



User Guide

Unidrive M300

Model size 1 to 4

Variable Speed AC drive for induction motors

Part Number: 0478-0043-03 Issue: 3



www.controltechniques.com

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

General information

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

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Drive firmware version

This product is supplied with the latest firmware version. If this drive is to be connected to an existing system or machine, all drive firmware versions should be verified to confirm the same functionality as drives of the same model already present. This may also apply to drives returned from a Control Techniques Service Centre or Repair Centre. If there is any doubt please contact the supplier of the product.

The firmware version of the drive can be checked by looking at Pr 11.029.

Environmental statement

Control Techniques is committed to minimising the environmental impacts of its manufacturing operations and of its products throughout their life cycle. To this end, we operate an Environmental Management System (EMS) which is certified to the International Standard ISO 14001. Further information on the EMS, our Environmental Policy and other relevant information is available on request, or can be found at www.greendrives.com.

The electronic variable-speed drives manufactured by Control Techniques have the potential to save energy and (through increased machine/process efficiency) reduce raw material consumption and scrap throughout their long working lifetime. In typical applications, these positive environmental effects far outweigh the negative impacts of product manufacture and end-of-life disposal.

Nevertheless, when the products eventually reach the end of their useful life, they must not be discarded but should instead be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. Recyclers will find the products easy to dismantle into their major component parts for efficient recycling. Many parts snap together and can be separated without the use of tools, while other parts are secured with conventional fasteners. Virtually all parts of the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates, while smaller products come in strong cardboard cartons which themselves have a high recycled fibre content. If not re-used, these containers can be recycled. Polythene, used on the protective film and bags for wrapping product, can be recycled in the same way. Control Techniques' packaging strategy prefers easily-recyclable materials of low environmental impact, and regular reviews identify opportunities for improvement.

When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

REACH legislation

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorisation.

For current information on how this requirement applies in relation to specific Control Techniques products, please approach your usual contact in the first instance. Control Techniques position statement can be viewed at: http://www.controltechniques.com/REACH

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Issue Number: 3 Drive Firmware: 01.02.00.04 onwards

For patent and intellectual property related information please go to: www.ctpatents.info

How to use this guide

This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to *Contents* on page 4:

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2 Product information			•		
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5 Getting started					
6 Basic parameters					
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Declaration of Conformity

Control Techniques Ltd
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SY16 3BE

This declaration applies to Unidrive M variable speed drive products, comprising models numbers as shown below:

Maaa-bbcddddd Valid characters:					
aaa 100, 101, 200, 201, 300, 400					
bb	02, 03				
с	1,2 or 4				
ddddd	00013, 00018, 00023, 00024, 00032, 00033, 00041, 00042, 00056, 00075 00056, 00073, 00094, 00100				

The AC variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - safety requirements - electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC product standard including specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4:2007	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current <16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2008	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current <16 A

EN 61000-3-2:2006 Applicable where input current <16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power >1 kW.

Moteurs Leroy-Somer Usine des Agriers Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS10015 16915 Angoulême Cedex 9 France

These products comply with the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC.

T. Alexander Vice President, Technology Newtown

Date: 1st October 2013

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide. An EMC Data Sheet is also available giving detailed EMC information.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical uata	Diagnostics	information

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

1.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/ start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP and SAFE TORQUE OFF functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

With the sole exception of the SAFE TORQUE OFF function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behavior or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

1.4 Environmental limits

Instructions in this User Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.5 Access

Drive access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.6 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. For further information, refer to section 3.2.5 *Fire protection* on page 18.

1.7 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections. This User Guide contains instruction for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery. 2004/108/EC: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.8 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr 00.006 motor rated current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

1.9 Mechanical brake control

The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.10 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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1.11 Electrical installation

1.11.1 Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

Output cables and connections

Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

1.11.2 Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.12 Hazard

1.12.1 Falling hazard

The drive presents a falling or toppling hazard. This can still cause injury to personnel and therefore should be handled with care.

Maximum weight:

Size 2: 1.3 kg (3.0 lb). Size 3: 1.5 kg (3.3 lb).

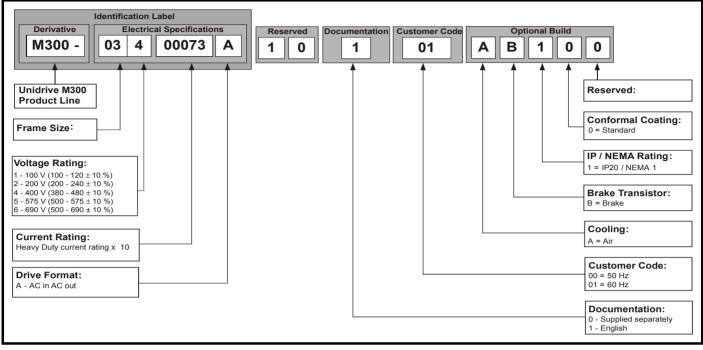
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intormation	mormation	installation	installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Calu	parameters			inionnation

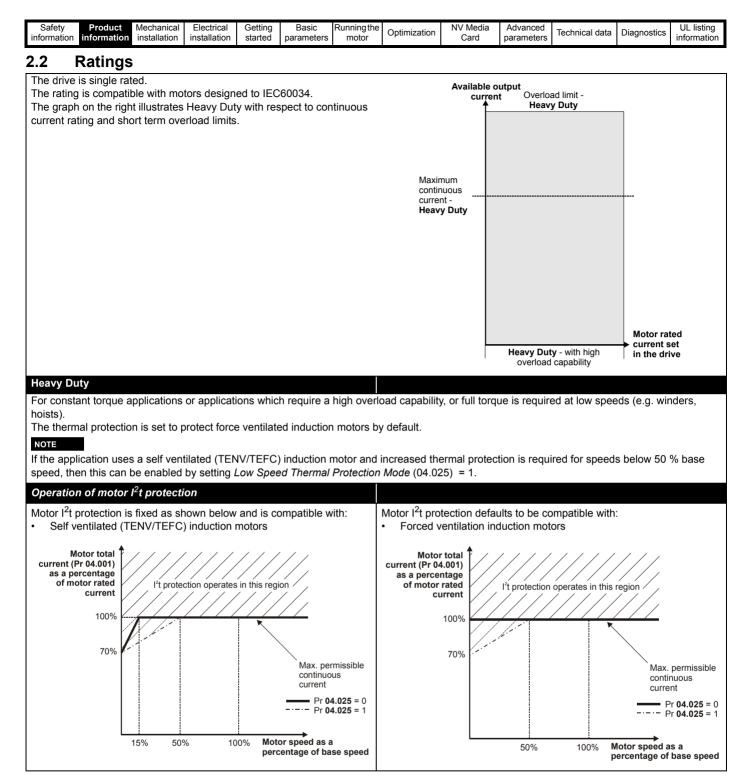
2 **Product information**

2.1 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Unidrive M range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number





The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3.0 kHz switching. Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 °C (104 °F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 150.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostic	UL listing information
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Table 2-1 100 V drive ratings (100 V to 120 V ±10 %)

		Heavy Duty									
Model		Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 100 V	Motor power at 100 V					
		А	Α	Α	kW	hp					
Frame size 1	01100017	1.7	2.6	3.1	0.25	0.33					
	01100024	2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5					
Frame size 2	02100042	4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1					
	02100056	5.6	8.4	10.1	1.1	1.5					

Table 2-2 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

				Heavy Duty		
Model		Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V
		A	Α	Α	kW	hp
	01200017	1.7	2.6	3.1	0.25	0.33
Frame size 1	01200024	2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5
Fidille Size i	01200033	3.3	5	5.9	0.55	0.75
	01200042	4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1
	02200024	2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5
	02200033	3.3	5	5.9	0.55	0.75
Frame size 2	02200042	4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1
	02200056	5.6	8.4	10.1	1.1	1.5
	02200075	7.5	11.3	13.5	1.5	2
Frame size 3	03200100	10.0	15	18.0	2.2	3
Frame size 4	04200133	13.3	20	23.9	3	3
Traine Size 4	04200176	17.6	26.4	31.7	4	5

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimiza	ation NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 2-3 $\,$ 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %)

				Heavy Duty		
Model		Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 400 V
		А	А	А	kW	hp
	02400013	1.3	2	2.3	0.37	0.5
	02400018	1.8	2.7	3.2	0.55	0.75
Frame size 2	02400023	2.3	3.5	4.1	0.75	1
-	02400032	3.2	4.8	5.8	1.1	1.5
	02400041	4.1	6.2	7.4	1.5	2
	03400056	5.6	8.4	10.1	2.2	3
Frame size 3	03400073	7.3	11	13.1	3	3
	03400094	9.4	14.1	16.9	4	5
Frame size 4	04400135	13.5	20.3	24.3	5.5	7.5
Frame SIZE 4	04400170	17.0	25.5	30.6	7.5	10

2.2.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC-A and open loop (OL) modes:

Table 2-4 Typical overload limits

Operating mode	RFC From cold	RFC From 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	180 % for 3 s	180 % for 3 s	150 % for 60 s	150 % for 8 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting.

The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•							

2.3 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

- 1. Open loop mode
 - Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Square V/F mode (V/Hz)
- 2. RFC A

Without position feedback sensor

2.3.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Square V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.3.2 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device

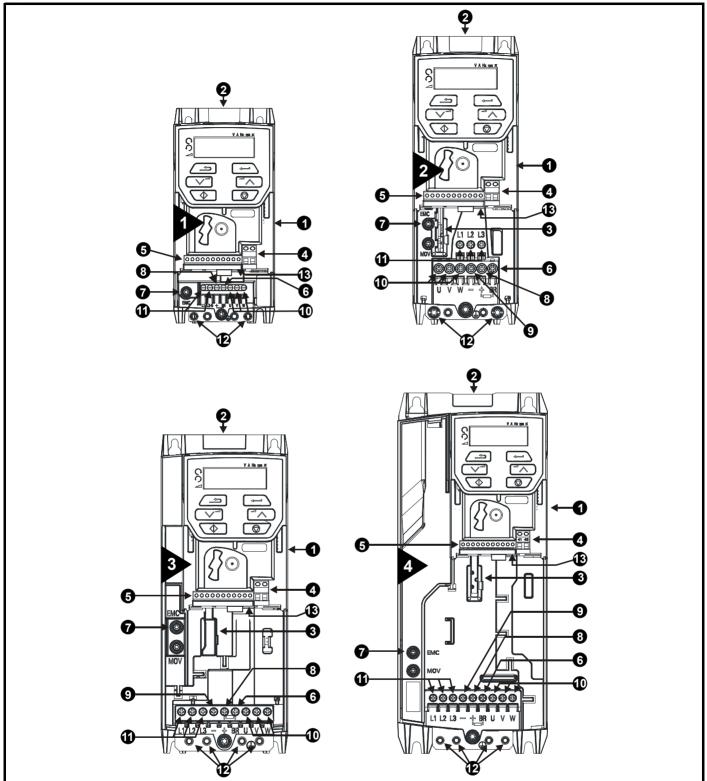
Without position feedback sensor

Rotor flux control provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control for example when operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	optimization	Card	parameters		Diagnostics	information

2.4 Drive features

Figure 2-2 Features of the drive



Key

- 1. Rating label (On side of drive)
- 2. Identification label
- 3. Option module connection
- 4. Relay connections
- 5. Control connections

- 6. Braking terminal
- 7. Internal EMC filter screw
- 8. DC bus +
- 9. DC bus -
- 10. Motor connections

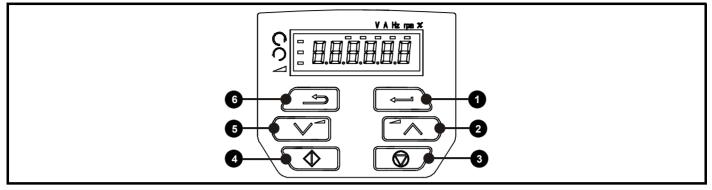
- 11. AC supply connections
- 12. Ground connections
- 13. SAFE TORQUE OFF connections

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	n NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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2.5 Keypad and display

The keypad and display provide information to the user regarding the operating status of the drive and trip codes, and provide the means for changing parameters, stopping and starting the drive, and the ability to perform a drive reset.

Figure 2-3 Unidrive M300 keypad detail



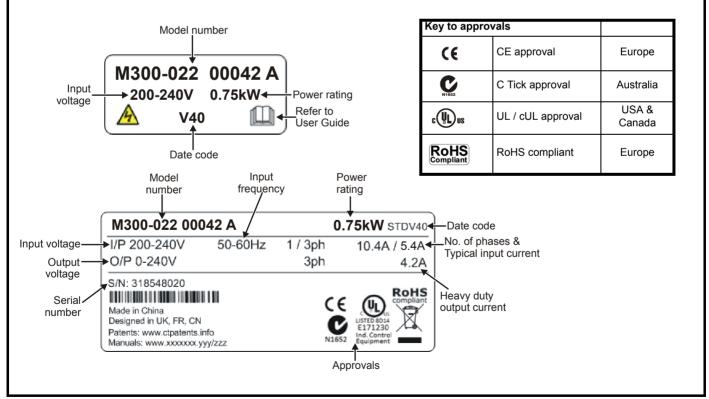
(1) The Enter button is used to enter parameter view or edit mode, or to accept a parameter edit.

- (2, 5) The *Navigation* buttons can be used to select individual parameters or to edit parameter values. In keypad mode, the '*Up*' and '*Down*' keys are also used to increase or decrease the motor speed.
- (3) The Stop / Reset button is used to stop and reset the drive in keypad mode. It can also be used to reset the drive in terminal mode.
- (4) The Start button is used to start the drive in keypad mode.
- (6) The Escape button is used to exit from the parameter edit / view mode or disregard a parameter edit.

2.6 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-2 for location of rating labels.

Figure 2-4 Typical drive rating labels size 2

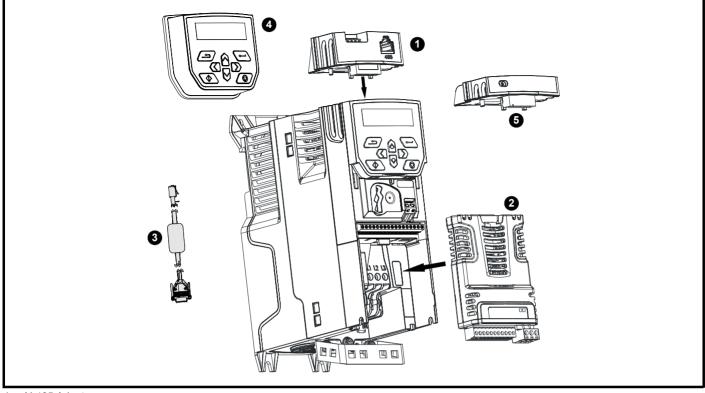


Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 9 for further information relating to the labels.

Optimization Lechnical data Diagnostics	Safety information	roduct Mechanical installation	Electrical Getting installation started	Basic Running the parameters motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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2.7 Options

Figure 2-5 Options available with the drive



- 1. AI 485 Adaptor
- 2. SI module
- 3. CT Comms cable
- 4. Remote mountable LCD keypad
- 5. Al-Backup Adaptor module

Table 2-5 System Integration (SI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
Fieldhue		Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive

Table 2-6	Adaptor Interface (AI) option module identification
	Adaptor interface (Al) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Name	Further Details
Communications		AI-485 Adaptor	485 serial communications option Provides a 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals.
Backup		AI-Backup Adaptor	+ 24 V Backup and SD Card Interface

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics iii	UL	UL lis informa	listing
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2.8 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the Quick Start Guide, a safety information booklet, plus the items shown in Table 2-7.

Table 2-7 Parts supplied with the drive

Description	Size 1	Size 2	Size 3	Size 4
SAFE TORQUE OFF connector				
Grounding bracket				
M4 x 8 Double Sem Torx screw			8) 2	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes how to use all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- · Enclosure sizing and layout
- Option module installing
- Terminal location and torque settings

3.1 Safety information



Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



WARNING

Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

The Enc

Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- · Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses

NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 25.

3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page* 33.

3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

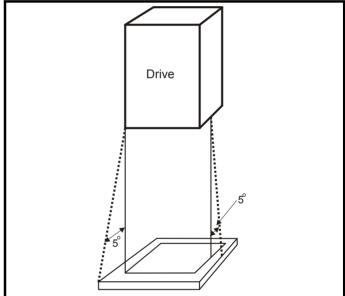
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness.

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

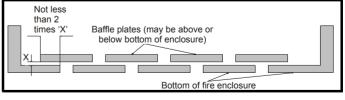
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



Safety information i		echanical stallation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.7 *EMC* (*Electromagnetic compatibility*) on page 44.

3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

3.3 Terminal cover removal



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



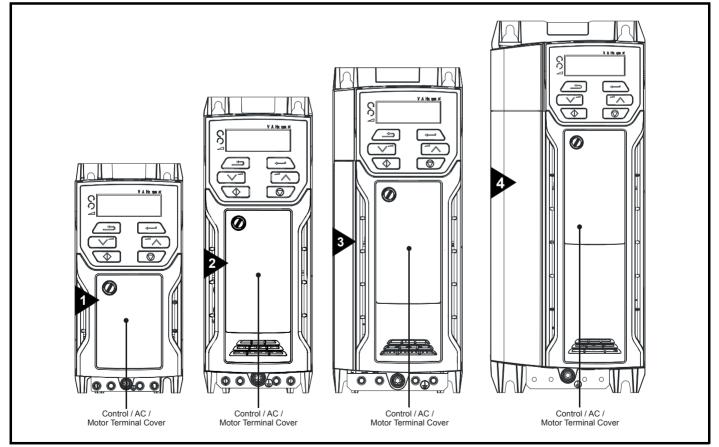
Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.

3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers

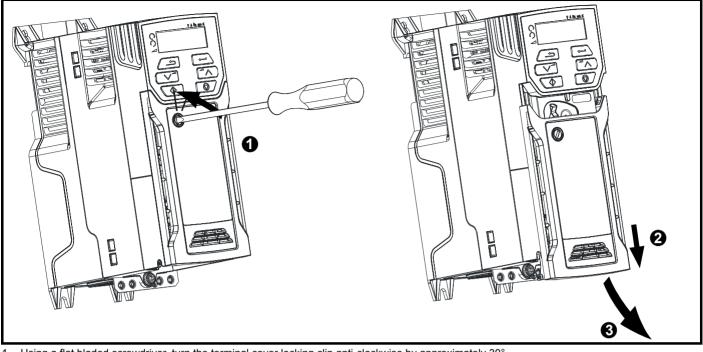


NOTE

The drives shown above have a single removable terminal cover which provides access to all electrical connections, i.e. Control, AC, Motor and Brake functions. Figure 3-4 on page 20 illustrates the three steps required to remove the drive terminal covers.

information installation installation started parameters motor Optimization Card parameters rectification information information	Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 3-4 Removing the terminal cover



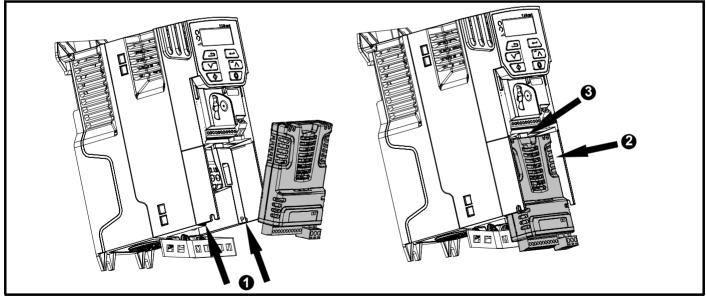
- 1. Using a flat bladed screwdriver, turn the terminal cover locking clip anti-clockwise by approximately 30°
- 2. Slide the terminal cover down
- 3. Remove terminal cover

CAUTION

3.4 Installing / removing options

Power down the drive before installing / removing the SI option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

Figure 3-5 Installation of an SI option module



Installing the option module

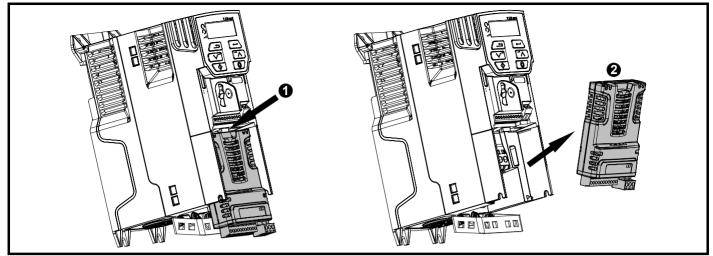
- With the option module tilted slightly backwards, align and locate the two holes in the rear of the option module onto the two tabs (1) on the drive.
- Press the option module onto the drive as shown in (2) until the connector mates with the drive, ensuring that the tab (3) retains the option module in place.

NOTE

Check that the option module is securely located on the drive. Always ensure that the Terminal Cover is always replaced before use as this ensures that the option module is firmly secured.

