)

 τ^2 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (04.037)

 K_1 = Varies, see below

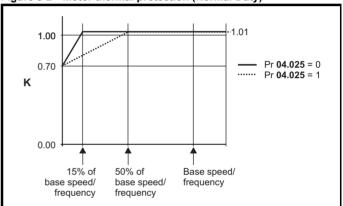
If Rated Current (05.007) ≤ Maximum Heavy Duty Current (11.032)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

Figure 8-2 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr 04.019 reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr 04.016. If Pr 04.016 is 0, the drive trips when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %. If Pr 04.016 is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while them drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr **05.007** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr **04.015**) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 60 s from cold.

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8.5 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz (6 kHz in RFC-S mode), however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **05.018** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
3								
4								
5			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
6	All	✓						✓
7								
8								
9E								
10	10202830 to 10203000 10501520 to 10501900	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
10	10601500 to 10601780							
	10402700 to 10403200	✓	✓	✓	✓			

If switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 - See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 269.
- Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade
 off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the
 demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

Level	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A RFC-S	
Level 1	3 kHz - 167μs 6 kHz - 83 μs 12 kHz - 83 μs	2 kHz - 250 μs 4 kHz - 125 μs 8 kHz - 62.5 μs 16 kHz - 62.5 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers	
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz - 500 μs 4 kHz - 250 μs 8 kHz - 250 μs 16 kHz - 250 μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps	
Level 3	1	ms	Voltage controller		
Level 4	4	ms	Time critical user interface		
Background				critical user rface	

8.6 High speed operation

8.6.1 Encoder feedback limits

The maximum encoder frequency should be prevented from exceeding 500 kHz. In RFC-A and RFC-S modes the maximum speed that can be entered in to the speed reference clamps (Pr **01.006** and Pr **01.007**) can be limited by the drive. This is defined by the following (subject to an absolute maximum of 40,000 rpm):

Maximum speed limit (rpm) =
$$\frac{500 \text{ kHz x } 60}{\text{ELPR}}$$
$$= \frac{3.0 \text{ x } 10^7}{\text{ELPR}}$$

Where:

ELPR is the equivalent encoder lines per revolution and is the number of lines that would be produced by a quadrature encoder.

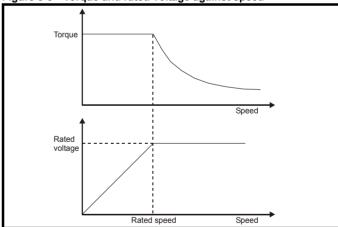
- · Quadrature encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution
- F and D encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution / 2
- SINCOS encoder ELPR = number of sine waves per revolution

This maximum speed limit is defined by the device selected with the speed feedback selector (Pr 03.026), and the ELPR set for the position feedback device. In RFC-A mode it is possible to disable this limit via Pr 03.024, so that the drive can be switched between operation with and without feedback when the speed becomes too high for the feedback device. The maximum speed limit is defined as above when Pr 03.024 = 0 and is 36,000 rpm when Pr 03.024 = 1,2,3 or 4.

8.6.2 Field weakening (constant power) operation (Open loop and RFC-A mode only)

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Figure 8-3 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily. The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr 05.029, Pr 05. 030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.6.3 Permanent magnet motor high speed operation High speed servo mode is enabled by setting Pr **05.022** =1. Care must be taken when using this mode with permanent magnet motor to avoid damaging the drive. The voltage produced by the permanent magnet motor magnets is proportional to speed. For high speed operation the drive must apply currents to the motor to counter-act the flux produced by the magnets. It is possible to operate the motor at very high speeds

that would give a very high motor terminal voltage, but this voltage is

prevented by the action of the drive.

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If however, the drive is disabled (or tripped) when the motor voltages would be higher than the rating of the drive without the currents to counter-act the flux from the magnets, it is possible to damage the drive. If high speed mode is enabled the motor speed must be limited to the levels given in the table below unless an additional hardware protection system is used to limit the voltages applied to the drive output terminals to a safe level.

Drive voltage rating	Maximum motor speed (rpm)	Maximum safe line to line voltage at the motor terminals (V rms)
200	400 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	400 / √2
400	800 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	800 / √2
575	955 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	955 / √2
690	1145 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	1145 / √2

Ke is the ratio between r.m.s. line to line voltage produced by the motor and the speed in V/1000 rpm. Care must also be taken not to demagnetize the motor. The motor manufacturer should always be consulted before using this mode.

8.6.4 Maximum speed / frequency

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A and RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz. However, in RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

8.6.5 Quasi-Square wave (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr **05.020** (Quasi-square wave enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

 In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

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NV Media Card Operation 9

9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using a SMARTCARD or SD card storing / reading PLC programs. The drive offers backward compatibility for a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD.

The NV Media Card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

The NV Media Card is located at the top of the module under the drive display (if installed) on the left-hand side.

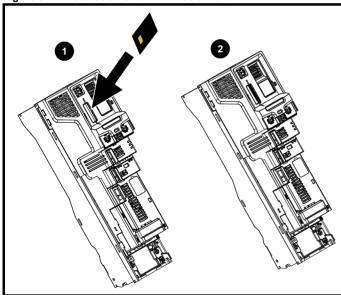
Ensure the NV Media Card is inserted with the contacts facing the lefthand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".



Beware of possible live terminals when installing the NV Media Card.

Figure 9-1 Installation of the NV Media Card



- Installing the NV Media Card
- NV Media Card installed

NV Media Card	Part number
SD Card Adaptor (memory card not included)	3130-1212-03
8 kB SMARTCARD	2214-4246-03
64 kB SMARTCARD	2214-1006-03

9.2 **NV Media Card support**

The NV Media Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the Unidrive M in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

The Unidrive M is compatible with a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD and is able to read and translate the Unidrive SP parameter set into a compatible parameter set for Unidrive M. This is only possible if the Unidrive SP parameter set was transferred to the SMARTCARD using the difference from defaults transfer method (i.e. 4yyy transfer). The

Unidrive M is not able to read any other type of Unidrive SP data block on the card. Although it is possible to transfer difference from default data blocks from a Unidrive SP into the Unidrive M, the following should

- 1. If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.
- If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.
- If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply.



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The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed section 9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag on page 169.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be

reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

9.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr mm.000 and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 9-1.

Table 9-1 SMARTCARD and SD card codes

Code	Operation	SMARTCARD	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
6ууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	✓	✓
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.	✓	√
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	✓	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	√	✓
9999	Erase and format the NV media card	✓	✓
15yyy	Transfer a program from an option module in slot 1 to an option module applications file		✓
16yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 2		✓
17yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 3		✓
18yyy	Load a program to the option module in slot 1 from an option module applications file		✓
19ууу	As 18yyy, but for slot 2		✓
20yyy	As 18yyy, but for slot 3		✓
21yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 4		✓
22yyy	As 18yyy, but for slot 4		✓
40ууу	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program, applications programs and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Because the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a copy. The command code will be cleared when all drive and option data have been saved.		√
60ууу	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program, applications programs and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the folder. The command code will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.		√

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

9.3.1 Writing to the NV Media Card

4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Program (2))

Setting Pr 11.042 to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr mm.000. All NV Media Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

9.3.2 Reading from the NV Media Card 6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr mm.000, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are Safety Product information installation installation | Hechanical inst

not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values

Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage

Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 and Pr 21.027 to Pr 21.029 Motoring Current Limits

Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

Pr 05.007, Pr 21.007 Rated Current

Pr **05.009**, Pr **21.009** Rated Voltage

Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor

Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance

Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency

Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance

Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance

Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level

Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level

Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold

Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold

Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Read (1))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **mm.000**.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

9.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 11.042 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr **11.042** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when Pr mm.000 is set to 'Save Parameters' or a 1000 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

If the card is removed when Pr 11.042 is set to 3 Pr 11.042 is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr **11.042** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data.

NOTE

When Pr 11.042 is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr 11.042 itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

9.3.4 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 11.042 = Boot (4))

When Pr **11.042** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

· A card is inserted in the drive

- · Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 11.042 on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

NOTE

'Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr 11.042 is not transferred to the drive.

9.3.5 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr mm.000 to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr mm.000 to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

9.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr mm.000, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr mm.000 is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

9.3.7 7yyy / 9999 - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

- · Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy
- Setting 9999 in Pr mm.000 will erase all NV Media Card data blocks

9.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip. If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag
- · Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- · Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

9.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr 11.038 to Pr 11.040 by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr 11.037. If there is no data on the card Pr 11.037 can only have a value of 0.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diag.ioo.ioo	information

9.5 NV Media Card parameters

Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

5147	5		
RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036	{00	.029}	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded								
RO		Num							PT		
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 999						0		
RFC-S											

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	.03	7	NV Me	NV Media Card File Number								
RW		Num										
OL												
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to	999		\Rightarrow	⇒ 0					
RFC-S												

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr 11.038, Pr 11.039 and Pr 11.040.

11.038			NV Media Card File Type								
RO Txt						ND		NC	PT		
OL RFC-A RFC-S		RFC Rege	(0), O _l C-A (2), n (4), U Option	RFC-S ser Pro	s (3), og (5),	仓					

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11	.03	9	NV Me	NV Media Card File Version								
RO Num						N	D	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	${\bf \hat{v}}$		0 to	9999		\Rightarrow						
RFC-S												

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11.	11.040 NV Med					Ch	eck	sum		
RO		Num					D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	Û		214748 21474		to	仓				

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11.0)42		Parameter Cloning								
RW		Txt						NC		US*	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	Û		gram (2	Read (2), Auto t (4)	. ,	合			None	(0)	

^{*} Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr 11.042 is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr 11.042 is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the NV Media Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the NV Media Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	.07	2	NV Media Card Create Special File									
RW		Num		NC NC								
OL												
RFC-A	Û		0 t	o 1		\Diamond			0			
RFC-S												

If NV Media Card Create Special File (11.072) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an NV media card the file is created as a macro file. NV Media Card Create Special File (11.072) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11.0	11.073 NV Media Card								
RO	Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	S	MART	e (0), Card (′ ard (2)	1),	仓				

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No NV Media Card has been inserted.

"SMART Card" (1) - A SMARTCARD has been inserted.

"SD Card" (2) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

NV Media Card Read-only Flag (11.075) shows the state of the read-only flag for the currently installed card.

11	.07	6	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Wa	rnin	ıg S	uppre	ssion	Flag	
RO		Bit				Ν	D	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	C	Off (0) c	1)	\Rightarrow						
RFC-S			Off (0) or On (1)								

NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag (11.076) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11	.07	7	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Re	qui	red Ve	ersion	
RW		Num				N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	${\bf \hat{v}}$		0 to	9999		\Rightarrow				
RFC-S										

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an NV Media Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

9.6 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 294 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

Safety NV Media Card Product Mechanical Electrica Running Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation inetallation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information

10 Onboard PLC

10.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with Unidrive M and compatible application modules. Machine Control Studio is based on CODESYS from 3S-Smart Software Solutions

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- · LD (Ladder diagram)
- · FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a Unidrive M for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for Unidrive M.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

10.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications

Machine Control Studio benefits from access to the standard CODESYS function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- · Arithmetic blocks
- Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- Multiplexers
- Latches
- · Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- · Ancillary pumps
- Fans and control valves
- · Interlocking logic
- · Sequences routines
- Custom control words.

10.3 Features

The Unidrive M Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

10.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

- Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 16 ms to 262 s in multiples of 16 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.
- Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 256 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

10.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

10.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- Parameter name
- · Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- · The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

10.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 16 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

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	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
			otaat.o		otal to a	paramotoro			орогано		parametere			

10.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

11.0	047	Onboard				
RW	Txt				US	
Û	Stop	(0) or Ru	n (1)	\Rightarrow	Rui	n (1)

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped. If it is restarted by setting *Onboard User Program: Enable* (11.047) to a non-zero value the background task starts from the beginning.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute.

11.0	048	Onboard	l User Pro	ogram: St	atus	
RO	Txt		NC	PT		
\$		47483648 14748364		⇒		

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.0	049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events									
RO	Uni		NC	PT	PS						
Û		0 to 65535	5	ightharpoons							

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred ladder program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.	050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second								
RO	Uni		NC	PT						
\$		0 to 65535	5	\Rightarrow						

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.0	051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Us							
RO			NC	PT					
\$	0.0	0 to 100.0	%	\Rightarrow					

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.0	055	Onboard Interval	User Pro	ogram: Cl	ock Task S	cheduled
RO			NC	PT		
Û	0 t	o 262128	ms	\Rightarrow		

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

10.5 Onboard PLC trips

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 294 for more information on the User Program trip.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation started installation started installation installati

11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

	Menu descriptions
Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O / Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
24	Ethernet module (slot 4) set-up menu*
25	Option module slot 1 application parameters
26	Option module slot 2 application parameters
27	Option module slot 3 application parameters
28	Option module slot 4 application parameters
29	Reserved menu
30	Onboard user programming application menu
31-41	Advanced motion controller setup parameters
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus**
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus**
Slot 4	Slot 4 option menus**

^{*} Only displayed on Unidrive M700 / M702.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

RFC-S: Synchronous Rotor Flux Control for synchronous motors including permanent magnet motors.

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

^{**} Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Feature						Related	parame	ters (Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.0	11 to	02 032	02.033	02 034	02.002						
		_	019										
Analog speed reference 1	01.036		07.001	07.007		07.009							
Analog speed reference 2	01.037	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.028	07.031				
Analog I/O	Menu 7	07.007	07.000	07.000	07.040	07.005	07.000	07.000					
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.025		07.030					
Analog input 2 Analog input 3	07.002	07.011 07.015	07.012 07.016		07.014 07.018	07.028 07.029							
Analog output 1	07.003		07.016		07.016	07.029	07.032						
Analog output 2	07.019		07.021	07.033									
Application menu		u 18		u 19	Men	u 20		1	1				
At speed indicator bit	03.006		03.009										
Auto reset	10.034		10.036	10.001	10.000	10.007							
Autotune	05.012		05.017		05.024	05.025	05 010	05.029	05.030				
Binary sum	09.029		09.031			09.034	00.010	00.020	00.000				
Bipolar speed	01.010	00.000	00.00.	00.002	00.000								
Brake control		040 to 12	.049										
Braking	10.011		10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040						<u> </u>					
Coast to stop	06.001												
Comms	11.0	23 to 11.	026										
Copying	11.042		36 to 11	.040									
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026	06.040							
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004	04.012	04.020	04.023	04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits	04.005	04.006	04.007	04.018	04.015	04.019	04.016	05.007	05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020		21 to	02.004		35 to	02.002	02.008	06 001	10.030	10 031	10.039	02 009
			029	02.004	02.	037	02.002	02.000	00.001	10.000	10.001	10.000	02.000
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020	20.011											
Digital I/O T24	08.001		08.021										
Digital I/O T25	08.002		08.022										
Digital I/O T26	08.003 08.004	08.013	08.023 08.024	08.033									
Digital input T27 Digital input T28	08.004			08.039									
Digital input T29	08.005		08.025		1			1	1				
Digital lock	13.010		00.020 001 to 13		13 011	13 012	13 016	03.022	03 023	13 (1 19 to 13	023	
Digital output T22		08.018			13.011	13.012	13.010	03.022	03.023	13.0	191013	.023 I	
Direction					10 014	02 001	03 002	08 003	08.004	10 040			
Display timeout	11.041	00.000	00.001	01.000	10.014	02.001	00.002	00.000	00.004	10.040			
Drive active		10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028	10.040											
Drive OK		08.027	08.007	08.017	10.036	10.040		 	 				
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Electronic nameplate	03.049				†			†	†				
Enable		08.009	08.010										
Encoder reference		03.044		03.046									
Encoder set-up	03.033	03.0	34 to 03	.042	03.047	03.048		1	1				
External trip		08.010	08.007										
Fan speed	06.045												
Fast disable	06.029												
Field weakening - induction motor		05.030		05.028									
Field weakening - servo		01.006	05.009										
Filter change		06.018											
Frequency reference selection		01.015											
Frequency slaving		03.013	03.014	03.015	03.016	03.017	03.018						
Hard speed reference		03.023											
Heavy duty rating	05.007	11.032											
High stability space vector	05.019												
modulation	33.515			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u></u>	<u></u>				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor			/ Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advand parame		hnical lata	Diagn		UL listing information
	Feature							Relate	d parame	ters (Pr)						
I/O sequer	ncer		06.004	06.030	06.031	06.032	06.033		06.042							
Inertia con	pensation		02.038	05.012	04.022	03.018							_			
Jog referei	nce		01.005	02.019	02.029											
Keypad ref	ference		01.017	01.014	01.043	01.051	06.012	06.013	}							
Kt			05.032													
Limit switc	hes		06.035													
	r supply lo		06.003		10.016	05.005										
Local posit		nce	_	020 to 13												
Logic func			09.001			09.006	09.007	09.008		09.010						
Logic func			09.002		09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018	09.019	09.020						
Low voltag			06.044													
Marker pul			03.032													
Maximum	•		01.006													
Menu 0 se				001 to 11	.022	Men	u 22							$\bot \downarrow$		
Minimum s	•		01.007											$\bot \downarrow$		
Modules -			11.035		05.000	05.000	05.040	05.044								
Motor map			05.006			05.009	05.010	05.011	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			\dashv		+
Motor map		otor	_	nu 21	11.45	00.004	00.005	00.000	1 00 00-	00.000	 	<u> </u>	4—	ightharpoonup		
Motorized	•		09.021		09.023	09.024	09.025	09.026	09.027	09.028	 	<u> </u>	4—	ightharpoonup		
Offset spe		ce	01.004						1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			\dashv		+
Onboard F		01.14-5.1.4-		.047 to 11	.051				1	 	 	<u> </u>	\bot	ightharpoonup		
Open colle			08.030		05.000				1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			\dashv		+
Open loop		ue	05.014		05.023	05.044			1	 	 	<u> </u>	\bot	ightharpoonup		
Operating			00.048		03.024											
Orientation	1		13.010		013 to 13.											
Output	l 41 l l -l		05.001		05.003	05.004										
Overspeed			03.008										4			
Phase and PID contro				05.012									4			
		ul	_	nu 14	02.020	02.050							4			
Positive le		rive	03.028		03.030	03.050								\longrightarrow		
Positive log	_		11.022									<u> </u>				+
Precision r			01.018		01.020	01 044							_	-+		+
Preset spe			01.015		01.020 021 to 01.		01.016	01.014	01.042	01.0	045 to 01	048	01.0	050		+
Programm			Menu 9		121 (0 01.	.020	01.010	01.014	01.042	01.0	143 (0 0 1	.040	01.0	550		+
Quasi squa		on	05.020							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	+	-+		+
Ramp (acc			02.004		06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039	 	 	+	\dashv		+
Rated spe			05.016		00.001	02.002	02.003	10.000	10.001	10.000	 	 	+	\dashv		+
Regenerat			10010	10.011	10.030	10.031	06 001	02 004	02.002	10.012	10 039	10.040	1	-+		+
Relative jo	-			017 to 13		10.001	00.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.000	10.040	+	\dashv		+
Relay outp				08.017									_			+
Reset				08.002	I .	10 034	10 035	10 036	10.001				+	-+		+
RFC mode	(encoder	less CI V	+	+	1		10.000	10.000	10.001				+	-+		+
mode)	(=:		03.024	03.042	04.012	05.040										
S ramp			02.006	02.007					1			<u> </u>	+-	-+		+
Sample rat	tes		05.018						1			<u> </u>	+	-+		+
SAFE TOF		input		08.010					1			<u> </u>	+	-+		+
Security co		<u> </u>		11.044						†	†		+	\dashv		+
Serial com				023 to 11	I .					†	†		+	\dashv		+
Skip speed				01.030		01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035	†	†		+	\dashv		1
Slip compe			05.027	05.008					1			1	1	\dashv		1
NV media			11.	036 to 11	.040	11.042							1	\neg		1
Firmware v	ersion/		11.029	11.034										\neg		1
Speed con	troller			010 to 03		03.019	03.020	03.021					1	\neg	-	1
Speed feed			03.002	03.003	03.004											1
Speed feed				03.027				03.031	03.042							1
Speed refe		ection	01.014	01.015	01.049	01.050	01.001									T
Status wor	d		10.040													
Supply				05.005												1
Switching				05.035												1
Thermal pi		drive	05.018						07.035	10.018						1
The same of in-	rotection -	motor	04.015		04.019								1	\neg	-	1
i nermai pi					07.040	07.047	07.040	07.040	107.050	t		1	-	-+		1
Thermistor			07.003	07.015			07.048	07.049	07.050							
Thermistor Threshold			07.003 12.001 12.002	12.0	07.046 003 to 12. 023 to 12.	.007	07.048	07.049	07.050				<u>+</u>	_		\pm

	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor		zation	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Feature							Rela	ted paramet	ers (Pr)				
Time - filter change		06.019	06.018										
Time - powered up log)	06.020	06.021	06.028									
Time - run log		06.022	06.023	06.028									
Torque		04.003	04.026	05.032									
Torque mode		04.008	04.011	04.009	04.010								
Trip detection		10.037	10.038	10.0	20 to 10.	029							
Trip log		10.0	20 to 10	.029	10.0	41 to 10	.051	06.028	10.0	70 to 10.07	9		
Under voltage		05.005	10.016	10.015									
V/F mode		05.015	05.014										
Variable selector 1		12.0	08 to 12	.015									
Variable selector 2		12.0	28 to 12	.035									
Velocity feed forward		01.039	01.040										
Voltage controller		05.031											
Voltage mode		05.014	05.017	05.023	05.015								
Voltage rating		11.033	05.009	05.005									
Voltage supply		06.044	06.046	05.005									
Warning		10.019	10.012	10.017	10.018	10.040							
Zero speed indicator b	oit	03.005	10.003										

Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

- · The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- · Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	/OLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VOI	Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started		the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

VM_ACC	Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
Definition	Open-loop mode If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Pr 01.006 / 100.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S modes If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006.

VM_AMC_ROLL_OVER		Range applied the position parameters in the advanced motion controller		
Units	User units			
Range of [MIN]	0 or -2 ³¹			
Range of [MAX]	0 or -2 ³¹ -1			
Definition	VM_AMC_ROLL_OVER[N			

VIVI AIVIC UNIPOLAR ROLL OVER		Range applied the position parameters in the advanced motion controller that are restricted to positive values
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 2 ³¹ -1	
Definition	VM_AMC_UNIPOLAR_ROVM_AMC_UNIPOLAR_RO	OLL_OVER[MAX] = VM_AMC_ROLL_OVER[MAX] OLL_OVER[MIN] = 0

VM_DC_	VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below	
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] drive voltage rating dependence of the voltage rating dependence of the voltage of the volta	

VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET		Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters		
Units	V			
Range of [MIN]	0			
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below			
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET]	[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4 [MIN] = 0		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

VM_DRIVE_CURRENT		Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.00	0
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURR by Full Scale Curre	RENT[MAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) or Kc value for the drive and is given ent Kc (11.061).
	VM_DRIVE_CURR	RENT[MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CU	Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.000
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000

[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement tage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. [MIN] = 0

VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS		Range applied the low under-voltage threshold		
Units	V			
Range of [MIN]	24			
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150			
Definition	If Back-up Mode Er	_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] nable (06.068) = 1: _VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1.		

Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D: .:	UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	R1_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
	Open-loop VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = $(I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \%$ Where: $I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times cos(sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef}))$ $I_{Mrated} = Pr \ 05.007 \sin \phi$ $I_{Trated} = Pr \ 05.007 \times cos \phi$ $cos \phi = Pr \ 05.010$ $I_{MaxRef} \text{ is } 0.7 \times Pr \ 11.061 \text{ when the motor rated current set in Pr } 05.007 \text{ is less than or equal to Pr } 11.032 \text{ (i.e. } Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of } 0.7 \times Pr \ 11.061 \text{ or } 1.1 \times Pr \ 11.060 \text{ (i.e. Normal duty).}$
Definition	RFC-A $ \label{eq:max_entropy} VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} \ / \ I_{Trated}) \ x \ 100 \ \% $ Where: $ I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \ x \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} \ / \ I_{MaxRef})) $ $I_{Mrated} = \text{Pr } \textbf{05.007} \ x \cos \phi_1 $ $ITrated = \text{Pr } \textbf{05.007} \ x \sin \phi_1 $ $\phi_1 = \cos -1 \ (\text{Pr } \textbf{05.010}) + \phi_2. \ \phi_1 \ \text{is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the $Parameter Reference Guide \text{ for more information regarding } \phi_2. $ $I_{MaxRef} \ \text{is } 0.9 \ x \ \text{Pr } \textbf{11.061} \ \text{when the motor rated current set in Pr } \textbf{05.007} \ \text{is less than or equal to Pr } \textbf{11.032} \ \text{(i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of } 0.9 \ x \ \text{Pr } \textbf{11.061} \ \text{or } 1.1 \ x \ \text{Pr } \textbf{11.060} \ \text{(i.e. Normal duty).} $
	RFC-S and Regen VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{MaxRef} / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I _{MaxRef} is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of 0.9 x Pr 11.061 or 1.1 x Pr 11.060 (i.e. Normal duty).
	For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use Pr 21.007 instead of Pr 05.007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

	VE_REF_CLAMP1 VE_REF_CLAMP2	Limits applied to the	negative frequency or speed clamp					
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mr	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s						
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0						
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 500	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0						
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]				
Definition	0	0	0.0	Pr 01.006				
Deminion	0	1	0.0	0.0				
	1	1 X -VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] 0.0						
	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CL	AMP2 is defined in the	same way except that Pr 21.001 is used it	nstead of Pr 01.006.				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

VM_POSITIVE_	REF_CLAMP1						
VM_POSITIVE_	_REF_CLAMP2	mits applied to the positive frequency or speed reference clamp					
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s						
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0						
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.	0					
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>Maximum</i> (01.006), which in turn limit the references. In RFC-A and RFC-S modes a limit is applied so that th does not exceed the speed where the drive can no longer interpret the feedback signal correctly as below. The limit is based on the position feedback device selected with <i>Motor Control Feedback Se</i> possible to disable this limit if the <i>RFC Feedback Mode</i> (03.024) ≥ 1 (i.e. VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLA that the motor can be operated at a speed above the level where the drive can interpret the feedba mode. It should be noted that the position feedback device itself may have a maximum speed limit those given in the table. Care should be taken not to exceed a speed that would cause damage to the device.						
	Feedback device	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]					
	AB, AB Servo	(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution) rpm (500 kHz / linear line pitch in mm) mm/s					
Definition	FD, FR, FD Servo, FR Servo	(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution)/2 rpm (500 kHz / linear line pitch in mm)/2 mm/s					
	SC, SC Hiper, SC EnDat, SC SSI, SC Servo	(500 kHz x 60 / sine waves per revolution) rpm (500 kHz / linear sine wave pitch in mm) mm/s					
	Resolver	(1000 Hz x 60 / resolver pole pairs) rpm (1000 Hz / pole pitch in mm / resolver pole pairs) mm/s					
	Any other device	50000.0 rpm or mm/s					
	In open-loop mode VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] is fixed at 550.0 Hz In RFC mode a limit is applied to the speed reference of 550 x 60 / Motor pole pairs. Therefore, with a 4 pole motor the limit for VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] will be 16,500 rpm.						
	1[MIN] = 0.0						
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP	2 is defined in the same way as VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except 2[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>M2 Maximum Reference</i>					

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition		ng dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor.
Definition		VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000
	VM_POWER[MIN] = -VM_	POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [MAX] = Maximum Rated Current (11.060) and is dependent on the drive rating. This is the Normal Duty rating of the drive. VM_RATED_CURRENT [MIN] = 0.00

Safety information	Product	Mechanical	Electrical installation	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	DI C	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	ŭ	information

VM_REGEN	_REACTIVE	Range applied to the reactive current reference in Regen mode
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	where ILimit gives the highest le values. If the current limit current capability left for t used for the reactive curr current limit due to the m	evel of the active current reference that can occur. This value is defined by the current limit ts are all set to their maximum values (i.e. VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT) then there is no the reactive current. However, if the current limits are reduced the resulting headroom can be rent. ILimit is defined by a combination of all the current limits excluding any reduction of the otor thermal model. [MIN] = - VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX]

	VM_SPEED	Range applied to parameters showing speed
Units	Open-loop, RFC-A	RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC-A	RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC-A	RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
		num/maximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot wice the range of the speed references.
Definition	VM_SPEED[MAX]	= 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	VM_SPEED[MIN] =	2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]

VM_SPI	EED_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or	mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0. RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3000 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5	
Definition	If Pr 01.008 = 1: VM_SI If the second motor mal Pr 01.007 .	PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger. p is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instead of EF[MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].

VM_SPEED_FREC	_REF_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D: "	UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

VM_SPEED_FR	REQ_USER_REFS F	Range applied to some	e Menu 1 reference parameters						
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s								
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to	Open-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 50000.0							
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0							
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] Negative Reference Bipolar Reference Clamp Enable (01.008) Enable (01.010) VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]								
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007						
Benniuon	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]						
	1	0	0.0						
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]						

VM_STD_UN	DER_VOLTS Range applied to the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_SUPPLY	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_SWITCHING	FREQUENCY Range applied the switching frequency parameters
Units	
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	6
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0

VM_TOF	QUE_CURRENT	Range applied to torque and	torque producing current parameters				
Units	%						
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0						
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0						
	Select Mot	tor 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]				
Definition		0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]				
		1 VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMI					
	VM TORQUE CURI	RENT[MIN] = -VM TORQUE CURF	RENTIMAXI				

					1		1						
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	g	information
				- 10 10 0.	p =			- p		,			

VM_TORQUE_CUF	Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0

VM_USER	CURRENT Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) VM_USER_CURRENT[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX]

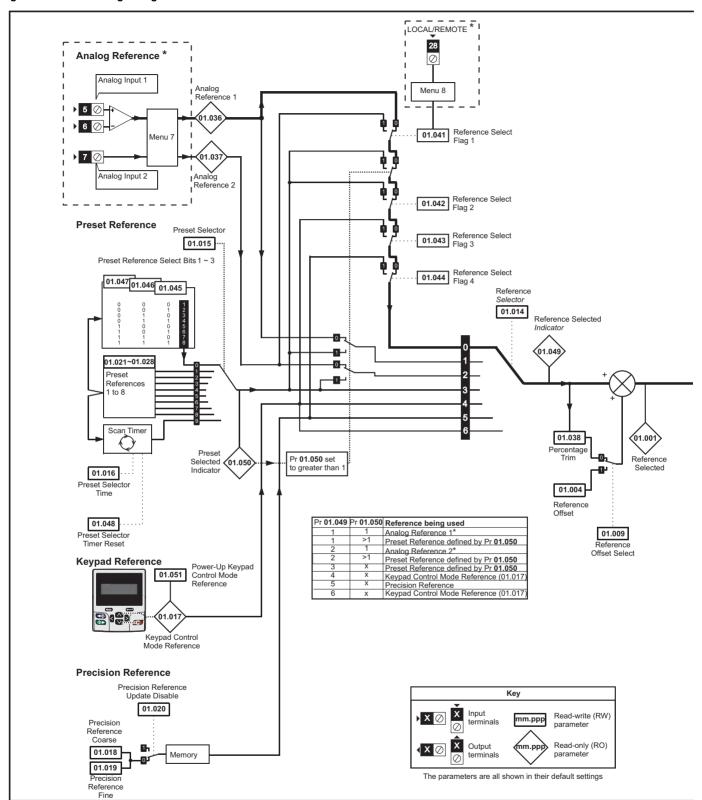
VM_USER_CURF	RENT_HIGH_RES Range ap places	plied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.00	
Definition		MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal place MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX]

Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

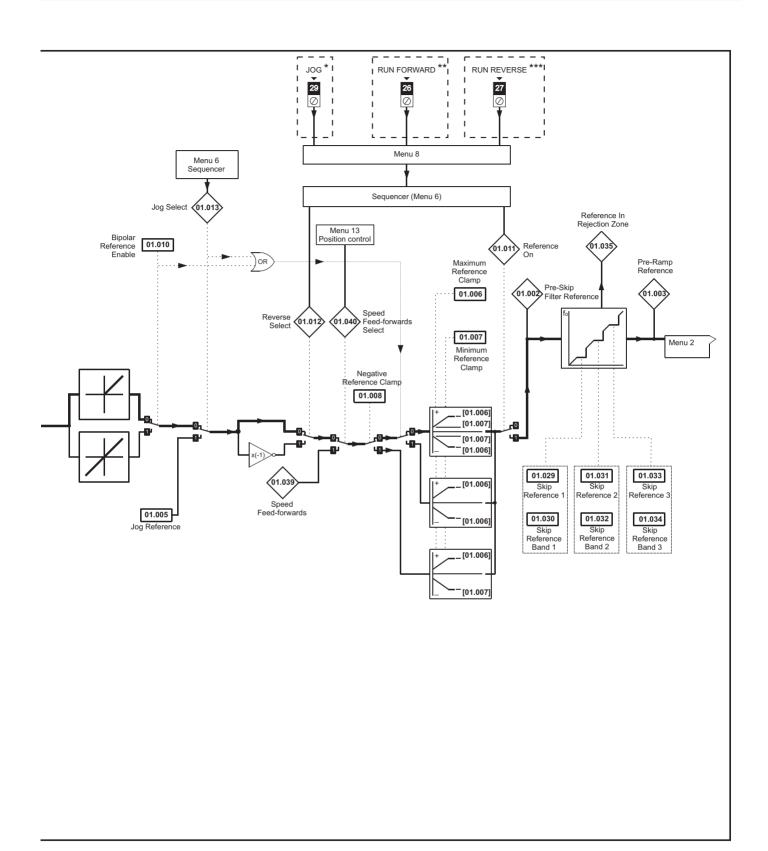
Variable min/max		Voltage level (V)									
variable min/max	200 V	400 V	575 V	690 V							
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	400	800	955	1150							
VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	415	830	990	1190							
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	240	480	575	690							
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650	780	930							
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330	435	435							
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN]	205	410	540	540							
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	1500	1500	1500	1500							

11.1 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



^{*} Not available on Unidrive M702.



^{*} Not available on Unidrive M702.

^{**} Terminal 7 on Unidrive M702.

^{***} Terminal 8 on Unidrive M702.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information information installation installation installation installation in the material ins

		Rang	ge(1)	Ī	Default(⇔)		T					\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	1		Тур	е		
01.001	Reference Selected	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	±VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-Skip Filter Reference	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz					RO	Num	ND		PT	
01.003	Pre-Ramp Reference	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	±VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\overline{}$
01.004	Reference Offset	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	±VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.0 - 400.0 Hz	0.0 - 4000.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50Hz: 1500.0 60Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp	Off (0) o	or On (1)		RW	Bit				US		
01.009	Reference Offset Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) o		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
01.011	Reference On	Off (0) o	or On (1)		. ,		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	\equiv
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	РТ	
01.013	Jog Select	, ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	$\overline{}$
01.014	Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0)*, A1 Prese Preset (3), Keypa Keypac		A1 A2 (0)**		RW	Txt	ND			US	
01.015	Preset Selector	0 t		0		RW	Num				US	
01.016	Preset Selector Time		100.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	±VM_SPEED_FR		0.0		RO	Num		NC	PT	PS	
01.018	Precision Reference Coarse	±VM_SPEED		0.0		RW	Num				US	
01.019	Precision Reference Fine	0.000 to 0.099 Hz		0.000		RW	Num				us	
01.020	Precision Reference Update Disable	Off (0) o		RW	Bit		NC					
01.021	Preset Reference 1	±VM_SPEED	D_FREQ_REF	0.0				Num				US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	±VM_SPEED	D_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.023	Preset Reference 3	±VM_SPEED)_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF	0.0				Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF	0.0				Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	РТ	
01.036	Analog Reference 1	±VM SPEED FREQ USER	±VM SPEED FREQ USER		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Reference 2	REFS Hz	REFS rpm	1	0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.038	Percentage Trim	±100	0.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num		NC		
01.039	Speed Feed-forwards	±VM SPEED	_FREQ_REF				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.040	Speed Feed-forwards Select		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	()	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2		or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3	, ,	or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.044	Reference Select Flag 4	` ,	or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1		or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		\vdash
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2	, ,	or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		\vdash
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	. ,	or On (1)	1	Off (0)		RW	Bit	-	NC		\neg
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset	Off (0) o		Off (0)		RW	Bit	 	NC		-	
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator	()	to 6		\-\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator		to 8				RO	Num		NC		-
01.051	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference		t (1), Preset (2)		Reset (0)		RW	Txt		-		US
01.052	Hand/Off/Auto Operating Mode	0 t	to 3		0		RW	Num	 			US
01.055	Linear Speed Select		Off (0) or On (1)		Off ((0)	RW	Bit	 			US
01.056	Linear Speed Selected		Off (0) or On (1)			. ,	RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.057	Force Reference Direction	None (0), Forwar	rd (1), Reverse (2)		None (0)		RW	Txt	H	H		-
		(-//		-	- \ - /					1		

^{*} Not available on Unidrive M702.