Safety Product Mechanical information Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization		anced Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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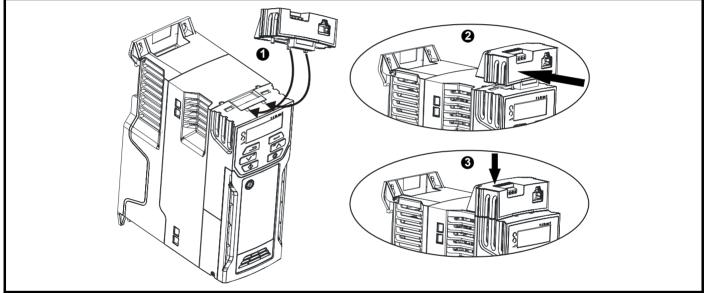
Figure 3-6 Removal of an SI option module



Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing as shown.

Tilt the option module slightly towards you and pull away from the drive housing (2).

Figure 3-7 Installing the AI-485 Adaptor to the drive

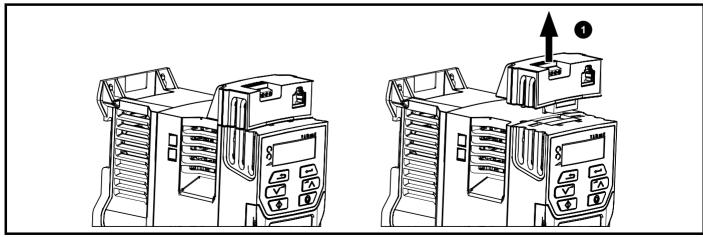


1. Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the AI-485 Adaptor (1) - then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.

2. Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below.

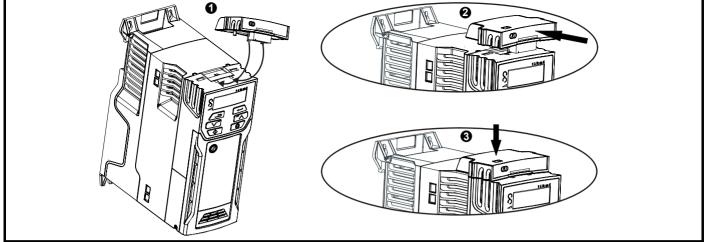
3. Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection below.

Figure 3-8 Removal of the AI-485 Adaptor



• To remove the AI-Adaptor, pull it up and away from the drive in the direction shown (1)

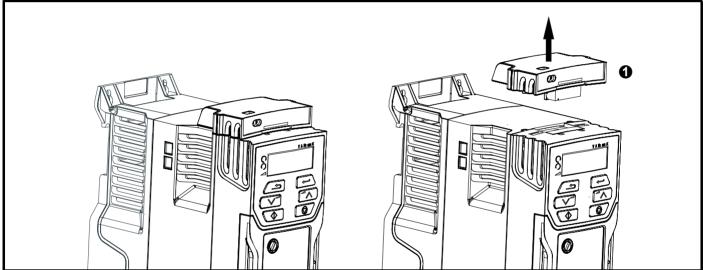
Safety information	Product Mechan information installat		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 3-9 Installing the Al-Backup Adaptor											
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1. Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the AI-Backup adaptor (1) - then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring-loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.

2. Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below. Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection below.

Figure 3-10 Removal of the Al-Backup Adaptor



1. To remove the AI-Backup Adaptor, pull it up and away from the drive in the direction shown (1).

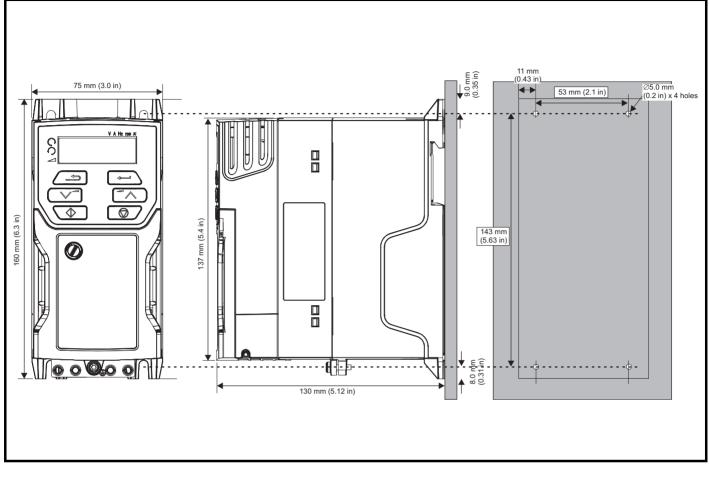
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recifical uata	Diagnostics	information

3.5 Dimensions and mounting methods

The drive is surface mounted. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes to allow a back plate to be prepared.

3.5.1 Surface mounting

Figure 3-11 Surface mounting the size 1 drive



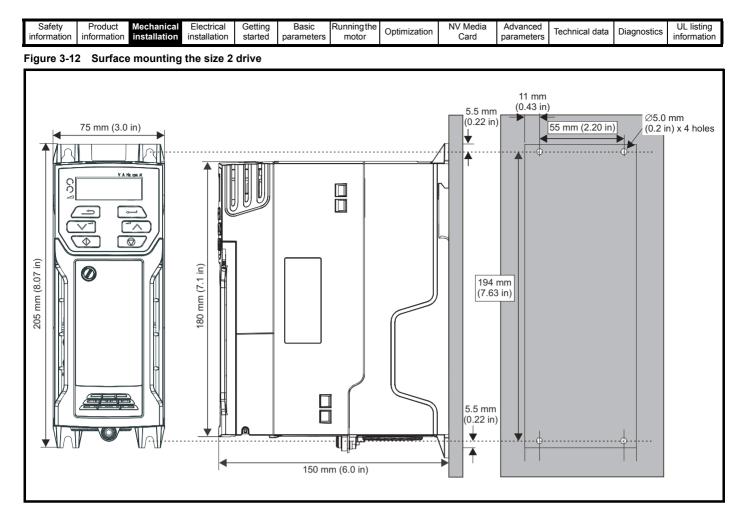
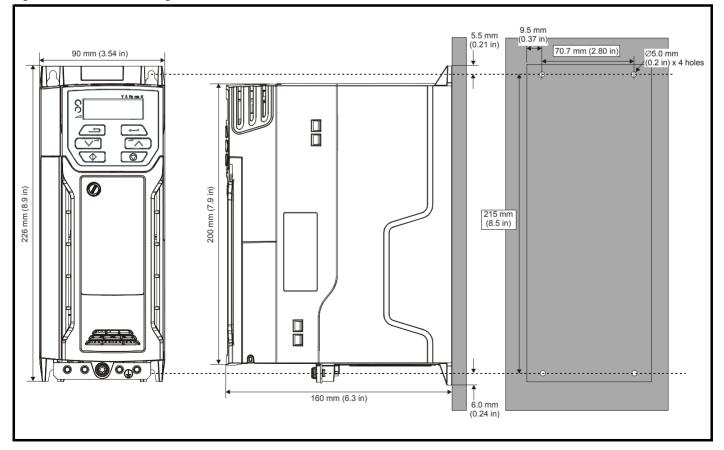
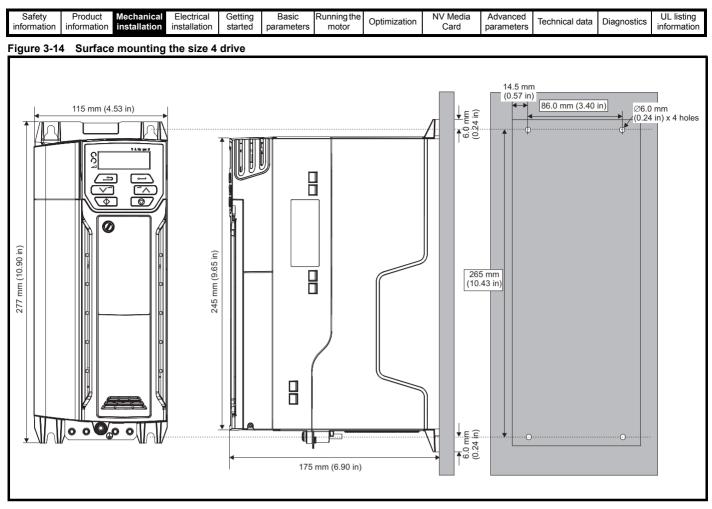


Figure 3-13 Surface mounting the size 3 drive



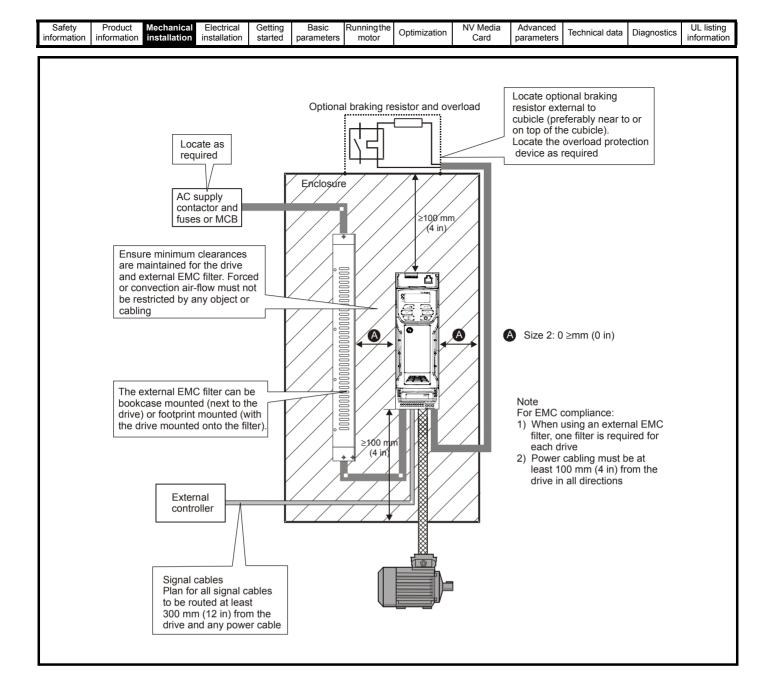


3.6 Enclosure for standard drives

3.6.1 Enclosure layout

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

Figure 3-15 Enclosure layout



Safety Product Mechanical information Electrical installation Getting istallation Basic Running the motor Optimize	ation NV Media Advance Card parameter	lechnical data Diagnostics	UL listing information
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3.6.2 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 11.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 152 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 2. If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 11.2.1 *EMC filter ratings* on page 162 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 3. If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- 5. Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$ for the enclosure from:

$$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{T}_{int} - \mathbf{T}_{ext})}$$

Where:

- A_e Unobstructed surface area in m² (1 m² = 10.9 ft²)
- T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in ^oC *outside* the enclosure
- T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in ^oC *inside* the enclosure
- P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure
- k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m²/°C

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- · Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40°C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30°C

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) =392.4 W

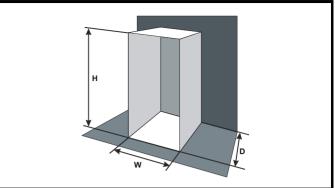
NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 150.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of 5.5 $W/m^{2/9}C$. Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of $5.5 \text{ W/m}^{2}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-16 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

T _{int}	40 °C
T _{ext}	30 °C
k	5.5
Р	392.4 W

.

v

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$A_{e} = \frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W = \frac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting H = 2m and D = 0.6 m, obtain the minimum width:

$$V = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

=1.821 m (71.7 in)

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- · Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- Removing other heat-generating equipment

Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where:

- Air-flow in m³ per hour (1 m³/hr = 0.59 ft³/min)
- Text Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure
- T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure
- P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure

k Ratio of
$$\frac{P_o}{P_1}$$

Where:

P₀ is the air pressure at sea level

P₁ is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization	ation NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

 T_{int}
 40 °C

 T_{ext}
 30 °C

 k
 1.3

 P
 323.7 W

Then:

```
V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}
```

= 126.2 m³/hr (74.5 ft³ /min) (1 m³/ hr = 0.59 ft³/min)

3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value $({\rm T}_{\rm rate})$ which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \ ^{\circ}C$
- Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = T_{int}
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} +5 °C, or T_{int}
- Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} or T_{int}

Where:

- T_{ext} = Temperature outside the cabinet
- T_{int} = Temperature inside the cabinet
- T_{rate} = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 150.

3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink fan. The fan channels air through the heatsink chamber.

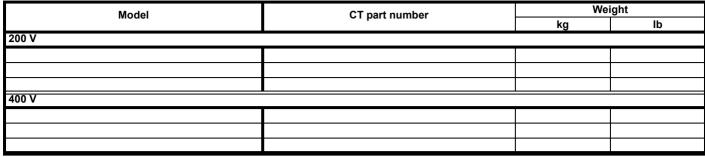
Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on size 1, 2, 3, and 4 frames is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating.

Safety Product Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic Running the parameters	Optimization NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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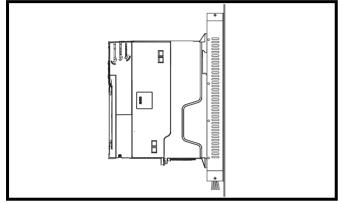
3.9 External EMC filter

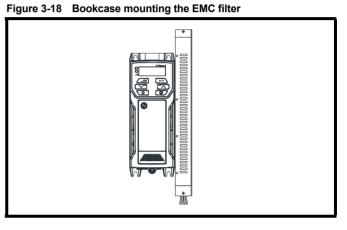
The external EMC filter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

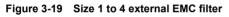


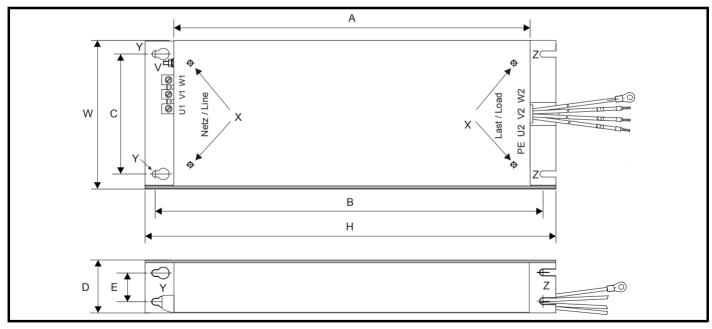
Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.7.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 47.

Figure 3-17 Footprint mounting the EMC filter









V: Ground stud

Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter.

X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive CS: Cable size

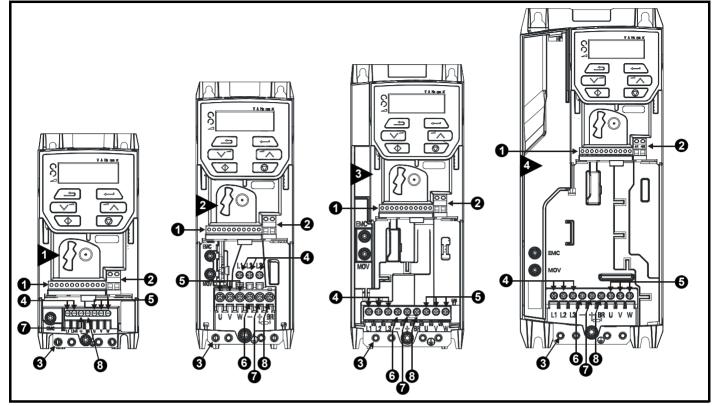
Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

				etting Bas arted parame			nization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	ze 1 exter	nal EMC filt	er dimensi	ons								
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	x	Y	z	CS
ble 3-2 Siz	ze 2 exter	nal EMC filt	er dimensi	ons								
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	X	Y	z	CS
able 3-3 Siz	ze 3 exter	nal EMC filt	er dimensi	ons				·				
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	x	Y	z	CS
able 3-4 Siz	ze 4 exter	nal EMC filt	er dimensi	ons								
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	x	Y	Z	CS

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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3.10 **Electrical terminals**

3.10.1 Location of the power and ground terminals Figure 3-20 Locations of the power and ground terminals



Key to Figure 3-20

- 1. Control terminals
- 4. AC power terminals
- 2. Relay terminals 3. Ground connections

- 5. Motor terminals
- 6. DC bus -

- 7. DC bus +
 - 8. Brake terminal

3.10.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

Table 3-5 Drive relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Screw terminals	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Table 3-6 Drive power terminal data

Model size	AC terminals	DC and braking	Ground terminal		
1	0.5 N m	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)			
2			1.5 N m (1.0 lb ft)		
3	1.4 N m	ı (1 lb ft)	1.5 N III (1.0 ID II)		
4					

Table 3-7 Terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
	Control connector	1.5 mm² (16 AWG)
All	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm² (12 AWG)
	STO connector	0.5 mm² (20 AWG)
All	AC input power connector	6 mm ² (10 AWG)
All	AC output power connector	2.5 mm² (12 AWG)

Table 3-8 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part	-	wer ctions	Ground connections		
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information information installation installation stallation Started Parameters Optimization Optimization	n NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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3.11 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact with moisture and/or dust with the drive should be avoided.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment				
Ambient temperature	Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified			
Dust	Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments			
Moisture Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation				
Enclosure				
Enclosure door filters Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow				
Electrical				
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight			
Crimp terminals Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indi overheating				
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimedi udid	Diagnostics	information

Electrical installation 4

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- SAFE TORQUE OFF function
- Internal EMC filter
- EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- Product rating, fusing and cabling information
- Brake resistor details (selection / ratings)

WARNING

Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
 - DC and brake cables, and connections
 - Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work WARNING is performed.



STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



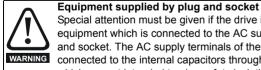
WARNING

SAFE TORQUE OFF function

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.

Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue. Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



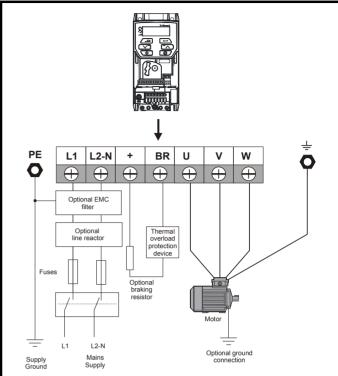
Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug

and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).

4.1 **Power connections**

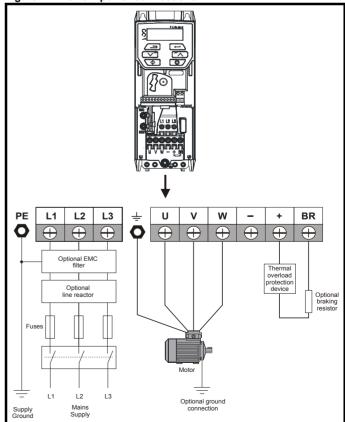
4.1.1 AC and DC connections

Figure 4-1 Size 1 power connections

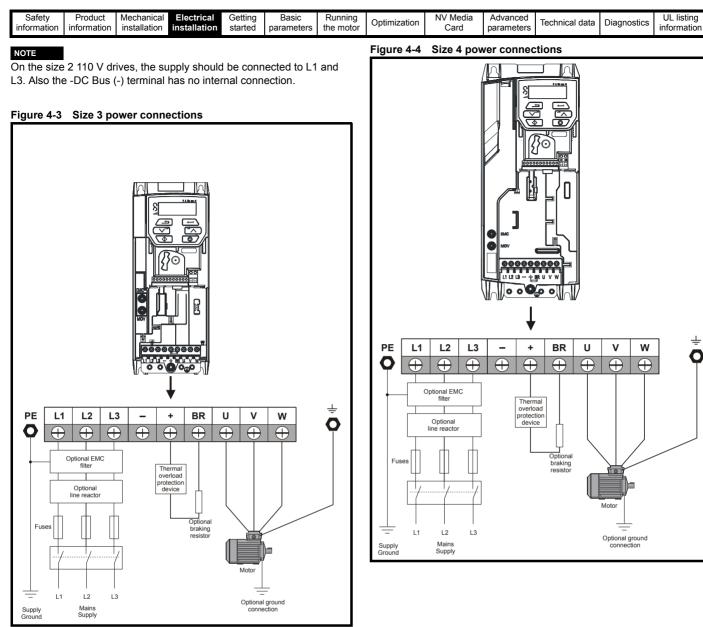


See Figure 4-5 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 35 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-2 Size 2 power connections



See Figure 4-5 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 35 for further information on ground connections.



See Figure 4-5 *Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown)* on page 35 for further information on ground connections.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical uata	Diagnostics	information

4.1.2 Ground connections



Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against

corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

On sizes 1 to 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the ground connections located at the bottom of the drive as shown in Figure 4-5.

Figure 4-5 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown)

1 4 x M4 threaded holes for the ground connection



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm ² and \leq 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the first input phase conductor.
> 16 mm ² and \leq 35 mm ²	16 mm ²
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor.

4.2 AC supply requirements

Voltage:

100 V drive:	100 V to 120 V ±10 %
200 V drive:	200 V to 240 V ±10 %
400 V drive:	380 V to 480 V ±10 %
umbor of phose	0:2

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 48 to 62 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA $\,$

4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.

- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used i.e. removed, or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided. For instructions on removal, refer to Figure 4-10 *Installation of grounding bracket* and Figure 4-13 *Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter*. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit, then an input isolating transformer must be provided, and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Size 1 to 4

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Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA.

Model sizes 04200133 to 04400170 have an internal DC choke so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

4.2.3 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at Y%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi f I}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

f = supply frequency (Hz)

4.3 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

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WA	RN	ING

Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-3, Table 4-4 and Table 4-5 show the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Table 4-3 AC Input current and fuse ratings (100 V)

	Typical input	Maximum	Maximum	Fuse	e rating
Model	current	continuous input current	overload input current	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J
				Maximum	Maximum
	Α	Α	Α	Α	A
01100017	8.7	8.7		10	10
01100024	11.1	11.1		16	16
02100042	18.8	18.8		20	20
02100056	24.0	24.0		25	25

Table 4-4 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical input	Maximum	Maximum		Fuse	rating		
	current input current		overload input current	IEC	G gG	Class CC or Class J		
Model	А	А	А		imum A	Maximum A		
				1ph	3ph	1ph	3ph	
01200017	4.5	4.5		6		5		
01200024	5.3	5.3		0		10		
01200033	8.3	8.3		10		10	-	
01200042	10.4	10.4		16		16		
02200024	5.3/3.2	5.3/4.1			6	10	5	
02200033	8.3/4.3	8.3/6.7		1	10	1	0	
02200042	10.4/5.4	10.4/7.5		16	10	16	10	
02200056	14.9/7.4	14.9/11.3		20	16	20	16	
02200075	18.1/9.1	18.1/13.5		20	10	20	10	
03200100	23.9/12.8	23.9/17.7	30 / 25	25	20	25	20	
04200133	23.7/13.5	23.7/16.9		25	20	25	20	
04200176	17.0	21.3			25		25	

Table 4-5 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical input	Maximum	Maximum	Fus	e rating
Model	current	continuous input current	overload input current	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J
	Α	А	А	Maximum A	Maximum A
02400013	2.1	2.4			
02400018	2.6	2.9		6	5
02400023	3.1	3.5		0	
02400032	4.7	5.1			10
02400041	5.8	6.2		10	10
03400056	8.3	8.7	13	10	10
03400073	10.2	12.2	18	16	16
03400094	13.1	14.8	20.7	16	20
04400135	14.0	16.3		20	20
04400170	18.5	20.7		25	25

NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.

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The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 4-6 Cable ratings (100 V)

Madal	Cable size (IEC 60364-5-52) mm ²				Cable size (UL508C) AWG					
Model	Input		Output		In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
01100017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01100024	1.5	6	1	2.5	14	10	16	12		
02100042	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
02100056	4	6	1	2.5	10	10	16	12		

Table 4-7 Cable ratings (200 V)

Model		•	EC 60364-5-52) m ²		Cable size (UL 508C) AWG					
wodei	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
01200017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200033	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200042	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200033	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200042	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200056	2.5/1.5	6	1	2.5	12/14	10	16	12		
02200075	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
03200100	4	6	1.5	2.5	10/12	10	14	12		
04200133	4/2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
04200176	4	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		

Table 4-8 Cable ratings (400 V)

Madal		•	EC 60364-5-52) m ²		Cable size (UL 508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
02400013	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02400018	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02400023	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02400032	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02400041	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
03400056	1	6	1	2.5	14	10	16	12		
03400073	1.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
03400094	2.5	6	1.5	2.5	12	10	14	12		
04400135	2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
04400170	4	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		

NOTE

PVC insulated cable should be used.

NOTE

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for 40°C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method B2 (multicore cable in conduit).

Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

B1 - Separate cables in conduit.

B2 - Multicore cable in conduit.

C - Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

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NOTE

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

Fuse types

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

МСВ

Do not use an MCB instead of the recommended fuses.

Ground connections

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

NOTE

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings on page 35.

4.3.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type for size 1 to 4 is AC1.

4.4 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than 2.5 times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20 µs. No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, Rated Current (00.006) must be set to suit the motor.



Motor Rated Current (00.006) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent over-heating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

4.4.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-9, Table 4-10 and Table 4-11.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- Drive to motor
- Drive to braking resistor

Table 4-9 Maximum motor cable lengths (100 V drives)

	100 V Nominal AC supply voltage											
		Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
Model	kHz kHz		2 kHz	3 kHz	4 6 kHz kHz		8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
01100017		50) m		37.5 m	25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m			
01100024			,		57.5 11	25 11	10.75 11	12.5 11	5111			
02100042		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m			
02100056	1	10	0 111		7511	50 11	57.5 11	23111	10 111			

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Table 4-10 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

			200 V	Nominal AC	supply voltag	е			
		Maximum p	permissible m	otor cable le	ngth for each	of the followi	ng switching	frequencies	
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
01200017		•	•						
01200024		50			37.5	25 m	10.75	12.5 m	0 m
01200033		50) m		37.5	25 m	18.75	12.5 11	9 m
01200042	-								
02200024									
02200033									
02200042	-	10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18 m
02200056									
02200075	=								
03200100		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18 m
04200133		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18 m
04200176		10	0 111		7011	00 111	07.0	20111	10 111

Table 4-11 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

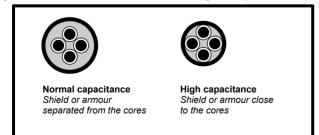
			400 V	Nominal AC	supply voltag	e			
		Maximum	permissible m	otor cable le	ngth for each	of the followi	ng switching	frequencies	
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
02400013									
02400018									
02400023		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
02400032									
02400041	-								
03400056									
03400073		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
03400094									
04400135		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
04400170		10	0.111		7511	50 111	07.5	25111	10.25 m

4.4.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 4-9, Table 4-10 and Table 4-11, if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-6 shows how to identify the two types).

Figure 4-6 Cable construction influencing the capacitance



The cable used for Table 4-9, Table 4-10 and Table 4-11 is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/ m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

4.4.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted.

Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.4.4 *Multiple motors* on page 41 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimcal data	Diagnostics	information

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

4.4.4 **Multiple motors**

Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr 05.014 = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-7 and Figure 4-8. The maximum cable lengths in Table 4-9, Table 4-10 and Table 4-11 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For \downarrow connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-8, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For details of inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive. Figure 4-7 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

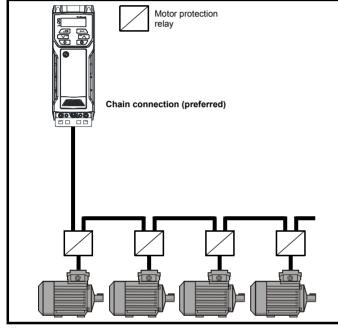
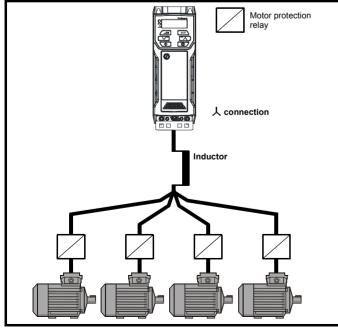


Figure 4-8 Alternative connection for multiple motors



4.4.5 \downarrow / Δ motor operation

The voltage rating for \downarrow and Δ connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in \downarrow for 400 V operation or

 Δ for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g.

\bigstar 690 V \triangle 400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

4.4.6 **Output contactor**



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed.

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- OI ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds) 1.
- High levels of radio frequency noise emission 2.
- Increased contactor wear and tear 3

The Drive Enable terminal (T31 and T34) when opened provides a SAFE TORQUE OFF function. This can in many cases replace output contactors

For further information see section 4.10 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO) on page 56.

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4.5 Braking

Braking occurs when the drive is decelerating the motor, or is preventing the motor from gaining speed due to mechanical influences. During braking, energy is returned to the drive from the motor.

When motor braking is applied by the drive, the maximum regenerated power that the drive can absorb is equal to the power dissipation (losses) of the drive.

When the regenerated power is likely to exceed these losses, the DC bus voltage of the drive increases. Under default conditions, the drive brakes the motor under PI control, which extends the deceleration time as necessary in order to prevent the DC bus voltage from rising above a user defined set-point.

If the drive is expected to rapidly decelerate a load, or to hold back an overhauling load, a braking resistor must be installed.

Table 4-12 shows the default DC voltage level at which the drive turns on the braking transistor. However the braking resistor turn on and the turn off voltages are programmable with *Braking IGBT Lower Threshold* (06.073) and *Braking IGBT Upper Threshold* (06.074).

Table 4-12 Default braking transistor turn on voltage

Drive voltage rating	DC bus voltage level
100 & 200 V	390 V
400 V	780 V

NOTE

When a braking resistor is used, Pr **02.004** should be set to Fast ramp mode.



High temperatures

Braking resistors can reach high temperatures. Locate braking resistors so that damage cannot result. Use cable having insulation capable of withstanding high temperatures.



Braking resistor overload protection parameter settings Failure to observe the following information may damage the resistor.

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor.

For more information on the braking resistor software overload protection, see Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** full descriptions in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

4.5.1 External braking resistor



Overload protection

When an external braking resistor is used, it is essential that an overload protection device is incorporated in the braking resistor circuit; this is described in Figure 4-9 on page 43.

When a braking resistor is to be mounted outside the enclosure, ensure that it is mounted in a ventilated metal housing that will perform the following functions:

- · Prevent inadvertent contact with the resistor
- Allow adequate ventilation for the resistor

When compliance with EMC emission standards is required, external connection requires the cable to be armored or shielded, since it is not fully contained in a metal enclosure. See section 4.7.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 47 for further details.

Internal connection does not require the cable to be armored or shielded.

Minimum resistances and power ratings

Table 4-13 Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for the braking resistor at 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
100 V	•		
01100017	130	1.2	
01100024	130	1.2	
02100042	68	1.2	
02100056	68	1.2	
200 V	•	•	
01200017	130	1.2	
01200024	130	1.2	
01200033	130	1.2	
01200042	130	1.2	
02200024	68	2.2	
02200033	68	2.2	
02200042	68	2.2	
02200056	68	2.2	
02200075	68	2.2	
03200100	45	3.4	2.2
04200133	22	6.9	
04200176	22	6.9	
400 V	•		
02400013	270	2.3	
02400018	270	2.3	
02400023	270	2.3	
02400032	270	2.3	
02400041	270	2.3	
03400056	100	6.1	2.2
03400073	100	6.1	3
03400094	100	6.1	4
04400135	50	12.2	
04400170	50	12.2	

* Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

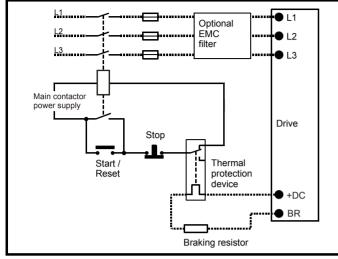
Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

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internation	internation	motanation	motanation	otartea	parametero			ouia	purumetere			internation

Thermal protection circuit for the braking resistor

The thermal protection circuit must disconnect the AC supply from the drive if the resistor becomes overloaded due to a fault. Figure 4-9 shows a typical circuit arrangement.

Figure 4-9 Typical protection circuit for a braking resistor



See Figure 4-1 on page 33 and Figure 4-4 on page 34 for the location of the +DC and braking resistor connections.

4.5.2 Braking resistor software overload protection

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. In order to enable and set-up this function, it is necessary to enter three values into the drive:

- Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030)
- Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant (10.031)
- Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061)

This data should be obtained from the manufacturer of the braking resistors

Pr 10.039 gives an indication of braking resistor temperature based on a simple thermal model. Zero indicates the resistor is close to ambient and 100 % is the maximum temperature the resistor can withstand. A 'br.rES' alarm is given if this parameter is above 75 % and the braking IGBT is active. An It.br trip will occur if Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, when Pr 10.037 is set to 0 (default value) or 1.

If Pr 10.037 is equal to 2 or 3, an It.br trip will not occur when Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, but instead the braking IGBT will be disabled until Pr 10.039 falls below 95 %. This option is intended for applications with parallel connected DC buses where there are several braking resistors, each of which cannot withstand full DC bus voltage continuously. With this type of application it is unlikely the braking energy will be shared equally between the resistors because of voltage measurement tolerances within the individual drives. Therefore with Pr 10.037 set to 2 or 3, then as soon as a resistor has reached its maximum temperature the drive will disable the braking IGBT, and another resistor on another drive will take up the braking energy. Once Pr 10.039 has fallen below 95 % the drive will allow the braking IGBT to operate again.

See the Parameter Reference Guide for more information on Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031, Pr 10.037 and Pr 10.039.

This software overload protection should be used in addition to an external overload protection device.

4.6 **Ground leakage**

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.7.2 Internal EMC filter on page 44.

With internal filter installed:

- Size 1: 2.5 mA* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (line to line supply, star point ground) 9.2 mA* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (line to neutral supply, star point ground)
- Size 3: 19.7 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (star point ground)

47.4 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (corner ground)

Size 4: 21 mA* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (3 phase, star point ground) 6.8 mA* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (1 phase, line to line supply, star point ground)

> 30 mA* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (1 phase, line to neutral supply, star point ground)

50 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (3 phase, star point ground)

* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

With internal filter removed:

Size 1: <1.5 mA (line to line supply, star point ground)

<1 mA (line to neutral supply, star point ground)

Size 3: <3.3 mA (star point ground)

<4.9 mA (corner ground)

Size 4: < 3.5 mA (star point ground)

NOTE

The above leakage currents are just the leakage currents of the drive with the internal EMC filter connected and do not take into account any leakage currents of the motor or motor cable.



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.



When the leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided using two independent conductors each with a cross-section equal to or exceeding that of the supply conductors. The drive is provided with two ground connections to facilitate this. Both ground connections are necessary to meet EN 61800-5-1: 2007

4.6.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC 2. current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents 3.
 - Type AC should never be used with drives.
 - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
 - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

WARNING

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toobaical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

4.7 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

Section 4.10.3, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 11 Technical data on page 150 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 49 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

Section 4.7.4, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.7.5, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.7.3 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial guality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a nonindustrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.7.4 or section 4.7.5 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 10 Advanced parameters on page 83

The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.7.3 General requirements for EMC on page 46 and section 4.7.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 47 must be followed.

Table 4-14 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
400 V	



High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal RNING EMC filter.

NOTE

The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

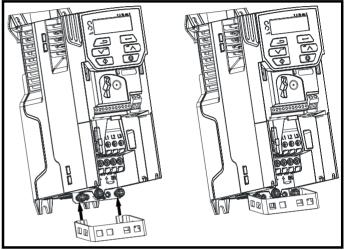
4.7.1 Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket to facilitate EMC compliance. This provides a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps¹ (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

¹ A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

See Figure 4-10 for details regarding the installation of the grounding bracket

Figure 4-10 Installation of grounding bracket



4.7.2 Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.

If the drive is used as a motoring drive as part of a regen system, then the internal EMC filter must be removed.

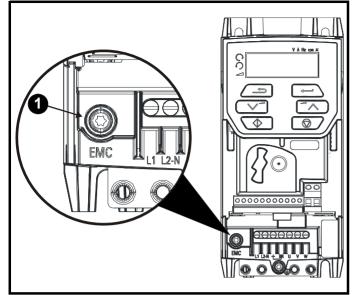
The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.7.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems) on page 47 and section 11.1.25 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) on page 160. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 28 mA for size 1 is unacceptable. As shown in Figure 4-11 to Figure 4-14 the size 1 internal EMC filter is removed by removing the screw (1).



The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

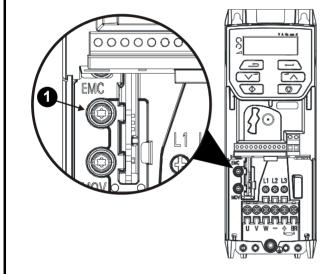
Safety Product Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	Optimization Card parameters lechnical data Diagnostics int	UL listing nformation
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Figure 4-11 Removal of the size 1 internal EMC filter



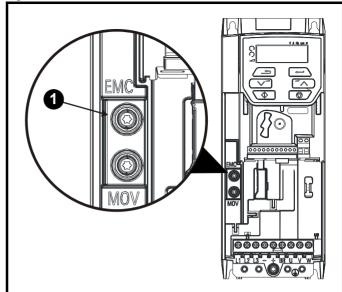
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-12 Removal of the size 2 internal EMC filter



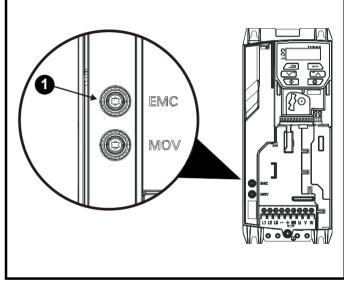
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-13 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-14 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toobnical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information		installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	information

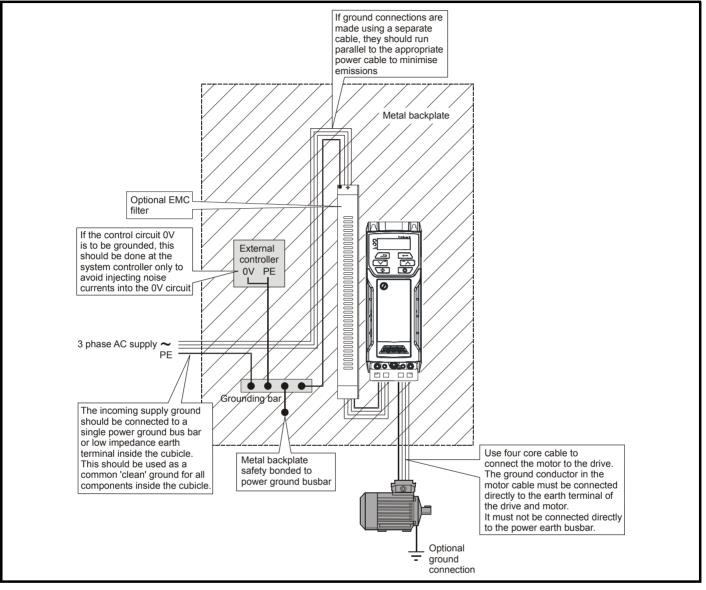
4.7.3 General requirements for EMC

Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-15, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-15 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.7.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 47.

Figure 4-15 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections

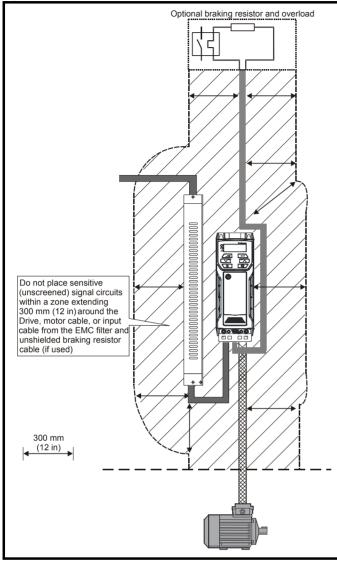


	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Cable layout

Figure 4-16 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.

Figure 4-16 Drive cable clearances



NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

4.7.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.7.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 47. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC $61800\mathchar`-3$

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in Section 4.7.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.7.3 *General requirements for EMC* on page 46.



The second environment typically includes an industrial lowvoltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in Section 4.7.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* be adhered to.

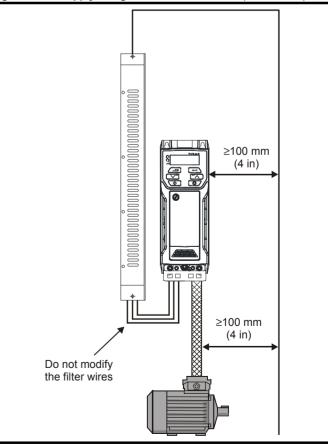
Refer to section 11.1.25 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 160 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the *EMC Data Sheet* which is available from the supplier of the drive.

4.7.5 Compliance with generic emission standards The following information applies to frame sizes 1 to 4.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-17. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

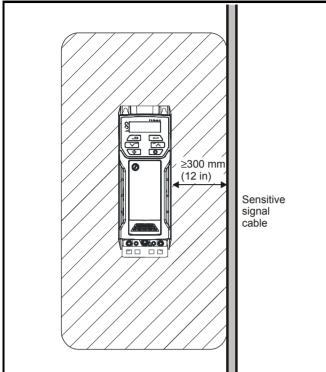
Figure 4-17 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 1 to 4)



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimit	mization NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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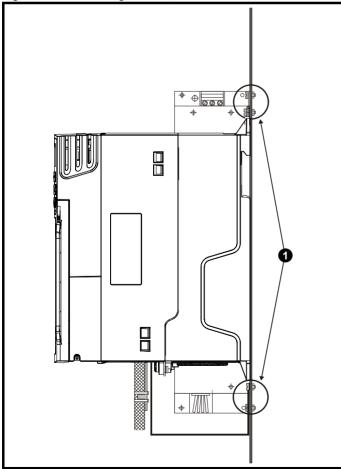
Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module.

Figure 4-18 Sensitive signal circuit clearance



Ensure good EMC grounding.

Figure 4-19 Grounding the drive, motor cable shield and filter



NOTE

1 Ensure direct metal contact at the drive and filter mounting points. Any paint must be removed beforehand.

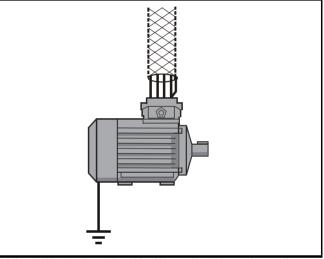
The unbroken motor cable shield (unbroken) electrically connected to and held in place by means of the grounding bracket.

Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long.