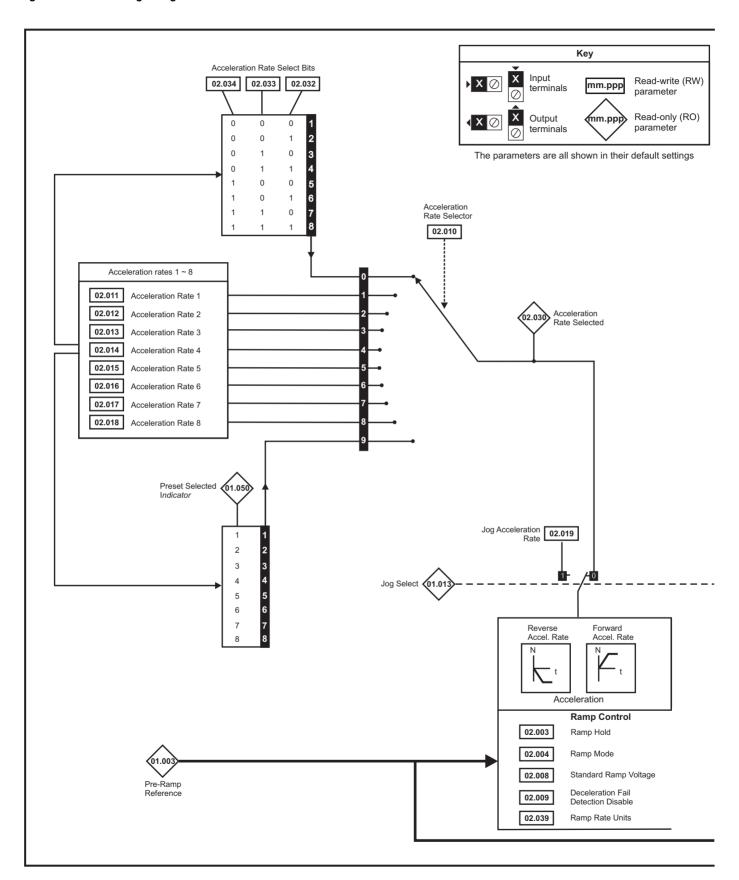
^{**} Preset (3) on Unidrive M702.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

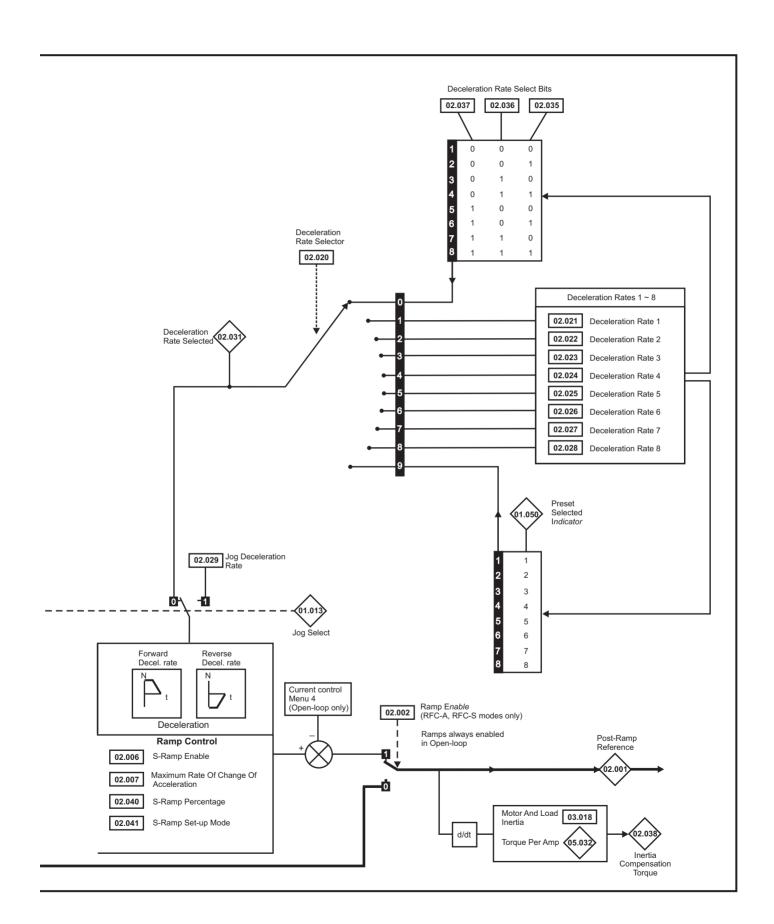
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.2 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Onboard Advanced Technical **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information the motor PLC information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data

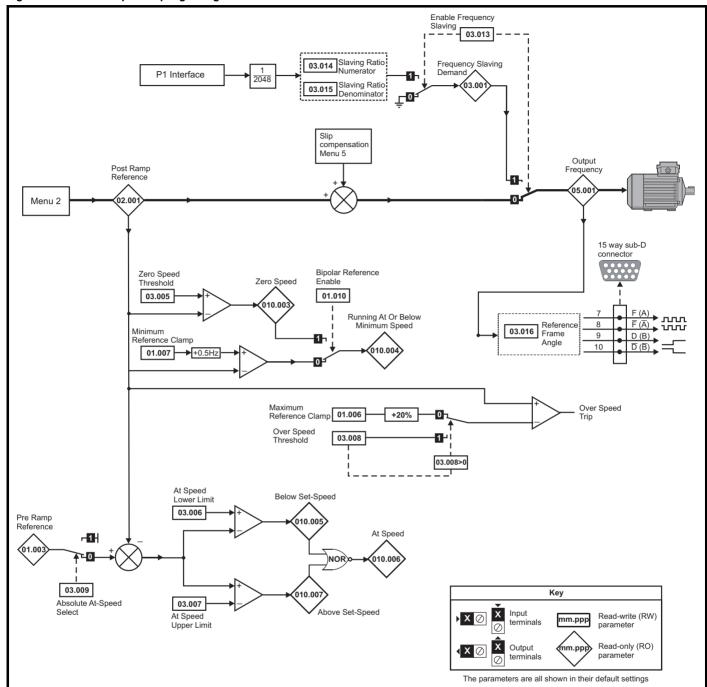


		Rand	ge(‡)	De	efault(⇔)		<u> </u>						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	l		Тур	е			
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
02.002	Ramp Enable	REF Hz	REF rpm Off (0) or On (1)		On	(1)	RW	Bit				US	
02.003	Ramp Hold	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)	(-)	RW	Bit				US	
02.004	Ramp Mode	Fast (0), Standard (1),	Fast (0), Standard (1)	St	andard (1)		RW	Txt				US	
02.005	Disable Ramp Output	Std boost (2)	Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US	
02.005	S Ramp Enable	Off (0) (or On (1)		Off (0)	(0)	RW	Bit				US	
02.007	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration	0.0 to 300.0 s ² /100 Hz	0.000 to 100.000 s ² /1000 rpm	` '			RW	Num				US	
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage	±VM_DC_VO	200 V drive: 375 V 50 Hz - 400 V drive: 750 V 60 Hz - 400 V drive: 775 V 575 V drive: 895 V 690 V drive: 1075 V				Num		RA		US		
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	Off (0) o		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US		
02.010	Acceleration Rate Selector		0 9		0	1	RW	Num				US	
02.011	Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.012	Acceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.013	Acceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACCEL_RATE		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.014	Acceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACCEL_RATE		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.015	Acceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACCEL_RATE		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.016	Acceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACCEL_RATE		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.017	Acceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACCEL_RATE ±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz s/1000 rpm		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACCEL_RATE		5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.019	Jog Acceleration Rate	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	0.2	0.0	00	RW	Num				US		
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector	s/100 Hz s/1000 rpm 0 to 9			0		RW	Num				US	
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.024	Deceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.025	Deceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.026	Deceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.027	Deceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.028	Deceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US	
02.029	Jog Deceleration Rate	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm	0.2	0.0	00	RW	Num				US	
02.030	Acceleration Rate Selected	0 t	0 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
02.031	Deceleration Rate Selected	0 t	o 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 0	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC			
02.033	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1	. ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC			
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 2	. ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		<u> </u>	
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0	. ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1 Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2	. ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC			
02.037 02.038	Inertia Compensation Torque	Off (0) o	or On (1) +1000 0 %		Off (0)		RW	Bit Num	ND	NC NC	PT		
02.039	Ramp Rate Units	±1000.0 % Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Blt	ND	INC	F I	US	
02.040	S Ramp Percentage	0.0 to		0.0 %		RW					US		
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode		0.0 %			RW	Num				US		
02.042	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 1	0 to 2 1 0.0 to 300.0 0.000 to 100.000		0.0	0.0	00	RW	Num				US	
02.043	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 2	0.0 to 300.0	0.000 to 100.000	0.0	0.0	00	RW	Num				US	
02.044	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 3	0.0 to 300.0	0.000 to 100.000	0.0	0.0	00	RW	Num				US	
02.045	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 4	0.0 to 300.0	0.000 to 100.000	0.0	0.0	00	RW	Num				US	
02.050	Timing Options Select		0000 to 1111		000	01	RW	Bin				US	
02.051	Timing Options Active		0000 to 1111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

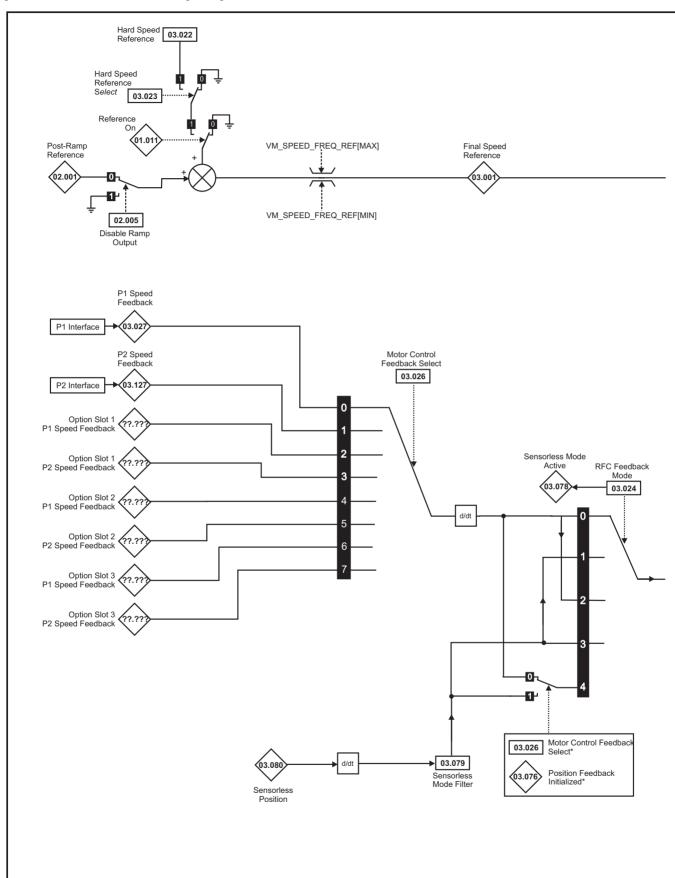
11.3 Menu 3: Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



Product Electrical Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information PLC information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data

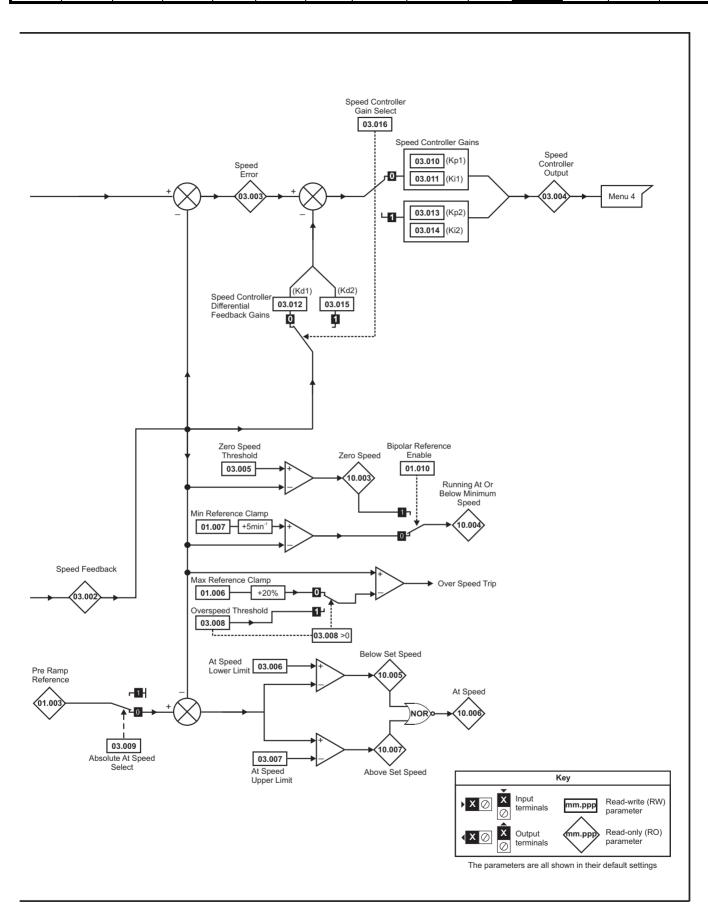
Figure 11-4 Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



NOTE

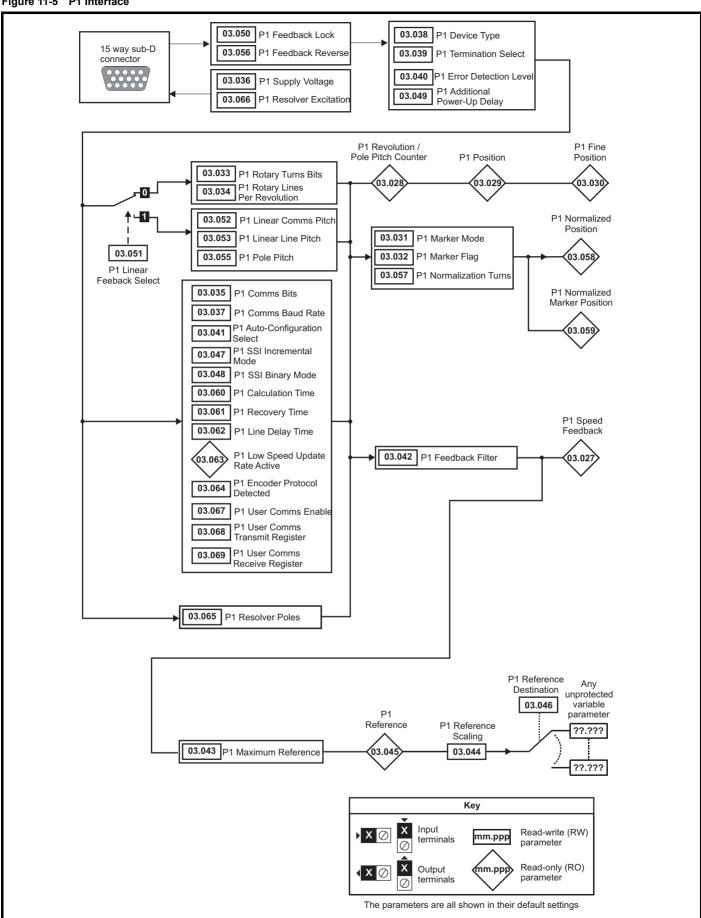
^{*} Automatic change over if the relevant 'bit' of Position Feedback Initialized (03.076) is 0.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information the motor PLC information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data



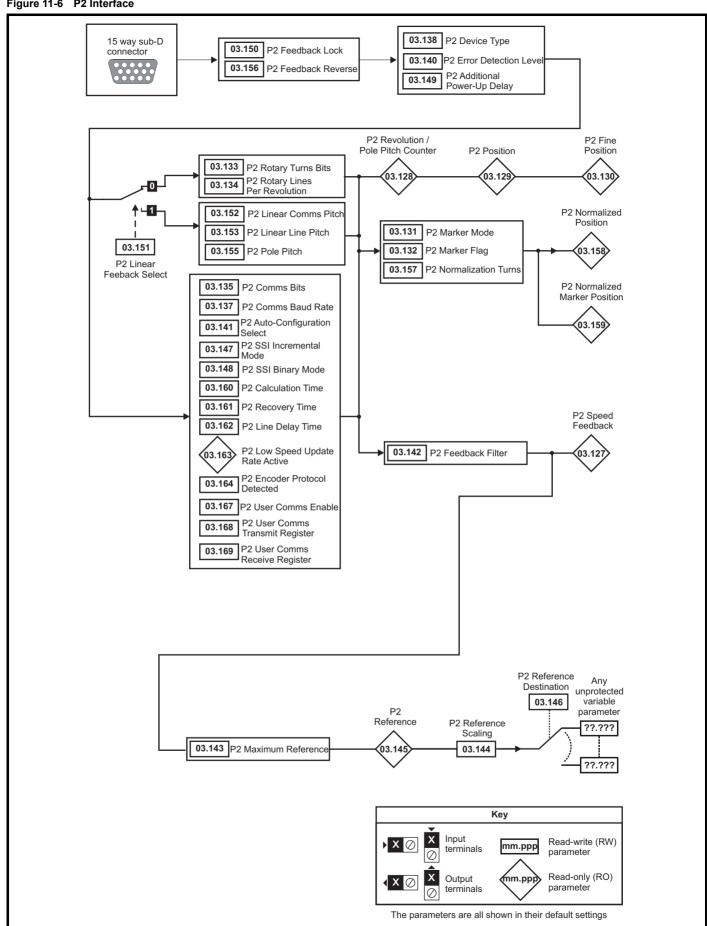
NV Media Card **UL** listing Running Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters data information

Figure 11-5 P1 Interface



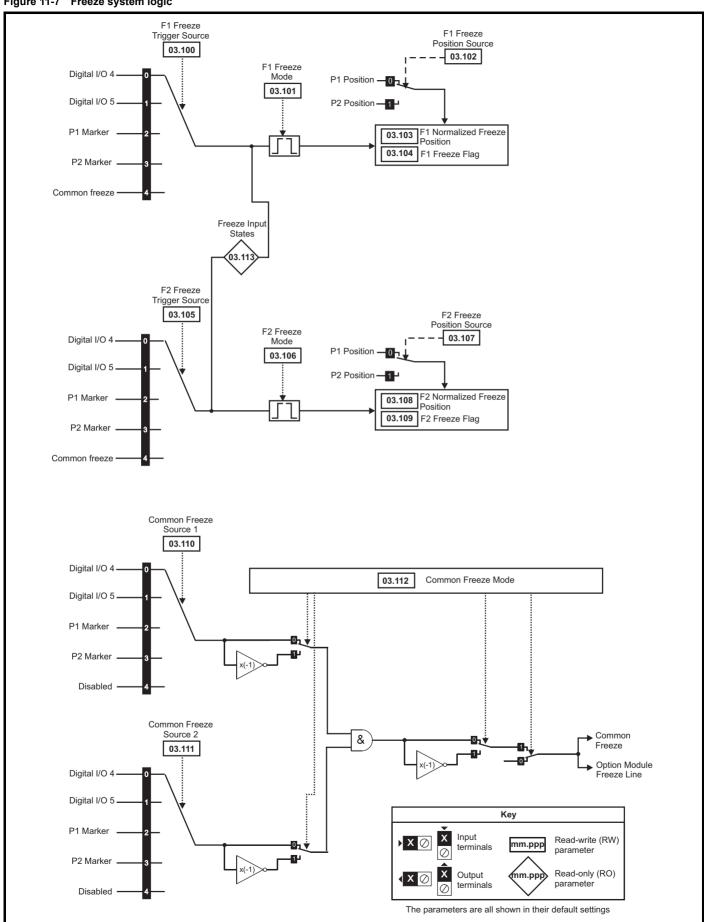
Electrical Basic NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Running Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters data information

Figure 11-6 P2 Interface



Product Mechanical Electrical Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information PLC information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data

Figure 11-7 Freeze system logic



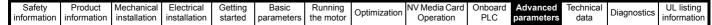
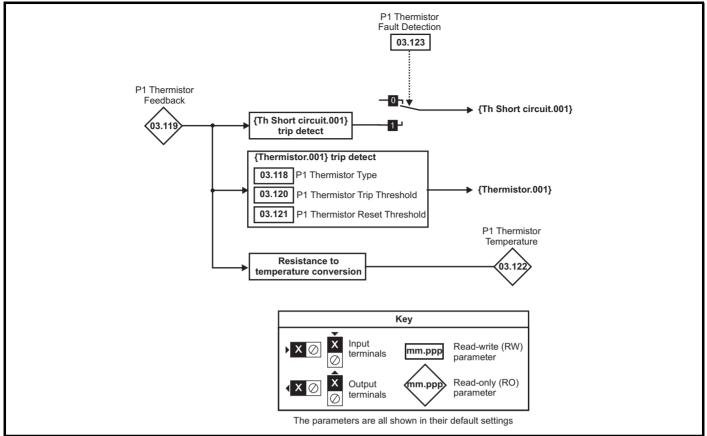
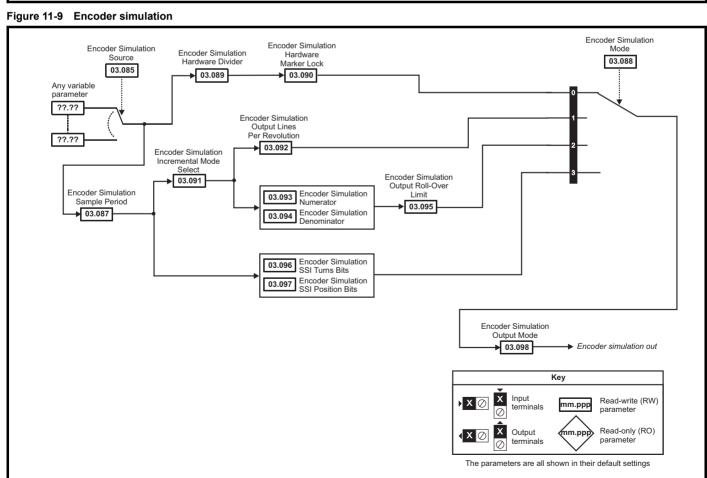


Figure 11-8 P1 Position feedback interface thermistor input





			Range			Default							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	ie		
03.001	Open-loop> Frequency Slaving Demand	±1000.0 Hz						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.001	RFC> Final Speed Reference		±VM_SI	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedback		±VM_SF	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error		±VM_SF	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Speed Controller Output		±VM_TORQUE_	_CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Speed Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 200	0 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 r	pm	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Lower Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33,0	00 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 r	pm	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Speed Upper Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33,0	00 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 r	pm	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed Threshold	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 40,0	00 rpm	0.0 Hz		pm	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Speed Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit	ļ			US
03.010	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.0000 to 200			0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
03.011	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.	.35 s ² /rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	RFC> Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.6	65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Open-loop> Enable Frequency Slaving	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
	RFC> Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp2	(p2 0.0000 to 200.0000 s/rad 0.000 to 1.000 0.000 to 655.35 s ² /rad				0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Numerator	0.00 to 655.35 s ² /rad		1.000			RW	Num	<u> </u>			US	
	RFC> Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki2	0.001 to 1.000			0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US	
03.015	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Denominator	0.001 to 1.000			1.000			RW	Num				US
03.015	RFC> Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0.6	65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.016	Open-loop> Reference Frame Angle	0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	RFC> Speed Controller Gain Select		Off (0) or			Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.017	Speed Controller Set-up Method		Disabled (0), B. Comp An Kp Gain Tim Low Perform Std Perform High Perform First Orc	ngle (2), nes 16 (3), nance (4), nance (5), mance (6),		Disabl	led (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.018	Motor And Load Inertia		0.00000 to 1000	0.00000 kgm ²		0.0000	0 kgm ²	RW	Num				US
03.019	Compliance Angle		0.0 to 30	60.0 °		4.0	0 °	RW	Num				US
03.020	Bandwidth		5 to 100	00 Hz		10	Hz	RW	Num				US
03.021	Damping Factor		0.0 to	10.0		1.	.0	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Speed Reference		±VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF	±VM_SPEED		0.	.0	RW	Num				US
03.023	Hard Speed Reference Select		Off (0) or	On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.024	RFC Feedback Mode		Feedback (0), S Feedback N Sensorless I	loMax (2),		Feedb	ack (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.025	Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9 °		•		RW	Num	ND			US
03.026	Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Drive (0), F P1 Slot 1 (2), F P1 Slot 2 (4), F P1 Slot 3 (6), F	P2 Slot 1 (3), P2 Slot 2 (5),		P1 Dri	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.027	P1 Speed Feedback		±VM_SPEED	. ,				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.028	P1 Revolution/Pole Pitch Counter		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.029	P1 Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.030	P1 Fine Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.031	P1 Marker Mode		0000 to 1111			0100		RW	Bin				US
03.032	P1 Marker Flag		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.033	P1 Rotary Turns Bits	0 to 16				16		RW	Num				US
03.034	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution	1 to 100000			10	024	4096	RW	Num				US
03.035	P1 Comms Bits	0 to 48				0	1	RW	Num				US
4	D4.0 1.37.11	E)	/ (0) 0) / (4) 45) / (0	Λ.		5V (0)		RW	Txt	†			US
03.036	P1 Supply Voltage	51	/ (0), 8V (1), 15V (2)		37 (0)			170				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	P		Range			Default				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
03.038	P1 Device Type	FR Servo (5), S SC EnDat (9), SS BiSS (13)	FR (2), AB Servo (3) C (6), SC Hiperface SI (10), SC SSI (11)), Resolver (14), SC commutation Only (16)	(7), EnDat (8), , SC Servo (12), SC (15),	AE	3 (0)	AB Servo (3)	RW	Txt				US
03.039	P1 Termination Select		0 to 2			1	J.	RW	Num				US
03.040	P1 Error Detection Level		0000 to 1111		0000	00	01	RW	Bin				US
03.041	P1 Auto-configuration Select	Disa	abled (0) or Enabled	(1)		Enabled (1)		RW	Txt				US
03.042	P1 Feedback Filter	Disabled (0),	1 (1), 2 (2), 4 (3), 8 ((4), 16 (5) ms		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.043	P1 Maximum Reference		0 to 33,000 rpm		150	0 rpm	3000 rpm	RW	Num				US
03.044	P1 Reference Scaling		0.000 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
03.045	P1 Reference		±100.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.046	P1 Reference destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
03.047	P1 SSI Incremental Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.048	P1 SSI Binary Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.049	P1 Additional Power-up Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			0.0 s		RW	Num				US
03.050	P1 Feedback Lock		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.051	P1 Linear Feedback Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.052	P1 Linear Comms Pitch		0.001 to 100.000			0.001		RW	Num				US
03.053	P1 Linear Line Pitch		0.001 to 100.000	(4)		0.001 millimetres (0)		RW RW	Num				US
03.055	P1 Linear Comms And Line Pitch Units		tres (0) or micromet	, ,		10.00 mm		RW	Txt				US
03.056	P1 Pole Pitch		0.01 to 1000.00 mm			Off (0)		RW	Num				US
03.057	P1 Feedback Reverse P1 Normalization Turns	Off (0) or On (1) 0 to 16				16		RO	Num				US
03.058		04.45	., .,			10		RO		ND	NO	PT	03
	P1 Normalized Position	-2147483648 to 2147483647							Num	ND	NC		
03.059	P1 Normalized Marker Position	-2147	7483648 to 2147483	3647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.060	P1 Calculation Time		0 to 20 μs			5 µs		RW	Num				US
03.061	P1 Recovery Time		5 to 100 μs			30 µs		RW	Num				US
03.062	P1 Line Delay Time		0 to 5000 ns					RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
03.063	P1 Low Speed Update Rate Active		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.064	P1 Encoder Protocol Detected		Hiperface (1), EnDa nDat 2.2 (3), BiSS (4					RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.065	P1 Resolver Poles	2 Pc	oles (1) to 20 Poles ((10)		2 Pole (1)		RW	Txt				US
03.066	P1 Resolver Excitation	6kHz 3V (0), 8kH	Hz 3V (1), 6kHz 2V ((2), 8kHz 2V (3)		6kHz (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.067	P1 User Comms Enable		0 to 1			0		RW	Num				US
03.068	P1 User Comms Transmit Register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.069	P1 User Comms Receive register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.070	P1 Position Feedback Signals		000000 to 111111					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.071	P1 Error Detected		Off (0) or On (1)					RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.075	Initialise Position Feedback		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.076	Position Feedback Initialized	0000	0000000 to 1111111			0000000000		RO	Bin		NC	PT	
03.078	Sensorless Mode Active		Off (0) or 4 (0), 8 (1), 16	. ,		1		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter		64 (4)) ms		4 (0) ms	RW	Txt	ND	NO	DT	US
03.080	Sensorless Position		-2147483648 to	214/483647		O# (0)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1.00
03.083	Full Motor Object Nameplate Transfer		Off (0) or On (1)		0.040	Off (0)	200	RW	Bit				US
03.085	Encoder Simulation Source	0.000 to 59.999			3.016	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
03.086	Encoder Simulation Status	None (0), Full (1), No Marker Pulse (2) 0.25 (0), 1 (1), 4, (2), 16 (3) ms			4 (2) ma	0.25	(0) ma	RO RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.088	Encoder Simulation Sample Period Encoder Simulation Mode	Hardware (0), Lines Per Rev (1), Ratio (2), SSI (3)			4 (2) ms Lines Per Rev (1)		(0) ms rare (0)	RW	Txt Txt				US
03.089	Encoder Simulation Hardware Divider		0 to 7		- (-/	0		RW	Num				US
03.090	Encoder Simulation Hardware Marker Lock		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.091	Encoder Simulation Incremental Mode Select		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	1	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.092	Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution		1 to 16384		1024		96	RW	Num				US
03.093	Encoder Simulation Numerator		1 to 65536			65536		RW	Num				US
03.094	Encoder Simulation Denominator		1 to 65536			65536		RW	Num				US

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	A	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

		Range	Default							
	Parameter	OL RFC-A RFC-S	OL RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		ŀ
03.095	Encoder Simulation Output Roll-over Limit	1 to 65535	65535		RW	Num				US
03.096	Encoder Simulation SSI Turns Bits	0 to 16	16		RW	Num			1	US
03.097	Encoder Simulation SSI Position Bits	2 to 48	33		RW	Num				US
03.098	Encoder Simulation Output Mode	AB/Gray (0), FD/Binary (1), FR/Binary (2)	AB/Gray (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.100	F1 Freeze Trigger Source	Dig I/O 4 (0), Dig I/O 5 (1), Z1 (2), Z2 (3), Common (4)	Dig I/O 4 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.101	F1 Freeze Mode	Rising 1st (0), Falling 1st (1), Rising all (2),	Rising 1st (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.102	F1 Freeze Position Source	Falling all (3) P1 (0) or P2 (1)	P1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.103	F1 Normalized Freeze Position	-2147483648 to 2147483647	(0)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	03
03.103	F1 Freeze Flag	-2147463646 to 2147463647 Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.104		, , , , ,	Dig I/O 4 (0)		RW	Txt	ND	140	· ·	US
	F2 Freeze Trigger Source	Dig I/O 4 (0), Dig I/O 5 (1), Z1 (2), Z2 (3), Common (4) Rising 1st (0), Falling 1st (1), Rising all (2),								
03.106	F2 Freeze Mode	Falling all (3)	Rising 1st (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.107	F2 Freeze Position Source	P1 (0) or P2 (1)	P1 (0)		RW	Txt			L	US
03.108	F2 Normalized Freeze Position	-2147483648 to 2147483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.109	F2 Freeze Flag	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.110	Common Freeze Source 1	Dig I/O 4 (0), Dig I/O 5 (1), Z1 (2), Z2 (3), Disabled (4)	Dig I/O 4 (0)		RW	Txt			<u> </u>	US
03.111	Common Freeze Source 2	Dig I/O 4 (0), Dig I/O 5 (1), Z1 (2), Z2 (3), Disabled (4)	Dig I/O 4 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.112	Common Freeze Mode	0000 to 1111	0000		RW	Bin				US
03.113	Freeze Input States	00 to 11			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.118	P1 Thermistor Type	DIN44082 (0), KTY84 (1), 0.8mA (2)	DIN44082 (0)		RW	Txt			 	US
03.119	P1 Thermistor Feedback	0 to 10000 Ω			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.120	P1 Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to 10000 Ω	3300 Ω		RW	Num				US
03.121	P1 Thermistor Reset Threshold	0 to 10000 Ω	1800 Ω		RW	Num				US
03.122	P1 Thermistor Temperature	-50 to 300 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.123	P1 Thermistor Fault Detection	None (0), Temperature (1), Temp or Short (2)	None (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.127	P2 Speed Feedback	±VM_SPEED			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.128	P2 Revolution/Pole Pitch Counter	0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.129	P2 Position	0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.130	P2 Fine Position	0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.131	P2 Marker Mode	0000 to 1111	0000		RW	Bin			1	US
03.132	P2 Marker Flag	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.133	P2 Rotary Turns Bits	0 to 16	16		RW	Num				US
03.134	P2 Rotary Lines Per Revolution	0 to 100000	1024	4096	RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
03.135	P2 Comms Bits	0 to 48	0		RW	Num				US
03.137	P2 Comms Baud Rate	100k (0), 200k (1), 300k (2), 400k (3), 500k (4), 1M (5), 1.5M (6), 2M (7), 4M (8) Baud	300K (2) Baud		RW	Txt				US
03.138	P2 Device type	None (0), AB (1), FD (2), FR (3), EnDat (4), SSI (5), BiSS (6)	None (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.140	P2 Error Detection Level	0000 to 1111	0001		RW	Bin	L		 L	US
03.141	P2 Auto-configuration Select	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	Enabled (1)		RW	Txt				US
03.142	P2 Feedback Filter	Disabled (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 4 (3), 8 (4), 16 (5) ms	Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.143	P2 Maximum Reference	0 to 33,000 rpm	1500 rpm	3000 rpm	RW	Num				US
03.144	P2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000		RW	Num				US
03.145	P2 Reference	±100.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.146	P2 Reference Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
03.147	P2 SSI Incremental Mode	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.148	P2 SSI Binary Mode	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.149	P2 Additional Power-up Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s	0.0 s		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
03.150	P2 Feedback Lock	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.151	P2 Linear Feedback Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit			<u> </u>	US
03.152	P2 Linear Comms Pitch	0.001 to 100.000	0.001		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
03.153	P2 Linear Line Pitch	0.001 to 100.000	0.001		RW	Txt				US
03.154	P2 Linear Comms And Line Pitch Units	Millimetres (0) or Micrometres (1)	Millimetres (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.155	P2 Pole Pitch	0.01 to 1000.00 mm	10.00 mm		RW	Num				US
03.156	P2 Feedback Reverse	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.157	P2 Normalization Turns	0 to 16	16		RO	Num				US
03.158	P2 Normalized Position	-2147483648 to 2147483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.159	P2 Normalized Marker Position	2147483648 to 2147483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
										1

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

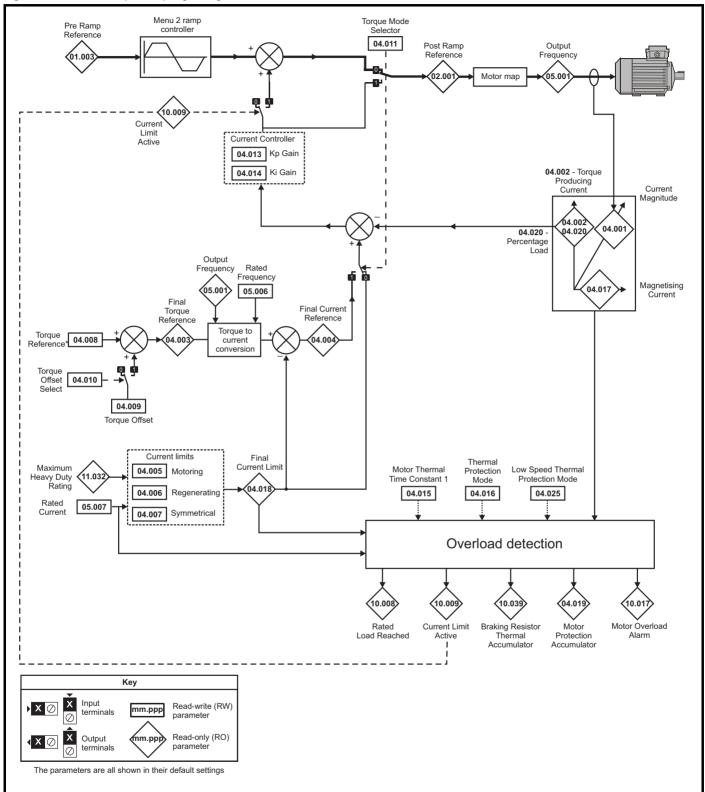
	Davamatav		Range			Default				Т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
03.160	P2 Calculation Time		0 to 20 μs			5 µs		RW	Num				US
03.161	P2 Recovery Time		5 to 100 μs			30 µs		RW	Num				US
03.162	P2 Line Delay Time		0 to 5000 ns					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
03.163	P2 Low Speed Update Rate Active		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.164	P2 Encoder Protocol Detected		, Hiperface (1), EnDa EnDat 2.2 (3), BiSS (4					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.167	P2 User Comms Enable		0 to 1			0		RW	Num				US
03.168	P2 User Comms Transmit Register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num				
03.169	P2 User Comms Receive Register		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num				
03.171	P2 Error Detected		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.172	P2 Status	None (0), AB (1 BiSS (6), En[), FD (2), FR (3), En Dat Alt (7), SSI Alt (8	Dat (4), SSI (5),), BiSS Alt (9)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

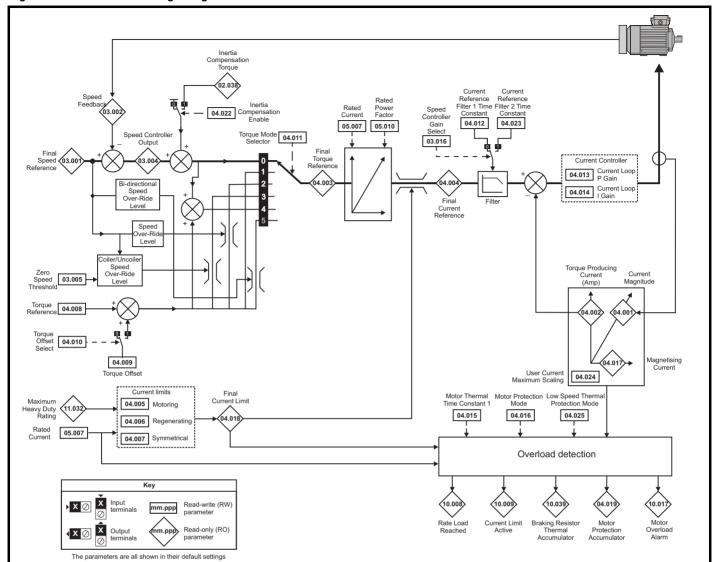
11.4 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 11-10 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



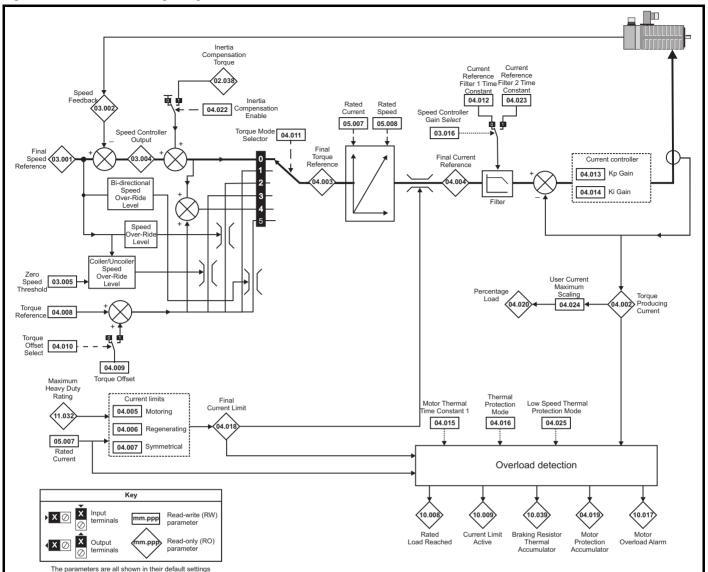
Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Onboard Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information information PLC information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data

Figure 11-11 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Product Electrical Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information PLC information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data information

Figure 11-12 Menu 4 RFC-S logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