A complete 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

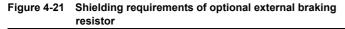
From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

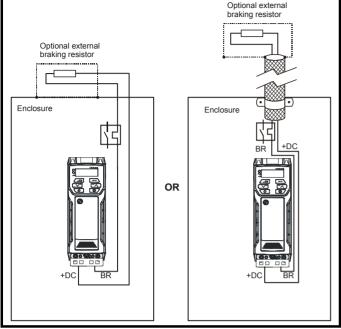
Figure 4-20 Grounding the motor cable shield



Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure. Ensure a minimum spacing of 300 mm (12 in) from the signal wiring and the AC supply wiring to the external EMC filter. If this condition cannot be met then the wiring must be shielded.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optim	mization NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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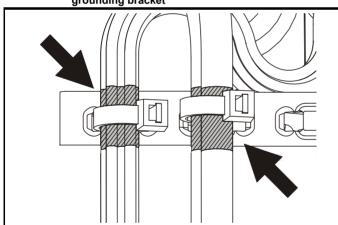




If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-22. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

Figure 4-22 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



4.7.6 Variations in the EMC wiring Interruptions to the motor cable

The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

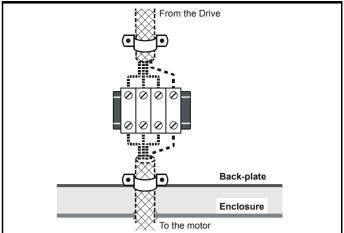
- · Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.

Figure 4-23 Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the enclosure

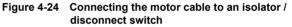


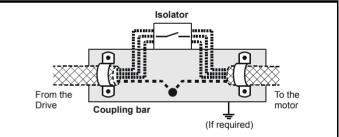
Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.





Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0 V connection is not grounded.

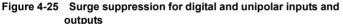
In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		NV Media	Advanced		-	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0 V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0 V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm², or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- 3. Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-25 and Figure 4-26.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (O.Ld1 trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr **10.034** to 5.



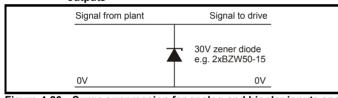
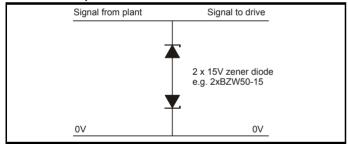


Figure 4-26 Surge suppression for analog and bipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

```
Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC
Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC
```

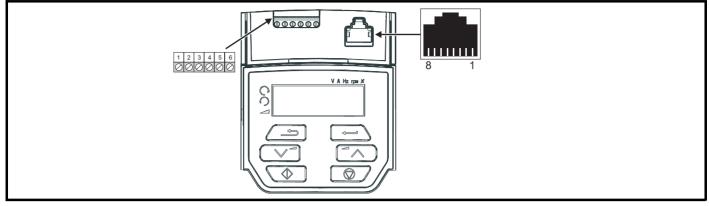
These devices are not suitable for encoder signals or fast digital data networks because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. Most encoders have galvanic isolation of the signal circuit from the motor frame, in which case no precautions are required. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.8 Communications connections

Installing an AI-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

Figure 4-27 Location of the AI-485 Adaptor option



4.8.1 485 serial communications

The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-15 for the connection details.

NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables are not recommended for use when connecting drives on a 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-15 Serial communication port pin-outs (RJ45)

Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	0 V
4	+24 V (100 mA)
5	Not connected
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

Table 4-16 Serial communication port pin-outs (screw terminal block)

Pin	Function
1	0 V
2	RX\ TX\
3	RX TX
4	120 Ω Termination resistor
5	TX Enable
6	+24 V (100 mA)

4.8.2 Isolation of the 485 serial communications port

The serial PC communications port is single insulated and meets the requirements for ELV.



When using the communications port with a personal computer or centralised controller e.g. PLC, an isolation device must be included with a rated voltage at least equal to the drive supply voltage. Ensure that the correct fuses are installed at the drive input, and that the drive is connected to the correct supply voltage.

If a serial communications converter other than the CT Comms cable is used to connect to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), then a safety isolating barrier must be included to maintain the SELV classification.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-17 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.9 Control connections

4.9.1 General

Table 4-18 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	2, 5
Analog output	1	Source, mode, scaling,	7
Digital input	4	Destination, invert	11, 12, 13, 14
Digital input / output	1	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert	10
Relay	1	Source, invert	41
Drive enable (SAFE TORQUE OFF)	2		31, 34
+10 V User output	1		4
+24 V User output	1		9
0V common	1		1
0V SAFE TORQUE OFF	2		32, 33

NOTE

The 0 V terminals on the SAFE TORQUE OFF are isolated from each other and the 0 V common.

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic).

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.

NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

NOTE

The SAFE TORQUE OFF drive enable terminals are positive logic input only (see Figure 4-29 on page 52).



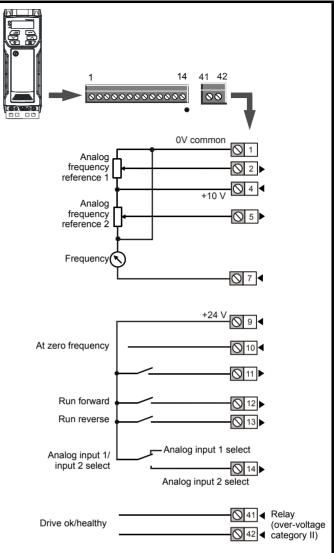
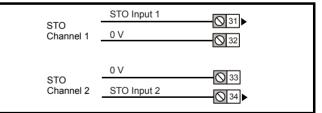


Figure 4-29 SAFE TORQUE OFF inputs



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor C	Optimization NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.9.2 Control terminal specification

1 0V common

Function

Common connection for all external devices

2 Analog input 1		
Default function	Frequency reference	
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current	
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.007	
Operating in voltage mode (default)	!	
Full scale voltage range	0 V to +10 V ±3 %	
Maximum offset	±30 mV	
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V	
Input resistance	100k Ω	
Operating in current mode		
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %	
Maximum offset	250 μΑ	
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V	
Absolute maximum current	25 mA	
Equivalent input resistance	165 Ω	
Common to all modes		
Resolution	11 bits	
Sample / update	5 ms	

4 +10 V user output	
Default function	Supply for external analog devices
Nominal voltage	10.2 V
Voltage tolerance	±3 %
Maximum output current	5 mA

5 Analog input 2							
Default function	Frequency reference						
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or positive logic only digital input						
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.011						
Operating in voltage mode (default)							
Full scale voltage range	0 V to +10 V ±3 %						
Maximum offset	±30 mV						
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V						
Input resistance	100 k Ω						
Resolution	11 bits						
Sample / update period	5 ms						
Operating in digital mode							
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V						
Impedance	6.8 k Ω						
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2						
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 6 ms.						

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7 Analog output 1					
Default function	Frequency output				
Type of output	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage				
Voltage range	+10 V				
Maximum offset	15 mV				
Load resistance	$\geq 2k \Omega$				
Protection	Short circuit relative to 0 V				
Resolution	0.1 %				
Sample / update period	5 ms				

e +24 V user output						
Default function	Supply for external digital devices					
Voltage tolerance	±20 %					
Maximum output current	100 mA					
Protection	Current limit and trip					

10 Digital I/O 1	
Default function	AT ZERO FREQUENCY output
Туре	Positive logic digital input, positive logic voltage source output. PWM or frequency output modes can be selected.
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031
Operating as in input	·
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-8 V to +30 V relative to 0 V
Impedance	6.8 kΩ
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2
Operating as an output	
Nominal maximum output current	50 mA
Maximum output current	100 mA (total including +24 Vout)
Common to all modes	
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 6 ms

11	Digital Input 2							
12	Digital Input 3							
13	Digital Input 4							
Terminal	11 default function	None						
Terminal	12 default function	RUN FORWARD input						
Terminal	13 default function	RUN REVERSE input						
Туре		Positive logic only digital inputs						
Voltage ra	ange	0 V to +24 V						
Absolute	maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V						
Impedance	ce	6.8 kΩ						
Input thre	nreshold 10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2							
Sample /	update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 6 ms.						

14 Digital Input 5								
Terminal 14 default function Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select								
Type Positive logic only digital input. Frequency input or motor thermistor input (bias for DIN44081 ptc, KTY84, PT1000, PT2000 and other types) mode can be selected								
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V							
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V							
Impedance	6.8 kΩ							
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2							
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 6 ms.							

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31 SAFE TORQUE OFF	SAFE TORQUE OFF function (drive enable)							
Туре	Positive logic only digital input							
Voltage range	0 to +24 V							
Absolute maximum applied voltage	30 V							
Logic Threshold	10 V ±5 V							
Low state maximum voltage for disable	SIL3 and PL e 5 V							
Impedance	>4 mA @ 15 V, <15mA @30 V from IEC 61130-2, type 1							
Low state maximum current for disable	SIL3 and PL e 0.5 mA							
Response time	Nominal: 12 ms Maximum: 20 ms							

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the SAFE TORQUE OFF function is not required, these terminal are used for enabling the drive.

41 Relay contacts					
Default function	Drive OK indicator				
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II				
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)				
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA				
Contact type	Normally open				
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK				
Update period	4 ms				



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

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4.10 SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO)

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when either one or both STO inputs are in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1. The SAFE TORQUE OFF function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function is fail-safe, so when the SAFE TORQUE OFF input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. SAFE TORQUE OFF is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Data verification by TÜV Rheinland is pending.

SAFE TORQUE OFF can be used to eliminate electro-mechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

The function can be used in safety-related machines or systems which have been designed according to IEC 62061 or IEC 61508, or other standards which are compatible with IEC 61508, since the analysis and the integrity metrics used in EN 61800-5-2 are the same.

Note on response time of SAFE TORQUE OFF, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs.

SAFE TORQUE OFF has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms, so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1ms.

Two-channel SAFE TORQUE OFF

Two fully independent input channels are provided for the SAFE TORQUE OFF function. Each input separately meets the requirements of the standards as defined above, regardless of the state of the other input. If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels in order for the drive to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults. For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output. Then there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single SAFE TORQUE OFF input. In this case it is important to note that a single short-circuit from the SAFE TORQUE OFF input to a DC supply of approximately +24 V would cause the drive to be enabled. This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

• By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.

or

• By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.

SAFE TORQUE OFF over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the SAFE TORQUE OFF function, for example for maintenance purposes. Because of the risk of human error, the installation must not provide any facility to override the function. The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience.

The SAFE TORQUE OFF function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

SAFE TORQUE OFF does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With SAFE TORQUE OFF there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit. It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of SAFE TORQUE OFF.

The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the SAFE TORQUE OFF circuits be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductors which should be connected to terminals 32 and 33 at the drive.

For more information regarding the SAFE TORQUE OFF input, please see the Control Techniques Safe Torque Off Engineering Guide available for download from www.controltechniques.com.

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The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The SAFE TORQUE OFF function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application



SAFE TORQUE OFF does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of SAFE TORQUE OFF. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the SAFE TORQUE OFF circuits be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductors which should be connected to terminals 32 and 33 at the drive.

For more information regarding the SAFE TORQUE OFF input, please see the *Control Techniques Safe Torque Off Engineering Guide* available for download from www.controltechniques.com.

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5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Understanding the display

5.1.1 Keypad

The keypad display consists of a 6 digit LED display. The display shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being edited.

The option module menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

The display also includes LED indicators showing units and status as shown in Figure 5-1.

When the drive is powered up, the display will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

Figure 5-1 Keypad detail

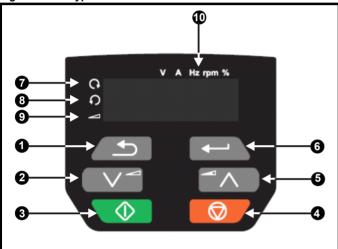


Table 5-1 Key to Figure 5-1

1 Escape button	6 Enter button
2 Down button	7 Run forward indicator
3 Start button	8 Run reverse indicator
4 Stop/Reset button (red)	9 Keypad reference indicator
5 Up button	10 Unit indicators

NOTE

The red stop button *s* is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed on the keypad display as shown in Table 5-2 below.

Table 5-2 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
Standard	100.99
Date	31.12.11 or 12.31.11
Time	12.34.56
Character	ABCDEF
Binary	5
IP Address	192.168 88.1*
MAC Address	01.02.03 04.05.06*
Version number	01.23.45

*Alternate display

5.2 Keypad operation

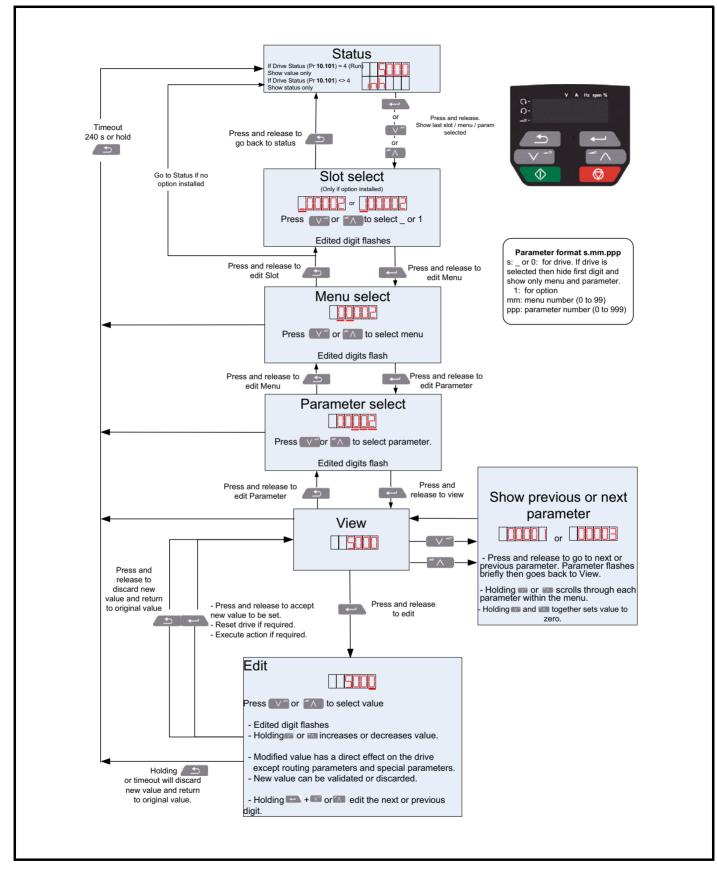
5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Up and down button Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode. This button can also be used to select between slot menu and parameter display.
- Escape button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the escape button pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start button Used to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

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Figure 5-2 Display modes



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NOTE

The up and down buttons can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.010** has been set to show 'ALL'. Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter* access *level and security* on page 62.

Figure 5-3 Mode examples



- 1 Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only
- 2 Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the display will show one of the following:

- inh', 'rdy' or status mode parameter value.
- 3 Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes, refer to section 12.4 *Trips, Sub-trip numbers* on page 165.

4 Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the display flashes between the drive status parameter value and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

For new parameter values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 62.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.010** has been set to 'All' the up and down buttons are used to navigate between menus.

For further information refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 62.

The menus and parameters rollover in both directions i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus, the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

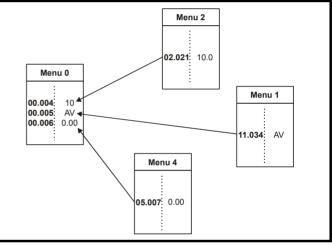
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 64.

Figure 5-4 Menu 0 copying



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5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 24 can be viewed on the Keypad.

The option module menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Table 5-3 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
0	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*

* Only displayed when the option module is installed.

5.5.1 Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-4 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The SAFE TORQUE OFF signal is not applied to SAFE TORQUE OFF terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable</i> <i>Conditions</i> (06.010)	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
dc inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears on the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled

5.5.2 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the display. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 5-5 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See <i>Current Limit Active</i> (10.009).

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5.6 Changing the operating mode Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 & 34 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.079 as follows:

Pr 00.079 setting		Operating mode
OPEn.LP	1	Open-loop
rF[-A	2	RFC-A

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- Select 'Save'* in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000* in Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

* If the drive is in the under voltage state (i.e. when the Al-Backup adaptor terminals are being supplied from a +24 V DC supply) a value of 1001 must be entered into Pr **mm.000** to perform a save function.

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.010) and *User security code* (00.025) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 & 34 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Select 'Def.50' or 'Def.60' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting
 Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 24) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in table Table 5-6.

Table 5-6 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
Ū	Wend 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
'	All Merido	Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible
2	Menu 0	nu 0 Closed RO		Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
5	Reau-only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
+	Status Only	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible
5	110 200655	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown in the table below.

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description
LEVEL.0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible
ALL (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited
r.only.0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only
r.only.A (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible
Status (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited
no.acc (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module

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5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.010** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 9999 in Pr 00.025 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr **00.010**. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been activated and the drive returns to Menu 0. The value of Pr **00.025** will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the display will now show 'Co'. Use the arrow buttons to set the security

code and press the button. With the correct security code

entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Co.Err' is displayed, and the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr **00.025** to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'diff.d' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 62 for further information regarding access level.

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'dest' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 62 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

Installing an AI-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

5.12.1 485 Serial communications

Communication is via the RJ45 connector or screw terminals (parallel connection). The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The communications port applies a $1/_4$ unit load to the communications network.

USB to EIA485 Communications

An external USB hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

A suitable USB to EIA485 isolated converter is available from Control Techniques as follows:

CT USB Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0096)

When using one of the above converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	l communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 1 EP (8), 7 1 OP (9), 7 1 EP M (10), 7 1 OP M (11)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (11.025)	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (11.023)	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.

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6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by {...}). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	Barran	Range	e(\$)	Defau	ılt(⇔)	Ī		-					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	Туре							
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE_I	REF_CLAMP Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US		
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_F	REF_CLAMP Hz	50Hz defau 60Hz defau		RW	Num				US		
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	L_RATE s	5.0) s	RW	Num				US		
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	L_RATE s	10.	RW	Num				US			
00.005	Drive Configuration	AV (0), AI (1), AV. Preset (4), Pad (5 E.Pot (7), torqu	5), Pad.Ref (6),	AV	RW	Txt			PT	US			
00.006	Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED_0	CURRENT A	Maximum Hea (11.0		RW	Num		RA		US		
00.007	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 8000	00.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1450.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US		
00.008	Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VOL1	FAGE_SET V	110V drive: 230 V 200V drive: 230 V 400V drive 50 Hz: 400 V 400V drive 60 Hz: 460 V 575V drive: 575 V 690V drive: 690 V			Num		RA		US		
00.009	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	85	RW	Num		RA		US				
00.010	User Security Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL r.only.A (3), Statu		LEVEI	0 (0)	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT			
00.015	Jog Reference	0.00 to 30	0.00 Hz	1.50) Hz	RW	Num				US		
00.016	Analog Input 1 Mode	4-20.S (-6), 20-4.S (- 4.L (-3), 4-20.H (-2), 2 20-0 (1), 4-20.tr (2), 2 20-4 (5),	0-4.H (-1), 0-20 (0), 20-4.tr (3), 4-20 (4),	Volt (6)			Txt				US		
00.017	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off	Off (0)						US		
00.018	Preset Reference 1	±VM_SPEED_F	REQ_REF Hz	0.00 Hz			Num				US		
00.025	User Security Code	0 to 9	999	0			Num	ND	NC	PT	US		
00.027	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	Reset (0), Last ((1), Preset (2)	Rese	et (0)	RW	Txt				US		
00.028	Ramp Mode Select	Fast (0), Std (1), Std	.bst (2), Fst.bst (3)	Std	(1)	RW	Txt				US		
00.029	Ramp Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US		
00.030	Parameter Cloning	None (0), rEAd Auto (3), I		None	e (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US		
00.031	Stop Mode	Coast (0), rp (1), rp td.dc I (4), dis (rp	(1)	RW	Txt				US		
00.032	Dynamic V to F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0 to		0			Num				US		
00.033	Catch A Spinning Motor	dis (0), Enable (Rv.Onl	y (3)	dis	(0)	RW	Txt				US		
00.034	Digital Input 5 Select	Input (0), th.So th.Notr (3		Input (0)			Txt				US		
00.035	Digital Output 1 Control	0 to 2	21	0							US		
00.036	Analog Output 1 Control	0 to	15	C)	RW					US		

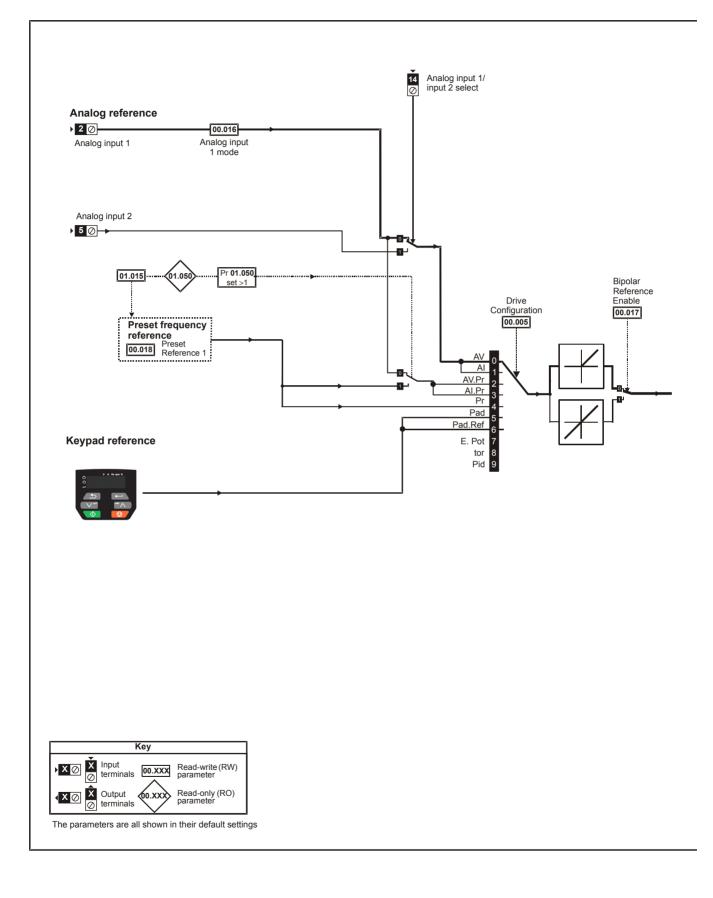
Safety informatio		Mechanical installation	Electric		Betting tarted	Basi parame		unning the motor	Optimiz	hization NV Media Advanced parameters Technic		ical da	ata Di	agnost		UL listing information				
	Devenuet					Ran	ge(\$)				Defa	ult(⇔)				Tra				
	Parameter			OL RFC-A					OL RFC-A			4	Туре							
00.037	Maximum Sw Frequency	itching		0.667 (0), 1(1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz			2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (5), 8 (6 (7), 16 (8),	3 (3) kHz				RW	Txt				US	
00.038	Auto-tune					0 1	to 3					0		RW	Num		NC		US	
00.039	Motor Rated F	requency	,	VM_SF	PEED_		00 to _REF_	_UNIPOL	.AR Hz			50.00 Hz 50.00 Hz		RW	Num		RA		US	
00.040	Number of Mo	otor Poles*				uto (0)		(16)			Au	to 0		RW	Num				US	
00.041	Control Mode			(2), 1	0), Ur Ur.Aut (4), Sr	(1), Fd o (3), Ė (5)				Ur.I (4)					Txt				US	
00.042	Low Frequend Boost	cy Voltage				0.0 to	25.0 9	%			3.0) %		RW	Num				US	
00.043	Serial Baud R	ate		•	00 (5),	19200	(6), 38	2400 (3) 3400 (7), 200 (10)			1920	00 (6)		RW	Txt				US	
00.044	Serial Addres	s		1 to 247 1				RW	Num				US							
00.045	Reset Serial (Communica	ations		Off (0) or On (1)			(1)			Off (0)			RW		ND	NC			
00.046	Brake Releas Threshold	e Current			0 to 200 %				50) %		RW	Num				US			
00.047	Brake Apply C Threshold	Current		0 to 200 %			1		10 %				RW					US		
00.048	BC Brake Rel	ease Frequ	uency		(0.00 to	20.00	Hz		1.00 Hz				RW	Num				US	
00.049	BC Brake App	, ,	псу		(0.00 to				2.00 Hz					Num				US	
00.050	BC Brake Del	,				0.0 to	25.0	S			1.()0 s		RW	Num				US	
00.051	BC Post-brake Delay					0.0 to	25.0	S			1.()0 s		RW	Num				US	
00.053	BC Initial Dire				Ref	(0), Fo	r (1), F	Rev (2)			Re	f (0)		RW	Txt				US	
00.054	BC Brake App Zero Thresho		n		(0.00 to	25.00	Hz			0.0	0 Hz		RW	Num				US	
00.055	BC Enable			dis (0), Re		-) (2), Use			dis	s (0)		RW	Txt				US	
00.065	Frequency Co Proportional C	Gain Kp1						00 to 20 s/rad				0.100 s/	rad	RW	Num				US	
00.066	Frequency Co Gain Ki1	ontroller Int	egral					00 to 65: s ² /rad				0.10 s ² /i	rad	RW	Num				US	
00.067	Sensorless M	ode Filter						0), 5 (1), 8 (3), 12 20 (5) m	(4),			4 (0) m	IS	RW	Txt				US	
00.069	Spin Start Boo	ost		0.0 to 10.0						1	.0		RW					US		
00.076	Action on Trip			0 to 31						0		RW					US			
00.077	Maximum Hea				0	0.00 to 9	9999.9	9 A						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
00.078	Software Vers	sion		0 to 999999									RO		ND	NC	PT			
00.079	User Drive Mo	ode		OPEn.LP (1), RFC-A (2)					OPEn.LP (1)				RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US		
00.080	User Security	Status		LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (r.only.A (3), Status							LEVE	L.O. (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT		

* If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

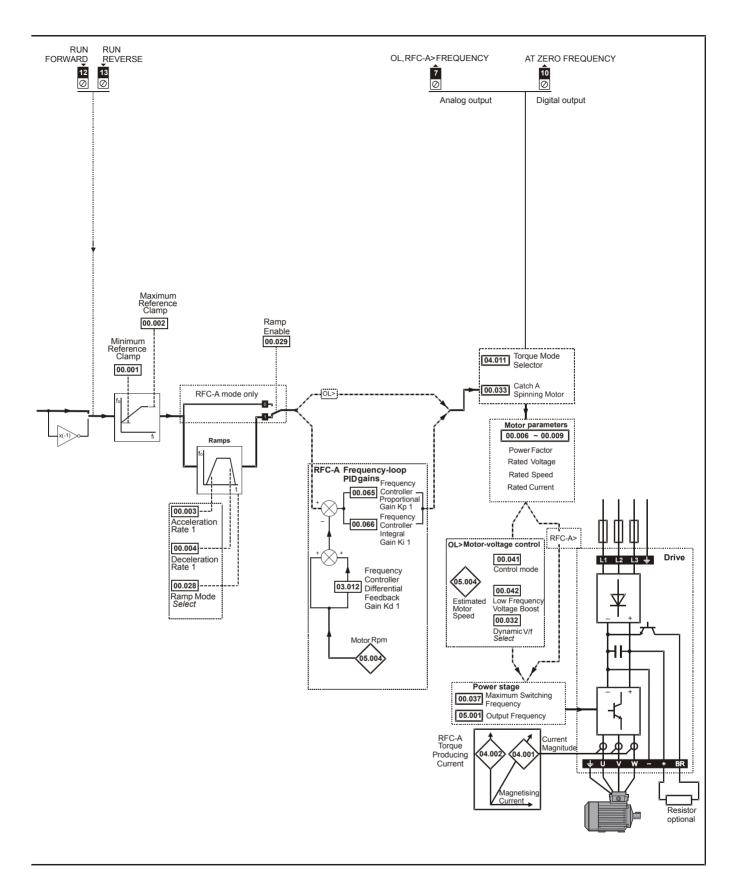
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	tion NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram



Safety information Product Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	tion NV Media Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	NV Media Card Advanced parameters Techni	nical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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6.2 Parameter descriptions

6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr **mm.000** is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr **mm.000** shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr **mm.000**. For example, enter 7001 in Pr **mm.000** to store drive parameters on an NV media card.

Table 6-1	Commonly used functions in xx.000
-----------	-----------------------------------

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	None	No action
1000	1	SAVE	Save drive parameters to non-volatile memory
6001	2	read1	Load the data from file 1 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4001	3	SAVE1	Store the drive parameters in file 1 on a non-volatile media card
6002	4	read2	Load the data from file 2 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4002	5	SAVE2	Store the drive parameters in file 2 on a non-volatile media card
6003	6	read3	Load the data from file 3 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4003	7	SAVE3	Store the drive parameters in file 3 on a non-volatile media card
12000	8	diff.d	Only display parameters that are different from their default value
12001	9	dest	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations
1233	10	def.50	Load 50 Hz defaults
1244	11	def.60	Load 60 Hz defaults
1070	12	rst.opt	Reset all option modules

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset option module
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1299	Reset {St.HF} trip.
2001	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4ууу	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy
бууу	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy
7ууу	NV media card: Erase file yyy
8ууу	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file yyy
9555	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
12000*	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001*	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
40ууу	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Since the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a clone. The command code will be cleared when all drive and option data have been saved.
60ууу	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the driveyyy/> folder. The command code will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.

* These functions do not require a drive reset to become active.

All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. To allow easy access to some commonly used functions, refer to the table overleaf. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical uata	Diagnostics	information

7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see *Chapter 8 Optimization on page 73*.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.006** *Motor Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr **01.017**). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr **01.017** and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 71.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC – A mode (without speed feedback)	Induction motor without speed feedback

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure that the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 & 34 is open open or Pr **06.015** is OFF(0).
- 2. Change the setting of Pr **00.079** as follows:

Pr 00.079 setting	Operating mode	
OPEn.LP	1	Open-loop
rF[-R	2	RFC-A

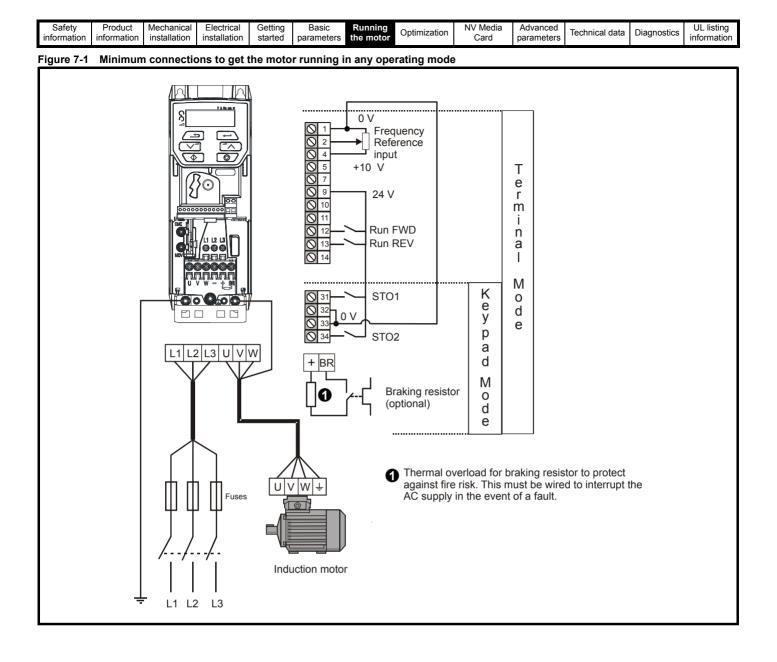
The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100 (ensure that Pr. **mm.000** returns to 0).

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

^{3.} Either:



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

7.3.1 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: • The drive enable signal is not given (terminals 31 & 34) • Run signal is not given • Motor is connected	\times
Power-up the drive	 Verify that open loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 62. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' If the drive trips, see section 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 163. 	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.039 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.006 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.007 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.008 (V) - check if	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.028 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'lt.br' trips may be seen). 	
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. WARNING A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures the stator resistance of the motor and the dead time compensation for the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.038 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.038 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (apply +24 V to terminal 31 & 34). The drive will display 'rdy'. Close the run signal (apply +24 V to terminal 12 or 13). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 163. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press the red	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	↓ O

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					-							

7.3.2 RFC - A mode (without position feedback) Induction motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 & 34) Run signal is not given 	×
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 62. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 163. 	[]
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.039 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.006 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.007 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.008 (V) - check if	
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.028 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'It.br' trips may be seen). 	1000pm
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. WARNING The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.038 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.038 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (apply +24 V terminal 12 or 13). The drive will display 'rdy'. Close the run signal (apply +24 V terminal 12 or 13). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. 	R _s dL _s Nm Nrpm
Save parameters	 If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 163. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. Select 'Save' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red 	
Run	The drive is now ready to run	*(•)•

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 00.006 {05.007} Motor Rated Co		Defines the maximum continuous motor current
	ist be set to the maximum continuous on 8.3 <i>Current limits</i> on page 79, for r	s current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
	1 0	rmal protection on page 79, for more information)
.	e Control Mode later in this table)	
 Slip compensation (see Enable Dynamic V/F control 	Slip Compensation (05.027), later in	this table)
Pr 00.008 {05.009} Motor Rated Vo	oltage	Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Pr 00.039 {05.006} Motor Rated Fr		Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied
		39) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the
motor (see Control Mode, later in thi		is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the
	, i	·
	Output voltage	tage characteristic
	Voltage	
	Pr 00.008	
	Pr 00.008 / 2	
	Pr 00.039	/ 2 Pr 00.039 Output
		frequency
Pr 00.007 {05.008} Motor Rated Sp	beed	Defines the full load rated speed of the motor
Pr 00.040 {05.011} Number of Mot	or Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The motor rated speed and the num	ber of poles are used with the motor	rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.
Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated fre	equency - (Number of pole pairs x [M	otor rated speed / 60]) = 00.039 = $\left(\frac{00.040}{2} \times \frac{00.007}{60}\right)$
		abled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the
5		metimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned
		operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening
		to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.
	, , ,	e drive for a given output frequency. When Pr 00.040 is set to 'Auto', the
		cy Pr 00.039 , and the motor rated speed Pr 00.007 .
Number of poles = 120 x (Rated	Frequency (00.039) / Rated Speed	(00.007)) rounded to the nearest even number.
Pr 00.043 {05.010} Motor Rated Po	ower Factor	Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current
		een the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction
		ant and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used actor mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this
3	5 5	ver factor by performing a rotating autotune (see Autotune (Pr 00.038),
below).		

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the motor Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Pr 00.038 {05.012} Auto-tune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test
 measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At
 Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Control Mode later in this
 table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into
 Pr 00.009. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34) and a
 run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Motor Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminals 31 & 34, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

Pr 00.041 {05.014} Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency*, and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Motor Rated Power Factor*, *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and current at *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr **00.038** *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

(0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.

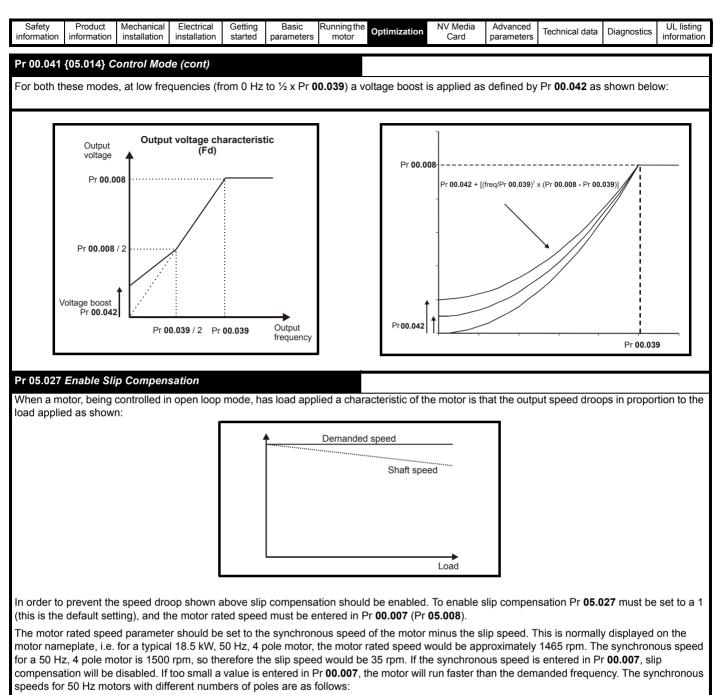
(3) **Ur_Auto=** The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Control Mode* (00.041) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Control Mode* (00.041), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

Fixed boost

The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr **00.042**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

(2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (00.039), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.

(5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (00.039), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.



2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

	Getting Basic started parameters	Running the motor Optimiza	tion NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
.1.2 RFC-A mode							1	
nduction motor without Position feedb	ack							
Pr 00.006 {05.007} Motor Rated Current			the maximum m					
 The motor rated current parameter must be se Current limits (see section 8.3 <i>Current limit</i>) Motor thermal overload protection (see sec Vector control algorithm 	ts on page 79, for	more information).				ised in the f	ollowing:	
Pr 00.008 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage		Defines	the voltage app	lied to the	motor at rate	ed frequenc	ÿ	
Pr 00.039 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency		Defines	the frequency a	t which rat	ed voltage is	applied		
The <i>Motor Rated Voltage</i> (00.008) and the <i>Mot</i> (Pr 00.039) are used to define the voltage to fr applied to the motor (see <i>Control Mode</i> (00.04 motor rated frequency is also used in conjuncti speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compe <i>Speed</i> (00.007), later in this table).	eristic ble). The r rated	Pr 00.008						
Pr 00.007 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed		Defines	the full load rate	o boors he	f the motor			
Pr 00.040 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles			the number of n					
The motor rated speed and motor rated freque	ncy are used to d	etermine the full loa	d slip of the moto	or which is u	used by the ve	ector control	algorithr	
Incorrect setting of this parameter has the follo	wing effects:							
 Reduced efficiency of motor operation Reduction of maximum torque available fro Reduced transient performance Inaccurate control of absolute torque in tor The nameplate value is normally the value for nameplate value is inaccurate. A fixed value ca 	que control mode a hot motor; howe	ever, some adjustm	ent may be requi	red when th	ne drive is cor	nmissioned	if the	
When Pr 00.040 is set to 'Auto', the number of <i>Rated Speed</i> (00.007).	motor poles is au	tomatically calculat	ed from the Moto	or Rated Fre	equency (00.0	039), and the	e Motor	
Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Freque	ncy (00.039 / Mot	or Rated Speed (00	0.007) rounded to	the neares	st even numbe	er.		
Pr 00.009 {5.10} Motor Rated Power Factor		Defines	the angle betwe	en the mo	tor voltage a	nd current		
The power factor is the true power factor of the to zero then the power factor is used in conjunc and magnetising currents of the motor, which is not used by the drive, but is continuously wri	ction with the Mot	or Rated Current (0	0.006) and other	motor para	meters to cal	culate the ra	ated activ	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Pr 00.038 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and an inertia measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.038 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then
 performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the
 frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation
 breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information
 only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set
 Pr 00.038 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 32) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Frequency loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. During the inertia measurement test motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to a speed of *Motor Rated Speed* (05.008) / 4, and this speed is maintained at this level for 60 seconds. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) is measured. If the required speed is not achieved on the final attempt the test is aborted and an Autotune trip is initiated. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the SAFE TORQUE OFF signal from terminal 31 & 34, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

{04.013} / {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.038**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

Frequency Loop Gains (00.065 {03.010}, Pr 00.066 {03.011}

The frequency loop gains control the response of the frequency controller to a change in frequency demand. The frequency controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the frequency controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled.

Frequency Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a frequency error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual frequencies. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the frequency error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by numerical quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Frequency Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent frequency regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any frequency error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the frequency to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain, the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012 and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the frequency controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

Gain Change Threshold, Pr 03.017

If the Frequency Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 2, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used while the modulus of the frequency demand is less than the value held by Gain Change Threshold (03.017), else gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) will be used.

Tuning the frequency loop gains:

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the frequency feedback.

Give the drive a step change in frequency reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

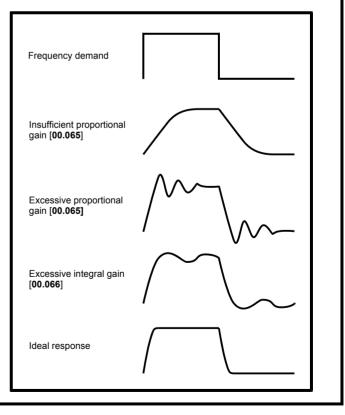
The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value

should be increased up to the point where the frequency overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the frequency becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response approaches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Card	parameters			information

8.2 Maximum motor rated current

The maximum motor rated current is the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032).

The values for the Heavy Duty rating can be found in section 2.2 *Ratings* on page 10.

8.3 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters for size 1 to 4 is:

- 165 % x motor rated current for open loop mode
- 175 % x motor rated current for RFC-A

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
 Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen

operation The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.4 Motor thermal protection

A time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses] Where:

Load related losses = $I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated})^2$

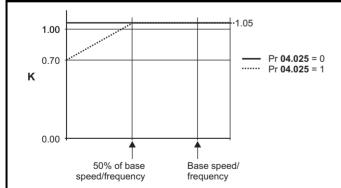
Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I_{Rated} = Motor Rated Current (05.007)

If Motor Rated Current (05.007) \leq Maximum Heavy Duty Current (11.032)





If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while them drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr **05.007** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 04.015) is 179 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 120 s from cold.

8.5 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **05.018** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

Drive size	Model	0.667	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 k Hz	12 kHz	16 kHz
1 2 3	All	~	~	~	~	✓	✓	✓	~	~
4										

If switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 11.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 150.
- 2. Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

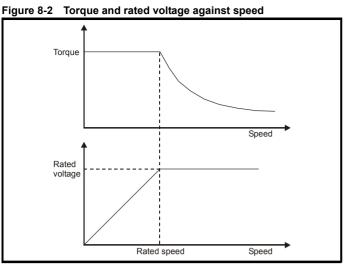
Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	0.667 1 kHz	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A
Level 1	250 μs	167 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 125 μs 16 kHz = 125 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2		250	μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3		1 m	IS	Voltage	controller
Level 4		4 m	IS	Time critical	user interface
Background					critical user erface

8.5.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr **05.029**, Pr **05.030**, Pr **05.062** and Pr **05.063**) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.5.2 Maximum frequency

In all operating modes the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

8.5.3 Over-modulation (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr **05.020** (Over-modulation enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

- To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,
- or
- In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the installation installation started started parameters motor Optimization Optimization Optimization	a Diagnostics UL info	JL listing formation
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9 NV Media Card

9.1 Introduction

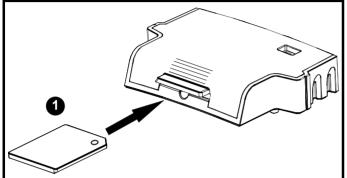
The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up and drive cloning using an SD card.