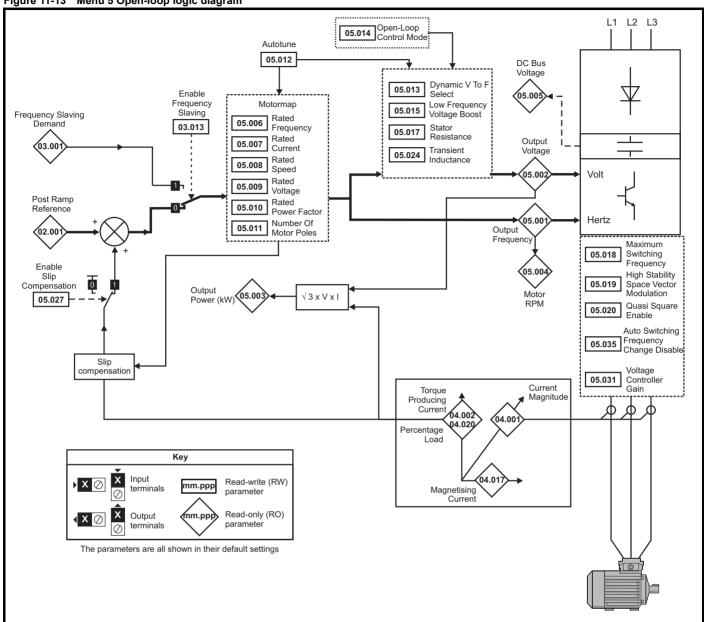
	Parameter	Range	(₺)		Default(⇔)				T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	±VM_DRIVE_CURRE	NT_UNIPOLAR A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current	±VM_DRIVE_C	URRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175	0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175	.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	±VM_USER_CURREN	NT_HIGH_RES %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
04.009	Torque Offset	±VM_USER_CU	JRRENT %		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.010	Torque Offset Select	Off (0) or (On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5		0		RW	Num				US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0 to 300	000	20	15	50	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0 to 300	000	40	20	00	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1.0 to 300	0.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	00 to 1		00		RW	Bin				US	
04.017	Magnetising Current	±VM_DRIVE_C	URRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 100	0.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	±VM_USER_CU	JRRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current feedback filter disable	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
04.023	Current Reference Filter 2 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	±VM_TORQUE_CURRE	ENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %	175	0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode	0 to 1	1		0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	±VM_USER_CURRENT %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.027	Low Load Detection Level	0.0 to 100	0.0 %		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.028	Low Load Detection Speed/Frequency Threshold	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_	REF_UNIPOLAR		0.0		RW	Num				US
04.029	Enable Trip On Low Load	Off (0) or 0		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
04.030	Current Controller Mode			Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US	
04.031	Notch Filter Centre Frequency			100	Hz	RW	Num				US	
04.032	Notch Filter Bandwidth			0	Hz	RW	Num				US	
04.033	Inertia Times 1000			Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US	
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Power down (0), Zero	(1), Real time (2)		Power down (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	1.0 to 300	0.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	0 to 100) %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses	0 to 100) %		0 %		RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

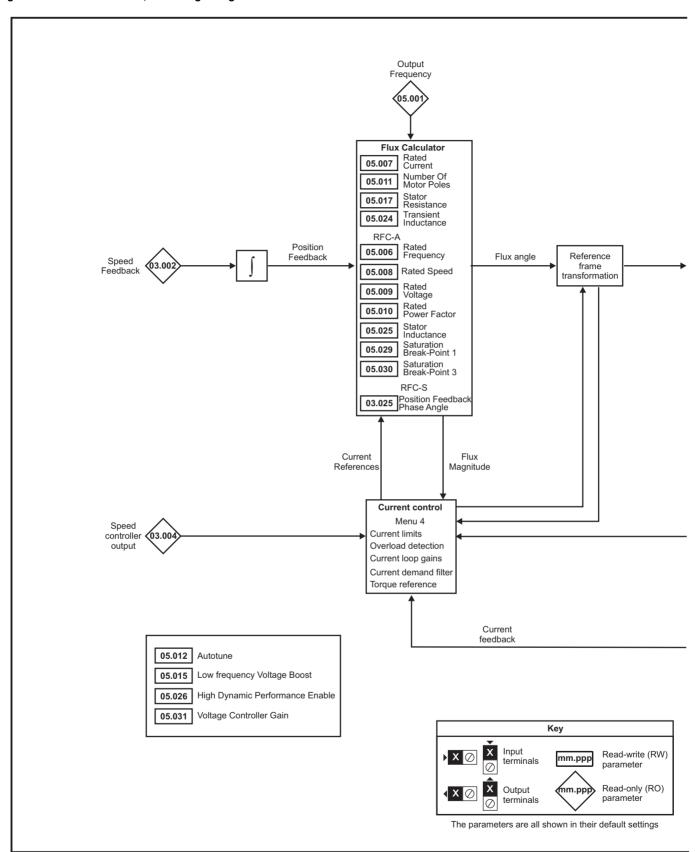
11.5 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 11-13 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

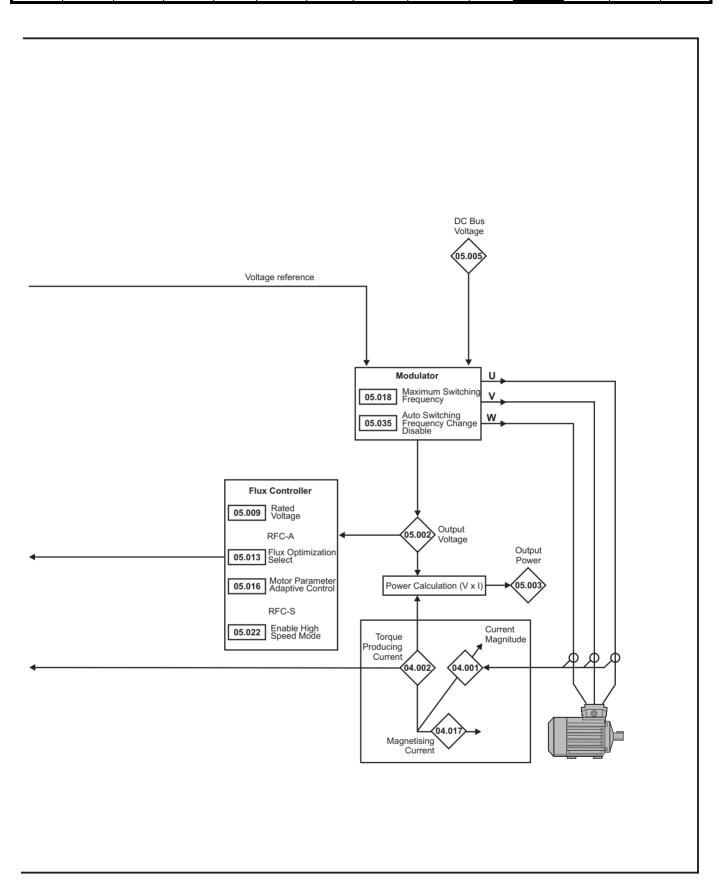


Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 11-14 Menu 5 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC UL listing information Advanced Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic NV Media Card Technical Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation parameters parameters Operation data



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

			Range(\$)			Default(⇔)	_ Type						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	oe			
05.001	Output Frequency	±VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF	±2000	0.0 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.002	Output Voltage	_	M_AC_VOLTAGE \	/				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.003	Output Power	±	VM_POWER kW					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.004	Motor Rpm	±180000 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.005	DC Bus Voltage	±VI	/_DC_VOLTAGE \	/				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.006	Rated Frequency	0.0 to 55	0.0 Hz			z: 50.0 z: 60.0		RW	Num				US	
05.007	Rated Current	±VM_	RATED_CURREN	TA	Maximum	Heavy Duty R	ating 11.032	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.008	Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 330	000.00 rpm	50Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50Hz: 1450.00 rpm 60Hz: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US	
05.009	Rated Voltage	±VM_	_AC_VOLTAGE_SI	ET	50 H 60 H	200V drive: 230 z - 400V drive z - 400V drive 575V drive: 579	: 400 V : 460 V	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.010	Rated Power Factor	0.000 to	1.000		0.8	350		RW	Num		RA		US	
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles	Automat	ic (0) to 480 Poles	(240)	Autom	atic (0)	6 Poles (3)							
05.012	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 5	0 to 6		0		RW	Txt				US	
05.013	OL: Dynamic V To F Select	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)				Bit				US	
00.010	RFC-A Flux Optimization Select	Off (0) or		Off	RW	Bit				US				
05.014	OL: Open-loop Control Mode	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US	
	RFC: Action On Enable		None (0), Phase (1), Phase Init (2)	None (0)										
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 25.0 %			3.0) %		RW	Num				US	
05.016	Motor Parameter Adaptive Control	0 to 2				0		RW	Num				US	
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.000	000 to 1000.00000	0 Ω		0.000000 Ω		RW			RA		US	
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency		kHz (1), 4 kHz (2),), 12 kHz (5), 16 kł		3 kH	łz (1)	6 kHz (3)	RW	Txt		RA		US	
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)), 12 KH2 (3), 10 KI	12 (0)	Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
05.020	Quasi-square Enable	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
05.021	Mechanical Load Test Level		0 to 1	100 %	(4)	0) %	RW	Num				US	
05.022	Enable High Speed Mode			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.023	DC Bus Voltage High Range	±VM_H	IIGH_DC_VOLTAG	SE V	3 (e)				Num	ND	NC	PT		
	OL: Transient Inductance	0.0	000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US	
05.024	RFC-A: Transient Inductance	0.0	000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US	
	RFC-S: Ld	0.0	000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US	
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 500	0.00 mH		0.00) mH		RW	Num		RA		US	
05.026	High Dynamic Performance Enable		Off (0) o	or On (1)		Of	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)			RW	Bit				US	
05.028	Flux Control Compensation Disable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %			50.0 %		RW	Num				US	
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %			75.0 %		RW	Num				US	
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain		1 to 30			1		RW	Num				US	
05.032	RFC-A> Torque Per Amp RFC-S> Torque Per Amp		0.00 to 50	0.00 Nm/A			1.60 Nm/A	RO RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US	
05.033	Volts Per 1000 rpm		0 to 10,000 V			98								
05.034	Percentage Flux		150.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable					Enabled (0)		RW	Txt				US	
05.036	Auto-switching Frequency Step Size	1 to 2			2 2				Num				US	
05.037	Switching Frequency	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (4), 12 kHz (5), 16 kHz (6)						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT		
05.038	Minimum Switching Frequency	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (4), 12 kHz (5), 16 kHz (6)			2 (0) kHz				Txt				US	
05.039	Maximum Inverter Temperature Ripple	8 kHz (4), 12 kHz (5), 16 kHz (6) 0.0 to 10.0			1.0			RW	Num				US	
05.040	Spin Start Boost		0.0 to 10.0		1.0			RW	Num				US	
05.041	Voltage Headroom		0 to :	20 %) %	RW	Num				US	
05.042	Reverse Output Phase Sequence		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
	1			Off (0) or On (1)				-	-					

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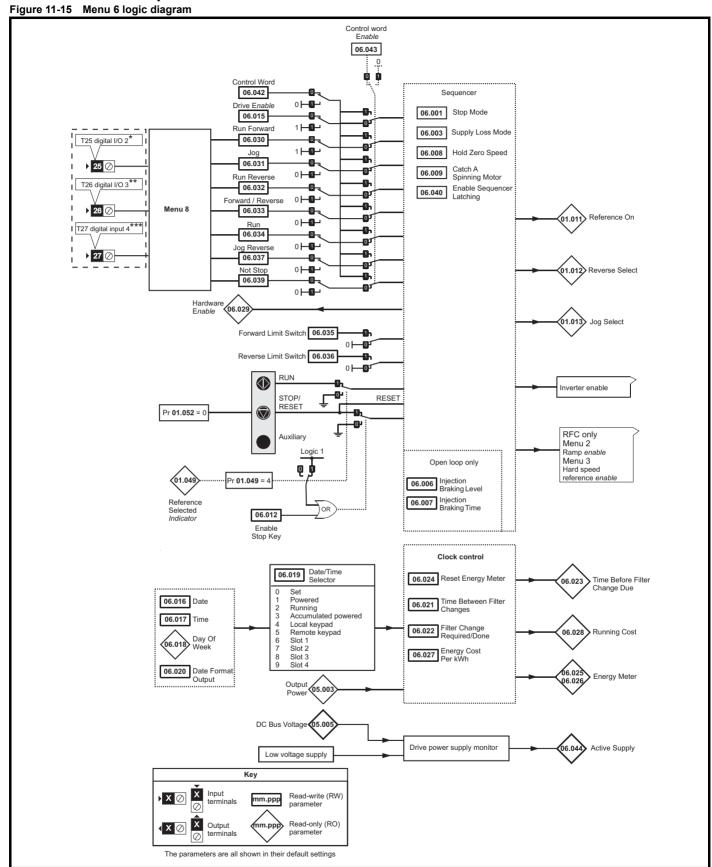
	Parameter		Range(≎)			Default(⇔)	Туре						
	i didilictei	OL A L O (O) III	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			. 7.				
05.044	Stator Temperature Source		r (1), P1 Drive (2),), P1 Slot 3 (5), P1			An In 3 (0)*		RW	Txt				US	
05.045	User Stator Temperature		-50 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num					
05.046	Stator Temperature		-50 to 300 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.047	Stator Temperature Coefficient	0.00	000 to 0.10000 °C	-1		0.00390 °C ⁻¹		RW	Num				US	
05.048	Stator Base Temperature		-50 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US	
05.049	Enable Stator Compensation		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
05.050	Temperature Compensated Stator Resistance	0.000000 to 1000.000000 Ω	0.000000 to	1000.000000				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.051	Rotor Temperature Source		r (1), P1 Drive (2),), P1 Slot 3 (5), P1			An In 3 (0)*		RW	Txt				US	
05.052	User Rotor Temperature		-50 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US	
05.053	Rotor Temperature		-50 to 300 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.054	Rotor Temperature Coefficient	0.00	000 to 0.10000 °C	-1	0.003	90°C ⁻¹	0.00100 °C ⁻¹	RW	Num				US	
05.055	Rotor Base Temperature		-50 to 300 °C			0 °C		RW	Num				US	
05.056	Enable Rotor Compensation		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US	
	OL: Temperature compensated rated speed	0.00 to 18000.00 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.057	RFC-A: Temperature compensated rated speed	18000.00 Ipili	0.00 to 50000.00 rpm					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
	RFC-S: Rotor Temperature Compensation		30000.00 Ipili	0.000 to 2.000				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
05.059	Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0	.000 to 10.000 μs	5.555 to £.000		0.000 µs		RO	Num	.,5	NC	PT	US	
05.060	Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation		0.00 to 10.000 µs			0.000 μs		RO	Num		NC	PT	US	
05.061	Disable Deadtime Compensation		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit		110		US	
05.062	Saturation Breakpoint 2		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %			RW	Num				US	
05.063	Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US	
05.064	RFC Low Speed Mode		0.0 to 100.0 %	Injection (0) or		0.0 70	Injection (0)	RW	Txt				US	
05.065	Saliency Torque Control			Non-salient (1) Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.067	Percentage Over-current Trip Level			10 (0), 20 (1), 30 (2), 40 (3), 50 (4), 60 (5), 70 (6), 80 (7), 90 (8), 100 (9) %			100 (9) %	RW	Txt				US	
05.070	Inverted Saturation Characteristic			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.071	Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.072	No-load Lq			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.075	lq Test Current For Inductance Measurement			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num				US	
05.077	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current			±90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.078	Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.082	Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement			-100 to 0 %			-50 %	RW	Num				US	
05.084	Lq At The Defined Id Test Current			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US	
05.088	Estimated Lq			0.000 to 500.000 mH				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
05.090	Torque Ripple Compensation		Off (0) o	or On (1)		Of	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US	
05.091	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 1		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
05.092	Torque ripple compensation phase 1		0.0 to	359 °		0.	.0 °	RW	Num				US	
05.093	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 2		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
05.094	Torque ripple compensation phase 2		0.0 to	359 °		0.	.0 °	RW	Num				US	
05.095	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 3		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
05.096	Torque ripple compensation phase 3		0.0 to	359 °		0.	.0 °	RW	Num				US	
05.097	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 4		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
05.098	Torque ripple compensation phase 4		0.0 to	359 °	0.0 °			RW	Num				US	
05.099	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 5		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US	
05.100	Torque ripple compensation phase 5		359 °		0.	.0 °	RW	Num				US		
05.101	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 6		100 %	0.00 %			RW	Num				US		
05.102	Torque ripple compensation phase 6		0.0 to	359 °	0.00 %			RW	Num				US	
05.103	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 7			100 %	0.00 %			RW	Num				US	
05.104	Torque ripple compensation phase 7			359 °	0.00 %			RW	Num				US	
05.105	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 8			100 %			00 %	RW	Num				US	
00.100	Torque rippie compensation magnitude 6		0.0 10	100 /0		IXVV	INUIII				US			

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	Parameter		Default(⇒)				Туре						
	rarameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			יאני	,,,		
05.106	Torque ripple compensation phase 8		359°		0.	RW	Num				US		
05.107	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 9		0.0 to	100 %		0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
05.108	Torque ripple compensation phase 9		0.0 to	359 °		0.	0 °	RW	Num				US
05.109	Torque ripple compensation magnitude 10		0.0 to 100 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
05.110	Torque ripple compensation phase 10		0.0 to	359°		0.	RW	Num				US	

^{*} P1 Drive (2) on *Unidrive M702*.

11.6 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock



^{*} Not available on Unidrive M702.

^{**} Terminal 7 on Unidrive M702.

^{***} Terminal 8 on Unidrive M702.

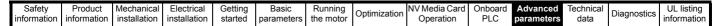
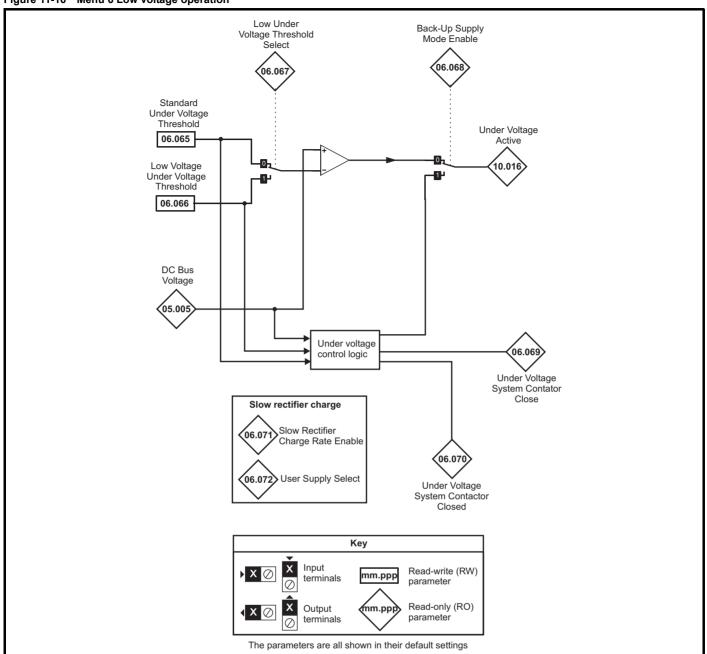


Figure 11-16 Menu 6 Low voltage operation



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	<u> </u>	Range((t)		Default(⇔)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
06.001	Stop Mode	Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp dc I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4), Disable (5)	Coast (0), Ramp (1), No Ramp (2)	Ramp (1)	Ramp (1)	No Ramp (2)	RW	Txt				US
06.002	Limit Switch Stop Mode		Stop (0) or Ramp (1)		Stop	0 (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2), Limit Stop (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %		100.0 %			RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 25.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Speed	Off (0) or O	• • •	Off	(0)	On (1)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd	Only (2), Rev Only (3)	Disable (0)	Enab	le (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	00000000000 to 1					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	000000 to 1					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.012	Enable Stop Key	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.013	Enable Auxiliary Key	Disabled (0), Forward			Disabled (0)		RW	Num				US
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or O			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
06.016	Date	00-00-00 to 3					RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59				RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sunday (0), Monday (1), Tueso Thursday (4), Friday (9	5), Saturday (6)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	Set (0), Powered (1), Running Local Keypad (4), Rem Slot 1 (6), Slot 2 (7), Slot	iote Keypad (5),		Powered (1)		RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0) or U	S (1)		Std (0)		RW	Txt				Us
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 H	Hours		0 Hours		RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 H	Hours				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	-999.9 to 999.	0 MWh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 k\	Vh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to 600	0.0		0.0		RW	Num				US
06.028	Running Cost	±32000	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0) or O					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.031	Jog	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.034		Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.035	Forward Limit Switch Reverse Limit Switch	Off (0) or O Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC NC		
06.036 06.037	Jog Reverse	Off (0) or O	. ,		Off (0)		RW	Bit Bit		NC		
06.037	Not Stop	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	00 to 1			00		RW	Bin		NC		00
06.042	Control Word	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		ຸດດ	00000000000	00	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit		110		US
06.044	Active Supply	Off (0) or O	. ,		0 (0)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0 to 11			10		RW	Num			•	US
06.046	Supply Loss Hold Disable	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	Full (0), Ripple Only (Full (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.048	Supply Loss Detection Level	±VM_SUPPLY_LOS	SS_LEVEL V	40 57	00 V drive: 205 00 V drive: 410 75 V drive: 540 00 V drive: 540	V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Allow Motoring Load		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	0 to 100	%		0 %		RW	Num				US
06.053	Sleep / Wake Threshold	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_F	REF_UNIPOLAR		0.0		RW	Num				US
06.054	Sleep Time	0.0 to 250	.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
06.055	Wake Time	0.0 to 250	.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
06.056	Sleep Required	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.057	Sleep Active	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
							•					

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

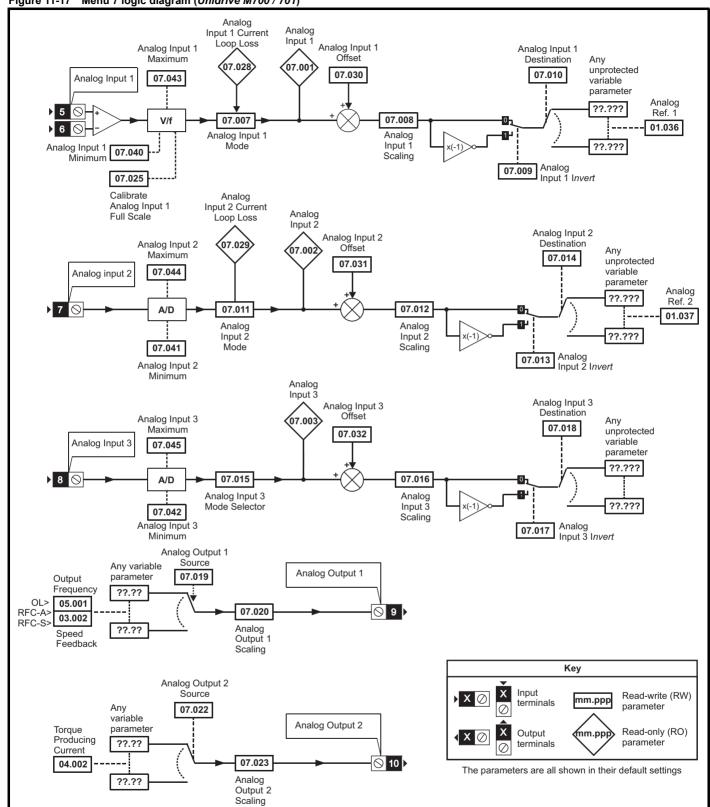
	Parameter	Range	(()		Default(⇔)				T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	Disable (0) or B	Enable (1)		Disable (0)	l'	RW	Txt				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.061	Standby Mode Mask	0000000 to	1111111		0000000		RW	Bin				US
06.065	Standard Under Voltage Threshold	±VM_STD_UNDE	ER_VOLTS V	40 5	00 V drive: 175 00 V drive: 330 75 V drive: 435 90 V drive: 435	V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.066	Low Voltage Under Voltage Threshold	±VM_LOW_UNDE	ER_VOLTS V	40	00 V drive: 175 00 V drive: 330 75 V drive: 435 90 V drive: 435	V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.067	Low Under Voltage Threshold Select	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.068	Back Up Supply Mode Enable	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.069	Under-Voltage System Contactor Close	Off (0) or 0	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.070	Under-Voltage System Contactor Closed	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.071	Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.072	User Supply Select	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.073	Braking IGBT Lower Threshold	±VM_DC_VOLTA	AGE_SET V	40 5	00 V drive: 390 00 V drive: 780 75 V drive: 930 00 V drive: 1120	V	RW	Num				US
06.074	Braking IGBT Upper Threshold	±VM_DC_VOLTA	AGE_SET V	40 5	00 V drive: 390 00 V drive: 780 75 V drive: 930 00 V drive: 1120	V	RW	Num				US
06.075	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold	±VM_DC_VOLTA	AGE_SET V		0 V		RW	Num				US
06.076	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold Select	Off (0) or 0	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information parameters the motor information installation installation started Operation PLC parameters information

11.7 Menu 7: Analog I/O / Temperature Monitoring

Figure 11-17 Menu 7 logic diagram (Unidrive M700 / 701)



		Range(≎)	Ī	Default(⇔))	Ī					
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
07.001	Analog Input 1*	±100.00 %			<u>'</u>	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.002	Analog Input 2*	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.003	Analog Input 3*	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Monitored Temperature 1	±250 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Monitored Temperature 2	±250 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3	±250 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode*	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 mA Low (-3), 4-20 mA Hold (-2), 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0-20 mA (0), 20-0 mA (1), 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 mA Trip (3), 4-20 mA (4), 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6)		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling*	0.000 to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert*	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination*	0.000 to 59.999		1.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode*	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 mA Low (-3), 4-20 mA Hold (-2), 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0-20 mA (0), 20-0 mA (1), 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 mA Trip (3), 4-20 mA (4), 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6)		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling*	0.000 to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert*	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination*	0.000 to 59.999		1.037		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.015	Analog Input 3 Mode*	Volt (6), Therm Short Cct (7), Thermistor (8), Therm No Trip (9)		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
07.016	Analog Input 3 Scaling*	0.000 to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.017	Analog Input 3 Invert*	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.018	Analog Input 3 Destination*	0.000 to 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source*	0.000 to 59.999	5.001	3.0	002	RW	Num			PT	US
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling*	0.000 to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.022	Analog Output 2 Source*	0.000 to 59.999		4.002		RW	Num				US
07.023	Analog Output 2 Scaling*	0.000 to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.025	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale*	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active*	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.027	Analog Input 2 Fast Update Active*	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss*	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.029	Analog Input 2 Current Loop Loss*	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset*	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset*	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.032	Analog Input 3 Offset*	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.033	Power Output	±100.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.034	Inverter Temperature	±250 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Bus Thermal Trip Level	0 to 100 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level	0 to 100 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	0 to 29999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.038	Temperature Monitor Select 1	0 to 29999		1001		RW	Num				US
07.039	Temperature Monitor Select 2	0 to 29999	-	1002		RW	Num				US
07.040	Analog Input 1 Minimum*	±100.00 %		-100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.041	Analog Input 2 Minimum*	±100.00 %		-100.00 % -100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.042	Analog Input 3 Minimum*	±100.00 %		100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.043 07.044	Analog Input 1 Maximum* Analog Input 2 Maximum*	±100.00 % ±100.00 %		100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.044	Analog Input 2 Maximum*	±100.00 %		100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.046	Analog Input 3 Thermistor Type*	DIN44082 (0), KTY84 (1), PT100 (4W) (2), PT1000 (4W) (3), PT2000 (4W) (4), 2.0 mA (4W) (5), PT100 (2W) (6), PT1000 (2W) (7), PT2000 (2W) (8), 2.0 mA (2W) (9)		DIN44082 (0)	RW	Txt				US
07.047	Analog Input 3 Thermistor Feedback*	0 to 1000 Ω				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.048	Analog Input 3 Thermistor Trip Threshold*	0 to 10000 Ω		3300 Ω		RW	Num				US
07.049	Analog Input 3 Thermistor Reset Threshold*	0 to 10000 Ω	1	1800 Ω		RW	Num				US
07.050	Analog Input 3 Thermistor Temperature*	-50 to 300 °C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.051	Analog Input 1 Full Scale*	0 to 65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
07.052	Temperature Monitor Select 3	0 to 29999		1		RW	Num				US
	*					1	1			L	1

* Not available on *Unidrive M702*.

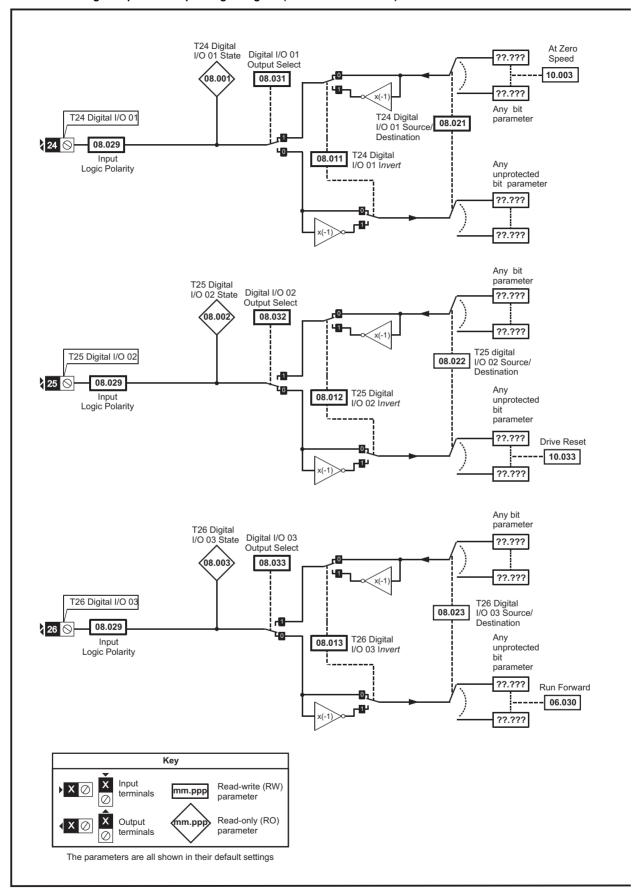
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Information Installation Inst

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.8 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 11-18 Menu 8 Digital input and outputs logic diagram (*Unidrive M700 / M701*)



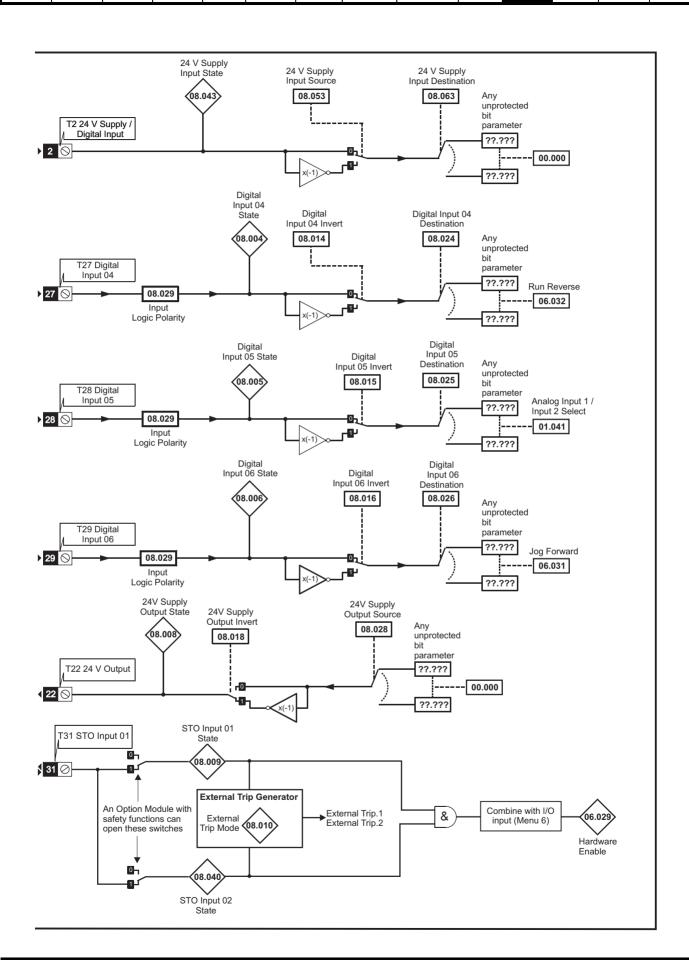
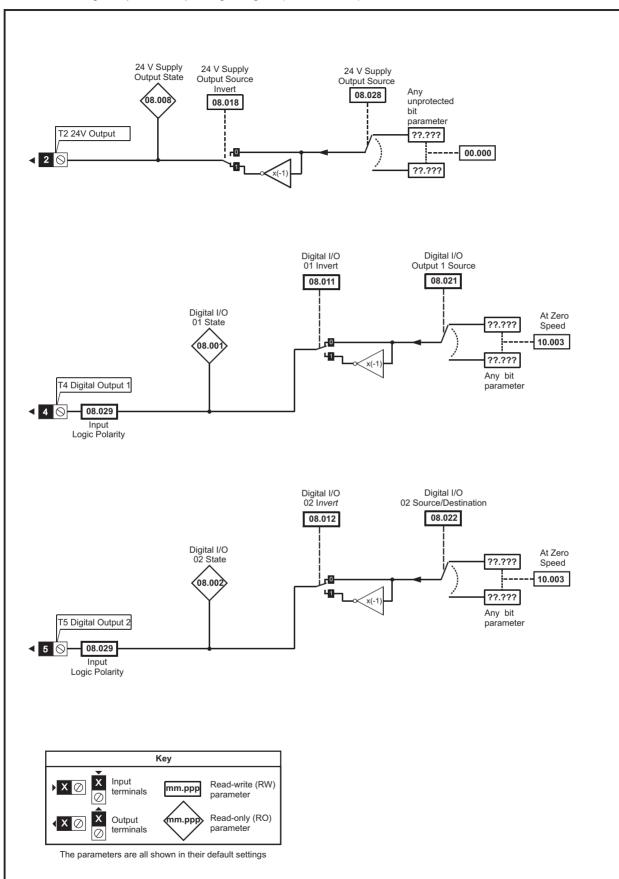
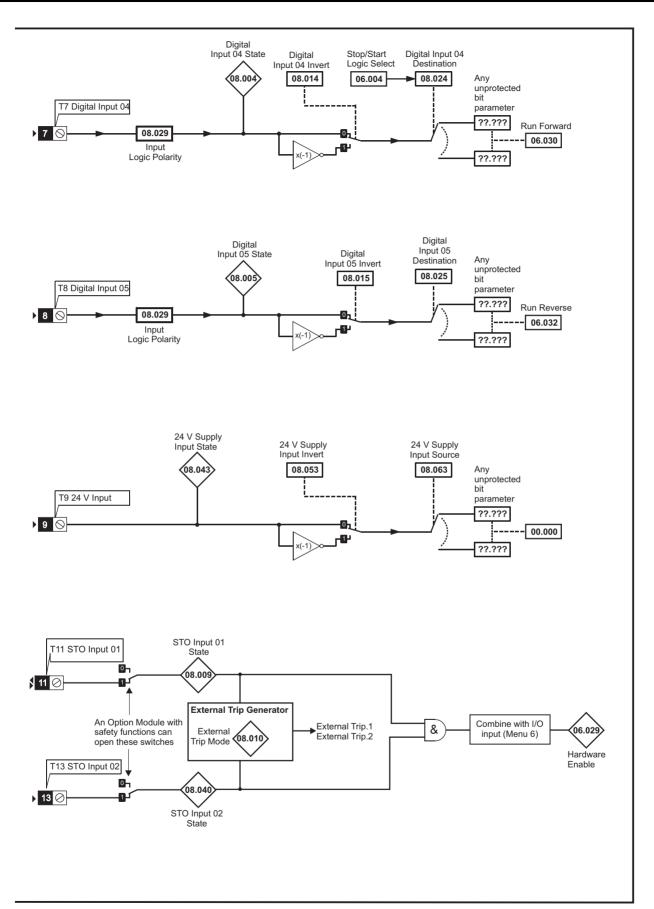


Figure 11-19 Menu 8 Digital input and outputs logic diagram (Unidrive M702)



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced Technical **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information the motor PLC information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data information



Ī	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 11-20 Menu 8 Relay output logic diagram

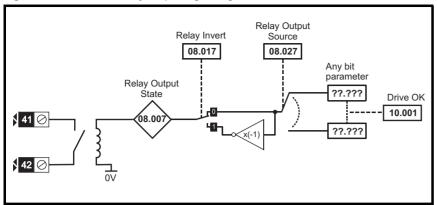
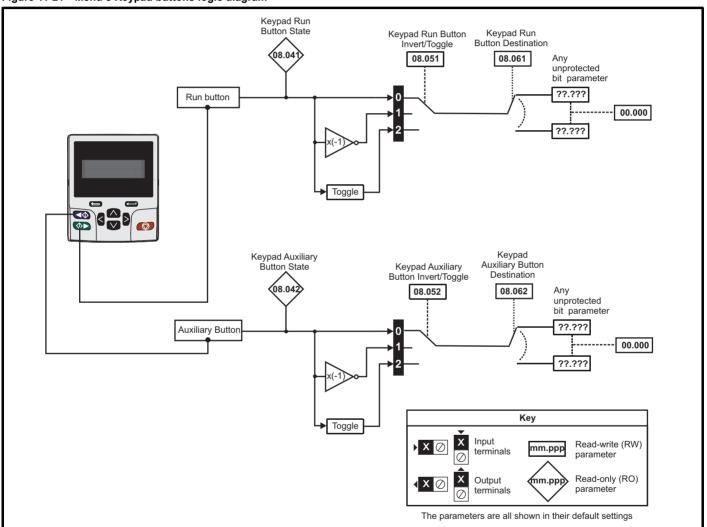


Figure 11-21 Menu 8 Keypad buttons logic diagram



0-6-6-	Day doord	Maskaniaal	Electrical	0 - 44'	Desir	D		NV Media Card	0-1	Advanced	To also be all		III Pathan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	lechnical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					P			-					