The SD card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets

The NV Media Card (SD card) is located in the Al-Backup Adaptor. The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

Figure 9-1 Installation of the SD card



Installing the SD card

NOTE

A flat bladed screwdriver or similar tool is required in order to insert / remove the SD card fully into the Al-Backup Adaptor.

Before inserting / removing the SD card into / from the Al-Backup Adaptor, the Al-Backup Adaptor must be removed from the drive.

9.2 SD card support

An SD memory card can be inserted in the Al-Backup Adaptor in order to transfer data to the drive, however the following limitations should be noted:

If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.

If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.

If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply as described later.

No checking is possible to determine if the source and target product types are the same, and so no warning is given if they are different.

If an SD card is used then the drive will recognise the following file types through the drive parameter interface.

File Type	Description
Parameter file	A file that contains all clonable user save parameters from the drive menus (1 to 30) in difference from default format
Macro file	The same as a parameter file, but defaults are not loaded before the data is transferred from the card

These files can be created on a card by the drive and then transferred to any other drive including derivatives. If the Drive Derivative (11.028) is different between the source and target drives then the data is transferred but a {C.Pr} trip is initiated.

It is possible for other data to be stored on the card, but this should not be stored in the <MCDF> folder and it will not be visible via the drive parameter interface.

9.2.1 Changing the drive mode

If the source drive mode is different from the target drive mode then the mode will be changed to the source drive mode before the parameters are transferred. If the required drive mode is outside the allowed range for the target then a {C.typ} trip is initiated and no data is transferred.

9.2.2 Different voltage ratings

If the voltage rating of the source and target drives is different then all parameters except those that are rating dependent (i.e. attribute RA=1) are transferred to the target drive. The rating dependent parameters are left at their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory a {C.rtg} trip is given as a warning. The table below gives a list of the rating dependent parameters.

Parameters

Parameters
Standard Ramp Voltage (02.008)
Motoring Current Limit (04.005)
M2 Motoring Current Limit (21.027)
Regenerating Current Limit (04.006)
M2 Regenerating Current Limit (21.028)
Symmetrical Current Limit (04.007)
M2 Symmetrical Current Limit (21.029)
User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)
Motor Rated Current (05.007)
M2 Motor Rated Current (21.007)
Motor Rated Voltage (05.009)
M2 Motor Rated Voltage (21.009)
Motor Rated Power Factor (05.010)
M2 Motor Rated Power Factor (21.010)
Stator Resistance (05.017)
M2 Stator Resistance (21.012)
Maximum Switching Frequency (05.018)
Transient Inductance /Ld (05.024)
M2 Transient Inductance /Ld (21.014)
Stator Inductance (05.025)
M2 Stator Inductance (21.024)
Injection Braking Level (06.006)
Supply Loss Detection Level (06.048)

9.2.3 Different option modules fitted

If the option module ID code (15.001) is different for any option module installed to the source drive compared to the destination drive, then the parameters for the set-up for that option module are not transferred, but and are instead set to their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory, a {C.OPt} trip is given as a warning.

ſ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

9.2.4 Different current ratings

If any of the current rating parameters (Maximum Heavy Duty Rating (11.032), Maximum Rated Current (11.060) or Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)) are different between the source and target then all parameters are still written to the target drive, but some may be limited by their allowed range. To give similar performance in the target compared to the source drive the frequency and current controller gains are modified as shown below. Note that this does not apply if the file identification number is larger than 500.

Gains	Multiplier
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)] /
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2 (03.013)	
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2 (03.014)	
M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp (21.017)	
M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki (21.018)	
Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc
Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014)	(11.061)] /
M2 Current Controller Kp Gain (21.022)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
M2 Current Controller Ki Gain (21.023)	

9.2.5 Different variable maximums

It should be noted that if ratings of the source and target drives are different, it is possible that some parameters with variable maximums may be limited and not have the same values as in the source drive.

9.2.6 Macro files

Macro files are created in the same way as parameter files except that *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) must be set to 1 before the file is created on the NV media card. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is set to zero after the file has been created or the transfer fails. When a macro file is transferred to a drive the drive mode is not changed even if the actual mode is different to that in the file and defaults are not loaded before the parameters are copied from the file to the drive.

9.3 NV Media Card parameters

Table 9-1 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.	036	NV Media	a Card Fi	le Previou	usly Loaded
RO	Num		NC	PT	
¢		0 to 999		⇒	0

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11.037		NV Media Card File Number							
RW	Num								
\Im		0 to 999		\hat{T}		0			

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039**.

11.	038	NV Medi	a Card Fi	le Type	
RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$		0 to 2		⇒	0

Displays the type of data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file

11.	039	NV Medi	a Card Fi	le Versior	ı
RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
ţ		0 to 9999		₽	0

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11.042		Parameter Cloning							
RW	Txt		NC			US*			
ţ	```	0), Read (′ 2), Auto (3 Boot (4)	. 0	⊳		0			

9.4 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12.4 *Trips, Sub-trip numbers* on page 165 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
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10 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*. This guide can be viewed at : http://www.controltechniques.com.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter reference guide*.

Table 10-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
-	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**

** Only displayed when the option module is installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 10-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

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	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Running the		NV Media	Advanced			UL listina
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		allering				p an an notor o			2314			1	addition

Table 10-3 Feature look-up table

Features	Related parameters (Pr)												
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.011 t	to 02.019	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002						
Analog I/O	Menu 7												
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064	
Analog input 2	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.014		07.031	07.052	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068	
Analog output 1	07.019	07.020			07.055	07.099							
Analog reference 1	01.036	07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064
Analog reference 2	01.037	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.032	07.031	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068
Application menu	Men	u 18			Men	u 20							
At frequency indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009	10.006	10.005	10.007							
Auto reset	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001									
Autotune	05.012		05.017		05.024	05.025	05.010	05.029	05.030	05 062	05 063	05.059	05 060
Binary sum	09.029	09.030	09.031	09.032	09.033	09.034	00.010	00.020	00.000	00.002	00.000	00.000	00.000
Bipolar reference	01.010	00.000	00.001	00.002	00.000	00.004							
Brake control	12.040 to	12 047		12.050	12.051								
Braking	12.040 10	10.010	10.030	12.050	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
-	06.009	05.040	10.030	10.031	00.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Catch a spinning motor		03.040											
Coast to stop	06.001	44.007											
Comms	11.023 to												
Copying	11.042		to 11.039										
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026		06.027						
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004		04.020		04.024	04.026		10.009		
Current limits	04.005	04.006	04.007	04.018	04.015	04.019	04.016	05.007	05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.0211	to 02.029	02.004	02.035 t	o 02.037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital I/O T10	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031	08.081	08.091	08.121						
Digital Input T11	08.002	08.012	08.022		08.082	08.122							
Digital Input T12	08.003	08.013	08.023		08.083	08.123				1		1	
Digital input T13	08.004	08.014	08.024	08.084	08.124								
Digital input T14	08.005	08.015	08.025		08.035	08.085	08.125						
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002	08.003	08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.028	08.008	08.018	10.036	10.040	<u> </u>						
Dynamic performance	05.026						<u> </u>						
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable	06.015				06.038					<u> </u>			
Estimated frequency	03.002	03.003	03.004										
External trip	10.032												
Fan speed	06.045												
Field weakening - induction motor	05.029	05.030	01.006	05.028	05.062	05.063							
		1	L		1			1	1	1	1	1	

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Firmware version	11.(029	11.035	5														
Frequency controller	03.0)10 to	03.017															
Frequency reference	01.0)14	01.015	5														
selection					04.4	02.04	-	00.04	~	00.047	02.040							
Frequency slaving	03.0		03.013		014	03.01	5	03.01	ю	03.017	03.018							
Hard frequency reference Heavy duty rating	ce 03.0		11.032															
High stability space vect	or		11.032	-														
modulation	05.0	019																
I/O sequencer	06.0	004	06.030	06.0	031	06.03	2	06.03	3	06.034	06.042	06.043	06.041					
Inertia compensation	02.0)38	05.012	2 04.0	022	03.01	8											
Jog reference	01.0	005	02.019		029													
Keypad reference	01.0		01.014		043	01.05	51	06.01	2	06.013								
Limit switches	06.0		06.036															
Line power supply loss	06.0		10.015			05.00												
Logic function 1	09.0		09.004			09.00		09.00		09.008	09.009	09.010						
Logic function 2	09.0	002	09.014	09.0	015	09.01	6	09.01	7	09.018	09.019	09.020						
Maximum frequency	01.0	006																
Menu 0 set-up						Menu	22											
Minimum frequency	01.0		10.004															
Motor map	05.0	006	05.007			05.00	9	05.01	0	05.011								
Motor map 2	Men	u 21		11.	.45													
Motorized potentiometer	r 09.0)21	09.022	2 09.0	023	09.02		09.02	5	09.026	09.027	09.028	09.003					
NV media card	11.0)36 to	11.039			11.04	2											
Offset reference	01.0		01.038		009													
Open loop vector mode	05.0	014	05.017															
Operating mode			11.031			05.01												
Output	05.0		05.002	2 05.0	003	05.00	94											
Over frequency threshol																		
Over modulation enable																		
PID controller	Men																	
Power up parameter	11.0																	
Preset speeds	01.0		01.02	1 to 01.0	028					01.014	01.042	01.045 t	o 01.047		01.050	<u> </u>		
Programmable logic	Mer		00.00		0.0.1			00.00		10.000	40.001	40.000					-	
Ramp (accel / decel) mo			02.008			02.00		02.00		10.030	10.031	10.039					-	
Reference selection	01.0		01.015			01.05		01.00		00.004	00.000	10.010	10.000	10.040				
Regenerating	10.0		10.011			10.03	51	06.00	11	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040				
Relay output	08.0		08.018	8 08.0	028	40.00		10.00	5	10.000	10.001							
Reset RFC mode	10.0	133				10.03		10.03	ci	10.036	10.001						\dashv	
		006	00.007	,		05.04	.0											
S ramp	02.0		02.007						-								-	
Sample rates	05.0		11 0 4														\dashv	
Security code	11.0		11.044													<u> </u>	-	
Serial comms			01.027		024	01.00	2	01.00	2	01 024	01.025						-	
Skip references	01.0		01.030		031	01.03	2	01.03	5	01.034	01.035					<u> </u>	-	
Slip compensation Status word	05.0		00.008	,													-	
	10.0	J 4 U	05.005	5 06.0	046		-+		-								-	
Supply	05 (110	05.008			07.03	5		-								-	
Switching frequency	05.0	010	00.035	07.0	034	07.03	0											

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Thermal protection - drive	05.018	05.035	07.004	4 07.0	05			07.035	10.018					
Thermal protection - motor	04.015	05.007	04.01	9 04.0	016 04.0	25		08.035						
Thermistor input			08.03	5 07.0	047 07.0	50								
Threshold detector 1	12.001	12.003	to 12.00	7										
Threshold detector 2	12.002	12.023	to 12.02	7										
Time - filter change	06.019	06.018	06.02	1 06.0	022 06.0	23								
Time - powered up log	06.020			06.0	019 06.0	017 0	06.018							
Time - run log				06.0	019 06.0)17 C	06.018							
Torque	04.003	04.026	05.03	2										
Torque mode	04.008	04.011												
Trip detection	10.037	10.038	10.02	0 to 10.0	29									
Trip log	10.020 to	0 10.029		10.0	41 to 10.0	60			10.070 t	o 10.0	79			
Under voltage	05.005	10.016	10.01	5										
V/F mode	05.015	05.014												
Variable selector 1	12.008 to	0 12.016												
Variable selector 2	12.028 to	0 12.036												
Voltage controller	05.031													
Voltage mode	05.014	05.017		05.0)15									
Voltage rating	11.033	05.009	05.00	5										
Voltage supply		06.046	05.00	5										
Warning	10.019	10.012	10.01	7 10.0	18 10.0	40								
Zero frequency indicator bit	03.005	10.003												

Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_\	/OLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage			
Units	V				
Range of [MIN]	0				
Range of [MAX] 0 to the value listed below					
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is	s drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4			
Demnition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] =	0			

VM_AC_VO	TAGE_SET Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

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	VM_ACCEL_RATE	Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters					
Units	s / 100 Hz						
Range of [MIN]	0.0 to 3200.0						
Range of [MAX	f [MAX] 0.0 to 3200.0						
Definition	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] :	= 3200.0 9) = 1: = 3200.0 x Pr 01.006 / 100.00					

	VM_DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed	1 below
Definition		[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is dependent. See Table 10-4 [MIN] = 0

VM_DC_	VOLTAGE_SET	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed be	low
Definition		ET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SE	T[MIN] = 0

VM_DF		Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	-9999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	Scale Current Kc (1 ⁻	,
	VM_DRIVE_CURRE	ENT[MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CU	JRRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00

VM_HIGH	DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500	
Definition		TAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement he voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. TAGE[MIN] = 0

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	R1_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters			
Units	%			
Range of [MIN]	0.0			
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0			
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0			
	Open-loop			
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 %			
	Where:			
	I _{Tlimit} = I _{MaxRef} x cos(sin ⁻¹ (I _{Mrated} / I _{MaxRef}))			
	I _{Mrated} = Pr 05.007 sin φ			
	I _{Trated} = Pr 05.007 x cos φ			
	$\cos \phi = \Pr 05.010$			
	I _{MaxRef} is 0.7 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).			
Definition	RFC-A			
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 %			
	Where:			
	I _{Tlimit} = I _{MaxRef} x cos(sin ⁻¹ (I _{Mrated} / I _{MaxRef}))			
	$I_{Mrated} = Pr \ 05.007 \times \cos \phi_1$			
	ITrated = Pr 05.007 x sin ϕ_1			
	ϕ_1 = cos-1 (Pr 05.010) + ϕ_2 . ϕ_1 is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculation in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding ϕ_2 .			
	I _{MaxRef} is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).			
	For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use Pr 21.007 instead of Pr 05.007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010 .			

	TIVE_REF_CLAMP1 TIVE_REF_CLAMP2	Lir	nits applied to the negative frequency or	speed clamp
Units	Hz			
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00			
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00			
Definition	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]
	0	0	0.00	Pr 01.006
	0	1	0.00	0.00
	1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX]	0.00
	1 VM_NEGATIVE_		-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX] P2 is defined in the same way except that	

VM_POSITIVE	REF_CLAMP Limits applied to the positive frequency or speed reference clamp
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	550.00
Definition	In all modes VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX] is fixed at 550.00 In all modes VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MIN] is fixed at 0.0

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VM_FREQ_	UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_FREQ	
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC-A: 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC-A: 0.00 to 550.00	
Definition	VM_FREQ_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_FREQ[MAX]	
	VM_FREQ_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00	

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 999.99	
		(I) is rating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive output voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor.
Definition	VM_POWER[MA)	$x = \sqrt{3} \times VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] \times VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000$
	VM_POWER[MIN] = -VM_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [M/	AX] = <i>Maximum Rated Current</i> (11.060) and is dependent on the drive rating.
	VM_RATED_CURRENT [M	N] = 0.00

	VM_FREQ	Range applied to parameters showing frequency
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00	
		nimum/maximum defines the range of frequency monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for over- is set to twice the range of the frequency references.
Definition	VM_FREQ[MAX] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	VM_FREQ[MIN]	= 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]

VM_SPE	ED_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00	
Definition	If Pr 01.008 = 0: VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 If Pr 01.008 = 1: VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger. If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instea Pr 01.007. VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].	

VM_SPEED_FREG	REF_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00

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VM_SPEED_FF	REQ_USER_REFS Range applied to some Menu 1 reference parameters							
Units	Hz							
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00							
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00							
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	_REFS[MAX] = VM_S	PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]					
	0	0	Pr 01.007					
	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	1	0	0.00					
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	If the second motor map is s	selected (Pr 11.045 = 7) Pr 21.002 is used instead of Pr 01.007 .					

VM_STD_U	INDER_VOLTS	Range applied the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		/OLTS[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET /OLTS[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4

VM_SUPPLY	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4

VM_TO	RQUE_CURRENT	Range applied to torque and torque producing current parameters				
Units	%					
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0					
	Select Mote	or 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]			
Definition		0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]			
		1 VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MA>				
	VM TORQUE CURR	RENT[MIN] = -VM TORQUE CURF	RENTIMAX1			

VM_TORQUE_CU	RRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0

VM_USER_	CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition		AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)
	VM_USER_CURRENT[MI	N] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX]

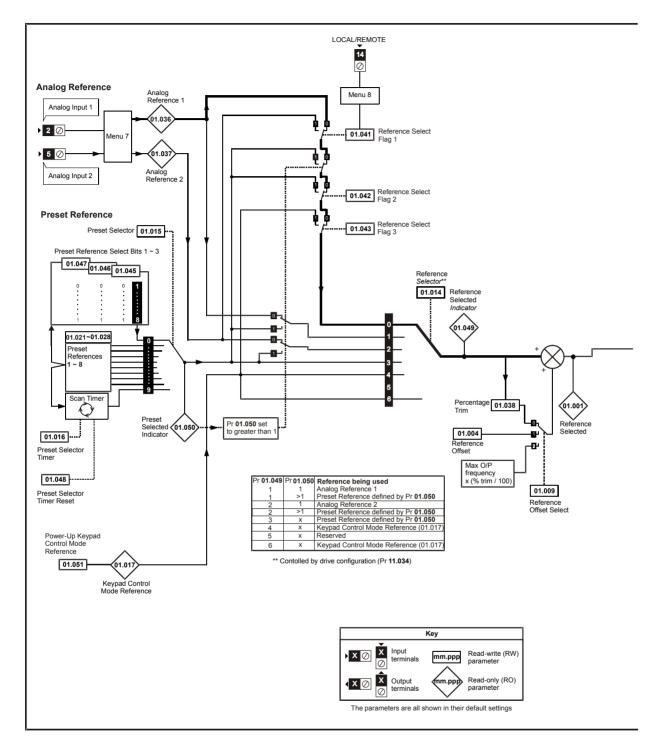
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Table 10-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

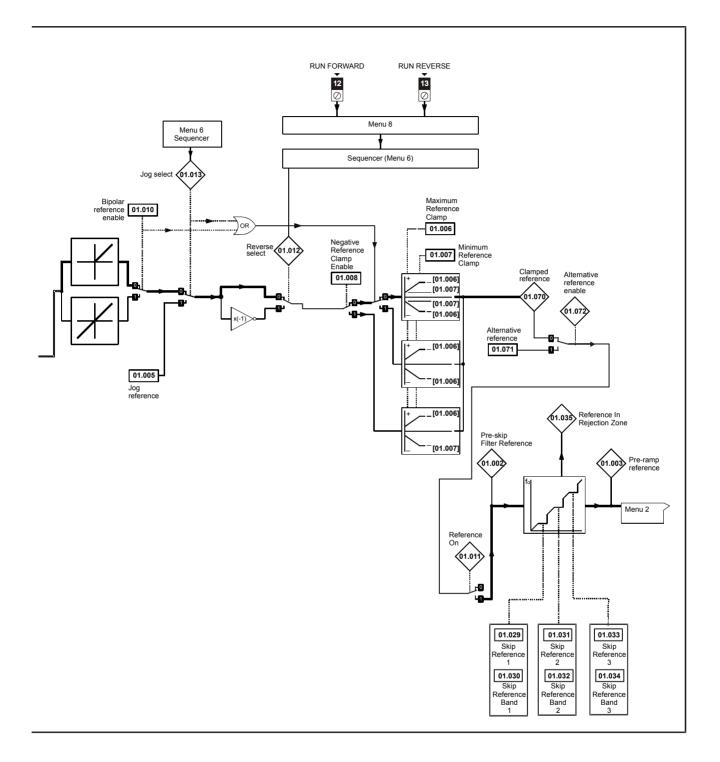
Variable min/max	Voltage level (V)								
	100V 200 V		400 V	575 V	690 V				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	4	10	800	955	1150				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX]	4	15	830	990	1190				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	24	40	480	575	690				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	3	25	650	780	930				
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175		175		175		330	435	435
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL{MIN]	205		410	540	540				
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	15	500		1500					

10.1 Menu 1: Frequency reference

Figure 10-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
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Safety information		Getting Basic Runningthe Optimization started		vanced ameters	chnical d	lata Di	agnos		UL lis nform	
	Domono etc. n	Range (‡)	Defau	lt (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
01.001	Reference Selected	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
01.002	Pre-skip Filter Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
01.003	Pre-ramp Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
01.004	Reference Offset	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.00 to 300.00 Hz	1.50	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP Hz	50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1 Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off ((0)	RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offset Select	0 to 2	0		RW	Num				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off ((0)	RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.013	Jog Select	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr (1), A2.Pr (2), PrESEt (3), PAd (4), rES (5), PAd.rEF (6)	A1.A2	2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
01.015	Preset Selector	0 to 9	0		RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Timer	0 to 400.0 s	10.0	Ds	RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS Hz	0.00	Hz	RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Reference 1	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.023	Preset Reference 3	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.00 to VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_ UNIPOLAR Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.00 to 25.00 Hz	0.50	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.00 to VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_ UNIPOLAR Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.00 to 25.00 Hz	0.50	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.00 to VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_ UNIPOLAR Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.00 to 25.00 Hz	0.50	Hz	RW	Num				US
	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+
	Analog Reference 1	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS Hz	0.00	Hz	RO	Num		NC		+
	Analog Reference 2	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS Hz	0.00	Hz	RO	Num		NC		+
	Percentage Trim	<u> </u>	0.00		RW	Num		NC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Reference Select Flag 1	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		\square
	Reference Select Flag 2	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		1
	Reference Select Flag 3	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		+
	Preset Select Flag 1	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		+
	Preset Select Flag 2	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (RW	Bit		NC		+
	Preset Select Flag 3	Off (0) or On (1)	Off ((0)	RW	Bit		NC		+
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off ((0)	RW	Bit		NC		1
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator	1 to 6			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator	1 to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01051	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	rESEt (0), LASt (1), PrESEt (2)	rESE	t (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Force Reference Direction	None (0), For (1), rEv (2)	None	: (0)	RW	Txt				+
	Reference in rpm	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF rpm		~ /	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
	Clamped Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
	Alternative Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num		NC	PT	+
	Alternative Reference Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	0.00		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+

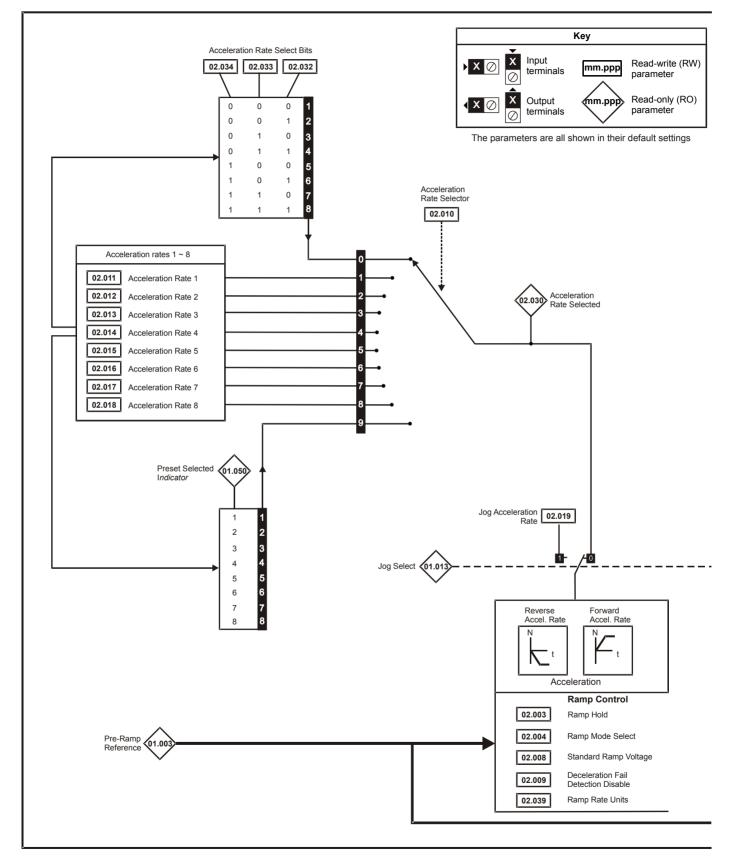
		afety mation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

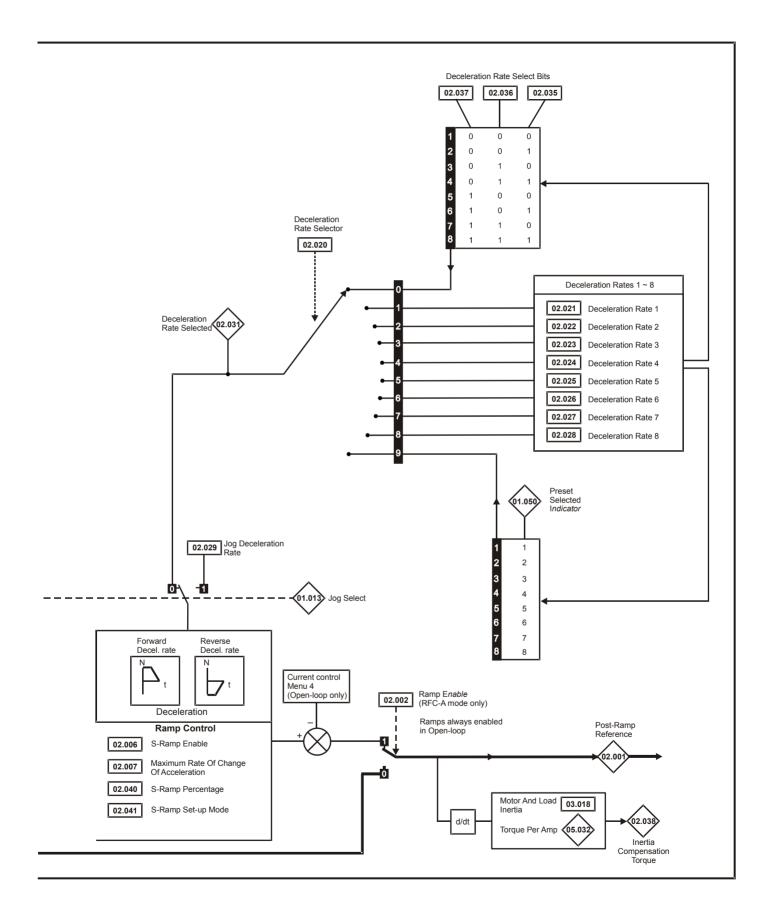
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization	NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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10.2 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 10-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical uata	Diagnostics	information

		Rang	je (\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)	Т		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	±VM_SPEED	FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.002	Ramp Enable		_ Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
02.003	Ramp Hold	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off		RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode Select		1), Std.bSt (2), St (3)	Std	(1)	RW	Txt				US
02.005	Disable Ramp Output		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	Off (0) c	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Max Rate Of Change Of Accelera- tion	0.0 to 300.	0 s²/100Hz	3.1 s²/1	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage		LTAGE_SET V	110 V driv 200 V driv 400 V drive 5 400 V drive 6 575 V driv 690 V drive	e: 375 V 0 Hz: 750 V 0 Hz: 775 V e: 895 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	.,	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
	Acceleration Rate Selector		o 9	0		RW	Num				US
		_	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
		-	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
	Acceleration Rate 3	—	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
		—	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
	Acceleration Rate 5	—	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
	Acceleration Rate 6	I	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
	Acceleration Rate 7	—	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8	—	EL_RATE s	5.0		RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Acceleration Rate		EL_RATE s	0.2		RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector		09	0		RW	Num			L	US
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1	-	EL_RATE s	10.0		RW	Num				US
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2	-	EL_RATE s	10.0		RW	Num			 	US
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3	—	EL_RATE s	10.0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US US
02.024 02.025	Deceleration Rate 4 Deceleration Rate 5	—	EL_RATE s EL_RATE s	10.0		RW RW	Num				US
02.025	Deceleration Rate 6	-	-	10.0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
02.026	Deceleration Rate 7	-	EL_RATE s EL_RATE s	10.0		RW	Num Num			<u> </u>	US
02.027	Deceleration Rate 8	_	EL_RATE S	10.0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
	Jog Deceleration Rate	_	EL_RATE s	0.2						──	US
	Acceleration Rate Selected		0 8	0.2	3	RO	Num		NC	PT	03
			0 8			RO	Num		NC		
			or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit	ND	NC	<u> </u>	
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1	. ,	or On (1)	Off	. ,	RW	Bit		NC	├──	
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1		or On (1)	Off		RW	Bit		NC	<u> </u>	——
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2		or On (1)	Off		RW	Bit		NC		
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0		or On (1)	Off		RW	Bit		NC	┝──	
02.000	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1	()	or On (1)	Off	. ,	RW	Bit		NC	├──	
02.038	Inertia Compensation Torque		±1000.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.039	Ramp Rate Units	0 t		0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
02.040	S Ramp Percentage		50.0 %	0.0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode		o 2	0		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
02.042	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 1	0.0 to 300.	0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/1	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.043	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 2	0.0 to 300.	0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/1	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.044	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 3	0.0 to 300.	0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/1	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.045	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 4	0.0 to 300.	0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/1	00 Hz	RW	Num				US

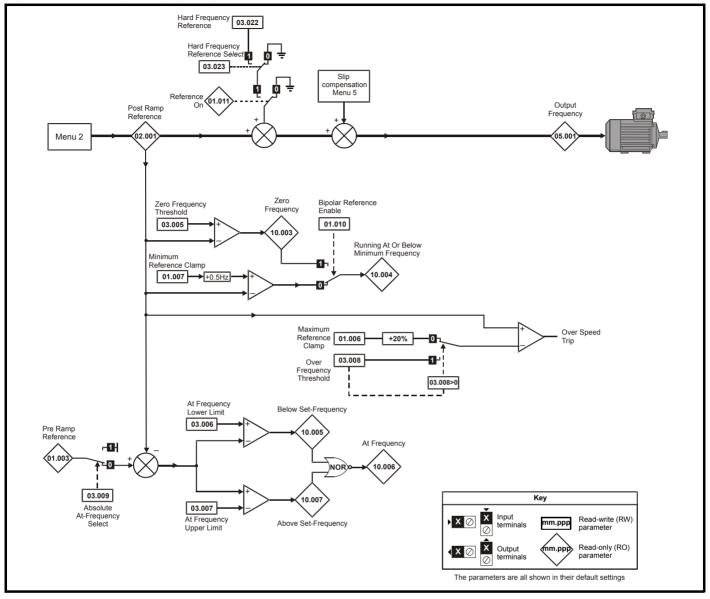
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Information	Information	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Calu	parameters			Information

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.3 Menu 3: Frequency control

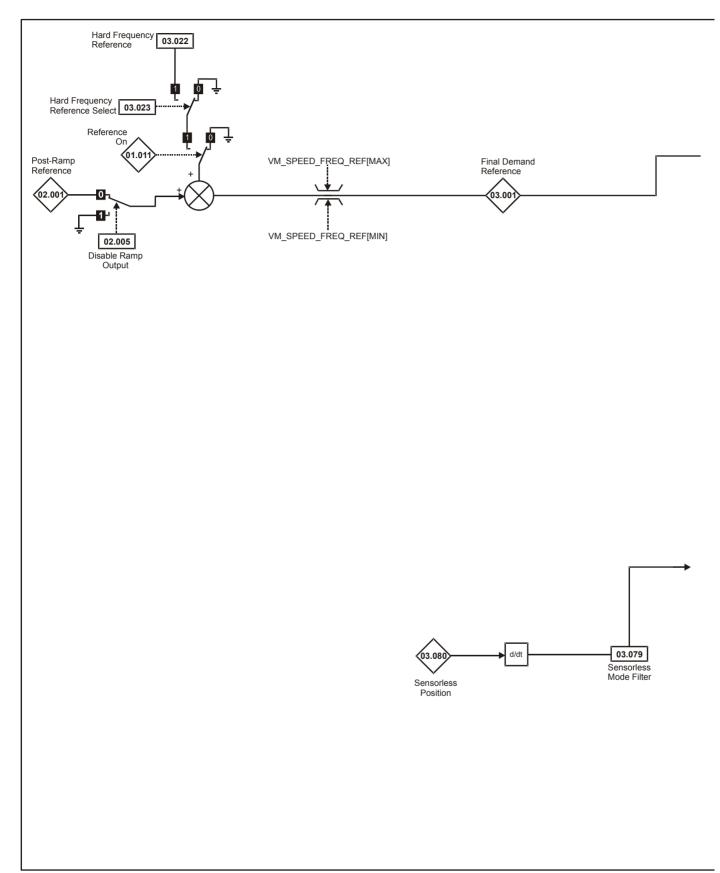
Figure 10-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



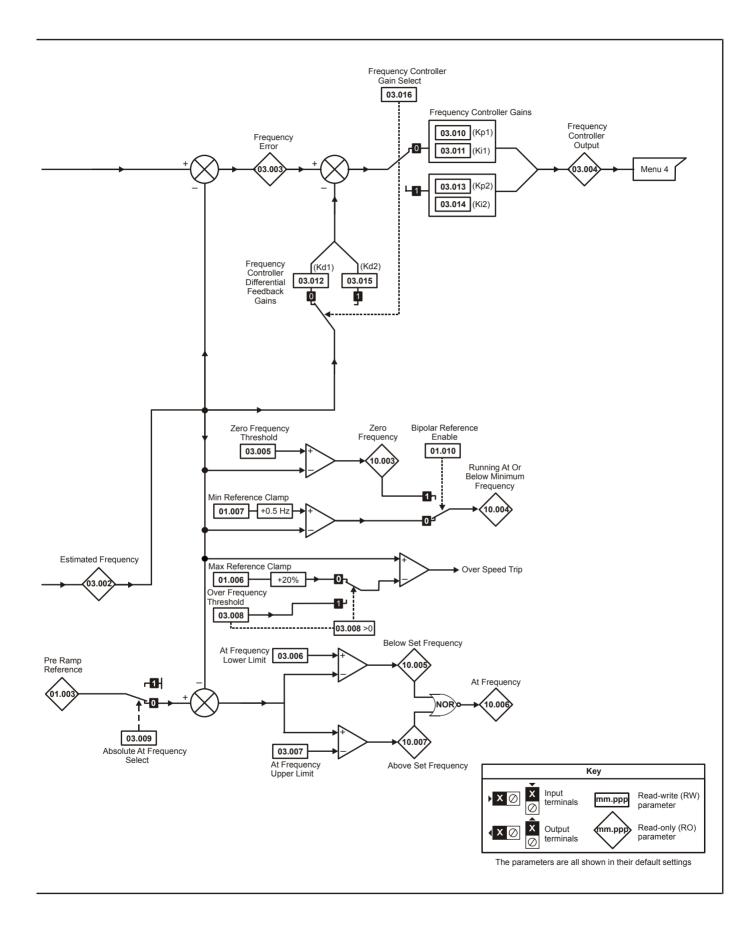
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	optimization	Card	parameters		Diagnostics	information

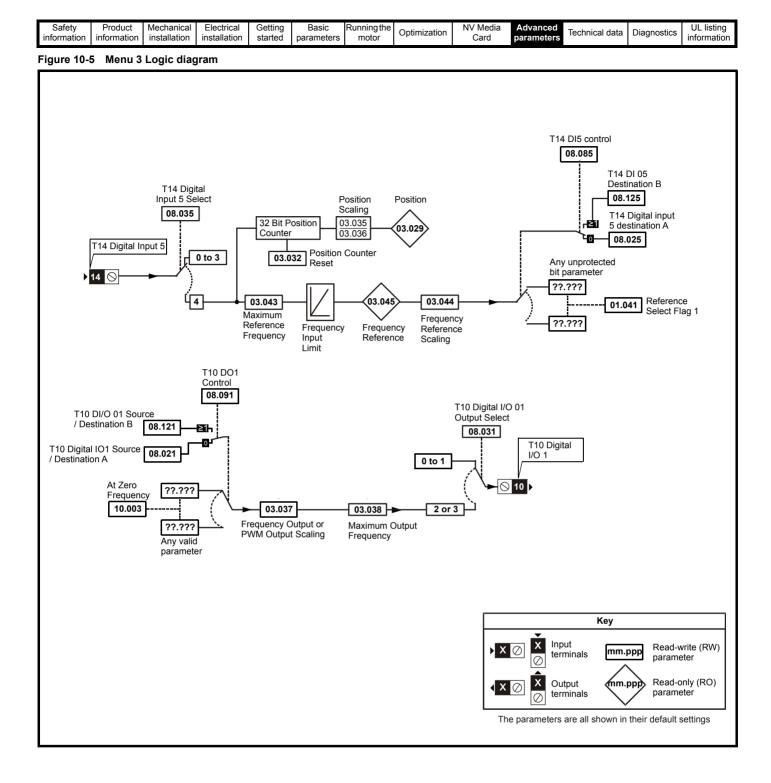
0-6-6-	Decident	Marchandard	Els states el	0	Desis	Description of the se		ND / NAP -	A			LII listing
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL IISUNG
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical uala	Diagnostics	information
				• • • • • •	P							

Figure 10-4 Menu 3 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Safety information information Mechanical Electrical Installation Inst	n NV Media Card parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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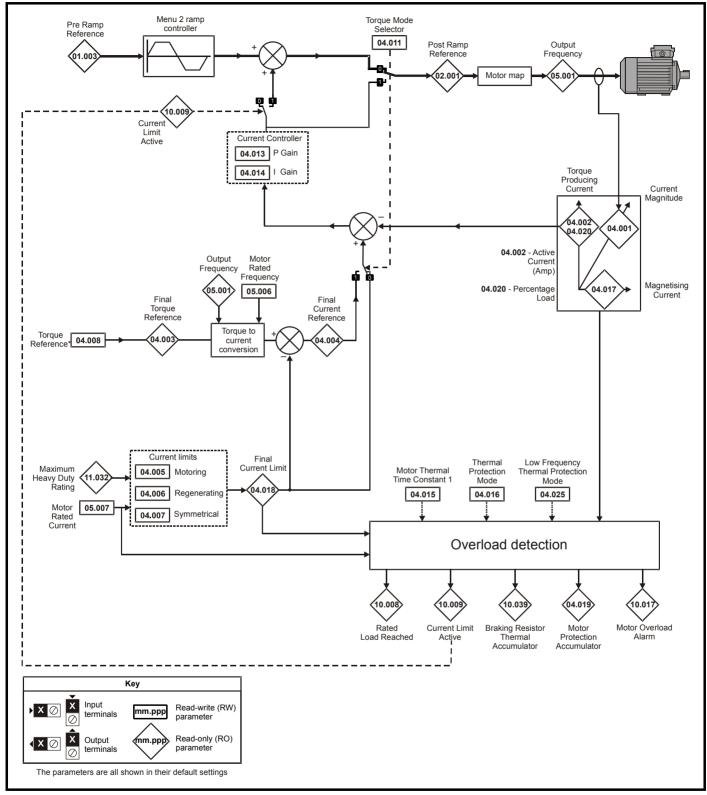
Parameter		R	ange (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)	T						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e			
03.001	Final Demand Reference	±VM	FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.002	Estimated Frequency		±VM_FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.003	Frequency Error		±VM_FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.004	Frequency Controller Output		±VM_TORQUE_ CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.005	Zero Frequency Threshold	0.00	to 20.00 Hz	2.00) Hz	RW	Num				US	
03.006	At Frequency Lower Limit		PEED_FREQ_REF_ POLAR Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US	
03.007	At Frequency Upper Limit		PEED_FREQ_REF_ POLAR Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US	
03.008	Over Frequency Threshold		PEED_FREQ_REF_ POLAR Hz		0 Hz	RW	Num				US	
03.009		Off (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US	
03.010	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US	
03.011	Frequency Controller Integral GainKi1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US	
03.012	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/ rad	RW	Num				US	
03.013	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US	
03.014	Frequency Controller Integral GainKi2		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US	
03.015	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/ rad	RW	Num				US	
03.016	Frequency Controller Gain Select		0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US	
03.017	Gain Change Threshold		0.00 to VM_FREQ_ UNIPOLAR Hz		0.00 Hz	RW	Num				FI	
03.018	Motor and Load Inertia		0.00 to 1000.00 kgm²		0.00 kgm ²	RW	Num				US	
03.022	Hard Frequency Reference	±VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF Hz	0.0) Hz	RW	Num				US	
03.023	Hard Frequency Reference Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit				US	
03.029	Position (T14)	0	to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.032	Position Counter Reset (T14)		0) or On (1)	Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit		NC			
03.035	Position Scaling Numerator (T14)	0.00	00 to 1.000	1.(000	RW	Num				US	
03.036	Position Scaling Denominator (T14)	0.000) to 100.000	1.(000	RW	Num				US	
03.037	Frequency Output or PWM Output Scaling (T10)	0.00	00 to 4.000	1.(000	RW	Num				US	
03.038	Maximum Output Frequency (T10)	1 (0), 2 (1)	, 5 (2), 10 (3) kHz	5 (2)) kHz	RW	Txt				US	
03.043	1 3 ()		o 100.00 kHz	10.0	0 kHz	RW	Num				US	
03.044		0.00	00 to 4.000	1.(000	RW	Num				US	
03.045	Frequency Reference (T14)	0.00	to 100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.047	1 , , , ,	0.00	to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US	
03.048	Drive Reference at Minimum Frequency (T14)	0.00	to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US	
03.049	Two Point Maximum Frequency (T14)	0.00	to 100.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US	
03.050	Drive Reference at Maximum Frequency (T14)	0.00	to 100.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US	
03.072	Motor Speed Percent	±	150.0 %			RO		ND	NC	PT	FI	
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter		4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms		4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US	
03.080	Sensorless Position		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