	Dto	Rang	e(\$)		Default(⇒)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	Эе		
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)			<u>'</u>	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital I/O 03 State*	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.006	Digital Input 06 State*	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.007	Relay Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	24V Supply Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1), STO	2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital I/O 03 Invert*	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.016	Digital Input 06 Invert*	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.017	Relay Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Invert (1)		RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to	511				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.000 to	59.999		10.003		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.000 to	59.999		10.033		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination*	0.000 to	59.999		6.030		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		6.032		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		1.041		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.026	Digital Input 06 Destination*	0.000 to	59.999		6.031		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.027	Relay Output Source	0.000 to	59.999		10.001		RW	Num			PT	US
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.029	Input Logic Polarity	Negative Logic (0) o	r Positive Logic (1)		Positive Logic (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select*	Off (0) or	On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
08.032	Digital I/O 02 Output Select*	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.033	Digital I/O 03 Output Select*	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24V Supply Input State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inver	t (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inve	t (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.053	24V Supply Input Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.063	24V Supply Input Source	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.071	DI/O Output Enable Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	to 111111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	RW	Bin			PT	US
08.072	DI/O Input Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	to 111111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	RO	Bin			PT	
08.073	DI/O Output Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	to 111111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	RW	Bin			PT	

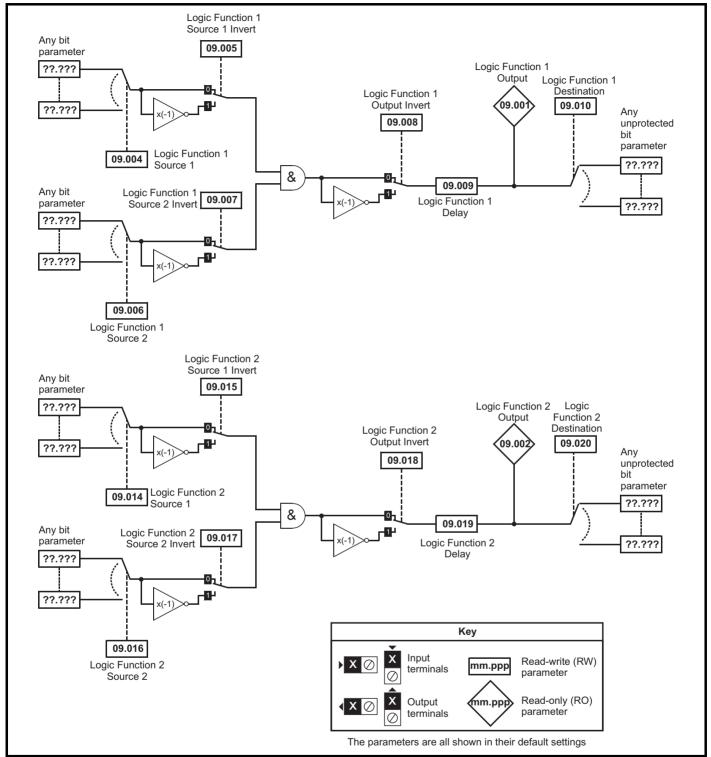
^{*} Not available on *Unidrive M702*.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

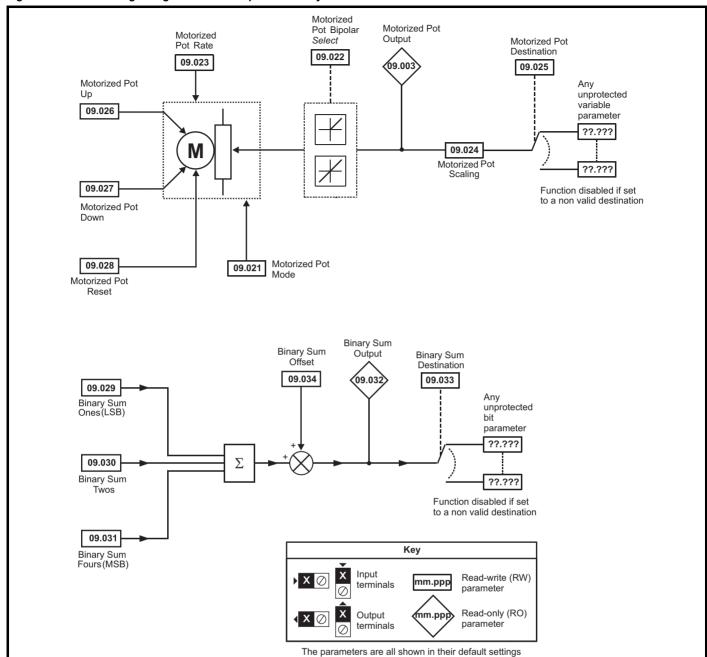
11.9 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 11-22 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic



Product Electrical Basic NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information the motor PLC information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data

Figure 11-23 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorized pot and binary sum



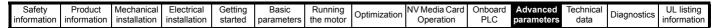
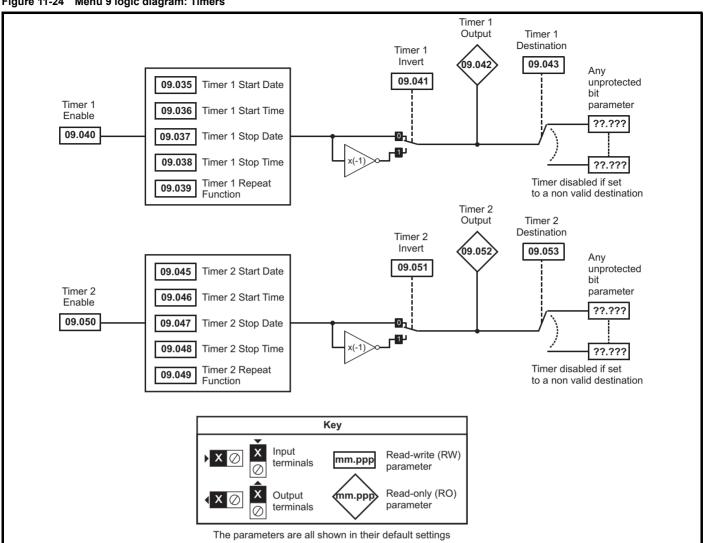


Figure 11-24 Menu 9 logic diagram: Timers



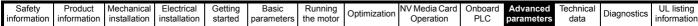


Figure 11-25 Menu 9 logic diagram: Scope function Scope Saving Scope Data Not Ready Data 09.06 09.066 Scope Trace 1
Source 09.055 09.063 Scope Mode Scope Trace 2 Source 09.067 Scope Sample Time 09.056 09.068 Scope Trigger Delay Scope Trace 3 Source 09.069 Scope Time Period 09.057 Scope Trace 4 Source 09.058 Scope Arm 09.064 Scope Trigger Invert 09.062 Scope Trigger 09.059 OR Scope Trigger Source 09.060 Scope Trigger Threshold 09.061 Key Input Read-write (RW) mm.ppp terminals parameter Read-only (RO) Output mm.ppi

terminals

The parameters are all shown in their default settings

parameter

100			Range(‡)	Default(⇒)			_			
		Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	oe		
Motor Moto	09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
Beach Super Function 1 Source 0.000 56.886 0.000 700	09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
Capic Purcidon 1 Source 1 Symeth Capic Purcidon 1 Source 1 Symeth Capic Purcidon 1 Source 2 0.000 to 56 9899 0.000 to 70 PM Mile Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 56 9899 0.000 to 70 PM Mile Vision 1 Source 2 PW Capic Purcidon 2 Source 3 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 PW Capic Purcidon 2 Source 3 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 2 PW Capic Purcidon 2 Source 3 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.000 PW Num DE Vision 1 Source 2 0.000 to 59999 0.0	09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
	09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
Sego Sego Function Cologn Investment Sego Se	09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
	09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0s	RW	Num				US
	09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
	09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
Description Configuration Configuration	09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
19.019 19.02 19.02 19.03 19.	09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
Usg Function 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.0000 PRV Num DE 0.000 0	09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
Motorized Pot Mode	09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
Motorized Pot Bipolar Select Off (0) or On (1)	09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023 Motorized Pot Rate	09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 to 4	0	RW	Num				US
Motorized Pot Scaling	09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
Motorized Pot Destination	09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0 to 250 s	20 s	RW	Num				US
Motorized Pot Up	09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
Motorized Pot Down	09.025	Motorized Pot Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
Motorized Pot Reset	09.026	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
December December	09.027	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
Binary Sum Twos	09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
99.031 Binary Sum Fours	09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
Binary Sum Output	09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
19.033 Binary Sum Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num DE PP	09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
99.034 Binary Sum Offset	09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
19.035 Timer 1 Start Date 00.00-00 to 31-12-99 00.00-00 RW Time 19.035 Timer 1 Start Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 00.00-00 RW Time 19.037 Timer 1 Stop Date 00.00-00 to 31-12-99 00.00-00 RW Time 19.038 Timer 1 Stop Date 00.00-00 to 31-12-99 00.00-00 RW Time 19.038 Timer 1 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 00.00-00 RW Time 19.039 Timer 1 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6) RW Bit 19.039 Timer 1 Enable 0ff (0) or On (1) 0ff (0) RW Bit 19.039 Timer 1 Invert 0ff (0) or On (1) 0ff (0) RW Bit 19.039 Timer 1 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Date 19.039 Timer 2 Start Time 00.00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Time 199.045 Timer 2 Start Time 00.00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Time 199.046 Timer 2 Stop Date 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.049 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.049 Timer 2 Stop Time 00.00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 199.049 Timer 2 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7) RW Bit 199.055 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.059 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59:999 0.0000 RW Num 199.055 Scope Trace 4 So	09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
19.036 Timer 1 Start Time	09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to 248	0	RW	Num				US
1	09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038 Timer 1 Stop Time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 00:00:00 RW Time L L 1 09.039 Timer 1 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5). One off (6), Minute (7) None (0) RW Txt L L D 09.040 Timer 1 Enable Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit L L D <th>09.036</th> <th>Timer 1 Start Time</th> <th>00:00:00 to 23:59:59</th> <th>00:00:00</th> <th>RW</th> <th>Time</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>US</th>	09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
109.039 Timer 1 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6) Minute (7) None (0) RW Txt S S	09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
1	09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.041 Timer 1 Invert Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit N PO 09.042 Timer 1 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC PT 09.043 Timer 1 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PT 09.045 Timer 2 Start Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date V DE V DE V DE V PT DB DB <th>09.039</th> <th>Timer 1 Repeat Function</th> <th></th> <th>None (0)</th> <th>RW</th> <th>Txt</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>US</th>	09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function		None (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.041 Timer 1 Invert Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit N PO 09.042 Timer 1 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC PT 09.043 Timer 1 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PT 09.045 Timer 2 Start Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date V DE V DE V DE V PT DB DB <th>09.040</th> <th>Timer 1 Enable</th> <th>Off (0) or On (1)</th> <th>Off (0)</th> <th>RW</th> <th>Bit</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>US</th>	09.040	Timer 1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042 Timer 1 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC PI 09.043 Timer 1 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PI 09.045 Timer 2 Start Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date PI 09.046 Timer 2 Start Time 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date PI 09.047 Timer 2 Stop Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date PI 09.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Time PI 09.049 Timer 2 Stop Time 00-00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time PI 09.049 Timer 2 Stop Time 00-00-00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time PI 09.050 Timer 2 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6) None (0) RW Bit Vi I 09.051 Timer 2 Enable Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit			```	. ,						US
09.043 Timer 1 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PT 09.045 Timer 2 Start Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date PT 09.046 Timer 2 Start Time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time Image: Company of time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Date Image: Company of time Image: Company of time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time Image: Company of time			```	· /			ND	NC	PT	
09.045 Timer 2 Start Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date 0 0 RW Time 0 0 RW Date 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0<		,	() ()	0.000					PT	US
09.046 Timer 2 Start Time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 0 RW Time 0 RW Date 0 RW Date 0 Date 0 RW Date 0 Date 0 Date 0 RW Date 0		Timer 2 Start Date			RW	Date				US
09.047 Timer 2 Stop Date 00-00-00 to 31-12-99 0 RW Date 0 09.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 0 09.049 Timer 2 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7) None (0) RW Txt V 09.050 Timer 2 Enable Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit 0 09.051 Timer 2 Invert Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit N N 09.052 Timer 2 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC PT 09.053 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PT 09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.057 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num					RW					US
09.048 Timer 2 Stop Time 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0 RW Time 0 RW Dist 0 RW Dist 0										US
09.049 Timer 2 Repeat Function None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7) None (0) RW Txt V 09.050 Timer 2 Enable Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit Image: RW Bit Bit Image: RW Bit		·				Time				US
09.050 Timer 2 Enable Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit District 09.051 Timer 2 Invert Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit District 09.052 Timer 2 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC P1 09.053 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE P1 09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trigger 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1	09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function		None (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.051 Timer 2 Invert Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit ND NC PT 09.052 Timer 2 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC PT 09.053 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE PT 09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.059 Scope Trigger 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Bit I PT		·		` '						
09.052 Timer 2 Output Off (0) or On (1) RO Bit ND NC P1 09.053 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE P1 09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1			, , , ,	. ,						US
09.053 Timer 2 Destination 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW DE P1 09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit I			, , , ,	Οπ (0)			NIC.	NO	D-	US
09.055 Scope Trace 1 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT 09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit Image: RW		·	```	0.000			ND	NC		110
09.056 Scope Trace 2 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit I									PT	US
09.057 Scope Trace 3 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit I		·							PT	US
09.058 Scope Trace 4 Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num P1 09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit I									PT	US
09.059 Scope Trigger Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit		· ·							PT	US
		·							PT	US
09.060 Scope Ingger Source 0.000 to 59.999 0.000 RW Num PT				1 1						
	09.060	Scope Trigger Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	Parameter	Ra	nge(\$)	ľ	Default(⇔)			т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
09.061	Scope Trigger Threshold	-214748364	8 to 2147483647		0		RW	Num				US
09.062	Scope Trigger Invert	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.063	Scope Mode	Single (0), Normal (1), Auto (2) Single (0)						Txt				US
09.064	Scope Arm	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.065	Scope Data Not Ready	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.066	Scope Saving Data	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.067	Scope Sample Time	1 to 200 1					RW	Num				US
09.068	Scope Trigger Delay	0 to	0 100 %		0 %		RW	Num				US
09.069	Scope Time Period	0.00 to 2	200000.00 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.070	Scope Auto-save Mode	Disabled (0), Ov	verwrite (1), Keep (2)		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
09.071	Scope Auto-save File Number	0	to 99		0		RO	Num				PS
09.072	Scope Auto-save Reset	Off (0		Off (0)		RW	Bit					
09.073	Scope Auto-save Status	Disabled (0), Active (1), Stopped (2), Failed (3) Disabled (0), Active (1), Stopped (2), Failed (3)						Txt				PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.10 Menu 10: Status and trips

	Devemeter	Range(‡)		Default(⇒)				-			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.007	Above Set Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.008	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.000 to 99999.999 kW		See Table 11-5		RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.000 to 1500.000 s		See Table 11-5		RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)		None (0)		RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s		1.0 s		RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive ok	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.037	Action On Trip Detection	00000 to 11111		00000		RW	Bin				US
10.038	User Trip	0 to 255				RW	Num	ND	NC		
10.039	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to 100.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.040	Status Word	00000000000000000 to 1111111111111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.050	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.051	Trip 5 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
						_					
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 7 Date Trip 7 Time Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59 00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO RO	Time Date	ND ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS PS

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
in	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Parameter	Ranç	je(‡)		Default(⇔)				т	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00 t	o 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 10	Ω 00.000		See Table 11-5		RW	Num				US
10.062	Low Load Detected Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.063	Local Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Auto-tune Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive OK On Under Voltage	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0000000000	to 1111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Hand (12), Auto					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to	1023				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	Low Load (8), Option Slo	Orive Overload (4), witch (6), Fire Mode (7),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.105	Hand Off Auto State	Not Active (0), Off (1), Hand (2), Auto (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0000 t	to 1111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Table 11-5 Defaults for Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061

Drive size	Pr 10.030	Pr 10.031	Pr 10.061
Size 3	50 W	3.3 s	75 Ω
Size 4 and 5	100 W	2.0 s	38 Ω
All other ratings and frame sizes	0.0	000	0.00

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.11 Menu 11: General drive set-up

	ult(⇔)				_			
Parameter OL RFC-A / S OL RF	C-A RF	c-s			Тур	oe		
11.001 Option Synchronisation Select Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4), Automatic (5)	Slot 4 (4)		RW	Txt				us
11.002 Option synchronisation Active Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.018 Status Mode Parameter 1 0.000 to 59.999 0.0	000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.019 Status Mode Parameter 2 0.000 to 59.999 0.0	000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.020 Reset Serial Communications* Off (0) or On (1)			RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021 Parameter 00.030 Scaling 0.000 to 10.000 1.0	000		RW	Num				US
11.022 Parameter Displayed At Power-up 0.000 to 0.080 0.0	010		RW	Num				US
	1		RW	Num				US
8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)	NP (0)		RW	Txt				US
11.025 Serial Baud Rate* 300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	00 (6)		RW	Txt				US
11.026 Minimum Comms Transmit Delay* 0 to 250 ms	ms		RW	Num				US
	ms		RW	Num				US
11.028 Drive Derivative 0 to 255 11.029 Software Version 00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99			RO	Num	ND	NC		
			RO RW	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	US
· · ·			RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	03
11.031 User Drive Mode Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4) 11.032 Maximum Heavy Duty Rating 0.000 to 99999.999			RV	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.033 Drive Rated Voltage 200 V (0), 400 V (1), 575 V (2), 690 V (3)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034 Software Sub Version 0 to 99			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.035 Number Of Power Modules Test -1 to 32 -	·1		RW	Num				US
11.036 NV Media Card File Previously Loaded 0 to 999	0		RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037 NV Media Card File Number 0 to 999	0		RW	Num				
11.038 NV Media Card File Type None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4), User Prog (5), Option App (6)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039 NV Media Card File Version 0 to 9999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.040 NV Media Card File Checksum2147483648 to 2147483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042 Parameter Cloning None (0), Read (1), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4) None (10), Read (11), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)	ie (0)		RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043 Load Defaults None (0), Standard (1), US (2) None	ie (0)		RW	Txt		NC		
11.044 User Security Status Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)			RW	Txt	ND		PT	
N. N. N.	r 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
11.046 Defaults Previously Loaded 0 to 2000	- (1)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.047 Onboard User Program: Enable Stop (0) or Run (1) Rur 11.048 Onboard User Program: Status -2147483648 to 2147483647	n (1)		RW	Txt Num	ND	NC	PT	US
			RO		ND	NC	PT	1
11.049 Onboard User Program: Programming Events 0 to 65535 11.050 Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second 0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.051 Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used 0.0 to 100.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.052 Serial Number LS 000000000 to 999999999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
11.053 Serial Number MS 0 to 999999999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
11.054 Drive Date Code 0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
11.055 Onboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval 0 to 262140 ms			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
1234 (0), 1243 (1), 1324 (2), 1342 (3), 1423 (4), 1432 (5), 4123 (6), 3124 (7), 4132 (8), 2134 (9), 3142 (10), 2143 (11),	4 (0)		RW	Txt			PT	
11.056 Option Slot Identifiers 3142 (1), 432 (3), 2413 (14), 4213 (15), 2314 (16), 3214 (17), 2341 (18), 2431 (19), 3241 (20), 3421 (21), 4231 (22), 4321 (23)	,							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	D	Range(()		Default(⇒)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 9999	99.999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	M700 / M701	/ M702				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.065	Drive Rating And Configuration	0 to 999999	9999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0.000 to 65	5.535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.068	Internal I/O Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.069	Position Feedback Interface Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99	0.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.071	Number Of Power Modules Detected	0 to 32	2				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1			0		RW	Num		NC		
11.073	NV Media Card Type	None (0), SMART Card	I (1), SD Card (2)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 999	9				RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), F	RFC-S (3), Regen (4)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.085	Security Status	None (0), Read-only (1) No Access					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Access Status	Menu 0 (0) or All	Menus (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.090	Keypad Port Serial Address	1 to 16	3		1		RW	Num				US
11.091	Additional Identifier Characters 1	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	Additional Identifier Characters 2	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	Additional Identifier Characters 3	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	

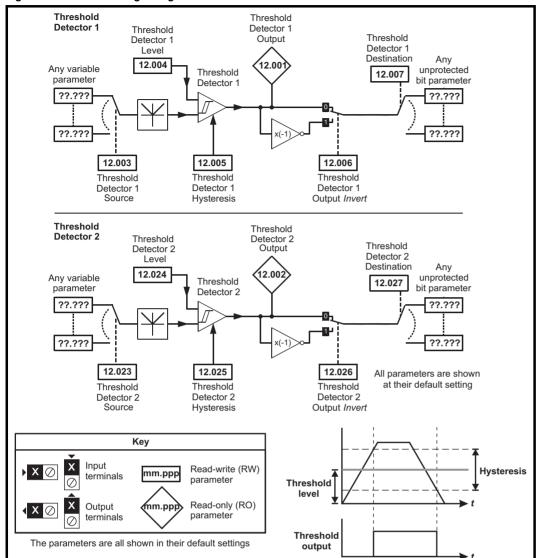
^{*} On *Unidrive M701* only.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

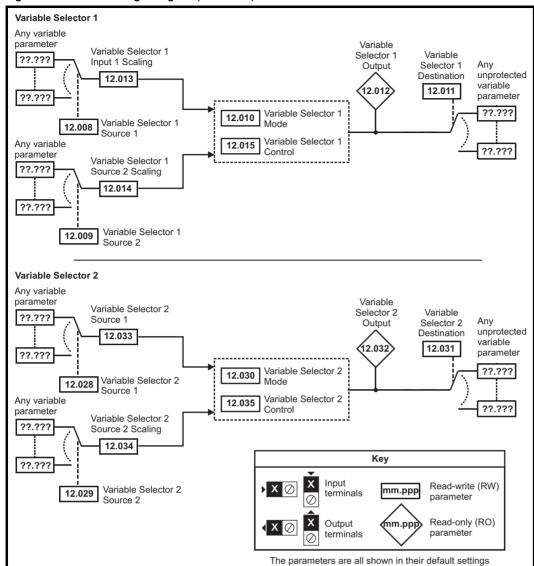
11.12 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 11-26 Menu 12 logic diagram



Product Electrical Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information PLC information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation parameters data information

Figure 11-27 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



NV Media Card **UL** listing Electrica Running Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information



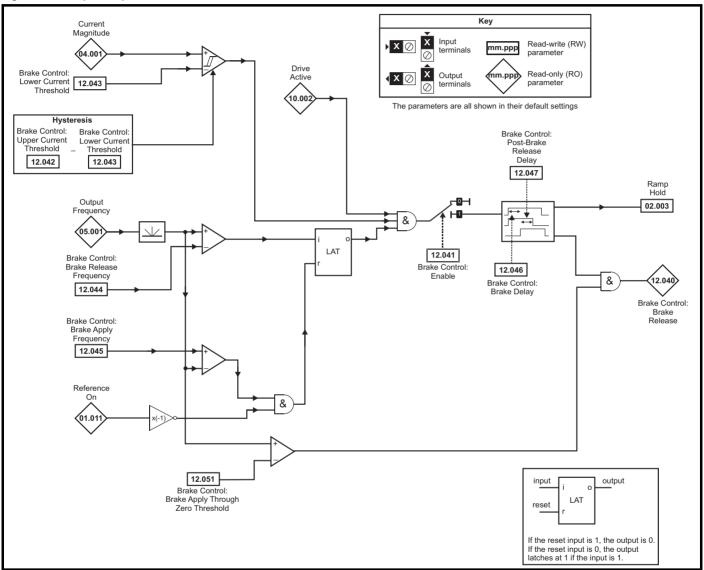
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.



The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

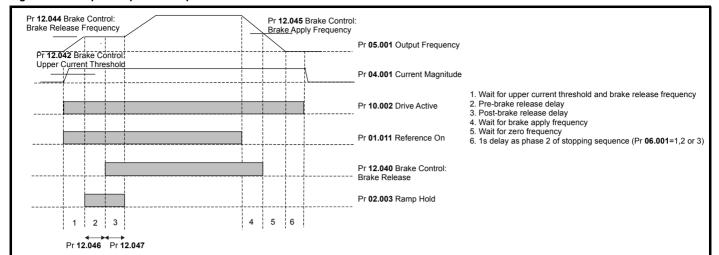
When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of a NV media card in boot mode or an SI-Applications module can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 11-28 Open-loop brake function



Running the motor Onboard PLC UL listing information Advanced Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics parameters information information installation started installation parameters Operation data

Figure 11-29 Open-loop brake sequence



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information



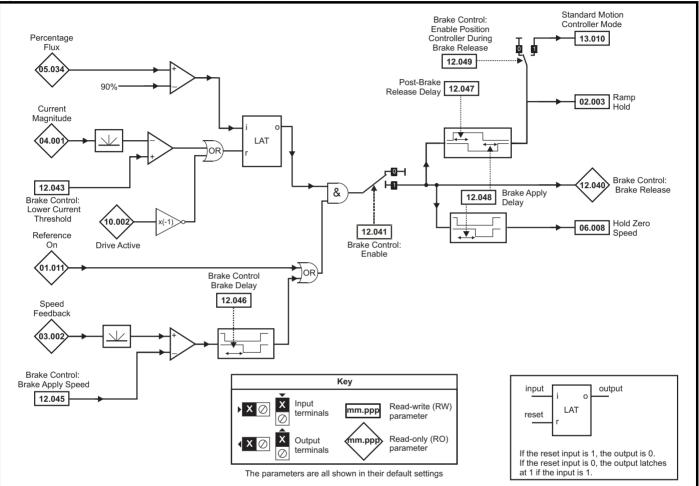
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.



The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

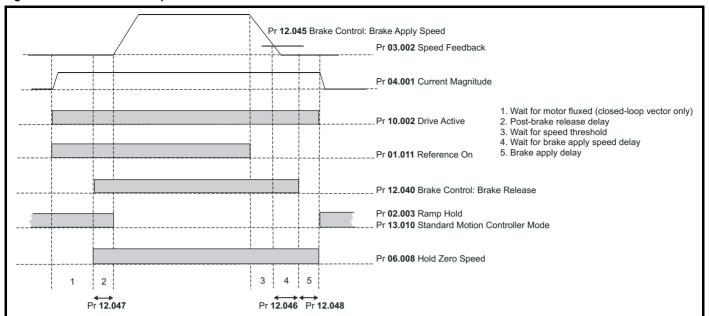
When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of a NV media card in boot mode or an SI-Applications module can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 11-30 RFC-A mode (brake controller (12.052) = 0) and RFC-S mode



Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC Advanced parameters UL listing information Product Electrical Basic NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation Operation parameters data

Figure 11-31 RFC-A brake sequence



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information



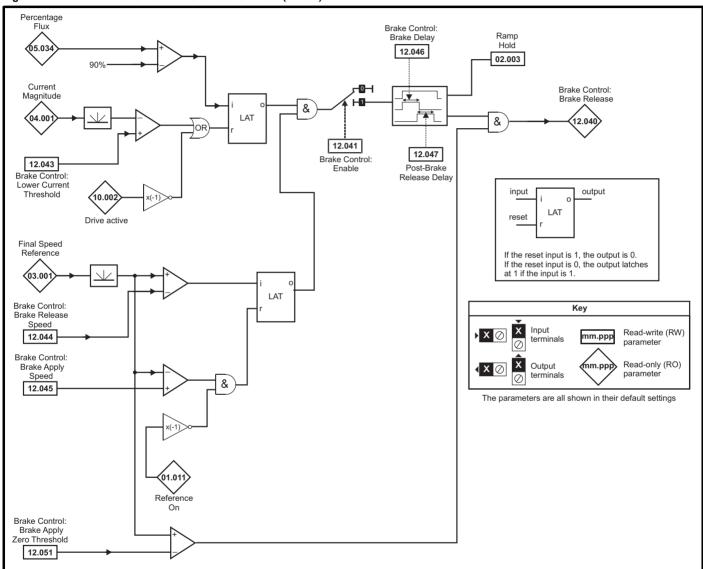
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.



The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of warning a NV media card in boot mode or an SI-Applications module can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 11-32 RFC-A mode with brake controller mode (12.052) =1



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D: "	UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

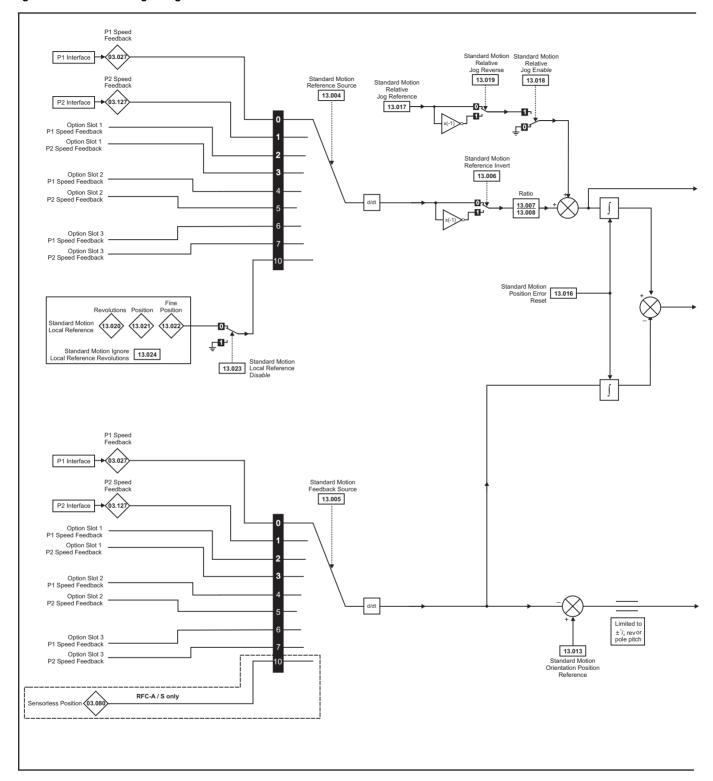
	_		Range(む)			Default(⇒)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC- A	RFC- A	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	(4), Divide (5),	t 2 (1), Add (2), Subt Time Const (6), Ram Powers (9), Sectional	np (7), Modulus		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %					RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999				0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	(4), Divide (5),	t 2 (1), Add (2), Subt Time Const (6), Ram Powers (9), Sectional	np (7), Modulus		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.040	Brake Control: Brake Release		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	Brake Control: Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.042	Brake Control: Upper Current Threshold	0 to 200 %			50 %			RW	Num				US
12.043	Brake Control: Lower Current Threshold		0 to 200 %			10 %		RW	Num				US
	OL: Brake Control: Brake Release Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			1.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.044	Brake Control: Brake Release Speed		0 to 200			10 rpm							
	OL: Brake Control: Brake Apply Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			2.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.045	RFC: Brake Control: Brake Apply Speed		0 to 2	200		51	·pm						
12.046	Brake Control: Brake Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s		1.0 s		RW	Num				US	
12.047	Brake Control: Post-brake Release Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
12.048	Brake Control: Brake Apply Delay		0.0 to 2	5.0 s	1.0 s			RW	Num				US
12.049	Brake Control: Enable Position Control During Brake Release		Off (0) or	On (1)	Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
12.050	Brake Control: Initial Direction	Ref (0), Forward	d (1), Reverse (2)		Re	f (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.051	Brake Control: Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm		0.0 Hz	0 rpm		RW	Num				US
12.052	Brake Control: Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US

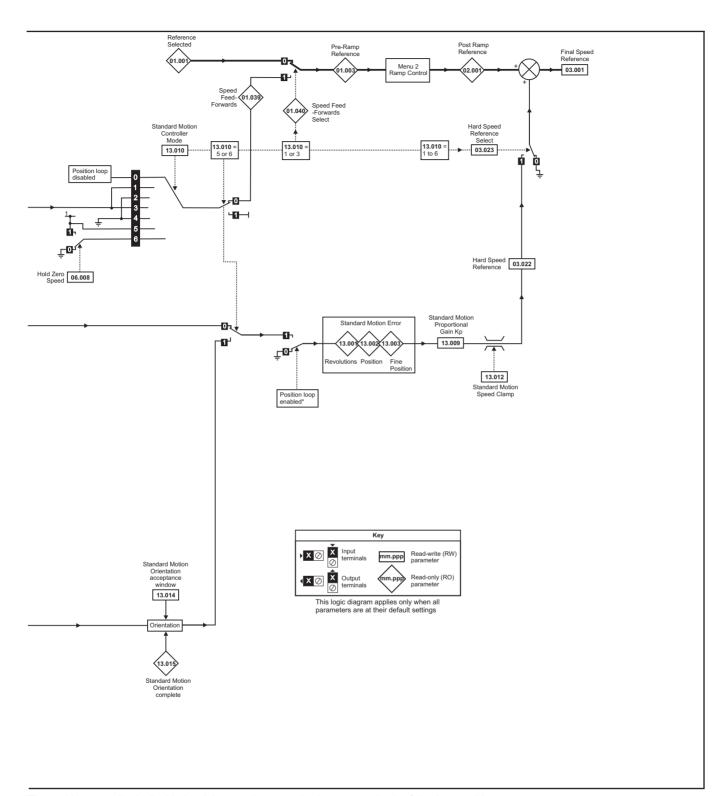
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.13 Menu 13: Standard motion controller

Figure 11-33 Menu 13 logic diagram





^{*}The position controller is disabled and the error integrator is also reset under the following conditions:

- 1. If the drive is disabled (i.e. inhibited, ready or tripped)
- 2. If the position controller mode (Pr 13.010) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 3. The absolute mode parameter (Pr 13.011) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 4. One of the position sources is invalid.
- 5. The position feedback initialized parameter (Pr 03.048) is zero.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started		the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Parameter		Range(兌)			Default(⇔)			Time						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A / S			RFC-A	RFC-S	Type							
13.001	Standard Motion Revolutions Error	-32768 to 32767 revs					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
13.002	Standard Motion Position Error	-3276	8 to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
13.003	Standard Motion Fine Position Error	-32768 to 32767						Num	ND	NC	PT			
13.004	Standard Motion Reference Source	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5), P1 Slot 3 (6), P2 Slot 3 (7), Local (10)			P1 Drive (0)			Txt				US		
13.005	Standard Motion Feedback Source	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5), P1 Slot 3 (6), P2 Slot 3 (7) P1 Slot 3 (6), P2 Slot 3 (7)		P1 Drive (0)		RW	Txt				US			
13.006	Standard Motion Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			Bit						
13.007	Standard Motion Ratio Numerator	0.000 to 10.000			1.000			Num				US		
13.008	Standard Motion Ratio Denominator	0.000 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US		
13.009	Standard Motion Proportional Gain Kp	0.00 to 100.00			25.00			Num				US		
13.010	Standard Motion Controller Mode	Disabled (0), Rigid FFwd (1), Rigid (2), Non-Rigid FFwd (3), Non-Rigid (4)	Disabled (0), Rigid FFwd (1), Rigid (2), Non-Rigid FFwd (3), Non-Rigid (4), Orientate Stop (5), Orientate (6)		Disabled (0)	RW	Num				US		
13.011	Standard Motion Absolute Mode Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US		
13.012	Standard Motion Speed Clamp	0 to	250 rpm		150 rpm		RW	Num				US		
13.013	Standard Motion Orientation Position Reference	0 to	65535	0			RW	Num				US		
13.014	Standard Motion Orientation Acceptance Window	0 to 4096			256			Num				US		
13.015	Standard Motion Orientation Complete	rientation Complete Off (0)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
13.016	Standard Motion Position Error Reset	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC				
13.017	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reference	0.0 to 4000.0 rpm			0.0 rpm		RW	Num				US		
13.018	Standard Motion Relative Jog Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC					
13.019	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reverse	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC					
13.020	Standard Motion Local Reference Revolutions	0 to 6	0 to 65535 revs		0 revs		RW	Num		NC				
13.021	Standard Motion Local Reference Position	cal Reference Position 0 to 65535		0		RW	Num		NC					
13.022	Standard Motion Local Reference Fine Position	0 to 65535		0		RW	Num		NC					
13.023	Standard Motion Local Reference Disable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC					
13.024	Standard Motion Ignore Local Reference Revolutions	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)			RW	Bit				US		
13.026	Standard Motion Sample Rate	Not Active (0), 4ms (1)						Txt	ND	NC	PT	US		

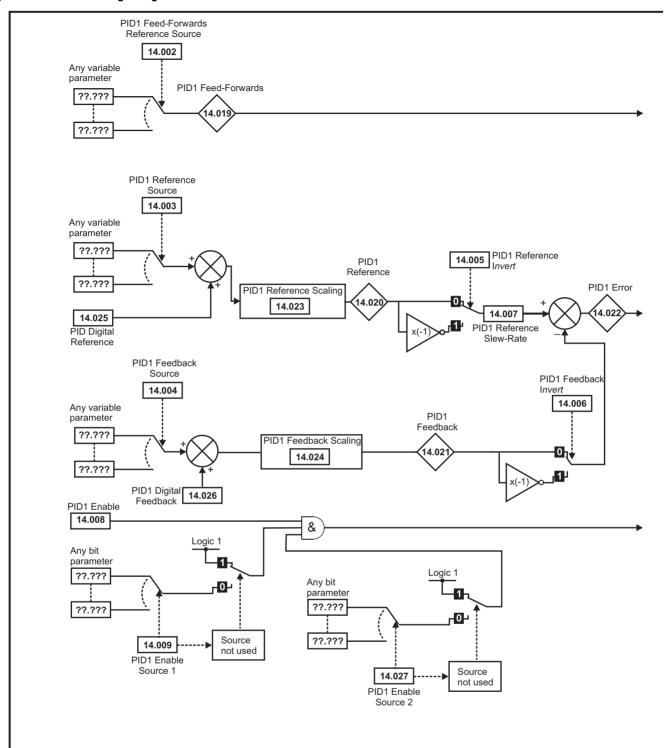
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Information Installation Inst

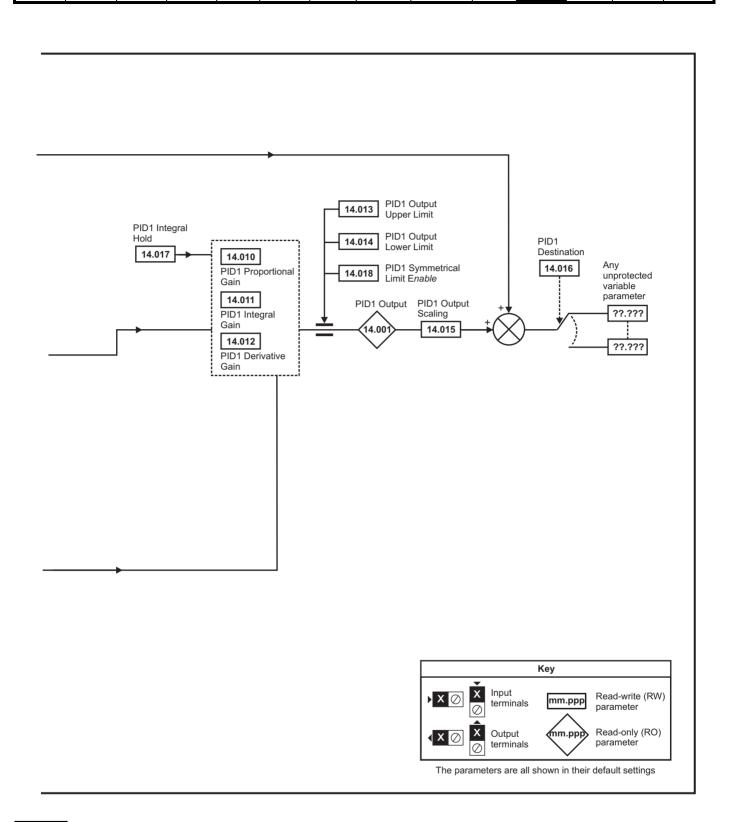
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-34 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC UL listing information Safety Product Electrical Basic NV Media Card Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information installation information installation parameters Operation parameters data



NOTE

The same logic diagram above (Menu 14) can also be used for PID2 as they are the same.

Parameter		Range(ᡎ)	Default(⇔)	Type							
		OL RFC-A / S	OL RFC-A RFC-S	Туре							
14.001	PID1 Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000		Num			PT	US		
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		Bit				US		
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s		Num				US		
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US		
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US		
14.013	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.014	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit						
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.020	PID1 Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %	4.222	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num			D.T.	US		
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.028	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level	0.00 to 100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.029 14.030	PID1 Maximum Boost Time PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Enable	0.0 to 250.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US		
14.030	·	Off (0) or On (1)		RO		ND	NC	PT			
14.031	PID2 Output PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source	±100.00 % 0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US		
14.032	PID2 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.034	PID2 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.035	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			г	US		
14.036	PID2 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.037	PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US		
14.038	PID2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.039	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num			· ·	US		
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US		
14.042	PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US		
14.043	PID2 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.044	PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.045	PID2 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.046	PID2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US		
14.047	PID2 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit						
14.048	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US		
14.049	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.050	PID2 Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.051	PID2 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.052	PID2 Error	±100.00 %			Num	ND	NC	PT			
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.054	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US		
14.055	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.056	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US		
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US		
						1	1	1	1		

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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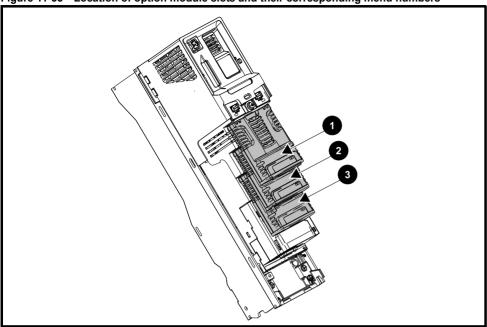
	Parameter	Rang	ge(‡)		Default(⇔)					
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S		ıy	pe	
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 t	o 4.000		1.000		RW	Num		US
14.059	PID1 Mode Selector	Fbk1 (0), Fbk2 (1), Fbk1 Max Fbk (4), Av Fbk (5), M		Fbk1 (0)		RW	Txt		US	
14.060	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (0)			RW	Bit		US
14.061	PID2 Feedback Square Root Enable	Off (0) o	Off (0)			RW	Bit		US	
14.062	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 2	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			Bit		US

Γ	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.15 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 11-35 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



- 1. Solutions Module Slot 1 Menu 15
- 2. Solutions Module Slot 2 Menu 16
- 3. Solutions Module Slot 3 Menu 17

11.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(û)	Default(⇔)	Туре	
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO Num ND NC I	PT
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO Num ND NC I	PT
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO Num ND NC I	PT
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 9999999		RO Num ND NC I	PT
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 9999999		RO Num ND NC I	PT

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
304	SI-Applications Plus	
310	MCi210	Automation (Applications)
311	MCi200	Automation (Applications)
306	SI-Register	
443	SI-PROFIBUS	Fieldbus
447	SI-DeviceNet	i iciabas

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)		Type					
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyı	Je		
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num				PS	
18.002 to 18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC		US
18.011 to 18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	0			RW	Num				US	
18.031 to 18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US		
18.051 to 18.054	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	0			RW	Num				PS	

11.17 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔))	Туре				
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyı	Je	
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0			Num			US	
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	Off (0)			RW	Bit			US	
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to 2147483647			0			Num			PS

11.18 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range	·(\$)		Default(⇒)				Туре		
	raianietei	OL	RFC-S	Турс							
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to 32767			0			Num			
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-32768 to 32767					RW	Num			

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.19 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

			Range(む)			Default(⇔)							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Эе		
21.001	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE _REF_CLAMP2 Hz		ITIVE_REF_ IP2 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50 Hz: 1500.0 60 Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE _REF_CLAMP2 Hz		ATIVE_REF_ IP2 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0), A1 Pres Keypad (4), P	set (1), A2 Prese recision (5), Key			A1 A2 (0)		RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	±VI	M_ACCEL_RATI	E	5.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	±VI	M_ACCEL_RATI	E	10.0	2.000	0.200	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Rated Frequency	0.0 to 550).0 Hz			z: 50.0 z: 60.0		RW	Num				US
21.007	M2 Rated Current	±VM_F	RATED_CURRE	NT A		0.000 A	•	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33	000.00 rpm	50 Hz: 1500 rpm 60 Hz: 1800 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.00 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V 0.000 to 1.000 Automatic (0) to 480 Poles (240) 0.000000 to 1000.000000 Ω				200V drive: 230 \V drive 50Hz: 40 \V drive 60Hz: 40 \\V drive 60Hz: 46 \\V drive: 575 \V drive: 690 \V	00 V 60 V V	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Rated Power Factor	Automatic (0) to 480 Poles (240)				350		RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number Of Motor Poles	0.000000 to 1000.000000 Ω				atic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Txt				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000	00 to 1000.0000	00 Ω		0.000000 Ω		RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance / Ld	0.00	00 to 500.000 m		0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US	
21.015	Motor 2 Active	(Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	Off (0) or On (1) 1.0 to 3000.0 s 0.0000 to 200.0000				89.0 s		RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1					0.03		RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	0.00 to 655.35				0.10	1.00	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000	to 0.65535		0.00	0000	RW	Num				US
21.020	M2 Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9 °				RW	Num	ND			US
21.021	M2 Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot 1 (2) P1 Slot P2 Slot 2 (5) P2 Slot 3 (7)	, P2 Drive (1), , P2 Slot 1 (3), ot 2 (4), , P1 Slot 3 (6), , P1 Slot 4 (8), ot 4 (9)		P1 Dri	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain		0 to 30000		20	15	50	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain		0 to 30000		40	20	00	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 5000	0.00 mH		0.00) mH		RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 % 0.0 to			50.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		100.0 %			75.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTO	DR2_CURRENT	_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.		RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit		DR2_CURRENT		165.0 %	175.		RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTO	DR2_CURRENT		165.0 %	175.		RW	Num		RA		US
21.030	M2 Volts Per 1000 rpm			0 to 10,000 V			98	RW	Num				US
21.032	M2 Law Speed Thomas Protection Made			25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
21.033	M2 Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode M3 Current Controller Mode		0 to 1	or On (1)		0	(0)	RW	Num				US
21.034	M2 Current Controller Mode M2 Notch Filter Centre Frequency		` '	or On (1) 1000 Hz		Off	(U)) Hz	RW	Num				US
21.035	M2 Notch Filter Bandwidth					01		RW	Num				US
21.039	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	0 to 500 Hz				89.0 s	-	RW	Num				US
21.040	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	1.0 to 3000.0 s 0 to 100 %				0 %		RW	Num				US
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2	0.0 to 100.0 %				0.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4	0.0 to 100.0 %				0.0 %		RW	Num				US
24.042	RFC-A> M2 Torque Per Amp	0.00 to 500.00 Nm/A						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
21.043	RFC-S> M2 Torque Per Amp	0.00 to 500.00 Nm/A					1.60 Nm/A	RW	Num				US
21.046	M2 Inverted Motor Saturation Characteristic			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
21.047	M2 Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	Damanastan		Range(‡)			Default(⇔)				T		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type	!	
21.048	M2 No-load Lq			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.0 mH	RW	Num	F	RA	US
21.051	M2 Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num			US
21.053	M2 Phase Offset At Iq Test Current			± 90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num	F	RA	US
21.054	M2 Lq At Defined Iq Test Current			0.00 to 500.00 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num	F	RA	US
21.058	M2 Id Test Current For Inductance Measurement			-100 to 0 %			-50 %	RW	Num			US
21.060	M2 Lq at the defined Id test current			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num	F	RA	US
21.066	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 1		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.067	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 1		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.068	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 2		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.069	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 2		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.070	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 3		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.071	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 3		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.072	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 4		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.073	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 4		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.074	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 5		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.075	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 5		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.076	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 6		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.077	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 6		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.078	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 7		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.079	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 7		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.080	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 8		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.081	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 8		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.082	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 9		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.083	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 9		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US
21.084	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Magnitude 10		0.0 to	100.0 %		0.0	0 %	RW	Num			US
21.085	M2 Torque Ripple Compensation Phase 10		0.0 to	o 359 °		0.0) °	RW	Num			US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Information Information Installation Insta

11.20 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

		Range(≎)		Default(⇔)	1				
	Parameter	OL RFC-A RFC-S	OL	RFC-A RFC-S	ł		Type		
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.007	RW	Num		PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.006	RW	Num		PT	US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		2.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		2.021	RW	Num		PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.014	RW	Num		PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.007	RW	Num		PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.014	3.010	RW	Num		PT	US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.015	3.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.013	3.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.004	3.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.00	3.029	RW	Num		PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.001	RW	Num		PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		2.004	RW	Num		PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	2.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	8.026	4.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		7.011*	RW	Num		PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		7.014*	RW	Num		PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		7.015*	RW	Num		PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.010	RW	Num		PT	US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.005	RW	Num		PT	US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.021	RW	Num		PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.022	RW	Num		PT	US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	1.023	3.008	RW	Num		PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	1.024	3.034	RW	Num		PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		6.013	RW	Num		PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.036	RW	Num		PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.042	RW	Num		PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.033	RW	Num		PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.032	RW	Num		PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	6.009	5.016 0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.030	RW	Num		PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.024*	RW	Num		PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.025*	RW	Num		PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	11	1.023** / 24.010***	RW	Num		PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.013	RW	Num		PT	US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		4.014	RW	Num		PT	US
22.040 22.041	Parameter 00.040 Set-up Parameter 00.041 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999		5.012 5.018	RW	Num		PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up Parameter 00.042 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999		5.018	RW	Num		PT PT	US
22.042	Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999	5.01			Num			
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.0	5.009	RW	Num		PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999	5.00		RW	Num Num		PT PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	3.00	5.007	RW			PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	5.00		RW	Num		PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999	0.00	11.031	RW	Num		PT	US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.044	RW	Num		PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.029	RW	Num		PT	US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		10.037	RW	Num		PT	US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		11.020 *	RW	Num	+	PT	US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num	+	PT	US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
		11111 13 001000		*:===		110111		1 ' '	50

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Damana da n		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				T		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type		
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US

^{* 0.000} on *Unidrive M702*.

^{***} On *Unidrive M700 / M702.*

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.21 Menu 24: Ethernet status and monitoring (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

	Parameter		Range			Default				T) a			
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Je		
24.001	Module ID		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.002	Software Version	00	.00.00.00 to 99.9	9.99.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.003	Hardware Version		0.00 to 99.99)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.004	Serial Number LS	C	00000000 to 9999	9999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.005	Serial Number MS		0 to 9999999	9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.006	Status		-Update (-2), Boo (0), OK (1), Con					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
24.007	Reset		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
24.008	Default		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
24.009	Active Alarm Bits	00000000	000000000 to 111	1111111111111	00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	RO	Bin		NC		
24.010	Active IP Address	128	.0.0.0 to 127.255	.255.255		0.0.0.0		RO	IP		NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

^{**} On *Unidrive M701*.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.1 Slot 4 Menu 0: Ethernet status and monitoring (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

	Parameter		Range			Default				Т. г.			
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Je		
24.001	Module ID		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.002	Software Version	00	.00.00.00 to 99.99	9.99.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.003	Hardware Version		0.00 to 99.99					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.004	Serial Number LS	C	00000000 to 9999	9999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.005	Serial Number MS		0 to 99999999	9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
24.006	Status		Update (-2), Boo (0), OK (1), Conf					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
24.007	Reset		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
24.008	Default		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
24.009	Active Alarm Bits	00000000	000000000 to 111	111111111111	00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	RO	Bin		NC		
24.010	Active IP Address	128	.0.0.0 to 127.255.	255.255		0.0.0.0		RO	IP		NC	PT	

ľ	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
I	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

11.21.2 Slot 4 Menu 2: Ethernet configuration (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

	Parameter		Range			Default				Туј	20		
	r arameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyı	<i>y</i> e		
4.02.003	Network Status	DHCP In P	zing (0), Links Do rogress (2), No A eady (4), Active (Address (3),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
4.02.004	Network Message Count		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
4.02.005	DHCP Enable		Off (0) or On (1)	1		On (1)		RW	Num				US
4.02.006	IP Address	0.0.0	.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		192.168.001.10	0	RW	IP				US
4.02.007	Subnet Mask	0.0.0	.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		255.255.255.00	10	RW	IP				US
4.02.008	Default Gateway	0.0.0	.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		192.168.1.254		RW	IP				US
4.02.009	Primary DNS	0.0.0	.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US
4.02.010	Secondary DNS	0.0.0	.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP				US
4.02.011	MAC Address	00:00:00:00	:00:00 to FF:FF:I	FF:FF:FF				RO	Mac	ND	NC	PT	
4.02.020	Priority Protocol	None (0), Mo	odbus TCP (1), E	therNet/IP (2)		0		RW	Txt				US
4.02.021	Web Server Enable		Off (0) or On (1)	1		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
4.02.022	Web Server Port		0 to 65535			80		RW	Num				US
4.02.024	Ethernet MTU		158 to 1500 Byte	S		1500 Bytes		RW	Num				US
4.02.025	Gateway Mode		itch (0), Gateway Strict Gateway (2			Switch (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.02.030	VLAN Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.02.031	VLAN ID		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.02.035	Non cyclic enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.02.036	Non cyclic base parameter	0.	00.000 to 0.59.9	99		0.00.000		RW	SMP				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.3 Slot 4 Menu 9: Resources (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

	Parameter		Range			Default				Тур		
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A RF	c-s	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			тур	,	
4.09.001	Cyclic Tx Links Free		0 to 255					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.002	Cyclic Rx Links Free		0 to 255					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.003	Fieldbus Links Free		0 to 255					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.004	Cyclic Mappings Free		0 to 255					RO	Num	ND	NC	l
4.09.009	Idle Task % Free		0 to 255 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.010	Synchronous Task % Free		0 to 255 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.020	Synchronous Task % Worst Free		0 to 255 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	
4.09.030	PCB Temperature		-128 to 127 °C					RO	Num			

Г	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.4 Slot 4 Menu 10: Easy Mode (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

			Range			Default							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Ту	ре		
4.10.001	Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
4.10.002	Reset		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
4.10.003	Default		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
4.10.004	Message Rate		0 to 100 ms			0 ms		RW	Num				US
4.10.010	Tx1 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.011	Tx1 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.012	Tx1 Source Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.99	99		0.00.000		RW	Num			PT	US
4.10.013	Tx1 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.014	Tx1 Link Transmission Type		t (0), Broadcast (1), M Multicast2 (3), Multicast Multicast4 (5)			Unicast (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.015	Tx1 Destination Address		0.0.0.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP	DE			US
4.10.019	Tx1 Link Status	Read In e Not editable (-	profile (-16), Invalid m d only param (-14), Tin error (-7), Link num in .5), Invalid link num (-4 links (-2), Out of mem	neout (-8), use (-6), 4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt				
4.10.020	Tx2 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.021	Tx2 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.022	Tx2 Source Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.99	99		0.00.000		RW	Num			PT	US
4.10.023	Tx2 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.024	Tx2 Link Transmission Type		padcast (1), Muliticast Multicast3 (4), Multicas			Unicast (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.025	Tx2 Destination Address		0.0.0.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP	DE			US
4.10.029	Tx2 Link Status	In e	e (-16), Invalid mappin param (-14), Timeout error (-7), Link num in -5), Invalid link num (-4 links (-2), Out of mem	(-8), use (-6), 4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt				
4.10.030	Tx3 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.031	Tx3 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.032	Tx3 Source Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.99	99		0.00.000		RW	Num			PT	US
4.10.033	Tx3 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.034	Tx3 Link Transmission Type		oadcast (1), Muliticast Multicast3 (4), Multicas			Unicast (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.035	Tx3 Destination Address		0.0.0.0 to 255.255.25	5.255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP	DE			US
4.10.039	Tx3 Link Status	In e	e (-16), Invalid mappin param (-14), Timeout error (-7), Link num in -5), Invalid link num (-4 links (-2), Out of mem	(-8), use (-6), 4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt				
4.10.040	Rx1 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.041	Rx1 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.042	Rx1 Destination Parameter		0 to 4.99.999			0.00.000	·	RW	Num	DE			US
4.10.043	Rx1 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0.000		RW	Num				US
4.10.044	Rx1 Source Type		(0), Multicast1 (1), Mu ast3 (3), Multicast4 (4			Direct (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.045	Rx1 Timeout	.	0 to 65535 ms	ald leat (O)		100 ms		RW	Num				US
4.10.046	Rx1 Timeout Action		0), Clear output (1), H s slot (0), Slot 1 (1), S	` '		Trip (0)		RW	Txt				
4.10.047	Rx1 Timeout Event Destination	1111	Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4			This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.048	Rx1 Timeout Event Type	No e	event (0), Event (1), E Event2 (3), Event3			No event (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.10.049	Rx1 Link Status	In e	e (-16), Invalid mappin param (-14), Timeout error (-7), Link num in 5), Invalid link num (-4 links (-2), Out of mem	(-8), use (-6), 4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt				
4.10.050	Rx2 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.051	Rx2 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num				US
4.10.052	Rx2 Destination Parameter		0 to 4.99.999			0.00.000		RW	Num	DE			US
4.10.053	Rx2 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0		RW	Num				US
		_											

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Parameter		Range			Default				T	
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре	
4.10.054	Rx2 Source Type		(0), Multicast1 (1), M ast3 (3), Multicast4 (4			Direct (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.055	Rx2 Timeout		0 to 65535 ms	, ,,		100 ms		RW	Num		US
4.10.056	Rx2 Timeout Action	Trip (0), Clear output (1), F	Hold last (2)		Trip (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.057	Rx2 Timeout Event Destination	Thi	s slot (0), Slot 1 (1), 5 Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (This slot (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.058	Rx2 Timeout Event Type	No e	event (0), Event (1), E Event2 (3), Event3			No event (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.059	Rx2 Link Status	In e	e (-16), Invalid mappir param (-14), Timeou error (-7), Link num in 5), Invalid link num (- links (-2), Out of men	t (-8), use (-6), -4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt		
4.10.060	Rx3 Link Profile		0 to 0			0		RW	Num		US
4.10.061	Rx3 Link Number		0 to 255			0		RW	Num		US
4.10.062	Rx3 Destination Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.9	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE	US
4.10.063	Rx3 Parameter Count		0 to 32			0.000		RW	Num		US
4.10.064	Rx3 Source Type		(0), Multicast1 (1), M ast3 (3), Multicast4 (4			Direct (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.065	Rx3 Timeout		0 to 65535 ms			100 ms		RW	Num		US
4.10.066	Rx3 Timeout Action	Trip (0), Clear output (1), F	Hold last (2)		Trip (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.067	Rx3 Timeout Event Destination	Thi	s slot (0), Slot 1 (1), S Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (This slot (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.068	Rx3 Timeout Event Type	No e	event (0), Event (1), E Event2 (3), Event3			No event (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.10.069	Rx3 Link Status	In e	e (-16), Invalid mappir param (-14), Timeou error (-7), Link num in 5), Invalid link num (- links (-2), Out of men	t (-8), use (-6), -4), Invalid args (-3),		OK (0)		RO	Txt		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.5 Slot 4 Menu 11: Synchronization (*Unidrive M700 / M702*)

	Dawn atom		Range			Default				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	pe		
4.11.001	Preferred Sync Master		0 to 4			1	•	RW	Num				US
4.11.002	Master Clock Domain		0 to 3			0		RW	Num				US
4.11.005	Grandmaster MAC Address	00:00:00:00	0:00:00 to FF:FF:I	FF:FF:FF				RO	Mac	ND	NC	PT	
4.11.006	Synchronization Jitter From Grandmaster	-21474	83648 to 214748	3647 ns				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
4.11.007	Synchronization Jitter Threshold		10 to 429496729	5		1000		RW	Num				US
4.11.008	Module Synchronized Flag		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RO	Bit				
4.11.009	Inhibit Drive Synchronization		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.11.010	PTP Date	0	0-00-00 to 31-12-	99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	
4.11.011	PTP Time	0	0:00:00 to 23:59:	59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	
4.11.013	Network Transport Layer Select		802.3 (0), UDP (1)		UDP (1)		RW	Txt				US
4.11.014	1 Step Clock Correction		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.11.015	PTP Delay Measurement Select	E2E DI	ELAY (0), P2P DE	LAY (1)		P2P DELAY	(1)	RW	Txt				US
4.11.016	PTP Sync Rate		-4 to 4			-2		RW	Num				US
4.11.020	Network Error Count		0 to 4294967295	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
4.11.022	Interoption Sync Status		ER (0), PRODUC NDEPENDENT (RO	Txt	ND	NC		
4.11.030	Tx1 Link Maximum Network Delay		0 to 100 ms			0 ms		RW	Num				US
4.11.031	Tx2 Link Maximum Network Delay		0 to 100 ms			0 ms		RW	Num				US
4.11.032	Tx3 Link Maximum Network Delay		0 to 100 ms			0 ms		RW	Num				US
4.11.040	Rx1 Late Synchronization Frame Action	Off (0), Tri	p (1), Do not use	(2), Use (3)		Off (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.11.041	Rx1 Late Synchronization Frame Destination	This slo	ot (0), Slot 1 (1), S Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4	ilot 2 (2), 4)		This slot (0))	RW	Txt				US
4.11.042	Rx1 Late Synchronization Frame Event		t (0), Event (1), E vent2 (3), Event3			No event (0)	RW	Txt				US
4.11.050	Rx2 Late Synchronization Frame Action	Off (0), Tri	p (1), Do not use	(2), Use (3)		Off (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.11.051	Rx2 Late Synchronization Frame Destination	This slot (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4) This slot (0)						RW	Txt				US
4.11.052	Rx2 Late Synchronization Frame Event	No event (0), Event (1), Event1 (2), Event2 (3), Event3 (4)						RW	Txt				US
4.11.060	Rx3 Late Synchronization Frame Action	Off (0), Tri	p (1), Do not use	(2), Use (3)		Off (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.11.061	Rx3 Late Synchronization Frame Destination		ot (0), Slot 1 (1), S Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (This slot (0	0)	RW	Txt				US
4.11.062	Rx3 Late Synchronization Frame Event		t (0), Event (1), E vent2 (3), Event3			No event (0)	RW	Txt				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.6 Slot 4 Menu 15: Modbus (Unidrive M700 / M702)

	Parameter		Range			Default			Т.		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S		ıy	pe	
4.15.001	Enable		Off (0) or On (1)	•		On (1)		RW	Bit		US
4.15.002	Reset		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		
4.15.003	Default		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		
4.15.004	Modbus Configuration Error	No	error (0), Port in use Timeout event (2)	(1),				RO	Txt		
4.15.005	Modbus Listening Port		0 to 65535			502		RW	Num		
4.15.006	Maximum Connections		0 to 4			2		RW	Num		US
4.15.007	Maximum Priority Connections		0 to 4			1		RW	Num		US
4.15.008	Maximum Connections Per Client		1 to 4		2		RW	Num		US	
4.15.009	Modbus Timeout		1 to 10000 ms			100 ms		RW	Num		US
4.15.010	Modbus Timeout Action		Trip (0), No action (1)		No action (1)		RW	Txt		US
4.15.011	Modbus Timeout Event Destination	This slot (0), SI	ot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slo	ot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.15.012	Modbus Timeout Event Type	No event (0), Trigger I	Trigger Event (1), Trig Event 2 (3), Trigger E Trigger Event 4 (5)	ger Event 1 (2), vent 3 (4),		No event (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.15.013	Modbus Resister Addressing Mode	S	tandard (0), Modified	(1)		Standard (0)		RW	Txt		US
4.15.020	Priority Connection 1	0.	0.0.0 to 255.255.255.	255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP		US
4.15.021	Priority Connection 2	0.	0.0.0 to 255.255.255.	255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP		US
4.15.022	Priority Connection 3	0.	0.0.0 to 255.255.255.	255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP		US
4.15.023	Priority Connection 4	0.	0.0.0 to 255.255.255.	255		0.0.0.0		RW	IP		US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.7 Slot 4 Menu 20: EtherNet/IP (Unidrive M700 / M702)

	Davameter		Range			Default				т.			-
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıy	pe		
4.20.001	Enable EtherNet/IP		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
4.20.002	Reset		Off (0) or On (1)	1		Off (0)		RW	Bit				
4.20.003	Default		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
4.20.004	Configuration Error	event dst (3),	PI event dst (1), RPI IDLE event type (4), (6), In cons trig pr (7					RO	Txt	ND			
4.20.007	Cyclic Data Transfers Per Second		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
4.20.011	RPI Timeout Action		Send fit values (1), Cl Hold last (3), No Action			Hold last (3)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.012	RPI Timeout Event Destination	This slot (0), S	Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2),	Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.013	RPI Timeout Event Type		gger Event (1), Trigge Trigger Event 3 (4), T	er Event 1 (2), Trigger rigger Event 4 (5)		No event (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.015	PLC Idle Action		Send fit values (1), Cl Hold last (3), No Action			No Action (4)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.016	PLC Idle Event Destination	This slot (0), S	Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2),	Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4)		This slot (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.017	PLC Idle Event Type	No event (0), Trig Event 2 (3), T	gger Event (1), Trigge Frigger Event 3 (4), T	er Event 1 (2), Trigger rigger Event 4 (5)		No event (0)		RW	Txt				US
4.20.018	Active Input Assembly Object), 70-BscSpdCtrll (1) TqCtrll (3), 73-ExtSp	71-ExtSpedCtrll (2), pdTqCtrll (4)		100-Primaryl (0)	RO	Txt				
4.20.019	Active Output Assembly Object		imaryO (0), 20-BscS SpedCtrlO (2), 22-Spc 23-ExtSpdTqCtrlO	TqCtrlO (3),		101-PrimaryO ((0)	RO	Txt				
4.20.020	Input Assembly Object Size		4 to 80			8		RW	Num				
4.20.021	Output Assembly Object Size		4 to 80			8		RW	Num				US
4.20.024	Input Assembly Object Process Time		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC		
4.20.025	Output Assembly Object Process Time		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC		
4.20.026	Input Assembly Object Consistency Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.20.027	Input Assembly Object Consistency Trigger Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.9	99		0.00.000		RW	Num				
4.20.028	Input Assembly Object Consistency Enable		Off (0) or On (1)	١		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
4.20.029	Output Assembly Object Consistency Trigger Parameter		0.00.000 to 4.99.9	99		0.00.000		RW	Num				US
4.20.030	Custom Vender ID	257	- CT (0), 553 - CT Ar	merica (1)		257-CT (0)		RW	Txt				
4.20.031	Custom product code		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num				US
4.20.032	Custom product revision code		0 to 65535			0		RW	Num				US
4.20.033	Actual Product Code		0 to 65535			0		RO	Num				
4.20.034	Actual Product Revision		0 to 65535			0							
4.20.040	Type of Motor 1	2-FC DC (0),	6-WRI (1), 7-SCI (2) 10-Trap PM BL (4			7-SCI (2)		RO	Txt			PT	US
4.20.041	Type of Motor 2	2-FC DC (0),	6-WRI (1), 7-SCI (2) 10-Trap PM BL (4			7-SCI (2)		RO	Txt			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.8 Slot 4 Menu 21: EtherNet/IP In Mappings (Unidrive M700 / M702)

	Parameter		Range			Default				Tu	ıno.		
	Faranietei	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıy	pe		
4.21.001	Input Mapping Parameter 1	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.10.040		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.002	Input Mapping Parameter 2	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.02.001		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.003	Input Mapping Parameter 3	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.004	Input Mapping Parameter 4	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.005	Input Mapping Parameter 5	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.006	Input Mapping Parameter 6	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.007	Input Mapping Parameter 7	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.008	Input Mapping Parameter 8	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.009	Input Mapping Parameter 9	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.010	Input Mapping Parameter 10	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.011	Input Mapping Parameter 11	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.012	Input Mapping Parameter 12	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.013	Input Mapping Parameter 13	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.014	Input Mapping Parameter 14	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.015	Input Mapping Parameter 15	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.016	Input Mapping Parameter 16	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.017	Input Mapping Parameter 17	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.018	Input Mapping Parameter 18	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.019	Input Mapping Parameter 19	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.21.020	Input Mapping Parameter 20	0	.00.000 to 4.99	9.999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US

R۷	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NI	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.21.9 Slot 4 Menu 22: EtherNet/IP Out Mappings (Unidrive M700 / M702)

	Parameter		Range			Default				Tra	20		
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	pe		
4.22.001	Output Mapping Parameter 1	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.06.042		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.002	Output Mapping Parameter 2	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.01.021		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.003	Output Mapping Parameter 3	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.004	Output Mapping Parameter 4	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.005	Output Mapping Parameter 5	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.006	Output Mapping Parameter 6	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.007	Output Mapping Parameter 7	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.008	Output Mapping Parameter 8	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.009	Output Mapping Parameter 9	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.010	Output Mapping Parameter 10	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.011	Output Mapping Parameter 11	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.012	Output Mapping Parameter 12	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.013	Output Mapping Parameter 13	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.014	Output Mapping Parameter 14	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.015	Output Mapping Parameter 15	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.016	Output Mapping Parameter 16	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.017	Output Mapping Parameter 17	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.018	Output Mapping Parameter 18	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.019	Output Mapping Parameter 19	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
4.22.020	Output Mapping Parameter 20	0	0.00.000 to 4.99.	999		0.00.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.21.10 Slot 4 Menu 23: EtherNet/IP Fault Values (Unidrive M700 / M702)

	Parameter		Range			Default				T	_	
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e	
4.23.001	Output Fault Value 1	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0	•	RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.002	Output Fault Value 2	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.003	Output Fault Value 3	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.004	Output Fault Value 4	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.005	Output Fault Value 5	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.006	Output Fault Value 6	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.007	Output Fault Value 7	-2147483648 to 2147483647				0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.008	Output Fault Value 8	-2147483648 to 2147483647				0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.009	Output Fault Value 9	-2147483648 to 2147483647 -2147483648 to 2147483647				0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.010	Output Fault Value 10	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.011	Output Fault Value 11	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.012	Output Fault Value 12	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.013	Output Fault Value 13	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.014	Output Fault Value 14	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.015	Output Fault Value 15	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.016	Output Fault Value 16	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.017	Output Fault Value 17	-2147483648 to 2147483647 -2147483648 to 2147483647				0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.018	Output Fault Value 18	-2147483648 to 2147483647				0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.019	Output Fault Value 19	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US
4.23.020	Output Fault Value 20	-214	7483648 to 214	7483647		0		RW	Num		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

12 Technical data

12.1 Drive technical data

12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of 'Normal Duty' and 'Heavy Duty' refer to section 2.3 Ratings on page 11.

Table 12-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

				N	ormal E	Outy							Н	eavy Du	ty			
Model	-	ninal ing						output o		Non rat	ninal ing		•	nissible ollowinç			•	. ,
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V															I		I	
03200050	1.1	1.5				6.6				0.75	1.0				5.0			
03200066	1.5	2.0				8.0				1.1	1.5				6.6			
03200080	2.2	3.0			1	11			9.7	1.5	2.0			8.	0			6.9
03200106	3.0	3.0			12.7			12.1	10.2	2.2	3.0			10.6			8.8	7.5
04200137	4.0	5.0				18				3.0	3.0				13.7			
04200185	5.5	7.5			25			24	22	4.0	5.0			18.5			17.6	16
05200250	7.5	10			30			27.6	23.7	5.5	7.5		2	25		24.8	21.5	18.8
06200330	11	15			50			42.3	24.5	7.5	10			33.0			32	27
06200440	15	20		5	8		53	42.3	32.5	11	15		44	1.0		40	33	27.3
07200610	18.5	25		75 94				74.3	59.7	15	20			6	1			53.1
07200750	22	30	94 117 114 96				74.3	59.7	18.5	25			75			65.3	53.1	
07200830	30	40						74.3	59.7	22	30		8	3		80.5	65.6	53.1
08201160	37	50	149 146 180 160.2 148.8				125.2	93	30	40		116		113.7	103	89.3	80.5	
08201320	45	60	180 160.2 148.8				126	93	37	50	1:	32	126.7	114	103	89.8	80.5	
09201760	55	75		2	16		184	128	93	45	60		1	76		153	110	81
09202190	75	100	26	66	258	218	184	128	93	55	75	2	19	212	180	153	110	81
10202830	90	125		325		313	266	194	144	75	100		283		264	228	170	127
10203000	110	150		360		313	266	194	144	90	125		300		264	228	171	129
400 V	_		_									_						
03400025	1.1	1.5				3.4				0.75	1.0				2.5			
03400031	1.5	2.0				4.5				1.1	1.5				3.1			
03400045	2.2	3.0			6	5.2			5.0	1.5	2.0			4.	5			3.7
03400062	3.0	5.0			7.7			6.2	5.0	2.2	3.0		6	.2		5.8	4.5	3.8
03400078	4.0	5.0			10.4			7.6	5.7	3.0	5.0		7	.8		7.6	5.7	4.4
03400100	5.5	7.5		12	2.3		10.5	7.6	5.8	4.0	5.0		10		9.2	7.7	5.7	4.4
04400150	7.5	10			18.5			14.6	11.1	5.5	10		15	5.0		14.4	11.5	9.4
04400172	11	15		24		21.8	19.2	14.6	11.2	7.5	10		17.2		16.1	14.4	11.5	9.4
05400270	15	20		30		25.8	22.2	17.1	13.5	11	20	27	25.4	23.7	20.3	17.6	13.8	11.1
05400300	15	20	30 25.8 22.2 31 30.7 26.4				18.3	14.1	15	20	3	80	27.9	24	21	14.9	12.2	
06400350	18.5	25	38				31	24.3	15	25		3	35		30	23	18.5	
06400420	22	30	48 41					31	24.5	18.5	30		42		35	30	23	18.5
06400470	30	40	6	3	57	48	41	31	24.5	22	30	47	46	42	35	30	23	18.5
07400660	37	50			79			63	53.6	30	50		66		57	48	41	34
07400770	45	60		9	4		80.6	63	53.6	37	60	7	7	70	59	51	44	37
07401000	55	75		112		95.2	80.6	63	53.8	45	75	1	00	88	73	61	48	41

Safety information	Product Information			Electrica installation			Basic arameters	Running the motor		zation	V Media (Operatio			Advanced arameters	Technic data	al Diagr	nostics	UL listing information
				N	ormal C	Outy							ŀ	leavy Du	ty			
Model	Nom rati			•				output c		-	ninal ting			nissible following				
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
08401340	75	100		1	55	•	132	98	77	55	100	13	34	130	109	91	72	57
08401570	90	125		184		169	142	106.7	77	75	125	15	57	143	121	104	80.1	65
09402000	110	150		221		192	159	108	77	90	150	200	1	80	157	130	92	65
09402240	132	200	266	255	231	192	160	109	77	110	150	224	211	190	157	130	92	65
10402700	160	250		320		285				132	200		270		237			
10403200	200	300	36	31	339	285				160	250	320	307	282	237			
575 V																		
05500030	2.2	3.0				3.9				1.5	2.0				3.0			
05500040	4.0	5.0				6.1				2.2	3.0				4.0			
05500069	5.5	7.5				10				4.0	5.0				6.9			
06500100	7.5	10.0				12				5.5	7.5				10			
06500150	11.0	15.0			1	17			14.8	7.5	10			1:	5			11.6
06500190	15.0	20.0			22			20.5	15	11	15					15.4	11.6	
06500230	18.5	25.0		2	.7		26.2	20	16	15	20	0 23			20	15.4	12.8	
06500290	22.0	30.0		34		31	26.2	20	16.8	18.5	25		29		23.8	20	15.4	12.8
06500350	30.0	40.0	4	3	39.6	31	26.2	20	16.8	22	30	35	34	29.8	23.8	20	15.4	13
07500440	45	50		53		51.8	40.2	27.7	21.2	30	40		44		39.2	30.8	21.6	16.7
07500550	55	60	7	3	71.5	51.8	40.2	27.7	21.2	37	50	5	5	52.8	39.2	30.8	21.6	17.1
08500630	75	75		8	6		73.1	49.7	37.8	45	60		(63		53.3	37.2	28.4
08500860	90	100		108		91.8	73.1	49.7	37.8	55	75		86		67.1	53.3	37.8	28.4
09501040	110	125		1:	25		101	71	54	75	100		1	04		85	61	47
09501310	110	150		150		126	100	70	54	90	125		131		106	85	61	47
10501520	130	200	20	00	168	126	100	70	54	110	150	15	52	138	106	85	61	47
10501900	150	200		200		152	116	76	54	132	200	190	190	186	137	106	70	51
690 V																		
07600190	18.5	25			2	23			21.2	15	20			1:	9			16.7
07600240	22	30			30			27.9	21.2	18.5	25			24			21.8	16.6
07600290	30	40			36			28.1	21.2	22	30			29			21.8	16.5
07600380	37	50		4	6		40.5	28.1	21.2	30	40			38		30.8	21.7	16.7
07600440	45	60		52		51.5	40.6	28.1	21.2	37	50		44		38.7	30.8	21.6	16.7
07600540	55	75	7	3	71.5	51.8	40.2	27.7	21.2	45	60	0 54 52.9 39		31	21.6	16.7		
08600630	75	100		8	6		72.2	49.7	37.8	55	75			33		53.3	37	28.4
08600860	90	125		108		91.8	72.4	49.7	37.8	75	100		86		67.1	53.3	37	28.4
09601040	110	150		1:	25		100	71	54	90	125		1	04		85	61	47
09601310	132	175		155		126	100	71	54	110	150		131		105	82	62	47
10601500	160	200	17	72	169	126	100	71	55	132	175	15	50	138	105	86	62	47

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed

			N	ormal Du	ty					H	leavy Du	ty		
Model	Max		ermissible e followin				t (A)	Мах		ermissible e followin				t (A)
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V	<u> </u>	•	1	1		•	•	•	·	•	Į.	1	1	Į.
03200050				6.6							5.0			
03200066				8.0							6.6			
03200080			1	1			9.7			8	.0			6.9
03200106	12.3	11.9	11.1	10	9.0	6.4	4.7		10.6		10.4	9.3	7.8	6.8
04200137		14.5	•	13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6		14.5		13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6
04200185	24.7	22.5	20.7	18.2	16.5	14.2	13.2		18.5		18.1	16.2	14.2	13.1
05200250	25.5	25.2	24.9	24.3	23.7	22.5	21.6	2	25	24.8	24.3	23.8	22.5	20
400 V														
03400025			3	.4			3.3				2.5			
03400031		4.5		4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3				3.1			
03400045	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3		4.5		4.4	4.1	3.6	3.2
03400062	7	.7	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.0		6	.2		5.6	4.5	3.8
03400078		8.3		7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2		7.8		7.6	6.9	5.3	4.0
03400100		8.3		7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2		7.8		7.6	6.9	5.3	4.0
04400150			8.6			8.4	6.9			8.6			8.4	6.9
04400172			8.6			8.4	6.9			8.6			8.4	6.9
05400270	17.1	15.6	14.4	12.6	11.4	9.6	8.7	17.3	15.7	14.6	12.7	11.3	9.7	8.6
05400300	19.8	19.5	18.9	17.7	16.4	14	11.8	19.8	19.5	18.9	17.7	16.2	13.8	11.7
575 V														
05500030				3.9							3.0			
05500040				6.1							4.0			
05500069				10							6.9			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optzation	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diag.ioo.ioo	information

Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F)

			N	ormal Du	ity					ŀ	leavy Du	ty		
Model	Max	cimum pe		e continu ng switch			t (A)	Мах				ous outp		t (A)
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V														
03200050				6.6							5.0			
03200066				8.0							6.6			
03200080			11			10.5	9.1			8	.0			7.0
03200106	12	2.7	12.6	12.2	11.7	10.5	9.1		10).6		9.6	8.1	7.0
04200137				18							13.7			
04200185			22	2.2			20.2		18	3.5		17.9	16.2	14.8
05200250		3	80		29.7	25.2	21.6		2	:5		23	19.8	17.3
06200330		5	50		49	38	30			33			29	24.6
06200440		58		56	49	38	30.2		44		41	36	29	24.6
07200610			75			60.8	48.8			61			53.7	43.3
07200750		94	_	92.1	80	59.7	48.9		7	75	_	69.8	53.3	43.5
07200830	1	17	112	92.4	80	59.7	49.1		83		81.3	69.7	53.1	43.2
08201160		149		147	133	113	84		116		104	95.1	81.8	72
08201320	1	80	167	148	133	113	84	132	125	117	104	95.1	81.8	72
09201760				197	168	117	84		176		165	140	100	72
09202190	253 237 221 197 325 320 302 266				168	117	85	219	210	195	166	140	101	72
10202830					241	176	130	28	83	279	241	207	153	114
10203000	346	320	302	266	241	176	130	30	00	279	243	207	153	114
400 V														
03400025				3.4							2.5			
03400031				4.5	1	1					3.1		1	T
03400045		•	.2	1	5.9	5.4	4.4			4.5			4.2	3.4
03400062	7.6	7.2	6.9	6.4	5.9	5.4	4.4			.8		7.0	5.1	3.9
03400078		10.4	T	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.1			.8	1	7.0	5.1	3.9
03400100	11.9	11.2	10.5	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.2		10.0		8.3	7.0	5.2	3.9
04400150	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.4	9.4		15	1	14.8	13.2	10.6	8.6
04400172	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.2	9.3		7.2	16.8	14.8	13.2	10.6	8.6
05400270		25.5		23.6	20.4	15.6	12.3	24	23.5	21.6	18.6	16.2	12.7	10
05400300		25.5	20	23	3.6	15.9	12.3		24		21.9	19.2	13.8	10.5
06400350			88	10	37	28	21.4	40	35	00	32	27	21	16.5
06400420		48	F2	43	36.5	27.4	21.4	42	42	38	32	27	21	16.5
06400470	63	58	52	43	37	28	21.4	47	42	38	32	27	21	16.5
07400660			'9	00.5	73.5	57.7	49	<u> </u>	66	70	55	45	38	30
07400770	94 86.5				73.3	58.3	49		7	70	57	48	41	34
07401000				87.4	72.8	58.3	49.3	100	91	80	65	55	44	37
08401340				146	122	93	69		34 I 146	120	99	85	69	55 50
08401570	184 180 221 213			145	123	93.8	69	157	146	132	110	94.2	73.8	58
09402000		1		175	144	97	69	200	180	174	143	119	83	58
09402240 10402700	253	237 20	213 300	176 259	144	98	69	213	193 70	175 259	143 214	119	83	58
10402700	343	321	300	260				307	282	259	214			
10403200	545	321	300	200				307	202	209	Z 14			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opania zadon	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnoonee	information

			N	ormal Du	ity					H	leavy Du	ty		
Model	Max		ermissible e followir				t (A)	Max				ous outp		t (A)
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
575 V				ı	ı	ı	ı			ı	·		I.	
05500030				3.9							3.0			
05500040				6.1							4.0			
05500069				10							6.9			
06500100				12							10			
06500150			1	7			13.4			15			14	10.3
06500190			22			17.8	13.4			19			14	10.3
06500230		2	27		23.5	17.8	15		23		21.6	19	14	11.5
06500290		34		28.2	23.5	18	15	2	29	27.3	22	19	14	11.6
06500350	43.0	41.7	36.1	28	23.7	18	15	35	31.2	27.3	21.8	19	14	11.6
07500440		53		46.7	35.8	24.8	19		44		35.2	28.1	19.3	15
07500550	7	73	65	46.7	35.8	24.8	19	55 48.4 63			35.2	28.1	19.3	15
08500630		86		76.7	64.5	44.3	31.3				48.5	33.4	24.9	
08500860	104	04 97.2 90.7 76.			64.8	44.3	31.3	8	36	80.8	61.1	49	33.4	24.9
09501040		125 114			90	62	48		104		97	77	55	42
09501310		150		114	90	62	48	1:	31	126	97	77	55	42
10501520	200	184	154	114	90	62	48	152	150	126	97	78	55	43
10501900	2	00	196	134	102	66	48	19	90	171	124	95	63	46
690 V	_							_						
07600190			2	23			19			1	9			14.5
07600240			30			24.8	19			24			19.4	14.5
07600290		3	36		35.8	24.8	19		2	<u>'</u> 9		27.7	19.4	14.5
07600380		2	16		35.8	24.8	19		38		35.3	27.7	19.4	14.5
07600440		52		46.7	35.8	25	19		44		35.6	27.7	19.4	14.5
07600540	7	73	65	46.7	35.8	25	19	54 48.1			35.6	27.7	19.4	14.6
08600630		86 76.			64.5	44.3	31.3		63		61.1	48.2	33.4	24.9
08600860	104	97.2	90.7	76.7	64.8	44.3	31.3	8	36	80.8	61.1	48.2	33.5	24.9
09601040		125		114	90	62	48		104		97	77	55	42
09601310	1	55	153	113	89	62	48	1:	31	127	97	77	55	42
10601500	1	72	153	114	89	62	48	1:	50	128	96	78	56	42
10601780	1	97	195	134	102	67	48	1	78	171	125	94	62	44

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

12.1.2 Power dissipation

Table 12-4 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient

				No	rmal D	uty							l	leavy Du	uty			
Model		ninal ing		ive loss rrent de							ninal ing	Drive	losses	(W) takir ing for tl	•		-	rent
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	2 Khz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V												KIIZ	KIIZ	RIIZ	KIIZ	KIIZ	KIIZ	KIIZ
03200050	1.1	1.5		93	95	99	104	113	122	0.75	1		78	80	84	87	94	101
03200066	1.5	2		100	102	107	113	122	133	1.1	1.5		89	91	94	99	108	116
03200080	2.2	3		123	126	133	139	151	146	1.5	2		97	99	105	109	118	111
03200106	3	3		136	141	149	158	168	157	2.2	3		115	118	126	134	124	116
04200137	4	5		180	187	201	216	244	273	3	3		145	151	163	174	198	221
04200185	5.5	7.5		239	248	266	284	308	314	4	5		185	192	207	221	237	241
05200250	7.5	10		291	302	324	344	356	342	5.5	7.5		245	254	272	288	284	282
06200330	11	15		394	413	452	490	480		7.5	10		277	290	316	342	382	
06200440	15	20		463	484	528	522	481		11	15		366	382	417	410	388	
07200610	18.5	25		570	597	650	703			15	20		466	488	532	575		
07200750	22	30		718	751	815	881			18.5	25		570	597	650	703		
07200830	30	40		911	951	1004	911			22	30		634	663	720	755		
08201160	37	50		1433	1536	1765	1943			30	40		1105	1193	1343	1373		
08201320	45	60		1753	1894	1914	1985			37	50		1269	1306	1349	1372		
09201760	55	75								45	60							
09202190	75	100								55	75							
10202830	90	125								75	100							
10203000	110	150								90	125							
400 V																		
03400025	1.1	1.5		80	84	94	103	123	141	0.75	1		71	76	83	92	108	124
03400031	1.5	2		88	92	104	115	137	160	1.1	1.5		69	73	82	91	107	124
03400045	2.2	3		104	112	125	139	167	157	1.5	2		83	88	99	109	131	125
03400062	3	5		114	122	137	153	149	147	2.2	3		98	105	118	123	118	127
03400078	4	5		145	158	186	212	201	197	3	5		115	125	145	161	166	165
03400100	5	7.5		163	179	209	208	201	200	4	5		138	151	163	163	166	165
04400150	7.5	10		225	244	283	322	325	310	5.5	10		189	205	238	262	274	286
04400172	11	15		283	307	325	329	325	315	7.5	10		210	227	249	262	274	286
05400270	15	20		324	353	356	355	359	362	11	20		276	282	285	290	301	310
05400300	15	20		332	367	434	441	417	424	15	20		322	333	352	374	372	439
06400350	18.5	25		417	456	532	613	652	645	15	25		389	424	498	496	502	513
06400420	22	30		515	561	657	651	646	650	18.5	30		455	497	487	486	495	513
06400470	30	40		656	659	650	646	643		22	30		500	496	487	486	495	
07400660	37	50		830	907	1062	1218			30	50		692	758	773	763		
07400770	45	60		999	1088	1264	1241			37	60		812	802	800	811		
07401000	55	75		1152	1247	1218	1170			45	75		1017	968	936	907		
08401340	75	100		1652	1817	2154	2121			55	100		1374	1509	1521	1510		
08401570	90	125		2004	2191	2333	2279			75	125		1541	1670	1674	1673		
09402000	110	150								90	150							
09402240	132	200								110	150							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

				No	rmal D	uty							ŀ	leavy D	uty			
Model		ninal ing		ive loss rrent de							ninal ing	Drive	e losses derat		ng into a he given			rent
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	2 Khz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
10402700	160	250								132	200							
10403200	200	300								160	250							
575 V				•	•			•	•		•				•	•		
05500030	2.2	3		92	102	121	142			1.5	2		82	91	108	126		
05500040	4	5		135	150	180	209			2.2	3		94	104	124	145		
05500069	5.5	7.5		194	215	260	302			4	5		153	170	204	236		
06500100	7.5	10		215	239	287	334			5.5	7.5		187	208	249	291		
06500150	11	15		284	315	376	438			7.5	10		265	294	351	410		
06500190	15	20		362	399	484	569			11	15		317	350	418	496		
06500230	18.5	25		448	505	596	682			15	20		382	421	508	523		
06500290	22	30		623	712	810	822			18.5	25		533	610	628	635		
06500350	30	40		798	836	813	823			22	30		546	624	622	627		
07500440	45	50		1004	1139	1358	1262			30	40		817	929	1028	967		
07500550	55	60		1248	1375	1209	1122			37	50		886	1002	914	863		
08500630	75	75		1861	2180	2814	2982			45	60		1345	1585	2136	2284		
08500860	90	100		2374	2753	2947	2963			55	75		1813	2174	2212	2218		
09501040	110	125								75	100							
09501310	110	150								90	125							
10501520	130	200								110	150							
10501900	150	200								132	200							
690 V				I	ı			ı							I	I		
07600190	18.5	25		428	491	617	743			15	20		360	413	519	625		
07600240	22	30		551	631	791	952			18.5	25		446	513	644	776		
07600290	30	40		660	754	941	1129			22	30		533	610	765	920		
07600380	37	50		854	971	1206	1271			30	40		697	796	993	966		
07600440	45	60		985	1117	1350	1275			37	50		817	929	1015	967		
07600540	55	75		1248	1375	1209	1122			45	60		888	1004	909	869		
08600630	75	100		1861	2180	2814	2945			55	75		1345	1585	2136	2284		
08600860	90	125		2374	2753	2947	2935			75	100		1813	2174	2212	2218		
09601040	110	150								90	125							\vdash
09601310	132	175								110	150							
10601500	160	200								132	175							
10601780	185	250								160	200							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optzation	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diag.ioo.ioo	information

Table 12-5 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient with high IP insert installed

			N	ormal Du	ity						Heavy D	uty		
Model	Drive	,	W) takinզ ating for	,		on any cu ons	ırrent	Drive				onsiderat en condi	ion any c tions	urrent
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V														6
03200050		93	95	99	104	113	122		78	80	84	87	94	101
03200066		100	102	107	113	122	133		89	91	94	99	108	116
03200080		123	126	133	140	158	157		97	99	105	109	118	112
03200106		128	124	122	118	98	84		115	119	127	122	120	122
04200137		145	151	151	146	142	146		153	160	161	155	152	155
04200185		215	205	194	189	187	199		185	192	202	193	191	200
05200250		244	249	262	274	298	328		245	251	264	278	301	306
400 V														<u></u>
03400025		80	84	94	103	123	137		71	76	83	92	108	124
03400031		88	92	102	105	110	134		69	73	82	91	107	126
03400045		84	85	89	92	109	134		83	88	96	100	109	130
03400062		114	117	122	135	172	203		98	105	118	122	136	155
03400078		118	134	155	173	221	267		115	126	155	173	195	205
03400100		118	134	155	173	221	267		112	126	155	173	195	205
04400150		105	114	132	153	197	207		108	118	136	156	202	214
04400172		101	111	131	152	197	207		105	114	133	157	202	214
05400270		170	173	182	194	223	268		172	177	184	194	225	265
05400300		218	240	284	329	432	564		218	240	284	325	425	560
575 V		•	•			•				•	•	•	•	
05500030														
05500040														
05500069														

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 12-6 Losses @ 50°C (122°F) ambient

			N	ormal Du	ıty					H	leavy Du	ty		
Model	Drive lo	osses (W		into acco given co		current o	lerating	Drive I	osses (W		into acco given co		current d	erating
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V		•			•									•
03200050		93	95	99	104	113	122		78	80	84	87	94	101
03200066		100	102	107	113	122	133		89	91	94	99	108	116
03200080		123	126	133	139	144	139		97	99	105	109	118	113
03200106		136	140	143	147	151	150		115	118	126	121	117	116
04200137		180	187	201	216	253	297		145	151	163	174	198	228
04200185		214	223	244	265	312	334		185	192	207	217	230	247
05200250		292	306	331	357	357	357		247	258	279	278	283	288
06200330		394	413	452	481	434			277	290	316	342	346	
06200440		463	484	509	483	437			366	382	389	369	342	
07200610		570	597	650	703				466	488	532	575		
07200750		718	751	799	750				570	597	650	654		
07200830		898	898	805	751				634	663	705	653		
08201160		1433	1536	1741	1770				1105	1193	1228	1277		
08201320		1737	1740	1759	1771				1202	1206	1228	1278		
09201760														
09202190														
10202830														
10203000														
400 V						I.			ı		ı	I	I.	
03400025		80	84	118	103	123	141		71	76	83	92	108	124
03400031		88	92	104	115	137	160		69	73	82	91	107	124
03400045		104	112	125	132	146	155		83	88	99	109	122	121
03400062		106	109	114	117	145	155		124	132	148	148	140	139
03400078		145	158	175	194	225	225		115	125	148	160	166	172
03400100		152	160	175	194	225	230		138	152	158	160	170	172
04400150		213	227	262	300	323	325		189	205	240	253	276	297
04400172		212	227	262	300	318	321		211	226	240	253	276	297
05400270		288	323	368	384	417			267	274	290	305	340	373
05400300		280	316	366	452	453	511		264	297	383	420	463	523
06400350		417	456	536	607	609	597		389	424	459	452	468	472
06400420		515	561	597	595	601	614		455	449	450	445	468	491
06400470		613	600	593	601	613			455	449	450	446	464	
07400660		830	907	1062	1141				692	758	751	725		
07400770		999	1087	1163	1138				808	804	779	773		
07401000		1136	1200	1118	1074				922	878	838	828		
08401340		1652	1815	2016	1970				1410	1392	1391	1432		
08401570		1957	2114	1998	1979				1564	1539	1518	1531		
09402000														
09402240														
10402700														
					l				l			l		

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			N	ormal Du	ıty					ŀ	leavy Du	ty		
Model	Drive lo	osses (W					derating	Drive I	osses (V				current d	erating
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	given co 6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	given co 6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
575 V	- 11.12	V 11.12	. K. I.	V IN IL	O IN IE		1011112	- 11112	V IV.12	1 11.12	V IV.12	O III IZ	12 11112	
05500030	_	92	102	121	142	l			82	91	108	126		
05500040		135	150	180	209				94	104	124	145		
05500069		194	215	260	302				153	170	204	236		
06500100		215	239	287	334				187	208	249	291		
06500150		284	315	376 482	443				265	294	351 421	410		
06500190		362	399		575				317	350		504		
06500230		445	490	592	614				382	422	477	504		
06500290		623	712	739	751				533	574	580	555		
06500350		774	758	734	757				572	572	572	607		
07500440		988	1115	1225	1144				817	923	923	898		
07500550		1225	1228	1098	1030				923	914	828	809		
08500630		1850	2172	2540	2672				1345	1585	2292	2242		
08500860		2090	2291	2540	2684				1845	2029	2039	2047		
09501040														
09501310														
10501520														
10501900														
690 V														
07600190		428	491	617	743				360	413	519	625		
07600240		551	631	791	958				446	513	644	776		
07600290		660	754	944	1144				533	610	765	809		
07600380		854	965	1206	1144				697	796	926	885		
07600440		969	1094	1225	1144				817	923	933	885		
07600540		1225	1228	1098	1030				906	908	837	797		
08600630	1	1850	2172	2540	2672				1345	1585	2292	2229		
08600860		2090	2291	2540	2684				1845	2029	2039	2014		
09601040														
09601310														
10601500	1													
10601780														

Table 12-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

•	
Frame size	Power loss
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9E	
10	

12.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

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12.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200050, 03200066, 03200080, 03200106,

03400025, 03400031, 03400045, 03400062

Model sizes 03400078 to 07600540 have an internal DC reactor and 082001160 to 08600860 have internal AC line reactors so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E and 10 do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Input line reactor specification for size 9E and 10*.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

12.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3

Maximum voltage:

200 V drive: 240 V 400 V drive: 480 V 575 V drive: 575 V 690 V drive: 690 V

12.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range:

20 °C to 50 °C (- 4 °F to 122 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures >40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

12.1.7 Storage

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +50 °C (122 °F) for long term storage, or to +70 °C (158 °F) for short term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

12.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1% per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

12.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

In order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink with drive sizes 3,4 and 5 it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert.

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 12-8.

Table 12-8 IP Rating degrees of protection

Iab	ole 12-8 IP Rating degrees of	pro	blection
	First digit		Second digit
	otection against contact and press of foreign bodies	Pr	otection against ingress of water
0	No protection	0	No protection
1	Protection against large foreign bodies φ > 50 mm (large area contact with the hand)	1	Protection against vertically falling drops of water
2	Protection against medium size foreign bodies ϕ > 12 mm (finger)	2	Protection against spraywater (up to 15 ° from the vertical)
3	Protection against small foreign bodies φ > 2.5 mm (tools, wires)	3	Protection against spraywater (up to 60 ° from the vertical)
4	Protection against granular foreign bodies ϕ > 1mm (tools, wires)	4	Protection against splashwater (from all directions)
5	Protection against dust deposit, complete protection against accidental contact.	5	Protection against heavy splash water (from all directions, at high pressure)
6	Protection against dust ingress, complete protection against accidental contact.	6	Protection against deckwater (e.g. in heavy seas)
7	-	7	Protection against immersion
8	-	8	Protection against submersion

Table 12-9 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description					
Type 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.					
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.					

Safety Product NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation inetallation started parameters the moto Operation PLC parameters information

12.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

12.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2002-95-EC for RoHS compliance.

12.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broadband 5 to 200 Hz.

NOTE

This is the limit for broad-band (random) vibration. Narrow-band vibration at this level which coincides with a structural resonance could result in premature failure.

Bump Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-27

Severity: 18 g, 6 ms, half sine

No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis)

Random Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh:

Severity: 1.0 \mbox{m}^2/\mbox{s}^3 (0.01 $\mbox{g}^2/\mbox{Hz})$ ASD from 5 to 20 Hz

-3 dB/octave from 20 to 200 Hz

Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Sinusoidal Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:

Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz

Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz

10 m/s² peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz 15 m/s² peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz

Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

EN 61800-5-1:2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Amplitude: 10 to 57 Hz at 0.075 mm pk

57 to 150 Hz at 1g p

Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually

perpendicular axes

12.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤20 (equally spaced)

12.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Sizes 3

12.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A, RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

12.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

Speed:

The absolute frequency and speed accuracy depends on the accuracy of the crystal used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the crystal is 100 ppm, and so the absolute frequency/speed accuracy is 100 ppm (0.01 %) of the reference, when a preset speed is used. If an analog input is used the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.1 Hz
Precision frequency reference: 0.001 Hz

Closed loop resolution

Preset speed reference: 0.1 rpm Precision speed reference: 0.001 rpm

Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign (not applicable to *Unidrive M702*) Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign (not applicable to *Unidrive M702*)

Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 % worst case 5 %

12.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on all drive sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 12-10 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

Table 12-10 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA
3	35	30
4	40	35
5		
6	48	40
7		
8		
9E		
10		

12.1.18 Overall dimensions

H Height including surface mounting brackets

W Width

D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted
F Projection forward of panel when through-panel mounted

R Projection rear of panel when through-panel mounted

Table 12-11 Overall drive dimensions

Size			Dimension		
3126	Н	W	D	F	R
3	3 382 mm (15.04 in)				
4	391 mm	124 mm (4.88 in)	200 mm (7.87 in)	134 mm (5.28 in)	67 mm (2.64 in)
5	(15.39 in)	143 mm (5.63 in)			
6	391 mm (15.39 in)	210 mm (8.27 in)	227 mm (8.94 in)	131 mm (5.16 in)	96 mm (3.78 in)
7	557 mm (21.93 in)	270 mm (10.63 in)	280 mm (11.02 in)	187 mm (7.36 in)	92 mm (3.62 in)
8	8 803 mm (31.61 in)		290 mm (11.42 in)	190 mm (7.48 in)	100 mm (3.94 in)
9E and 10	1069 mm (42.09 in)	310 mm (12.21 in)	289 mm (11.38 in)	190 mm (7.48 in)	99 mm (3.90 in)

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12.1.19 Weights

Table 12-12 Overall drive weights

Size	Model	kg	lb	
3	034300078, 034300100	4.5	9.9	
3	All other variants	4.0	8.8	
4	All variants	6.5	14.30	
5	All variants	7.4	16.30	
6	All variants	14	30.90	
7	All variants	28	61.70	
8	All variants	52	114.64	
9E	All variants	46	101.40	
10	All variants	40	101.40	

12.1.20 SAFE TORQUE OFF data

Data as verified by TÜV Rheinland:

According to EN ISO 13849-1:

PL = e

Category = 4

 $MTTF_D = High$

 $DC_{av} = High$

Mission Time and Proof Test Interval = 20 years

The calculated MTTF_D for the complete STO function is:

STO1 2574 yr

ST02 2716 yr (for Unidrive M702 only)

According to EN 61800-5-2:

SIL = 3

PFH = $4.21 \times 10^{-11} \, h^{-1}$

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e $\,$ 5 V and 0.5 mA.

12.1.21 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 12-13.

Table 12-13 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

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Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 12-14 shows the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Table 12-14 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum	Fuse rating								
Madal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA				
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class			
	Α	Α	Α	Α	A A		Α	Α	Class			
03200050	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20					
03200066	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	aG.	20	25	CC or J			
03200080	14	17	25	20	25	gG	25	25	CC 01 J			
03200106	16	20	34	25			25					
04200137	17	20	30	25	25	gG	25	25	CC or J			
04200185	23	28	41	32	32	- gG	30	30	CC 01 J			
05200250	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC or J			
06200330	42	48	64	63	63	gG	60	60	CC or J			
06200440	49	56	85	03	03	gG	60	00	CC 01 3			
07200610	58	67	109	80	80		80	80				
07200750	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC or J			
07200830	91	105	149	125	125		125	125				
08201160	123	137	213	200	200	gR	200	200	HSJ			
08201320	149	166	243	200	200	gr	225	225	1100			
09201760	172	205	270	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ			
09202190	228	260	319	315	315	gr	300	300	1100			
10202830	277	305	421	400	400	αD	400	400	HSJ			
10203000	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	1100			

Table 12-15 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Ciass
03400025	5	5	7						
03400031	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400045	8	9	13			gG			CC or J
03400062	11	13	21			- gG			CCOIS
03400078	12	13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400100	14	16	25						
04400150	17	19	30	25	25	gG	25	25	CC or J
04400172	22	24	35	32	32	- gG	30	30	0000
05400270	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC or J
05400300	27	30	58	40	40	yG		35	CCOIJ
06400350	32	36	67				40		
06400420	41	46	80	63	63	gR	50	60	HSJ or DFJ
06400470	54	60	90				60		i
07400660	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400770	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC or J
07401000	96	105	188	125	125		125	125	1
08401340	137	155	267	250	250	«D	225	225	HSJ
08401570	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	пол
09402000	211	232	306	315	315	«D	300	300	HSJ
09402240	245	267	359	315	313	gR	350	350	ПОЛ
10402700	306	332	445	400	400	«D	400	400	HSJ
10403200	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	ПОЛ

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Table 12-16 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
Model	input	continuous input	overload input						
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Olass	Α	Α	Olass
05500030	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500040	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC or J
05500069	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500100	12	13	22	20			20		
06500150	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500190	22	24	41	40		~C	30		CC or J
06500230	26	29	50	50		gG	35	50	
06500290	33	37	63	50	63		40		
06500350	41	47	76	63			50	1	
07500440	41	45	75	50	50	~C	50	50	CC or J
07500550	57	62	94	80	80	gG	80	80	CC 01 J
08500630	74	83	121	125	125	αD	100	100	HSJ
08500860	92	104	165	160	160	gR	150	150	пол
09501040	145	166	190	150	150	αD	150	150	HSJ
09501310	145	166	221	200	200	gR	175	175	пол
10501520	177	197	266	250	250	αD	250	250	HSJ
10501900	199	218	310	200	250	gR	200	250	пол

Table 12-17 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse ra	ating		
	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	01	Nominal	Maximum	01
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
07600190	18	20	32	25		25	25		
07600240	23	26	41	32	50 L		30	50	
07600290	28	31	49	40	35	50	СС		
07600380	36	39	65	50	gG gG	50	†	or J	
07600440	40	44	75	50	80		80		
07600540	57	62	92	80	- 60		80	00	
08600630	74	83	121	125	125	αD	100	100	HSJ
08600860	92	104	165	160	160	gR -	150	150	ПОЛ
09601040	124	149	194	150	150	αD	150	150	HSJ
09601310	145	171	226	200	200	gR -	200	200	1133
10601500	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ
10601780	202	225	313	250	250	aR	250	250	1133

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NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 12-18 Cable ratings (200 V)

			Cable siz mn	` ,					size (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200050	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200066	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200080	4	4	D2	4	1 4	D2	12	10	12	10
03200106	4			4			12		12	
04200137	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200185	8	0	62	8		62	8	0	8	
05200250	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200330	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200440	25	25	DZ	25	2.5	DZ	3	J	3	3
07200610	35			35			2		2	
07200750	33	70	B2	33	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07200830	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08201160	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201320	2 x 70	2 X 7 0	52	2 x 70	2 × 10	52	2 x 1	2 % 1	2 x 1	2 / 1
09201760	2 :	x 70	B1		x 95	B2	2 >	(2/0		2/0
09202190		x 95			120			4/0		4/0
10202830	2 x	120	B1	2 x	120	С	2 x	250	2 x	250
10203000	2 x	150	С	2 x	120		2 x	300	2 x	250

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
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Table 12-19 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400025							18		18	
03400031	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400045		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400062		4	D2		1 4	D2	14	10	14	10
03400078	2.5			2.5						
03400100							12		12	
04400150	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04400172	8	0	DZ	8	0	52	8	O	8	O
05400270	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
05400300	U	O	DZ	U	U	DZ	0	O	0	J
06400350	10			10			6		6	
06400420	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400470	25			25			3		3	
07400660	35			35			1		1	
07400770	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401000	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08401340	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401570	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 170	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0
09402000		¢ 70	B1		¢ 95	B2		3/0	2 x	2/0
09402240		¢ 95	Di		120	52		4/0		4/0
10402700	2 x	120	С	2 x	120	B2	2 x	300	2 x	250
10403200	2 x	150	J	2 x	150		2 x	350	2 x	300

Table 12-20 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500030	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500040	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500069	1.5	1		1.5			14		14	
06500100	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500150	4	1	B2	4			10		10	
06500190	6	25		6	25	B2	10	3	10	3
06500230	10	25		10		B2	8	3	8	
06500290	10						6		6	
06500350	16	1					6		6	
07500440	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
07500550	25	25	62	25	- 25	62	3	3	3	3
08500630	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08500860	50	50	62	50	50	62	ı	'	1	1
09501040	2.	. 70	B2	2)	35	D2	2	v 1	2	x 3
09501310	2,	k 70	D2	2 x 50		B2	۷.	x 1	2	x 1
10501520	2)	k 70	P2	2.	, 7 0	B2	2 v	2/0	2 v	2/0
10501900	2)	k 95	B2 2 x 70	(/)	D2	2 x 2/0	. 210	2 X	210	

					a.								
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Racic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
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information	information	installation	installation	ctarted	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
imormation	imormation	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	started	parameters	tne motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
4													

Table 12-21 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mr					Cable size	` '	
Model		Input			Output		In	out	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
07600190							8		8	
07600240	10			10			6		6	
07600290		25	B2		25	B2	6	3	6	3
07600380	16		62	16	25	D2	4	3	4	,
07600440	16			16			4		4	
07600540	25			25	1		3		3	
08600630	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
08600860	70	10	62	70	10	D2	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0
09601040	2)	¢ 50	B2	2)	k 35	B2	2	x 1	2	x 3
09601310	2)	¢ 70	02	2 x 50		5 52	2 x	1/0	2	x 1
10601500	2)	¢ 70	B2 2	2 \	k 70	B2	2 x 2/0		2 x 1/0	
10601780	2 >	(95] 52		. 70	52	2 x	3/0	2 x	2/0

12.1.22 Protective ground cable ratings

Table 12-22 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor (an additional ground connection is provided on sizes 3, 4 and 5 for this purpose).
> 10 mm ² and ≤ 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm ² and ≤ 35 mm ²	16 mm ²
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

12.1.23 Input line reactor specification for size 9E and 10



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 12-24 and Table 12-23 must be used with size 9E and 10. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage CAUTION or reduce the service life of the drive.

Table 12-23 Size 9E and 10 Model and Line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number
	09201760, 09202190, 09402000, 09402240	INL 401	4401-0181
9	03201700, 03202130, 03402000, 03402240	INL 401W*	4401-0208
	09501040, 09501310, 09601040, 09601310	INL 601	4401-0183
	10202830, 10203000, 10402700, 10403200	INL 402	4401-0182
10	10202030, 10203000, 10402700, 10403200	INL 402W*	4401-0209
	10501520, 10501900, 10601500, 10601780	INL 602	4401-0184

Figure 12-1 Input line reactor dimensions

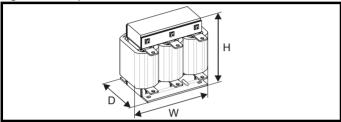


Table 12-24 Input line reactor ratings

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H)	Weight	Max ambient temp	Min airflow	Maximum losses	Quantity required
		Α	μ Η	mm	mm	mm	kg	°C	m/s	w	
4401-0181	INL 401	245	63	240	190	225	32	50	1	148	1
4401-0182	INL 402	339	44	276	200	225	36	50	1	205	1
4401-0208	INL 401W*	245	63	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0209	INL 402W*	339	44	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0183	INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	33	50	1	88	1
4401-0184	INL 602	192	133	276	200	225	36	50	1	116	1

^{*}May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

If symmetrical fault current exceeds 38 kA then a line reactor with a higher inductance must be used, consult the supplier of the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	g	information

12.1.24 Maximum motor cable lengths

Table 12-25 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

200 V Nominal AC supply voltage											
200 v Nominai AC supply voltage											
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
03200050		6	5 m (210	ft)							
03200066		100 m	(330 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m	37 m (120 ft)				
03200080	13	0 m (425	ft)	100 m		(165 ft)					
03200106	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)							
04200137	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m				
04200185			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)				
05200250	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)				
06200330	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m					
06200440	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)					
07200610			105	125 m	00						
07200750	250 m (820 ft)		185 m (607 ft)	(410 ft)	90 m (295 ft)						
07200830					(200 11)						
08201160	250 m (820 ft)		185 m	125 m	90 m						
08201320			(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)						
09201760	250 m (820 ft)										
09202190											
10202830	250 m (820 ft)										
10203000	230 111	(020 11)									

Table 12-26 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

400 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
Model	2 3 kHz kHz		4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
03400025		6	5 m (210	ft)						
03400031		100 m	(330 ft)							
03400045	13	0 m (425	ft)		75	50 m	37 m			
03400062			450	100 m	75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)			
03400078	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)						
03400100			(430 11)							
04400150	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m			
04400172			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)			
05400270	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m			
05400300	200 111	(000 11)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)			
06400350	300 m	200 m	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)				
06400420	(984 ft)	(660 ft)								
06400470	(00 : 11)									
07400660			185 m		90 m (295 ft)					
07400770	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)							
07401000			(001.17)	(11011)	(200)					
08401340	250 m (820 ft)		185 m	125 m	90 m					
08401570			(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)					
09402000	250 m (820 ft)									
09402240										
10402700	250 m (820 ft)									
10403200										

Table 12-27 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

575 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
ouoi	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
05500030	200) m								
05500040		0 ft)								
05500069	(,								
06500100		200 m (660 ft)			75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)				
06500150	300 m (984 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)						
06500190										
06500230										
06500290										
06500350	<u> </u>									
07500440	200) m								
07500550	(660 ft)									
08500630	250 m (820 ft)									
08500860	230 111	(020 11)								
09501040	250 m (820 ft)									
09501310										
10501520	250 m (820 ft)									
10501900	230 111	(020 11)								

Table 12-28 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

690 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
07600190										
07600240	1									
07600290	250 m (820 ft)		185 m	125 m	90 m					
07600380			(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)					
07600440										
07600540										
08600630	250 m		185 m	125 m	90 m					
08600860	(820 ft)		(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)					
09601040	250 m									
09601310	(820 ft)									
10601500	250 m									
10601780	(82	Oft)								

- Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive
- The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A and 6 kHz for RFC-S mode.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 12-25 and Table 12-26 if high capacitance motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.9.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 75.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Information installation installation

12.1.25 Minimum resistances and power ratings for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 12-29 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (200 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03200050			1.5
03200066	20	8.5	1.9
03200080	20	6.5	2.8
03200106	1		3.6
04200137	18	9.4	4.6
04200185	10	9.4	6.3
05200250	16.5	10.3	8.6
06200330	8.6	19.7	12.6
06200440	0.0	19.7	16.4
07200610	6.1	27.8	20.5
07200750	0.1	27.0	24.4
07200830	4.5	37.6	32.5
08201160	2.2	76.9	41
08201320	2.2	70.9	47.8
09201760	1.2	144.5	59.4
09202190	1.2	144.5	79.7
10202830	1.2	130	98.6
10203000	1.3	130	116.7

Table 12-30 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)

	. J		ower rating (400 V)
Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03400025			1.5
03400031	7/	9.2	2.0
03400045	74	9.2	2.8
03400062			4.6
03400078	50	13.6	5.0
03400100	- 50	13.0	6.6
04400150	34	19.9	9.0
04400172	- 34	19.9	12.6
05400270	31.5	21.5	16.2
05400300	18	37.5	19.6
06400350		39.8	21.6
06400420	17		25
06400470	1		32.7
07400660	9.0	75.0	41.6
07400770	9.0	75.2	50.6
07401000	7.0	96.6	60.1
08401340	4.8	140.0	81
08401570	4.8	140.9	98.6
09402000	2.4	202.0	118.6
09402240	2.4	282.9	156.9
10402700	0.0	000	198.2
10403200	2.6	260	237.6

Table 12-31 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (575 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
05500030			2.6
05500040	80	12.1	4.6
05500069			6.5
06500100			8.7
06500150			12.3
06500190	13	74	16.3
06500230			19.9
06500290			24.2
06500350			31.7
07500440	8.5	113.1	39.5
07500550	0.5	113.1	47.1
08500630	5.5	174.8	58.6
08500860	3.3	174.0	78.1
09501040	3.3	291.3	97.7
09501310	3.3	281.3	116.7
10501520	3.3	291.3	155.6
10501900	2.5	384.4	100.0

Table 12-32 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (690 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
07600190			20.6
07600240			23.9
07600290	11.5	121.2	32.5
07600380	11.5	121.2	41.5
07600440	1		47.8
07600540	1		60.5
08600630	5.5	253.5	79.7
08600860	5.5	200.0	95.2
09601040	4.2	331.9	116.3
09601310	4.2	331.9	139.1
10601500	4.2	331.9	166.7
10601780	3.3	422.4	193

^{*} Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical .		UL listina
ou.or,		oonanoan		ooug	240.0		Optimization	modia odia		, .a.a	le em le cu	Diagnostics I	029
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnoonoo	information
miomiation	miormation	motanation	motanation	otartoa	parameters	tile illetel		Operation	. 20	parameters	aata		miormation

12.1.26 Torque settings Table 12-33 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Table 12-34 Drive power terminal data

Unidrive M	AC and mot	or terminals	DC and	braking	Ground	terminal	
frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 To	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M4	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	
J and 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8	3 mm AF)	
Ŭ	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		
Ů	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m(6.0 lb ft)	
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	
	12 N m (8.8 lb ft) 14 N m (10.0 lb ft)		12 N m (8.8 lb ft) 14 N m (10.0 lb ft)		12 N m (8.8 lb ft) 14 N m (10.0 lb ft)		
8 to 10	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)		
3 10 10	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	

Table 12-35 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
ΔII	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm ² (12 AWG)
3	6 way AC power connector	6 mm ² (10 AWG)
4	,	(1011110)
5	3 way AC power connector 3 way motor connector	8 mm ² (8 AWG)
6		
7	2 way low voltage nower	
8	2 way low voltage power 24 V supply connector	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
9E		
10		

Table 12-36 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		wer ctions		ound ections	
number	Max cable size Max torque		Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)			
4200-0252	16 mm ²		Me	4.8 N m	
4200-0272	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(2.8 lb ft)	
4200-0312		(1.4 lb ft)			
4200-0402					
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m	
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)	
4200-2300	402	2211		4.0 N	
4200-4800	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	4.8 N m (2.8 lb ft)	
4200-3690	(U AVVG)	(1.70 10 10)		(2.0 10 11)	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opania zadon	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnoonee	information

12.1.27 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the EMC Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier of

Table 12-37 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level		
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)		
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)		
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)		
EN61000-4-4	burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)		
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4		
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3		
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground ¹	Level 2		
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)		
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports			
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6- 1:2007		nity standard for the nmercial and light - onment		Complies		
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6- 2:2005	Generic immur industrial envir	nity standard for the onment		Complies		
IEC61800-3 EN61800- 3:2004	Product standa speed power d (immunity requ		Meets immunity requirements for first and second environments			

¹ See section Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 88 for control ports for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

Table 12-38 Size 3 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching frequency (kHz)								
length (m)	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:										
0 – 2	C	3		C	:4					
Using internal fi	Iter and e	external fe	errite ring	(1 turn):						
0 – 10		C3	C4							
10 - 20	C	23		C	24					
Using external f	ilter:									
0 – 20	R	I	I	I	I	I				
20 - 100	I	-	-	-	-	-				

Table 12-39 Size 3 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching frequency (kHz)											
length (m)	3	4	6	8	12	16						
Using internal filter:												
0 – 5	C	C3 C4										
Using internal fi	ilter and	external fe	errite ring	(2 turns):								
0 – 10		C	23		С	4						
Using external t	filter:											
0 – 20	R	I		I	I							
20 - 100	I	-	-	-	-	-						

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)

E2U EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, unrestricted distribution

Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3:2004)



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be caution required to take adequate measures.

R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3:2004 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives.

IEC 61800-3:2004 and EN 61800-3:2004

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
СЗ	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Rated at over 1000 V or over 400 A, intended for use in complex systems in the second environment	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
ou.or,				ooug	200.0		Optimization		0000.0	,			0 L
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
miomiation	miorination	motanation	motanation	otartoa	parameters	tile illetel		Operation		parameters	aata		miormation

12.2 Optional external EMC filters

Table 12-40 EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	·
03200050 to 03200106	4200 2220
***************************************	4200-3230
04200137 to 04200185	4200-0272
05200250	4200-0312
06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300
07200610 to 07200830	4200-1072
08201160 to 08201320	4200-1672
400 V	
03400025 to 03400100	4200-3480
04400150 to 04400172	4200-0252
05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402
06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800
07400660 to 07401000	4200-1132
08401340 to 08401570	4200-1972
575 V	
05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122
06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690
07500440 to 07500550	4200-0672
08500630 to 08500860	4200-1662
690 V	-
07600190 to 07600540	4200-0672
08600630 to 08600860	4200-1662

12.2.1 EMC filter ratings

Table 12-41 Optional external EMC filter details

		mum	Voltage	Voltage rating			sipation at	Ground lea	akage	
	continuo	us current				rated o	current	Balanced supply		Discharge
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground	Worst case	resistors
	Α	Α	V	V		W	w	mA	mA	MΩ
4200-3230	20	18.5	250	300		20	17	2.4	60	
4200-0272	27	24.8	250	300		33	28	6.8	137	
4200-0312	31	28.5	250	300		20	17	2.0	80	100
4200-2300	55	51	250	300		41	35	4.2	69	
4200-3480	16	15	528	600	20	13	11	10.7	151	
4200-0252	25	23	528	600	20	28	24	11.1	182	1.68
4200-0402	40	36.8	528	600		47	40	18.7	197	
4200-4800	63	58	528	600		54	46	11.2	183	
4200-0122	12	11	760	600	1					
4200-3690	42	39	760	600		45	39	12	234	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

12.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

Table 12-42 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

			Dimens	ion (mm)			Weight		
CT part number	ı	Н	,	W	1	D			
namber	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb	
4200-3230	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	1.9	4.20	
4200-0272	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.0	8.82	
4200-0312	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-2300	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.5	14.30	
4200-3480	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	2.0	4.40	
4200-0252	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.1	9.04	
4200-0402	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-4800	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.7	14.80	
4200-0122	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-3690	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	7.0	15.40	

12.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

Table 12-43 External EMC Filter terminal data

CT part	_	wer ctions	Ground connections			
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque		
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)				
4200-0252	16 mm ²		M6	4.8 N m		
4200-0272	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	IVIO	(2.8 lb ft)		
4200-0312		(1.4 lb ft)				
4200-0402						
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m		
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)		
4200-2300	16 mm ²	2.3 N m		4.8 N m		
4200-4800	(6 AWG)	(1.70 lb ft)	M6	(2.8 lb ft)		
4200-3690	(0 AVVO)	(5 15 11)		(2.0 10 11)		

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation started parameters the motor Optimization Optimizati

13 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

- Trip indications
- · Alarm indications
- · Status indications



Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter.

If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized WARNING Control Techniques distributor for repair.

13.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

Figure 13-1 Keypad status modes

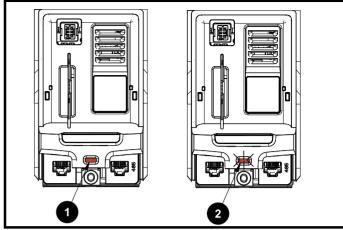






- 1. Drive OK status
- 2. Trip status
- 3. Alarm status

Figure 13-2 Location of the status LED

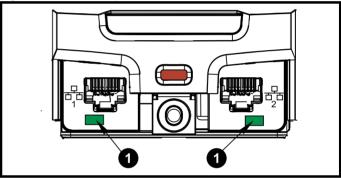


- 1. Non flashing: Normal status
- 2. Flashing: Trip status

13.1.1 Unidrive M700 / M702 Ethernet status LED

Each of the Ethernet ports provide a status LED for diagnostic and information purposes. Refer to Table 13-1 for Ethernet LED status.

Figure 13-3 Ethernet port status LED



1. Ethernet port status LED.

Table 13-1 Ethernet LED status

LED status	Description
Off	Ethernet connection not detected
Solid green	Ethernet connection detected but no data
Flashing green	Ethernet connection detected and data flow

13.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, where a KI-Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

The back-light of the KI-Keypad display will also flash during a trip condition. If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 13-2.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 13-4 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 13-5 to identify the specific trip.

Safety Product Information Information Installation Insta

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 13-4 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up Over Volts in Table 13-4.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

13.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 13-2 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 13-2 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

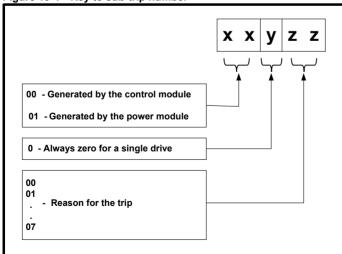
<u> </u>	-
Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	OHt Rectifier
OHt Power	Temp Feedback
OHt Control	Power Data

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Figure 13-4 Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help of Table 13-3 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature. For further information on individual sub-trips, refer to the diagnosis column in Table 13-4.

Table 13-3 Sub-trip identification

Source	ХX	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

Safety		Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Trips, Sub-trip numbers 13.4

Table 13-4 Trip indic	ations										
Trip	Diagnosis										
An Input 1 Loss	Analog input 1 current loss (Unidrive M700 / M701)										
	An Input 1 Loss trip indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 1 (Terminal 5, 6). In 4-20 mA										
	and 20-4 mA modes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.										
	Recommended actions:										
28	 Check control wiring is correct Check control wiring is undamaged 										
	Check the Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007)										
	Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA										
An Input 2 Loss	Analog input 2 current loss (<i>Unidrive M700 / M701</i>)										
	An Input 2 Loss indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 2 (Terminal 7). In 4-20 mA and										
	20-4 mA modes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.										
	Recommended actions:										
29	Check control wiring is correct Check control wiring is undergood.										
	 Check control wiring is undamaged Check the Analog Input 2 Mode (07.011) 										
	Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA										
An Output Calib	Analog output calibration failed (<i>Unidrive M700 / M701</i>)										
	The An output Calib trip indicates that one or both of the Analog outputs have failed during the zero offset calibration. The										
	failed output can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
	1 Output 1 failed (Terminal 9)										
219	2 Output 2 failed (Terminal 10)										
	Recommended actions:										
	Check the wiring associated with analog outputs										
	Remove all the wiring that is connected to analog outputs and perform the calibration										
	If trip persists replace the drive										
App Menu Changed	Customization table for an application module has changed										
	The App Menu Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that										
	has been changed can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
217	1 Menu 18 2 Menu 19										
	3 Menu 20										
	J Werld 20										
	Recommended actions:										
	Reset the trip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings										
Autotune 1	Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached										
	The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
	The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.										
	The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.										
11	Recommended actions:										
	Ensure the motor is free to turn i.e. mechanical brake was released										
	• Ensure Pr 03.026 and Pr 03.038 are set correctly (or appropriate 2 nd motor map parameters)										
	Check feedback device wiring is correct										
	Check encoder mechanical coupling to the motor										

- .											
Trip	Diagnosis										
Autotune 2	Position feedback direction incorrect										
	The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip r	numb									
	Sub-trip Reason										
	The position feedback direction is incorrect when position feedback is being used during a rotating aut										
12	The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.										
	Recommended actions:										
	 Check motor cable wiring is correct Check feedback device wiring is correct 										
	Swap any two motor phases										
Autotune 3	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction										
	The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip Reason										
	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement										
13	2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune										
	The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia.										
	Pocommonded actions:										
	Recommended actions: Check motor cable wiring is correct										
	Check fleedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct										
Autotune 4	Drive encoder U commutation signal fail										
	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	, or									
14	Recommended actions:										
	 Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) 										
Autotune 5	Drive encoder V commutation signal fail										
	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, Commutations only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.	, or									
15	Recommended actions:										
A set a trace a O	Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) Check feedback device V commutation signal wir										
Autotune 6	Drive encoder W commutation signal fail A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo,	or									
	Commutations only encoder) and the W commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune.), UI									
16	Recommended actions:										
	Check feedback device W commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 11 and 12)										
Autotune 7	Motor number of poles / position feedback resolution set incorrectly										
	An Autotune 7 trip is initiated during a rotating autotune, if the motor poles or the position feedback resolution have set up incorrectly where position feedback is being used.	e be									
17	Recommended actions:										
	Check line per revolution for feedback device Check the number of poles in Pr 05.011										
Autotune Stopped	Autotune test stopped before completion										
	The drive was prevented from completing an autotune test, because either the drive enable or the drive run were re	emo									
	Recommended actions:										
18	• Check the drive enable signal (terminal 31 on <i>Unidrive M700 / M701</i> and terminal 11 & 13 on <i>Unidrive M702</i>) w	was									
	active during the autotune Check the run command was active in Pr 08.005 during autotune										
Brake R Too Hot	Braking resistor overload timed out (I ² t)										
19	The Brake R Too Hot indicates that braking resistor overload has timed out. The value in Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) is calculated using Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030), Braking Resistor Thermal Time C (10.031) and Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061). The Brake R Too Hot trip is initiated when Braking Resistor The Accumulator (10.039) reaches 100 %.	Cons									
19	Recommended actions:										
	 Ensure the values entered in Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are correct If an external thermal protection device is being used and the braking resistor software overload protection is n 	not									

Safety information	Product information		Electrical nstallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
-	Trip						Di	agnosis								
C	CAM	Advanc	ced moti	on contr	oller CAM	failure										
		The CA	M trip inc	licates th	at the adva	anced mot	ion controlle	r CAM has de	etected a	problem.						
		Sub	-trip					Reasor	1							
	99	,	1	CAM ind	ex or segm	ent is out	of range									
			2	AMC CA	M Index (3	5.007) ha	s been made	e to change by	y more th	an 2 in one	e sample					
Card	Access	NV Med	dia Card	Write fai	I											
,	185	transfer drive the transfer the drive Recom	The Card Access trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the NV Media Card. If the trip occurs during the data cansfer to the card then the file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the trive then the data transfer may be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the ransfer, the parameters are not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive down and up again. Recommended actions: Check NV Media Card is installed / located correctly Replace the NV Media Card													
Car	d Boot	The Me	nu 0 par	ameter r	nodificatio	on canno	t be saved t	o the NV Med	lia Card							
		Menu 0	changes	are auto	matically s	aved on e	exiting edit m	ode.								
	177	and Pr the new subsequ	Menu 0 changes are automatically saved on exiting edit mode. The Card Boot trip will occur if a write to a Menu 0 parameter has been initiated via the keypad by exiting edit mode and Pr 11.042 is set for auto or boot mode, but the necessary boot file has not been created on the NV Media Card to take the new parameter value. This occurs when Pr 11.042 is changed to Auto (3) or Boot (4) mode, but the drive is not subsequently reset.													
		• Ens • Re-	attempt t	Pr 11.042 he param	is correctl eter write	to the Me	nu 0 parame				file on the	NV Media	Card			
Card	d Busy							ssed by an o	-							
	178	already		cessed b	y an Optio			de to access a e of the Applic					dia Card is			
						ish acces	sing the NV	Media Card a	nd re-atte	amnt the re	auired fur	action				
Card D	ata Exists			•	ation alrea		_	vicula Gara ai	na re-atte	inpi tile ie	quired fui	iction				
Jara 2		The Car		xists trip				en made to sto	ore data	on a NV Me	edia Card	in a data bl	ock which			
	179	Recom	mended	actions:												
		• Era:	se the da	ıta in data	location											
					native data											
Card (Compare						one in the di		010		1-1-111 1	1 15 41-				
					fferent to the		e on the NV	Media Card, a	Card Co	mpare trip	is initiated	d if the para	meters on			
	188	Recom	mended	actions:												
		• Che	eck to en	sure the o	nd reset the correct data een used f	a block on										
Card D	rive Mode						•	ent drive mo	de							
		different Media C	t from the Card to th	e current le drive if	drive mode the operat	e. This trip	is also prod	the drive moduced if an atte	empt is m	nade to trar	nsfer para	meters fron	n a NV			
I '	187	Recom	mended	actions:												
		• Clea	ar the val	lue in Pr	mm.000 ar	nd reset th	ne drive	ng mode in that as the source	·							
<u> </u>						-										

Trip							Di	agnosis					
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Trip		Diagnosis										
Card Error	NV Media Care	d data structure error										
	the data structu	r trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a NV Media Card but an error has been detected in ure on the card. Resetting the trip will cause the drive to erase and create the correct folder structure. The p can be identified by the sub-trip.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	The required folder and file structure is not present										
182	2	The HEADER.DAT file is corrupted										
102	3	Two or more files in the GT8DATA\DRIVE folder have the same file identification number										
	Recommended actions: • Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process • Ensure the card is located correctly • Replace the NV Media Card											
Card Full	NV Media Care	d full										
		The Card Full trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on a NV Media Card, but there is not enough space left on the card.										
184	Recommende	d actions:										
		ata block or the entire NV Media Card to create space										
		rent NV Media Card										
Card No Data		d data not found										
	The Card No D	Pata trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access non-existent file or block on a NV Media Card.										
183	Recommende	d actions:										
	 Ensure dat 	a block number is correct										
Card Option	NV Media Card	d trip; option modules installed are different between source drive and destination drive										
180	the drive, but the data transfer, be the values from Recommende Ensure the Press the retailed the default	correct option modules are installed. coption modules are in the same option module slot as the parameter set stored. coption to acknowledge that the parameters for one or more of the option modules installed will be a										
Card Product		d data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative										
175	The Card Productive and the card Recommender	fuct trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed, If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) is different ource and target drives. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the ard.										
	This trip ca	in be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive										
Card Rating												
186	NV Media Card Trip; The voltage and / or current rating of the source and destination drives are different The Card Rating trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive, but the current and / or voltage ratings are different between source and destination drives. This trip also applies if a compare (using Pr mm.000 set to 8yyy) is attempted between the data block on a NV Media Card and the drive. The Card Rating trip does not stop the data transfer but is a warning that rating specific parameters with the RA attribute may not be transferred to the destination drive. Recommended actions: Reset the drive to clear the trip											
		t the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly										
Card Read Only	Ensure tha	t the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly d has the Read Only bit set										
Card Read Only	Ensure that NV Media Card The Card Read	•										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip						Di	agnosis							
Car	d Slot	NV Me	edia Card	Trip; Op	tion modu	le applica	ation progra	am transfer h	as failed	I					
1	174	becau option Recor	se the opti module sl mmended	on modu ot numbe actions:	le does not er.	respond	correctly. If t	odule applicat this happens	this trip is	produced					
Config	guration					•		om the modu							
	111	stored Recor Er Er	Recommended actions: Ensure that all the power modules are correctly connected / simultaneously Ensure all the power modules have powered up correctly Ensure that the value in Pr 11.071 is set to the number of power modules connected Set Pr 11.035 to 0 to disable the trip if it is not required												
Contr	ol Word	Trip in	rip initiated from the Control Word (06.042)												
;	35	(Pr 06 Recor	The Control Word trip is initiated by setting bit 12 on the control word in Pr 06.042 when the control word is enabled Pr 06.043 = On). Recommended actions: Check the value of Pr 06.042. Disable the control word in Control Word Enable (Pr 06.043) Bit 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word When the control word is enabled, the trip can only be cleared by setting bit 12 to zero												
Currer	nt Offset	Curre	nt feedba	ck offset	error										
2	225	Recor	mmended	actions:		y of curre	nt flowing in	the output ph			en the dri	ive is not e	nabled		
Data C	hanging		•		ing chang										
,	97	enable Recor	e, i.e. <i>Drive</i> mmended nsure the c Loading Changin Transfer	e Active (actions: lrive is no defaults g drive m ring data	10.002) = 1 ot enabled v	when one	of he follow	ng the drive paing is being conference of the desired the desired feedback devices the desired feedback devices the desired feedback devices f	arried out		rive has b	een comm	nanded to		
Deriva	ative ID	Deriva	ative ident												
	247	The de		nage whice	ch customiz	zes the dr	ive has beei	n changed for	an image	e with a diff	erent ider	ntifier.			
Derivati	ive Image	Deriva	ative Imag	e error											
2	248	Recor	erivative Ir nmended ct the supp	action:		hat an err	or has been	detected in the	ne deriva	tive image.					
Desti	ination	Two o	r more pa	rameters	are writin	ng to the	same desti	nation param	eter						
	199	within Recor	the drive a mmended et Pr mm.0	actions:	g to the san	ne paramo	eter. and check a	neters of two							
Driv	e Size				n: Unrecog										
2	224	The D conne Recor	rive Size to cted. mmended insure the construction of the constru	ip indicat action:	es that the	control P		recognized th	ie drive si	ze of the p	ower circu	uit to which	it is		

Safety | Product | Mechanical | Electrical | Getting | Information | Installation | Installation

		Diagnosis										
EPROM Fail	Default paran	neters have been loaded										
		If Fail trip indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be a the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed										
	2	The CRCs applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that a valid set of parameters cannot be loaded										
	3	The drive mode restored from internal non-volatile memory is outside the allowed range for the product or the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode										
	4	The drive derivative image has changed										
31	5	5 The power stage hardware has changed										
	6	ű										
	7	The position feedback interface hardware has changed										
	8	The control board hardware has changed										
	9	The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed										
Encoder 1	Drive position	persists - return drive to supplier n feedback interface power supply overload										
	THE LITCOURT	The Encoder 1 trip indicates that the drive encoder power supply has been overloaded. Terminals 13 &14 of the 15 way type connector can supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. Recommended actions: Check encoder power supply wiring Disable the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption For 5 V encoders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder Check the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability Replace the encoder										
189	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th	or can supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder e encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder										
189 Encoder 2	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex	or can supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption accoders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder e encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex Drive encode	or can supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder e encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder sternal power supply with higher current capability er (Feedback) wire break										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex Drive encode	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the encoders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder termal power supply with higher current capability ter (Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex Drive encode The Encoder 2 exact cause o	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder termal power supply with higher current capability the (Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace tf Use an ex Drive encode The Encoder are exact cause o Sub-trip	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder termal power supply with higher current capability ter (Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The fifthe trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex Drive encode The Encoder exact cause o Sub-trip 10 20	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder ternal power supply with higher current capability the r(Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input Drive position feedback interface 2 on any input										
Encoder 2	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace th Use an ex Drive encode The Encoder 2 exact cause o Sub-trip 10 20 11	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder ternal power supply with higher current capability the r(Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input Drive position feedback interface 2 on any input Drive position feedback interface 1 on the A channel										
	type connecto Recommende Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check the Replace tt Use an ex Drive encode The Encoder a exact cause o Sub-trip 10 20 11 12	ed actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the coders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder termal power supply with higher current capability For (Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The fifthe trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input Drive position feedback interface 1 on the A channel Drive position feedback interface 1 on the B channel										
Encoder 2	type connector Recommender Check end Disable th For 5 V er Check thee Replace th Use an ex Drive encoder Exact cause or Sub-trip 10 20 11 12 13 Recommender	recan supply a maximum current of 200 mA @ 15 V or 300 mA @ 8 V and 5 V. red actions: coder power supply wiring the termination resistors (Pr 03.039 set to 0) to reduce current consumption the incoders with long cables, select 8 V (Pr 03.036) and install a 5 V voltage regulator close to the encoder the encoder specification to confirm if it is compatible with the encoder port power supply current capability the encoder ternal power supply with higher current capability ref (Feedback) wire break 2 trip indicates that the drive has detected a wire break on the 15 way D-type connector on the drive. The first the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 on any input Drive position feedback interface 2 on any input Drive position feedback interface 1 on the A channel Drive position feedback interface 1 on the B channel Drive position feedback interface 1 on the Z channel										

Replace encoder

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrica installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
-	Trip						D	iagnosis							
End	coder 3	Phase	e offset i	ncorrect v	vhile runn	ing									
		SINCO	OS phase					incorrect UV sed the trip c					de only) or		
			o-trip					Reason							
				Drive posit											
			2	Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 2								
	191			ed actions:		ins									
		_	Ensure the encoder cable is one uninterrupted cable												
			Check the encoder signal for noise with an oscilloscope Check the integrity of the encoder machanical mounting.												
			 Check the integrity of the encoder mechanical mounting For a UVW servo encoder, ensure that the phase rotation of the UVW commutation signals is the same as 												
			the phase rotation of the motor												
		• Fc	• For a SINCOS encoder, ensure that motor and incremental SINCOS connections are correct and that for forward												
			rotation of the motor, the encoder rotates clockwise (when looking at the shaft of the encoder) Repeat the offset measurement test												
	coder 4		•			test									
Enc	coaer 4			rice comm		oncodor	oommunioo	ions has time	d out or t	the semmu	nicotiono	nosition			
				•								•	between		
			nessage transfer time is too long. This trip can also be caused due to wire break in the communication channel between he drive and the encoder. The feedback device which has caused the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.												
		Sub	Sub-trip Reason												
				Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 1								
	192			Drive posit									 		
	102														
				d actions											
			 Ensure the encoder power supply setting (Pr 03.036) is correct Complete encoder auto-configuration (Pr 03.041) 												
			 Complete encoder auto-configuration (Pr 03.041) Check the encoder wiring 												
				e feedbacl	•										
Enc	coder 5	Check	sum or	CRC erro	r										
				•			ecksum or C ns based end	RC error, or the	ne SSI en	coder is no	ot ready.	The Encode	r 5 trip can		
		Sub	o-trip					Reason							
			1	Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 1								
			2	Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 2								
	400	Recor	nmende	d actions	!										
	193			encoder ca		connectio	ons								
								any connector	blocks o	r if unavoid	able min	imise the ler	ngth of any		
				ails to the											
				encoder si	-		n oscilloscop	oe .							
								carry out an e	encoder a	iuto-confiai	ıration (P	r 03.041 = F	Enabled)		
			-	e encoder				,							
Enc	coder 6	Encod	der has i	indicated	an error										
							has indicate eak to an S	d an error or SI encoder.	that the p	ower supp	ly has fai	led to an SS	il encoder.		
		Sub	o-trip					Reason							
			1	Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 1								
	194		2	Drive posit	ion feedba	ck interfac	ce 2								
		Pagar	nmerel-	d aatla ==											
				ed actions:				an managements and the	(D. 22	. 000'					
							ncoder power of the enco	er supply setti oder	ng (Pr 03	5.036)					
<u> </u>		1/6	Spiace III	io chicou c i	, contact ti	ic supplie	a or the end	,,,,,,,							

Safety information information Mechanical installation in

Trip Diagnosis Encoder 7 Initialization failed The Encoder 7 trip indicates that the set-up parameters for position feedback device has changed. The feedback device which has caused the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 195 2 Drive position feedback interface 2 Recommended actions: Reset the trip and perform a save. Ensure Pr 3.033 and Pr 03.035 are set correctly or carry out an encoder auto-configuration (Pr 03.041 = Enabled) Encoder 8 Position feedback interface has timed out The Encoder 8 trip indicates that Position feedback interface communications time exceeds 250 us. The feedback device which has caused the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 196 2 Drive position feedback interface 2 Recommended actions: Ensure the encoder is connected correctly Ensure that the encoder is compatible Increase baud rate **Encoder 9** Position feedback is selected from a option module slot which does not have a feedback option module installed The Encoder 9 trip indicates that position feedback source selected in Pr 03.026 (or Pr 21.021 for the second motor map) is 197 Recommended actions: Check the setting of Pr 03.026 (or Pr 21.021 if the second motor parameters have been enabled) Ensure that the option slot selected in Pr 03.026 has a feedback option module installed **Encoder 12** Encoder could not be identified during auto-configuration The Encoder 12 trip indicates that the drive is communicating with the encoder but the encoder type is not recognized. Sub-trip Reason Drive position feedback interface 1 2 Drive position feedback interface 2 162 Recommended actions: Enter the encoder setup parameters manually Check to see the encoder supports auto-configuration **Encoder 13** Data read from the encoder is out of range during auto-configuration The Encoder 13 trip indicates that the data read from the encoder was out of the range during auto-configuration. No parameters will be modified with the data read from the encoder as a result of auto configuration.

Sub-trip	Reason	Parameter
11	P1 Rotary lines per revolution error	03.034
12	P1 Linear comms pitch error	03.052
13	P1 Linear line pitch error	03.053
14	P1 Rotary turns bits error	03.033
15	P1 Communications bits error	03.035
16	P1 Calculation time is too long	03.060
17	P1 Line delay measured is longer than 5 μs	03.062
21	P2 Rotary lines per revolution error	03.134
22	P2 Linear comms pitch error	03.152
23	P2 Linear line pitch error	03.153
24	P2 Rotary turns bits error	03.133
25	P2 Communications bits error	03.135
26	P2 Calculation time is too long	03.160
27	P2 Line delay measured is longer than 5 μs	03.162

Recommended actions:

- Enter the encoder setup parameters manually
- Check to see the encoder supports auto-configuration

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	echanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the motor Optimization on Installation Stallation of Installation Stallation of Installation of Ins											
Trip	Diagnosis											
External Trip	An External trip is initiated											
	An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip string.											
	See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.											
	Sub-trip Reason											
	1 External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and SAFE TORQUE OFF input 1 is low											
	2 External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and SAFE TORQUE OFF input 2 is low											
	3 External Trip (10.032) = 1											
•	Recommended actions:											
6	Check the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal voltage (on terminal 31 on <i>Unidrive M700 / M701</i> and terminal 11 & 13 on											
	Unidrive M702) equals to 24 V.											
	Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 31 on <i>Unidrive M700 / M701</i> and terminal 11 &											
	13 on <i>Unidrive M702</i> , equates to 'on'.											
	 If external trip detection of the SAFE TORQUE OFF input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to OFF (0). Check the value of Pr 10.032. 											
	• Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.											
	Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms											
Frequency Range	Out of range of frequency has been detected in regen mode											
	The Frequency Range trip indicates that the supply frequency is outside the range defined by Regen Minimum Frequency											
	(03.024) and Regen Maximum Frequency (03.025) for more than 100 ms. Recommended actions:											
168												
	 Ensure the supply is operating within the drive specification Ensure Pr 03.024 and Pr 03.025 are set correctly 											
	Check the supply voltage waveform using an oscilloscope											
	Reduce the level of supply disturbance											
HF01	Data processing error: CPU address error											
	The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.											
	Recommended actions:											
LIFOO	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF02	Data processing error: DMAC address error The HEO2 trip indicates that a DMAC address error has accurred. This trip indicates that the central DCP on the drive has											
	The <i>HF02</i> trip indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.											
	Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF03	Data processing error: Illegal instruction											
	The HF03 trip indicates that an illegal instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.											
	Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF04	Data processing error: Illegal slot instruction											
	The HF04 trip indicates that an illegal slot instruction has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has											
	failed. Recommended actions:											
HEOF	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data presenting error, Undefined execution.											
HF05	Data processing error: Undefined exception The HF05 trip indicates that an undefined exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive											
	has failed.											
	Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF06	Data processing error: Reserved exception											
	The <i>HF06</i> trip indicates that a reserved exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive											
	has failed.											
	Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF07	Data processing error: Watchdog failure											
	The HF07 trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed											
	Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											

Safety information	I I	echanical Electrical Getting Basic Running stallation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Operation Operation Operation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics (Information Information Informatio										
	Trip	Diagnosis										
Н	1F08	Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash										
		The <i>HF08</i> trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	1F09	Data processing error: Free store overflow										
		The <i>HF09</i> trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
Н	IF10	Data processing error: Parameter routing system error										
		The <i>HF10</i> trip indicates that a Parameter routing system error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
F	HF11	Data processing error: Access to EEPROM failed										
		The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that access to the drive EEPROM has failed. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	HF12	Data processing error: Main program stack overflow										
		The <i>HF12</i> trip indicates that the main program stack over flow has occurred. The stack can be identified by the sub-trip number. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Sub-trip Stack										
		1 Freewheeling tasks										
		2 Clock tasks										
		3 Main system interrupts										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	HF13	Data processing error: Firmware incompatible with hardware The <i>HF13</i> trip indicates that the drive firmware is not compatible with the hardware. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions: • Re-program the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for <i>Unidrive M700 / M701 / M702</i>										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	∃F14	Data processing error: CPU register bank error										
		The <i>HF14</i> trip indicates that a CPU register bank error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	1F15	Data processing error: CPU divide error										
		The <i>HF15</i> trip indicates that a CPU divide error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
Н	HF16	Data processing error: RTOS error										
		The <i>HF16</i> trip indicates that a RTOS error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
H	HF17	Data processing error: Clock supplied to the control board is out of specification The <i>HF17</i> trip indicates that the clock supplied to the control board logic is out of specification. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.										
		Recommended actions:										
I		Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
-		-										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
T	Ггір						Di	agnosis								
	IF18	Data p	orocessin	g error:	nternal fla	sh memo	ry has faile	d								
					nat the inte ed by the s			failed when v	vriting op	tion modul	e parame	eter data. Th	e reason			
		Sub-	trip			Reas	on									
		1	•	ion modu	le initializat	ion timed	out									
		2	-				nenu in flash									
		3	Era	se flash b	lock contai	ning setu	menus faile	ed								
		4					cation menu	s failed								
		5			-		ned in flash									
		6					ontained in									
		7						contained in fla								
		8						contained in fla								
		9				cation me	nu 20 CRC (contained in fla	asn							
			Recommended actions: • Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive. Data processing error: CRC check on the firmware has failed													
	I=40															
H	IF19		ata processing error: CRC check on the firmware has failed ne HF19 trip indicates that the CRC check on the drive firmware has failed.													
			the HF19 trip indicates that the CRC check on the drive firmware has failed.													
			Re-program the drive Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive													
Н	IF20							hardware								
			Data processing error: ASIC is not compatible with the hardware The HF20 trip indicates that the ASIC version is not compatible with the drive firmware. The ASIC version can be identified													
		from the	he sub-trip	number.												
		Recor	nmended	actions	:											
		• Ha	ardware fa	ult - Cont	tact the sup	oplier of th	e drive									
Indu	ıctance							tion not dete								
			e drive has been enabled in RFC-S mode with RFC Feedback Mode (03.024) set for sensorless control, or for auto-													
			change over on position feedback loss, and the motor inductance will prevent the control algorithm from operating correctly. The reason for the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.													
			b-trip					eason								
				The differ	ence betwe	en <i>Ld</i> (05	5.024) and N	o-load Lq (05	.072) is t	oo small. (l	_q-Ld)/Ld					
			1	must be g	reater thar	0.2. Also	Lq-Ld must	be greater that	an K/ <i>Full</i>	Scale Cur	rent Kc					
								ating as given								
				ecomme	nded that t	ne dillerer	ices are larg	er than these	minimun	n iimits ii po	ossible.					
			1	Drive I	rated volta	ge	K									
i	8				200 V		0.037									
					400 V		0.073									
					575 V		0.087									
					690 V		0.105									
			,	A test is c	arried out	o determi	ne the direct	ion of the flux	in the m	otor which	relies on					
								otor saturatio				this				
								ilure is unlike	-							
				-	-		-	mode it is ne or saturation o	-			s				
								ilure is unlike								
Inducto	or Too Ho				overloade		untar tharma	l avarland hav	and on th	o Dotod C	urrant (D	OF 007\ an	d the			
								ll overload bas plays the indu								
								19 gets to 100		- 5. atai 6 at	_ u poroc					
	93		nmended													
		• Ch	neck the lo	oad / curre	ent through	the induc	ctor has not	changed.								
					rrent (Pr 0											

Safety Product	Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization NV Media Card Onboard Advanced Technical Diagnostics UL listing installation installation started parameters the motor											
information information	n installation installation started parameters the motor Operation Operation PLC parameters data information											
Trip	Diagnosis											
I/O Overload	Digital output overload											
26	The I/O Overload trip indicates that the total current drawn from 24 V user supply or from the digital output has exceeded the limit. A trip is initiated if one or more of the following conditions: • Maximum output current from one digital output is 100 mA. • The combined maximum output current from outputs 1 and 2 is 100 mA • The combined maximum output current from output 3 and +24 V output is 100 mA Recommended actions: • Check total loads on digital outputs • Check control wiring is correct											
	Check output wiring is undamaged											
Island	Island condition detected in regen mode											
160	The <i>Island</i> trip indicates that the AC mains is no longer present and the inverter would be on 'islanded' power supply if it continued to operate. Recommended actions: Check the supply / supply connections to the regen drive											
Keypad Mode	Keypad has been removed when the drive is receiving the speed reference from the keypad											
34	The Keypad Mode trip indicates that the drive is in keypad mode [Reference Selector (01.014) = 4 or 6] and the keypad has been removed or disconnected from the drive. Recommended actions: Re-install keypad and reset Change Reference Selector (01.014) to select the reference from another source											
Line Sync	Synchronization to the power supply has been lost											
-	The <i>Line Sync</i> trip indicates that the inverter has lost the synchronization with the ac supply in Regen mode.											
39	Recommended actions:											
	Check the supply / supply connections to the regen drive											
Low Load	The load on the drive has fallen below the low load detection level											
38	When the low load detector is active, the low load condition is detected when the <i>Percentage Load</i> (Pr 04.020) falls below the threshold defined by the <i>Low Load Detection Level</i> (Pr 04.027). Enable Trip On Low Load (Pr 04.029) defines the action taken when low load is detected. If Enable Trip On Low Load (Pr 04.029) = 0, a Low Load warning is displayed and Low Load Detected Alarm (Pr 10.062) = 1. If Enable Trip On Low Load (Pr 04.029) = 1 no warning is given, but a Low Load trip is initiated. Recommended actions: • Check the load on the motor has not changed											
Motor Too Hot	-											
20	The <i>Motor Too Hot</i> trip indicates a motor thermal overload based on the output current (Pr 05.007) and motor thermal time constant (Pr 04.015). Pr 04.019 displays the motor temperature as a percentage of the maximum value. The drive will trip on <i>Motor Too Hot</i> when Pr 04.019 gets to 100 %. Recommended actions: • Ensure the load is not jammed / sticking • Check the load on the motor has not changed • If seen during an auto-tune test in RFC-S mode, ensure the motor rated current in Pr 05.007 is ≤ Heavy duty current rating of the drive • Tune the rated speed parameter (RFC-A mode only) • Check feedback signal for noise • Ensure the motor rated current is not zero											
Name Plate	Electronic nameplate transfer has failed											
176	The Name Plate trip is initiated if an electronic name plate transfer between the drive and the motor has failed. The exact reason for the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Sub-trip											
	 When transferring between option module and encoder, ensure that the option slot has a feedback option module installed. Check if the encoder has been initialized in <i>Position Feedback Initialized</i> (03.076). Verify the encoder wiring. 											

	lechanical estallation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameter	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technica data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Trip						[Diagnosis						
OHt Brake	Brakin	g IGBT o	ver-tem	oerature									
101	therma	Ht Brake o Il model. nmended			rip indicate	s that braki	ng IGBT over-t	emperatu	ure has bee	en detect	ed based or	software	
	• Ch	eck brakin	g resisto	or value is	greater th	an or equal	to the minimur	m resistai	nce value				
OHt Control		ol stage o	•										
		Ht Control				tage over-t	emperature ha	s been d	etected. Fr	om the s	ub-trip 'xxyz	z', the	
		Source		XX	у	ZZ			Descript	ion			
	Con	ntrol syster	m	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature						
	Con	ntrol syster	n	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature						
	Control system 00 0 03 I/O board thermistor over temperature Recommended actions: Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Check ambient temperature												
23													
OHt dc bus	DC bu	s over ten	nperatu	re									
27	output this paid the mo	Reduce duty cycle Reduce motor load											
		Check er	ncoder m	nechanica	l coupling -	· (RFC-A, R	FC-S)	<u> </u>					
OHt Inverter			•		on therma								
	This tri	p indicates	s that an	IGBT jun	ction over-	temperature	e has been det	ected ba	sed on a so	oftware t	hermal mode	el	
	1	Source ntrol syster	n	xx	y 1	zz 00	Inverter therma	al model	Descripti gives {OHt		} trip with su	o-trip 0	
21	Re En Re De Re	sure Auto- duce duty crease ac duce moto eck DC bu	selected switchin cycle celeratio or load us ripple	drive swit g Freque n / decele	eration rate	e Disable (0	05.035) is set to	o OFF					

Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started narameters the motor Operation PLC narameters information

Trip Diagnosis **OHt Power** Power stage over temperature This trip indicates that a power stage over-temperature has been detected. From the sub-trip 'xxyzz', the Thermistor location is identified by 'zz'. Source Description У ΖZ Power system 01 0 ΖZ Thermistor location in the drive defined by zz Recommended actions: Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speed 22 Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Reduce duty cycle Decrease acceleration / deceleration rates Reduce motor load Check the derating tables and confirm the drive is correctly sized for the application. Use a drive with larger current / power rating OHt Rectifier Rectifier over temperature The OHt Rectifier indicates that a rectifier over-temperature has been detected. The thermistor location can be identified from the sub-trip number. Source ХX ΖZ Description У Power module Rectifier Power ZZ Thermistor location defined by zz system number number Recommend actions: 102 Check the motor and motor cable insulation with an insulation tester Install an output line reactor or sinusoidal filter Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speeds by setting Pr 06.045 = 11 Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Decrease acceleration / deceleration rates Reduce duty cycle Reduce motor load OI ac Instantaneous output over current detected The instantaneous drive output current has exceeded above VM DRIVE CURRENT MAX.

Source	xx	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	Rectifier number	00	Instantaneous over-current trip when the measured a.c. current
Power system	Power module number	0	()()	exceeds VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX].

Recommended actions:

- Acceleration/deceleration rate is too short
- If seen during auto-tune reduce the voltage boost
- Check for short circuit on the output cabling
- Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester
- Check feedback device wiring
- Check feedback device mechanical coupling
- Check feedback signals are free from noise
- Is motor cable length within limits for the frame size
- Reduce the values in the speed loop gain parameters (Pr 03.010, 03.011, 03.012) or (Pr 03.013, 03.014, 03.015)
- Has the phase angle autotune been completed? (RFC-S mode only)
- Reduce the values in current loop gain parameters (RFC-A, RFC-S modes only)

Safety information	Product information	Mecha instal		Electrical installation		Basic paramete	Run rs the n		Optimiza	ation	NV Media Operati		Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostic	s UL listing information		
7	Ггір									Dia	agnosis								
OI	Brake	В	Brakin	ig IGBT	over curr	ent dete	cted: sl	nort	circuit		_		braking	g IGBT act	ivated				
		T		<i>Brake</i> tr												tection has	s been		
			So	ource	xx		у		ZZ					Descripti	on				
	4			ower stem	Powe modul numbe	е	0		00	Bra	king IGB	BT ins	stantaneo	ous over-cu	ırrent trip				
		R			d actions te resistor														
		•	Ch	eck brak	ing resisto	or value i	-	er tha	n or eq	ual to	the min	nimur	n resista	nce value					
0	l dc	P	ower	module	over cur	rent dete	ected fr	om I	GBT or	ı stat	te voltaç	ge m	onitorin	g					
		Т	he OI dc trip indicates that the short circuit protection for the drive output stage has been activated.																
1	109	R	Recommended actions: Disconnect the motor cable at the drive end and check the motor and cable insulation with an insulation tester.																
				Disconnect the motor cable at the drive end and check the motor and cable insulation with an insulation tester Replace the drive															
OI S	nubber	S	nubber over-current detected																
			The OI Snubber trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubber circuit. The reason or the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.																
			So	ource	XX		у		ZZ					Descrip	tion				
				ower stem	Powe modul numbe	e R	ectifier umber		00	Rec	tifier snu	ıbber	over-cui	rrent trip de	t trip detected.				
	92		En En Ch Ch	sure the sure the neck for seck for seck for seck the neck the nec	d actions internal E motor cal supply volt supply dist motor and utput line	MC Filter ble length age imba urbance motor ca	does nalance such as able insi	ot ex noto	ching fro	m a	DC drive	e		witching fre	quency				
Option	n Disable	C	Option	n module	does no	t acknov	vledge	duri	ng driv	e mo	de chan	igeo	ver						
	~	th	he driv	ve has be	een stopp										drive that	communic	ations with		
	215	•	Re	nmende eset the to he trip pe	•	lace the	option n	nodu	le										
Out Ph	ase Loss	C	Outpu	t phase	loss dete	cted													
		Т	he O	ut Phase	Loss trip	ndicates	that ph	ase	loss has	bee	n detect	ed at	the drive	e output.					
I			Sub	o-trip							ason								
I					U phase of														
					V phase o														
				3	W phase								to run.						
	98	L		4	Output ph	ase 1055	uelecle	u wi	ien me	unve	15 TUTITIII	ııg.							
		If re	If Pr 05.042 = 1 the physical output phases are reversed, and so sub-trip 3 refers to physical output phase V and sub-trip 2 refers to physical output phase W.																
		.			d actions or and driv		etione												
		.			the trip se			oss	Detectio	on En	nable (06	3.059) = 0						
Over F	requency	C			ncy has e	•					•		,						
	222	T	he O	ver Frequ	uency trip	indicates	that the	e out	put freq	uenc	y has ex	ceec	ded 560 l	Hz for more	than 4 n	ns.			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Trip Diagnosis **Over Speed** Motor speed has exceeded the over speed threshold In open loop mode, if the Output Frequency (05.001) exceeds the threshold set in Over Speed Threshold (03.008) in either direction an Over Speed trip is produced. In RFC-A and RFC-S mode, if the Speed Feedback (03.002) exceeds the Over Speed Threshold in Pr 03.008 in either direction an Over Speed trip is produced. If Pr 03.008 is set to 0.0 the threshold is then equal to 1.2 x the value set in Pr 01.006. In RFC-A and RFC-S mode, if an SSI encoder is being used and Pr 03.047 is set to 0 an Over Speed trip will be produced when the encoder passes through the boundary between its maximum position and zero. Reduce the Speed Controller Proportional Gain (03.010) to reduce the speed overshoot (RFC-A, RFC-S modes only) If an SSI encoder is being used set Pr 03.047 to 1 The above description relates to a standard Over Speed trip, however in RFC-S mode it is possible to produce an Over Speed. 1 trip. This is caused if the speed is allowed to exceed the safe level in RFC-S mode with flux weakening when Enable High Speed Mode (05.022) is set to one. **Over Volts** DC bus voltage has exceeded the peak level or maximum continuous level for 15 seconds The Over Volts trip indicates that the DC bus voltage has exceeded the VM DC VOLTAGE[MAX] or VM DC VOLTAGE SET[MAX] for 15 s. The trip threshold varies depending on voltage rating of the drive as shown below.

Voltage rating	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
200	415	410
400	830	815
575	990	970
690	1190	1175

Sub-trip Identification

2

Source	xx	у	ZZ
Control system	00	0	01: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].
Control system	00	0	02: Time delayed trip indicating that the DC bus voltage is above VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].
Power system			00: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].

Recommended actions:

- Increase deceleration ramp (Pr 00.004)
- Decrease the braking resistor value (staying above the minimum value)
- Check nominal AC supply level
- · Check for supply disturbances which could cause the DC bus to rise
- · Check motor insulation using a insulation tester

Phase Loss

Supply phase loss

The *Phase Loss* trip indicates that the drive has detected an input phase loss or large supply imbalance. The drive will attempt to stop the motor before this trip is initiated. If the motor cannot be stopped in 10 seconds the trip occurs immediately. The *Phase Loss* trip works by monitoring the ripple voltage on the DC bus of the drive, if the DC bus ripple exceeds the threshold, the drive will trip on Phase Loss. Potential causes of the DC bus ripple are input phase loss, Large supply impedance and severe output current instability.

Source	хх	У	zz
Control system	00	0	00: Phase loss detected based on control system feedback. The drive attempts to stop the drive before tripping unless bit 2 of <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037) is set to one.
Power system	Power module Rectifier		00: Phase loss has been detected by the rectifier module
Control system	number	number	01: Mains loss has been detected by the rectifier module in a multi-power module system, where this must be treated as a phase loss condition to prevent damage to the drive.

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Input phase loss detection can be disabled when the drive is required to operate from the DC supply or from a single phase supply in *Input Phase Loss Detection Mode* (06.047).

Recommended actions:

- Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load
- · Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope
- · Check the output current stability
- · Reduce the duty cycle
- Reduce the motor load
- Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.

Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the moto Operation PLC parameters information Trip Diagnosis Phasing Error RFC-S mode phasing failure due to incorrect phase angle The Phasing Error trip indicates that the phase offset angle in Pr 03.025 (or Pr 21.020 if the second motor map is being used) is incorrect and the drive is unable to control the motor correctly. Recommended actions: Check the encoder wiring Check the encoder signals for noise with an oscilloscope Check the encoder mechanical coupling Perform an auto-tune to measure the encoder phase angle or manually enter the correct phase angle into Pr 03.025 198 Spurious Phasing Error trips can sometimes be seen in very dynamic applications. This trip can be disabled by setting the over-speed threshold in Pr 03.008 to a value greater than zero. If sensorless control is being used this indicates that significant instability has occurred and the motor has accelerated without control. Recommended actions: Ensure that the motor parameters are set-up correctly. Reduce the speed controller gains. **Power Comms** Communication has been lost / errors detected between power, control and rectifier modules The Power Comms trip is initiated if there is no communications between power, control or the rectifier module or if excessive communication errors have been detected. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. У 01: No communications between the control system and the power 00 0 Control 02: Excessive communication errors between the control system and 90 system power system Power module Rectifier 00: Excessive communications errors detected by the rectifier module number number Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive **Power Data** Power system configuration data error The Power Data trip indicates that there is an error in the configuration data stored in the power system. Source хx Description Control 00 0 01 No data was obtained from the power board. system Control 00 Λ 02 There is no data table in node 1. system Control The power system data table is bigger than the space available in იი 0 03 the control pod to store it. system Control 0 04 00 The size of the table given in the table is incorrect. system Control 0 Table CRC error. 00 05 system The version number of the generator software that produced the 220 Control 00 0 06 system table is too low. Control The power data table version does not match the power board 00 0 07 system hardware identifier Power Power The power data table used internally by the power module has an module n 00 system number Power The power data table that is uploaded to the control system on Power 0 01 module power up has an error. system number Power The power data table used internally by the power module does Power Λ 02 module not match the hardware identification of the power module. system number Recommended actions:

Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive

	Mechanical Electri			unning motor Optimiz	ation NV Media Card	Onboard Advanced PLC parameters	Technical data Diagnostic	S UL listing information					
					·								
Trip					Diagnosis								
ower Down Save	Power down		o indicatos the	at an arrar had	a boon detected in	the newer down ag	ua naramatara agua	d in non					
	volatile mem		p indicates the	at an enorna	s been detected ii	the power down sa	ve parameters save	u III IIOII-					
37	Recommen	Recommended actions:											
	Perform	a 1001 save i	n Pr mm.000	to ensure tha	t the trip doesn't o	occur the next time th	ne drive is powered	up.					
PSU	Internal pow	ver supply fa	ult										
	The PSU trip	indicates tha	it one or more	internal power	er supply rails are	outside limits or ove	rloaded.						
	Source	ХХ	у	ZZ		Description	on						
	Control	00	0										
	system			00	Internal newer of								
5	Power	Power module	Rectifier	00	internal power s	l power supply overload.							
3	system	number	number										
	December	Recommended actions:											
		 Remove any option modules and perform a reset Remove encoder connection and perform a reset 											
		Remove encoder connection and perform a reset Hardware fault within the drive – return the drive to the supplier											
PSU 24V	24V internal	power supp	ly overload										
		The total user load of the drive and option modules has exceeded the internal 24 V power supply limit. The user load consists of the drive digital outputs and main encoder supply.											
	Recommended actions:												
9													
		 Reduce the load and reset Provide an external 24 V power supply on control terminal 2 											
		all option mo		p., o., oo,									
ating Mismatch	Power stage	erecognition	: Multi modu	le voltage or	current rating m	ismatch							
						ent rating mismatch i							
						Illel. A mixture of pow not allowed and will							
223	Recommend	•	mann the can	io maia moda	io univo oyotom io	not anowed and win	oddoo a raamig iino	matom trip					
			es in a multi-m	odular drive s	system are of the	same frame size and	I rating (voltage and	current)					
			act the suppli		•		3 (1 1 3 1 1	.,					
Reserved	Reserved tri	ips											
		ımbers are re	served trip nu	mbers for futo	ure use. These trip	os should not be use	d by the user applic	ation					
	programs.	ahau .		Description									
01 94 -95	Trip Num			Description		4							
	94 -95		erved resettab	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+							
			erved resettab			+							
103 – 108 170 – 173	II 103 - 1i	00 11000	or vou resettab	ic trip		1							
103 – 108	103 - 10		erved resettah	le trip		1							
103 – 108 170 – 173	103 - 10 170 - 17 228 - 24	73 Rese	erved resettab			-							

The *Resistance* trip indicates that the measured stator resistance during an auto-tune test has exceeded the maximum possible value of *Stator Resistance* (05.017).

The stationary auto-tune is initiated using the auto-tune function (Pr 05.012) or in open loop vector mode (Pr 05.014) on the first run command after power up in mode 4 (Ur_l) or on every run command in modes 0 (Ur_S) or 3 (Ur_Auto). This trip can occur if the motor is very small in comparison to the rating of the drive.

Recommended actions:

- Check the motor cable / connections
 - · Check the integrity of the motor stator winding using a insulation tester
- Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the drive terminals
- · Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the motor terminals
- Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model
- Select fixed boost mode (Pr **05.014** = Fixed) and verify the output current waveforms with an oscilloscope
- · Replace the motor

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Trip		Diagnosis							
Slot4 Different	Ethernet inte	rface in slot 4 has changed (<i>Unidrive M700 / M702</i>)							
		erent trip indicates that the Ethernet interface in slot 4 has changed / not found. The reason for the trip can be sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip	Reason							
	1	No module was installed previously							
	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has beer so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.								
254	3	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.							
	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.							
	>99	Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.							
	To confirm that the tri	Recommended actions: To confirm that the parameter changes detected is acceptable, reset the trip and perform a parameter save to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. If the trip persists - Contact the supplier of the drive.							
Slot4 Error	Ethernet inte	face in slot 4 has detected a fault (<i>Unidrive M700 / M702</i>)							
	The Slot4 Erro	or trip indicates that the Ethernet interface in slot 4 on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the t							

Sub-trip Trip string Description 100 Link Loss Network link has been lost 101 E/IP Timeout An EtherNet/IP RPI timeout trip has occurred E/IP Read Param 102 Invalid read consistency parameter E/IP Write Param 103 Invalid write consistency parameter An unexpected EtherNet/IP error has occurred 104 E/IP Fault 105 Modbus Timeout The Modbus connection has timed out 106 DA-RT Timeout DA-RX Rx link has timeout DA-RT Rx Late 107 Rx data was received late 108 INIT Switch 109 INIT PTP 110 INIT DA-RT INIT Modbus 111 112 INIT SMTP INIT EtherNet/IP 113 114 INIT TCP/IP 115 Ethernet Failure 200 Software Fault Software Fault 201 **BG** Overrun Background task overrun 202 Firmware Invalid Firmware is not compatible for the hardware version 203 Drive Unknown Unknown drive type 204 DriveUnsupported Unsupported drive type 205 Mode Unknown Unknown drive mode 206 Unsupported drive mode Mode Unsupported 207 FLASH Error Corrupted Non-volatile FLASH 208 Database Init Database initialization error 209 File System Init File system initialization error 210 Mem Allocation Memory allocation error 211 Filesystem Error File system error 212 Configuration file save error Config Save 213 Over Temperature Option module over temperature 214 The drive has not responded within watchdog period **Drive Timeout** 215 eCMP Comms Error eCMP communication failure 216 TO eCMP Slot1 eCMP communication to slot 1 timeout TO eCMP Slot2 217 eCMP communication to slot 2 timeout 218 TO eCMP Slot3 eCMP communication to slot 3 timeout TO eCMP Slot4 219 eCMP communication to slot 4 timeout I/O Overload 220 Digital output current demand too high 221 Factory Settings Missing factory settings 222 **Functional Test** Functional test failure

Configuration file restore error

Power on self test error

Runtime configuration error

Recommended actions:

Config Restore

Self Test Error

Runtime Config

223

224

225

can be identified by the sub-trip number.

- · Identify the reason for the trip from the trip string or from sub-trip number and resolve the error.
- Reset the trip, If the trip persists, Hardware fault Contact the supplier of the drive.

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Optimization Diagnostics information information installation inetallation started parameters the motor Operation PLC narameters information Trip Diagnosis Slot4 HF Ethernet interface in slot 4 hardware fault (Unidrive M700 / M702) The Slot4 HF trip indicates that the Ethernet interface in slot 4 on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the error can be identified by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Reason The module category cannot be identified 2 All the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corrupt 3 There is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module 4 The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up 250 5 Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working 6 The module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change 7 The module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor 8 The drive failed to correctly read the menu table from the module during drive power up 9 The drive failed to upload menu tables from the module and timed out (5 s) Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive. **Slot4 Not Fitted** Ethernet interface in slot 4 has been removed (Unidrive M700 / M702) The Slot4 Not Fitted trip indicates that the Ethernet interface in slot 4 on the drive has been removed since the last power-253 Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive. Slot4 Watchdog Ethernet interface watchdog service error (Unidrive M700 / M702) The Slot4 Watchdog trip indicates that the Ethernet interface installed in slot 4 has started the option watchdog function and then failed to service the watchdog correctly. 251 Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive. Slot App Menu Application menu Customization conflict error The Slot App Menu trip indicates that more than one option slot has requested to customize the application menus 18, 19 and 20. The sub-trip number indicates which option slot has been allowed to customize the menus. 216 Recommended actions: Ensure that only one of the Application modules is configured to customize the application menus 18, 19 and 20 **SlotX Different** Option module in option slot X has changed The SlotX Different trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive is a different type to that installed when parameters were last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Sub-trip No module was installed previously A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been 2 changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. 204 A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been 3 209 changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot 214 4 have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus. >99 Shows the identifier of the module previously installed. Recommended actions: Turn off the power, ensure the correct option modules are installed in the correct option slots and re-apply the power. Confirm that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and perform a user save in Pr mm.000.

SlotX Error Option module in option slot X has detected a fault

202 207 212 The SlotX Error trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the error can be identified by the sub-trip number.

Recommended actions:

See relevant Option Module User Guide for details of the trip

Safety information	Product information		Electrical nstallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
1	Trip						Di	iagnosis					
Slo	tX HF	Option	module	X hardw	are fault								
						•	•	n slot X on the	e drive ha	s indicated	a hardwa	are fault. Th	ne possible
				p can be	identified b	y the sub	-trip number						
		Sub-tr	rip					Reason					
		1	The	module (category ca	innot be i	dentified						
		2	All th	he require	ed customiz	zed menu	table inform	nation has not	been su	oplied or th	e tables s	supplied are	e corrupt
		3	The	re is insu	fficient mer	nory avail	able to alloc	ate the comm	s buffers	for this mo	dule		
		4	The	module l	nas not indi	cated tha	t it is runnino	g correctly du	ring drive	power-up			
	200	5	Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working										
	205 210	6	The	module l	nas not indi	cated tha	t it has stopp	oed accessing	g drive pa	rameters d	uring a dı	rive mode o	change
		7	The	module l	nas failed to	o acknow	edge that a	request has b	een mad	e to reset t	he drive p	rocessor	
		8	The	drive fail	ed to corre	ctly read t	he menu tab	ole from the m	odule du	ring drive p	ower up		
		9	The	drive fail	ed to uploa	d menu ta	ables from th	ne module and	d timed o	ut (5 s)			
			I										
		Recomi	mended	actions									
					dule is inst	alled corr	ectly						
			place the	option m drive	odule								
SlotX	Not Fitted				n slot X ha	s been re	emoved						
				<i>itted</i> trip i	ndicates th	at the opt	ion module i	n option slot	X on the	drive has b	een remo	ved since t	the last
	203	power u	•										
	208			actions		-111	41						
2	213			opuon mo e option r	dule is inst nodule.	alled corr	ectiy.						
		• To c	confirm th	nat the re	moved opti			er required pe	rform a s	ave functio	n in Pr m	m.000.	
SlotX V	Natchdog	•			g functior								
	201				indicates th watchdog o		tion module	installed in SI	ot X has	started the	option wa	atchdog fur	nction and
	206			actions	ŭ	orreouy.							
1	211			option m									
Sof	t Start			•		t start mo	onitor failed						
		The Sof	ft Start tri	p indicate	es that the	soft start	relay in the d	Irive failed to	close or t	he soft star	t monitor	ing circuit h	nas failed.
] :	226	Recomi	mended	actions									
		• Har	dware fa	ult – Con	tact the su	oplier of t	ne drive						

The Stored HF trip indicates that a hardware trip (HF01 –HF17) has occurred and the drive has been power cycled. The

Hardware trip has occurred during last power down

sub-trip number identifies the HF trip i.e. stored HF.17.

Enter 1299 in Pr mm.000 and press reset to clear the trip

Recommended actions:

Stored HF

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Safety Product Information Information Installation Insta

Trip Diagnosis Sub-array RAM RAM allocation error The Sub-array RAM indicates that an option module, derivative image or user program image has requested more parameter RAM than is allowed. The RAM allocation is checked in order of resulting sub-trip numbers, and so the failure with the highest sub-trip number is given. The sub-trip is calculated as (parameter size) + (parameter type) + sub-array Parameter size Value Parameter type Value 1000 1 hit Volatile 0 8 hit 2000 User save 100 16 bit 3000 Power-down save 200 32 bit 4000 64 bit 5000 Value Sub-array Menus 227 Applications menus 18-20 Derivative image 29 2 User program image 30 3 Option slot 1 set-up 15 4 25 5 Option slot 1 applications Option slot 2 set-up 16 6 Option slot 2 applications 7 26 Option slot 3 set-up 17 8 Option slot 3 applications 27 9 10 Option slot 4 set-up 24 Option slot 4 applications 28 11 Temp Feedback Internal thermistor has failed The Temp Feedback trip indicates that an internal thermistor has failed. The thermistor location can be identified by the sub-trip number. Zz Source ХX у 01: Control PCB thermistor 1 Control PCB 00 00 02: Control PCB thermistor 2 03: I/O PCB thermistor Power system Power module number 00: Temperature feedback provided via power system comms. Frame 7 Frame 8 Frame 9E & 10 218 Rectifier Power PCB SMPS thermistor 21: thermistor thermistor 1 Power PCB Power PCB Heat Sink Fan SMPS 22: thermistor thermistor 2 thermistor Power PCB Power PCB 23: Rectifier thermistor thermistor thermistor Power module number Rectifier number Always zero Power system Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Th Brake Res Brake resistor over temperature The Th Brake Res is initiated, If hardware based braking resistor thermal monitoring is connected and the resistor overheats. If the braking resistor is not used then this trip must be disabled with bit 3 of Action On Trip Detection (10.037) to prevent this trip. 10 Recommended actions: Check brake resistor wiring

Check braking resistor value is greater than or equal to the minimum resistance value

Check braking resistor insulation

Safety information	Product information	l l	ectrical Gettir tallation starte		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
T	Ггір					Di	agnosis					
Th Sho	ort Circuit	Motor the	ermistor sho	t circuit								
			The <i>Th Short Circuit</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to the drive is short circuit or low impedance. The location of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.									nce. The
		Sub-tı	Sub-trip Reason									
	25	1		P1 Thermistor Short Circuit Detect (03.123) = 1 and the resistance of the thermistor connected to the drive P1 position feedback interface is less than 50 Ω .								
	25	2		•	•	5) = 7 and the 00 / M701 on	e resistance o ly).	of the ther	mistor con	nected to	analog inp	ut 3 is
		Check	ended action k thermistor of ace motor / m	ontinuity	or							
Ther	rmistor	Motor the	ermistor ove	-temperatui	re							
			<i>mistor</i> trip ind of the trip can				nected to the	drive has	s indicated	a motor o	ver temper	ature. The
		Sub-tı	rip				Reaso	n				
		1	Trip in	Trip initiated from P1 position feedback interface								
:	24	2	Trip ir	Trip initiated from analog input 3 (<i>Unidrive M700 / M701 only</i>).								
		Check	Recommended actions: Check motor temperature Check thermistor continuity									
Und	lefined		s tripped and									
	110	of the trip	is unknown.		power sy	stem has ge	nerated but d	lid not ide	ntify the trip	the pow	er system.	The cause
'			ended actio ware fault – re		e to the su	pplier						
Use	er 24V		/ supply is n	-								
!	91	1 and no t	V trip is initia user 24 V sup ended action	ply is preser		,	72) is set to 1 1 and 2.	or Low U	Inder Volta	ge Threst	nold Select	(06.067) =

Ensure the user 24 V supply is present on control terminals 1 (0 V) and 2 (24 V)

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation installation | Diagnostics | Product information | Diagnostics | Product information | Product information | Diagnostics | Diagn

Trip Diagnosis **User Program** On board user program error The User Program trip indicates that an error has been detected in the onboard user program image. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Sub-trip Comments Reason Divide by zero 1 2 Undefined trip Attempted fast parameter access set-up with 3 non-existent parameter 4 Attempted access to non-existent parameter 5 Attempted write to read-only parameter 6 Attempted and over-range write 7 Attempted read from write-only parameter The image has failed because either its CRC Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is 30 is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in programmed. The image tasks will not run The image requires more RAM for heap and 31 As 30 stack than can be provided by the drive. The image requires an OS function call that is 32 As 30 higher than the maximum allowed 33 The ID code within the image is not valid As 30 The derivative image has been changed for 34 As 30 an image with a different derivative number. The timed task has not completed in time and 40 has been suspended Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the 41 As 40 host system vector table that has not been 249 Core menu customization table CRC check 51 As 30 52 Customized menu table CRC check failed As 30 Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are 53 Customized menu table changed loaded for the derivative menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved. The option module installed in slot 1 is not 61 As 30 allowed with the derivative image The option module installed in slot 2 is not 62 As 30 allowed with the derivative image The option module installed in slot 3 is not 63 As 30 allowed with the derivative image The option module installed in slot 4 is not 64 As 30 allowed with the derivative image An option module that is required by the 70 As 30 derivative image is not installed in any slot. An option module specifically required to be As 30 71 installed in slot 1 not present An option module specifically required to be 72 As 30 installed in slot 2 not present An option module specifically required to be 73 As 30 installed in slot 3 not present An option module specifically required to be 74 As 30 installed in slot 4 not present 80 Image is not compatible with the control board Initiated from within the image code Image is not compatible with the control board 81 As 80 serial number

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
,	Trip	Diagnosis												
User	Prog Trip	Trip g	ip generated by an onboard user program											
		This to	This trip can be initiated from within an onboard user program using a function call which defines the sub-trip number. Recommended actions:											
	96	Reco												
		• C	Check the user program											
Use	er Save	User	ser Save error / not completed											
			cample, fol					ted in the use r to the drive w						
	36	Reco	mmended	actions	:									
								trip doesn't oo e save before).	
Us	er Trip	User	generated	trip										
	0.00	These	trips are r	not gener	ated by the	drive and	d are to be υ	ised by the us	er to trip	the drive th	rough an	application	program.	
4	0 -89	Paca	mmandad	actions										

112 -159 Volts Range

Check the user program
 Supply voltage out of range detected in Regen mode
 The Volts Range trip is initiated, if the Regen Minimum Voltage (03.026) is set to a non-zero value and the supply voltage is

outside the range defined by Regen Maximum Voltage (03.027) and Regen Minimum Voltage (03.026) for more than 100

Recommended actions:

Recommended actions:

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- Ensure the supply voltage is operating within the drive specification.
- Ensure Pr 03.026 and Pr 03.027 are set correctly
- Check the supply voltage waveform using an oscilloscope
- Reduce the level of supply disturbance
- Set Maximum Voltage (03.027) to zero to disable the trip.

Watchdog 30

Control word watchdog has timed out

The Watchdog trip indicates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out

Recommended actions:

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 13-5 Serial communications look up table

No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	Reserved 001	92	Ol Snubber	198	Phasing Error
2	Over Volts	93	Inductor Too Hot	199	Destination
3	OI ac	94 - 95	Reserved 93 -95	200	Slot1 HF
4	OI Brake	96	User Prog Trip	201	Slot1 Watchdog
5	PSU	97	Data Changing	202	Slot1 Error
6	External Trip	98	Out Phase Loss	203	Slot1 Not installed
7	Over Speed	99	CAM	204	Slot1 Different
8	Inductance	100	Reset	205	Slot2 HF
9	PSU24	101	OHt Brake	206	Slot2 Watchdog
10	Th Brake Res	102	OHt Rectifier	207	Slot2 Error
11	Autotune 1	103 - 108	Reserved 103 - 108	208	Slot2 Not installed
12	Autotune 2	109	OI dc	209	Slot2 Different
13	Autotune 3	110	Undefined	210	Slot3 HF
14	Autotune 4	111	Configuration	211	Slot3 Watchdog
15	Autotune 5	112 - 167	User Trip 112 - 167	212	Slot3 Error
16	Autotune 6	168	Frequency Range	213	Slot3 Not installed
17	Autotune 7	169	Voltage Range	214	Slot3 Different
18	Autotune Stopped	170 - 173	Reserved 170 - 173	215	Option Disable
19	Brake R Too Hot	174	Card Slot	216	Slot App Menu
20	Motor Too Hot	175	Card Product	217	App Menu Changed
21	OHt Inverter	176	Name Plate	218	Temp Feedback
22	OHt Power	177	Card Boot	219	An Output Calib
23	OHt Control	178	Card Busy	220	Power Data
24	Thermistor	179	Card Data Exists	221	Stored HF
25	Th Short Circuit	180	Card Option	222	Over Frequency
26	I/O Overload	181	Card Read Only	223	Rating Mismatch
27	OHt dc bus	182	Card Error	224	Drive Size
28	An Input Loss 1	183	Card No Data	225	Current Offset
29	An Input Loss 2	184	Card Full	226	Soft Start
30	Watchdog	185	Card Access	227	Sub-array RAM
31	EEPROM Fail	186	Card Rating	228 - 247	Reserved 228 - 247
32	Phase Loss	187	Card Drive Mode	248	Derivative Image
33	Resistance	188	Card Compare	249	User Program
34	Keypad Mode	189	Encoder 1	250	Slot4 HF
35	Control Word	190	Encoder 2	251	Slot4 Watchdog
36	User Save	191	Encoder 3	252	Slot4 Error
37	Power Down Save	192	Encoder 4	253	Slot4 Not installed
38	Low Load	193	Encoder 5	254	Slot4 Different
39	Line Sync	194	Encoder 6	255	Reset Logs
40 -89	User Trip 40 - 89	195	Encoder 7		
90	Power Comms	196	Encoder 8		
91	User 24V	197	Encoder 9		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization		Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 13-6 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01, HF02, HF03, HF04, HF05, HF06, HF07, HF08, HF09, HF10, HF11, HF12, HF13, HF14, HF15, HF16, HF17, HF18, HF19, HF20	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If an KI-Keypad is installed it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function.
1	Stored HF trip	{Stored HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if Load Defaults (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V and position feedback interface power supply	{PSU 24} and {Encoder 1}	These trips can override {Encoder 2} to {Encoder 6} trips.
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI ac}, {OI Brake}, and OI dc}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{Phase Loss} and {Oht dc bus}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {Phase Loss}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oht dc bus} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

13.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF20} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

												_	
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
Calcty	1 TOULOU	Micchaillean	Liccuitcai	Octung	Dasic	ranning	Optimization	IVV IVICUIA CAIA	Oliboala	Advanced	recinicai	Diagnostics	OL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	FLC	parameters	data		IIIIOIIIIalioii

13.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row

Table 13-7 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

13.7 Status indications

Table 13-8 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The SAFE TORQUE OFF signal is not applied to SAFE TORQUE OFF terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled
Scan	The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled
Active	The regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply	Enabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled

Table 13-9 Option module and NV Media Card and other status indications at power-up

		<u>'</u>							
First row string	Second row string	Status							
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded							
Drive param	Drive parameters are being loaded from a NV Media Card								
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded							
User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the drive									
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded							
User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the option module in slot X									
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to NV Media Card							
		ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode							
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage							
The drive is after power-		sor in the power stage to respond							
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module							
The drive is	waiting for the Option	s Modules to respond after power-up							
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database							
At power-up	it may be necessary	to update the parameter database							

At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

13.8 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

Table 13-10 Programming error indications

Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

						1.11 11 11
Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running	Ontimization NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information information installation installation started parameters the motor	Optimization Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

13.9 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 13-5 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a vale of 255 in Pr 10.038.

13.10 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description		
01.001	Frequency / speed reference		
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference		
01.003	Pre-ramp reference		
02.001	Post-ramp reference		
03.001	Frequency slaving demand / Final speed ref		
03.002	Speed feedback		
03.003	Speed error		
03.004	Speed controller output		
04.001	Current magnitude		
04.002	Active current		
04.017	Reactive current		
05.001	Output frequency		
05.002	Output voltage		
05.003	Power		
05.005	DC bus voltage		
07.001	Analog input 1*		
07.002	Analog input 2*		
07.003	Analog input 3*		

^{*}On *Unidrive M700 / 701* only.

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr **10.037**.

NV Media Card **UL** listing Safety Product Mechanica Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor PLC parameters information

14 UL listing information

14.1 General

Drive sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6 have been assessed to meet both UL and cUL requirements.

UL listings can be viewed online at www.UL.com. The UL file number is ${\sf E171230}.$

14.2 Mounting

Drives can be installed in the following configurations:

- Standard or surface mounted. This is described in section 3.5.1 Surface mounting on page 33.
- Through-hole mounted. This is described in section 3.5.2 Throughpanel mounting on page 38.
- Tile mounted. The drive is mounted sideways with the side panel against the mounting surface. This configuration reduces the overall depth of the installation. A Tile mounting kit is available. See UL listed accessories.
- Bookcase mounted. Drives are mounted side by side with no space between them. This configuration minimises the overall width of the installation.

14.3 Environment

Drives are able to meet the following UL/ NEMA environmental ratings:

- Type 1. The drive must either be installed with a UL Type 1 kit or be installed in a Type 1 enclosure.
- Type 12. The drive must be installed in a Type 12 enclosure.
- If the drive is through-hole mounted inside a Type 12 enclosure, then <u>both</u> the High-IP insert <u>and</u> the Type 12 sealing kit must be installed in order to provide protection against ingress of dirt and water. See section 3.9 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection on page 45.
- The remote keypad is rated to both UL Type 1 and UL Type 12
- Drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment or better.

14.4 Electrical installation

The following precautions must be observed when installing drives to UL requirements:

- Drives are rated for use at 40 °C, 50 °C and 55 °C ambient temperature except where indicated otherwise in Table 12-1 to Table 12-3. Size 4, 400 V variant drives are rated to 35 °C, 40 °C and 45 °C when used in 'bookcase mounting configuration.
- For operation up to 50 °C, the temperature rating of the power cables must be at least 60 °C.
- For operation up to 55 °C, the temperature rating of the power cables must be at least 75 °C.
- If the drive control stage is powered from an external power supply (+24 V), the power supply must be listed or recognized to UL class 2 with appropriate fusing, see 4.524 Vdc supply on page 67.
- Ground connections must use UL listed closed loop (ring) terminals.

14.5 UL listed accessories

The following options are UL listed

- KI-Keypad
- KI-Keypad RTC
- KI-Keypad Advanced
- SI-PROFIBUS
- SI-DeviceNet
- SI-CANopen
- · SI-Applications Plus
- SI-Register

- · Tile mounting kit
- · Metal conduit entry plate
- Type 12 sealing kit
- · SD card kit
- UL Type 1 kit

14.6 Motor overload protection

- The drives are installed with solid state motor overload protection.
- The default overload protection level is less than 150 % of full load rated current for open loop operation.
- The default overload protection level is less than 175 % of full load rated current for closed loop vector or servo mode operation.
- In order for the motor protection to work correctly, the motor rated current must be entered into Pr 00.046 or Pr 05.007
- The protection level may be adjusted below 150 % if required. See section 8.3 Current limits on page 164.

14.7 Motor overspeed protection

The drive is installed with solid state motor overspeed protection. However, this feature does not provide the level of protection provided by an independent, high-integrity overspeed protection device.

14.8 Thermal memory retention

Drives incorporate thermal memory retention that complies fully with the requirements of UL508C.

The drive is provided with motor load and speed sensitive overload protection with thermal memory retention that complies with the US National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) clause 430.126, and Underwriters Laboratories Standard UL508C, clause 20.1.11 (a). The purpose of this protection is to protect both drive and motor from dangerous overheating in the event of repeated overload or failure to start, even if the power to the drive is removed between overload events.

For a full explanation of the thermal protection system, refer to section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 164.

In order to comply with UL requirements for thermal memory retention it is necessary to set the *Thermal Protection Mode* (Pr 04.016) to zero; and the *Low Speed Protection Mode* (Pr 04.025) must be set to 1 if the drive is operated in Heavy Duty mode.

Alternatively, an external thermal sensor or switch may be used as a means of motor and drive overload protection that complies with the requirements of UL508C, clause 20.1.11 (b). This protection method is particularly recommended where independent forced cooling of the motor is used, because of the risk of overheating if the cooling is lost.

External thermal sensor

The drive is provided with a means to accept and act upon a signal from a thermal sensor or switch imbedded in the motor or from an external protective relay. Refer to section 4.14.2 *Unidrive M700 / M701 control terminal specification* on page 91.

14.9 Electrical Ratings

- Drives are listed for connection to an AC supply capable of delivering no more than 100 kA symmetrical amperes at 264 Vac rms maximum (200 V drives), 528 Vac rms maximum (400 V drives) or 600 Vac rms maximum (575 V and 690 V drives). See Table 4-6.
- Drives are listed for Over Voltage CAT III.
- Power and current ratings are given in Table 12-1 to Table 12-3.
- Fuse and circuit breaker ratings are given in Table 4-6 to Table 4-8
- Unless indicated otherwise in Table 4-6 to Table 4-8, fuses may be any UL listed Class J or CC with a voltage rating of at least 600 VAC.
- Unless indicated otherwise in Table 4-6 to Table 4-8, circuit breakers may be any UL listed type, category control number: DIVQ or DIVQ7, with a voltage rating of at least 600 Vac.

14.10 cUL requirements for 575 V frame size 7 and 8

For size 7 and 8 575Vac models only (07500440, 07500550, 08500630, 08500860), the following must be adhered to in order to comply with cUL approval requirements:

TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 575 Vac (PHASE TO GROUND), 575 Vac (PHASE TO PHASE), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 kV AND A CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF MAXIMUM 2400 V.

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