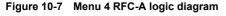
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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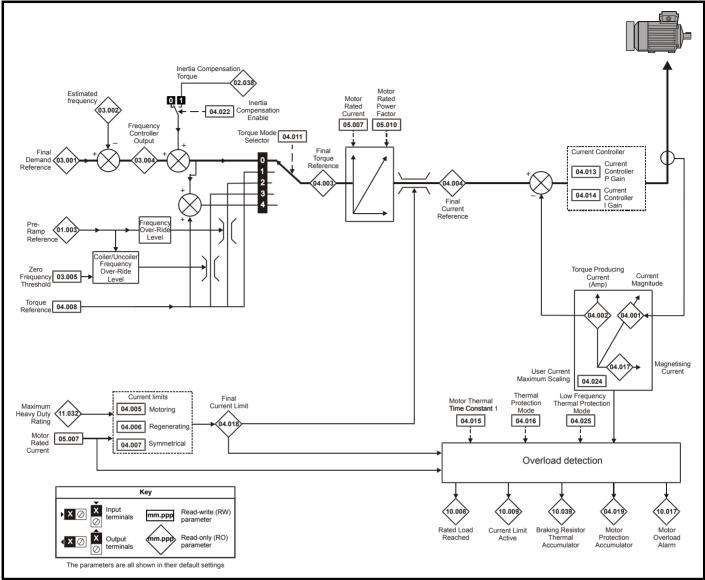
10.4 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 10-6 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram









Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimizal	on NV Media Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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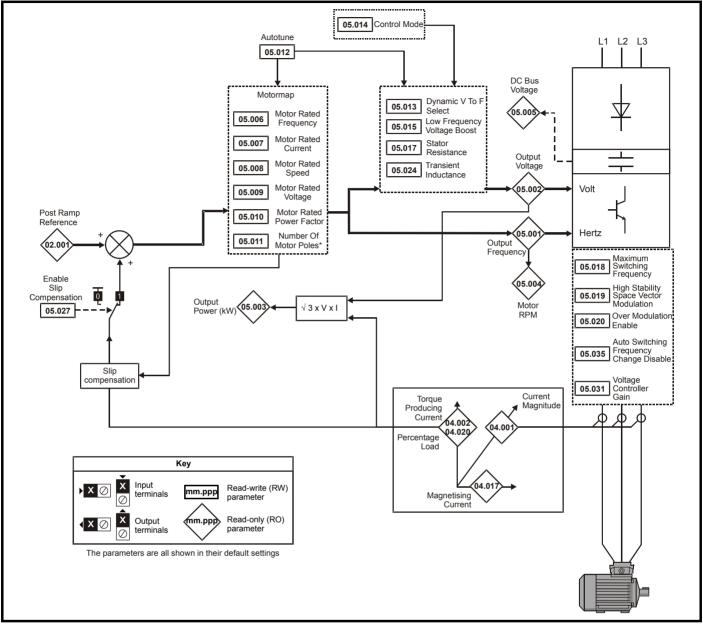
	Parameter	Rang	ge (\$)	Defau	llt (⇔)			Тур			
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			IN			
04.001	Current Magnitude	±VM_DRIVE	_CURRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current		_CURRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	±VM_TORQUE	E_CURRENT %			RO Num ND NC			PT	FI	
04.004	Final Current Reference	—	E_CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit		URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA	US	
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	±VM_USER_	CURRENT %	0.0	%	RW	Num				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 t	o 5	C		RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to	4000.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to	600.000	40.0	000	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 3	3000 s	179	s	RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	0 (0) t	0 3 (3)	0 (0)	RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current	±VM_DRIVE	_CURRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	±VM_TORQUE	_CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 2	100.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	±VM_USER_	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	±VM_TORQUE_CUR	RENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 t	o 1	C)	RW Num				US	
04.026	Percentage Torque	±VM_USER_CURR ENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Pr.dn (0), 0 (1), rEAL t (2)	Pr.dr	ו (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.041	User Over Current Trip Level	0 to 2	100 %	100	%	RW	Num		RA		US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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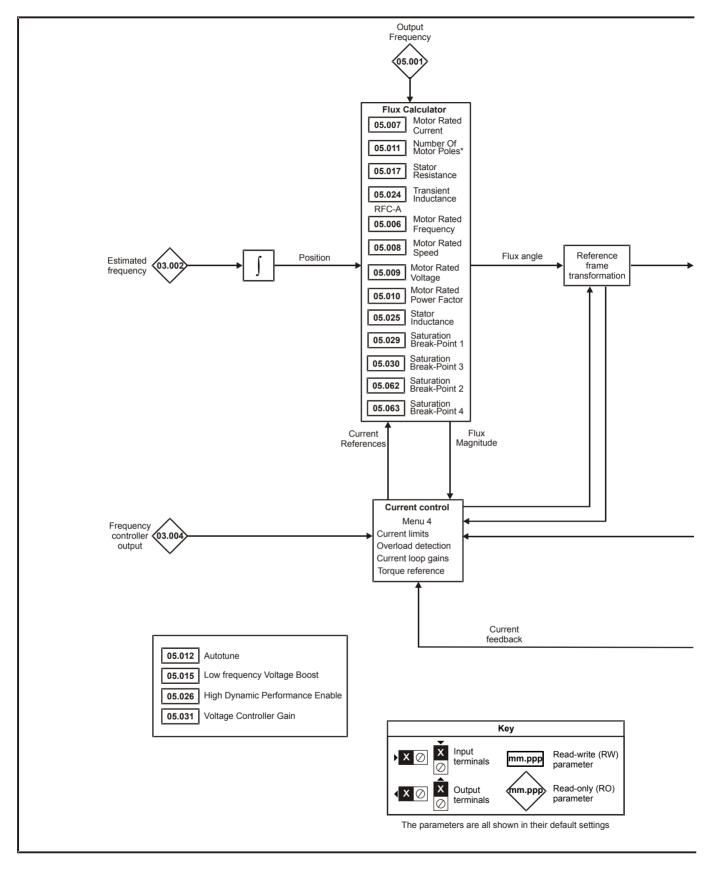
10.5 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 10-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

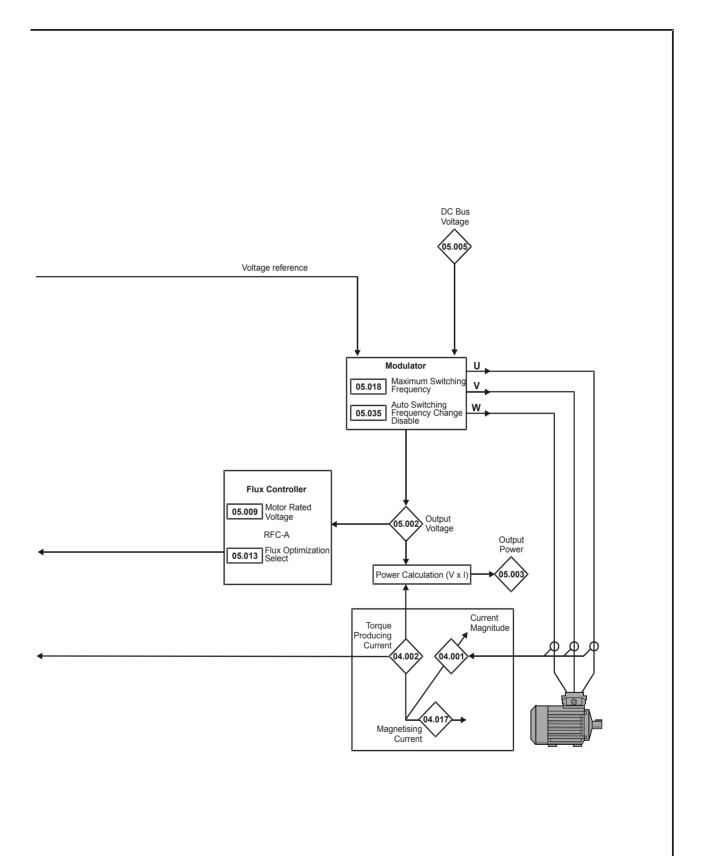


Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization	NV Media Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media	Advanced			UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	information



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	information

		Ran	ge (\$)	Defau	ult (⇔)						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
05.001	Output Frequency	±VM_SPEED_	FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Output Voltage		VOLTAGE V			RO	Num		NC		FI
	Output Power	—	OWER kW			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Motor Rpm		00 rpm			RO	Num			PT	FI
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage		VOLTAGE V			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.006	Motor Rated Frequency	_	ED_FREQ_REF_ PLAR Hz	60.0	0 Hz, 60 Hz: 0 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US
05.007	Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED	_CURRENT A	(11.	vy Duty Rating 032)	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 80	000.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.0 rpm 60 Hz 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
05.009	Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VO	LTAGE_SET V	200V driv 400V drive 400V drive 575V driv	ve: 230 V ve: 230 V 50Hz: 400 V 60Hz: 460 V ve: 575 V ve: 690 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00	to 1.00	0.	85	RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles*	Auto (0)	to 32 (16)	Auto	o (0)	RW	Num				US
05.012	Autotune	0	to 3	(0	RW	Num		NC		
05.013	Dynamic V To F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0	to 1	(0	RW	Num				US
05.014	Control Mode	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5)		Ur.I (4)		RW	Txt				US
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to	50.0 %	3.0) %	RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.0000 to	99.9999 Ω	0.00	00 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	3 (3)) kHz	RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	Over Modulation Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.024	Transient Inductance	0.000 to 5	00.000 mH	0.00	0 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50	000.00 mH	0.00) mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.026	High Dynamic Performance Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	±150.0 %		100.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.028	Flux Control Compensation Disable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain	1 t	o 30		1	RW	Num				US
05.032	Torque Per Amp	0.00 to 50	0.00 Nm/A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.033	Slip Compensation Limit	0.00 to 10.00 Hz		5.00 Hz		RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux		0.0 to 150.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable	0	to 2	(0	RW	Num				US
05.036	Slip Compensation Filter	64 (0), 128 (1), 256 (2), 512 (3) ms		128 (1) ms		RW	Txt				US
	Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.040	Spin Start Boost	0.0 t	o 10.0	1	.0	RW	Num				US

Safety informatior	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced Technological Technol	nical dat	a Diagr	nostics	UL lis	
	Pa	rameter			R	ange (\$)		Defa	ıult (⇔)			Туре		
	Fa	ameter			OL	R	FC-A	OL	RFC-A			Type		
05.042	Reverse Out	put Phase S	Sequence		Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
05.059	Maximum De	adtime Cor	npensation		0.000	to 10.000	μs	0.0	00 µs	RO	Num	NC) PT	US
05 060	Current At Ma Compensatio		adtime		0.00	to 100.00 s	%	0.0	00 %	RO	Num	NC	PT	US
05.061	Disable Dead	Itime Comp	ensation		Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
05.062	Saturation Br	eakpoint 2				0.0 to	0 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.063	Saturation Br	eakpoint 4				0.0 to	0 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.074	Boost End Voltage				0.0	to 100.0 %)	50	.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.075	5 Boost End Frequency				0.0	to 100.0 %		50	.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.076	Second Point	t Voltage			0.0	to 100.0 %		55	0.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.077	Second Point	t Frequency	/		0.0	to 100.0 %		55	i.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.078	Third point vo	oltage			0.0	to 100.0 %		75	i.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.079	Third point fre	equency			0.0	to 100.0 %		75	i.0 %	RW	Num			US
05.080 L	_ow acoustic	noise enab	ole		Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
05.081 s	Change to ma switching free current				Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
05.082	Motor Rated	Power		±VM_POWER kW			0.0	0 kW	RW	Num	R/	1	1	
05.083	Voltage Shelv	ving Disable	э		Off (0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
05.084 L	ow Frequen	cy Slip Boo	ost	0	.0 to 100.0	%		0.0 %		RW	Num			US

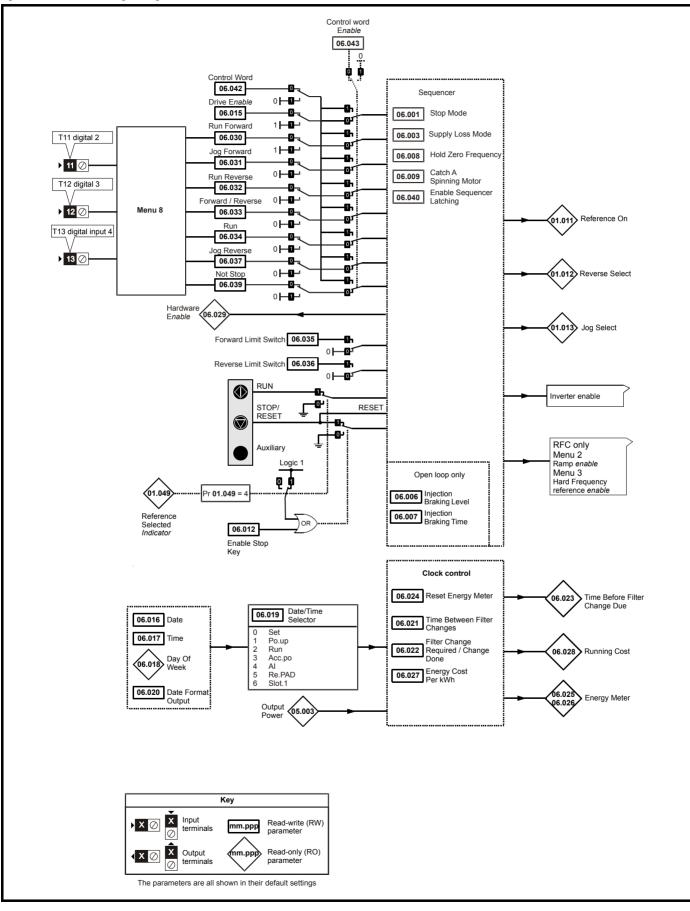
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

* If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
mormation	information	installation	installation	3101100	parameters	motor		Ouru	parameters			intornation

10.6 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 10-10 Menu 6 logic diagram



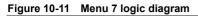
Safety Product Mechanical Electrica information information installation installation		Getting Basic Running the parameters motor Optimization	NV Media Card parameters Tec	chnical c	lata Dia	agnost		UL list nforma	
	Parameter	Range (\$)	Default(⇔)			Тур	e		
		OL RFC-A	OL RFC-A		I				
06.001	Stop Mode	CoASt (0), rP (1), rP.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), diS (5), No.rP (6)	rP (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.002	Limit Switch Stop Mode	StoP (0), rP (1)	rP (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	diS (0), rP.StoP (1), ridE.th (2), Lt.StoP (3)	diS (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.004	Start/Stop Logic Select	0 to 6	50 Hz: 5, 60 Hz: 5	RW	Num				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %	100.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 25.0 s	1.0 s	RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	diS (0), EnAbLE (1), Fr.OnLy (2), rv.OnLy (3)	diS (0)	RW	Txt			-	US
06.010	Enable Conditions	0 to 4087		RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	0 to 127		RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.012	Enable Stop Key	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.013	Enable Auxiliary Key	diS (0), Fd.rv (1), rEv (2)	diS (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.014	Disable Auto Reset On Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	On (1)	RW	Bit		NC		US
	Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99		RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59		RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sun (0), Non (1), tuE (2), UEd (3), thu (4), Fri (5), SAt (6)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	SEt (0), Po.uP (1), run (2), Acc.Po (3), Al (4), rE.PAd (5), SLot.1 (6)	Po.uP (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0), US (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 Hours	0 Hours	RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or On (1)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 Hours		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	±999.9 MWh		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 kWh		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to 600.0	0.0	RW	Num				US
	Running Cost	±32000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	On (1)	RO	Bit		NC		
	Run Forward	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	6	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Run Reverse	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
		Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	⊨	\square
	Forward Limit Switch	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW RW	Bit		NC NC		+
	Reverse Limit Switch Jog Reverse	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0) Off (0)	RW	Bit Bit		NC	┣──	\parallel
	User Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		+
		Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	<u> </u>	+
	•	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			├──	US
	Drive Event Flags	0 to 3	0	RW	Bin		NC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Control Word	0 to 32767	0	RW	Bin		NC	<u> </u>	+
	Control Word Enable	0 to 1	0	RW	Num		NC	<u> </u>	US
		0 to 5	2	RW	Num				US
	Supply Loss Hold Disable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			<u> </u>	US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	FuLL (0), rIPPLE (1), diS (2)	FuLL (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Supply Loss Detection Level	0 to VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL V	110 V drive: 205 V 200 V drive: 205 V 400 V drive: 410 V 575 V drive: 540 V 690 V drive: 540 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Allow Motoring Load	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		

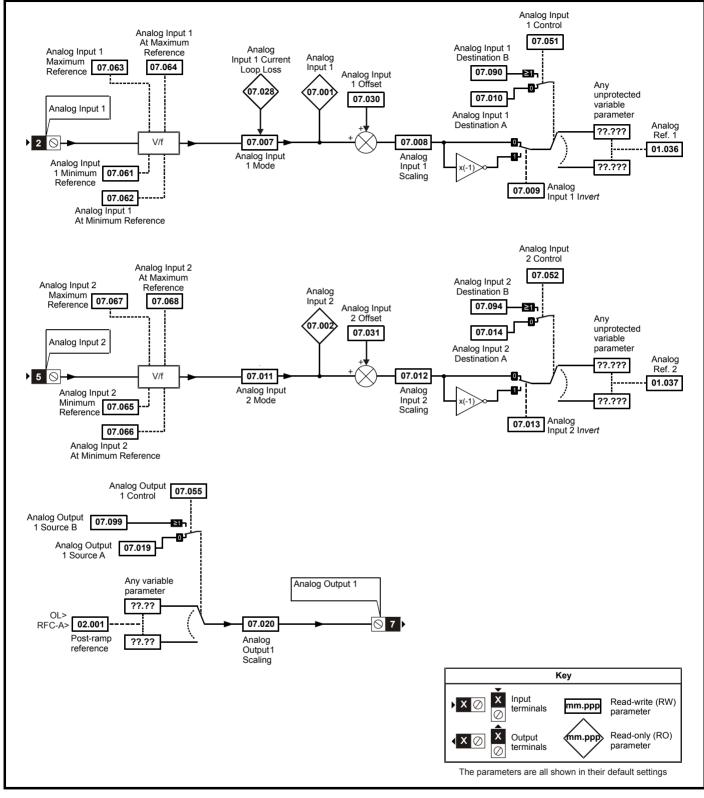
Safety information	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical o	lata Dia	agnosti		UL list Iforma	
	Para	meter				nge (\$)			ault(⇔)			Тур	e		
					OL		FC-A	OL	RFC-A						
06.052	Motor Pre-he		-		0 to	100 %		() %	RW	Num				US
06.059	Output Phas Enable	e Loss Dete	ection		Off (0)	or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.060	Standby Mod	de Enable			Off (0)	or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.061	Standby Mod	de Mask			0	to 15			0	RW	Bin				US
06.071	Slow Rectifie Enable	er Charge R	late		Off (0)	or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.073	Braking IGB	T Lower Th	reshold	0 to	o VM_DC_V	VOLTAGE_	_SET V	200 V d 400 V d 575 V d	rive: 390 V rive: 390 V rive: 780 V rive: 930 V rive: 1120 V	RW	Num				US
06.074	Braking IGB	T Upper Th	reshold	0 to	o VM_DC_V	Voltage <u>-</u>	_SET V	110 V drive: 390 V 200 V drive: 390 V			Num				US
06.075	Low Voltage Threshold	Braking IG	BT	0 to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET V				0 V	RW	Num				US	
06.076	Low Voltage Threshold S		BT	Off (0) or On (1)			0	ff (0)	RW	Bit					
06.077	Low DC Link	Operation			Off (0)	or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.089	DC Injection	Active			Off (0)	or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RO	Bit		NC	PT	US

R W	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.7 Menu 7: Analog I/O





Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runningthe		NV Media	Advanced			UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	information
					•							

	<u> </u>	Rang	e (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	be		
07.001	Analog Input 1 (T2)	±100.				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Analog Input 2 (T5)	0.00 to 1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Stack Temperature	±250				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Auxiliary Temperature	±250	-			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode (T2)	4-20.S (-6), 20-4.S 20-4.L (-3), 4-20.H 0-20 (0), 20-0 (1), 4 (3), 4-20 (4), 20	l (-2), 20-4.H (-1), 4-20.tr (2), 20-4.tr	Vol	-t (6)	RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling (T2)	0.000 to	10.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert (T2)	Off (0) o	. ,	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Analog Input 1 Destination A (T2)	0.000 to	30.999	1.0	036	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Analog Input 2 Mode (T5)	VoLt (6)			_t (6)	RW	Txt				US
	Analog Input 2 Scaling (T5)	0.000 to	10.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 2 Invert (T5)	Off (0) o	.,		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Analog Input 2 Destination A (T5)	0.000 to			037	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Analog Output 1 Source A (T7)	0.000 to			001	RW	Num			PT	US
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling (T7)	0.000 to	40.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
07.026	Analog Input 1 Preset on Current Loss (T2)	4.00 to		4.	.00	RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (T2)	Off (0) o				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Analog Input 1 Offset (T2)	±100.			0 %	RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 2 Offset (T5)	±100.		0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
07.034	Inverter Temperature	±250	O°C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Link Thermal Trip Level	0 to 1	00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level	0 to 1			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	0 to 2				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.046	Thermistor Type	d44081 (0), 84 Pt2000 (3)	. , . ,	d440	81 (0)	RW	Txt				US
07.047	Thermistor Feedback	0 to 40	Ω 000			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to 40	Ω 000	330	Ω 00	RW	Num				US
	Thermistor Reset Threshold	0 to 40		180	Ω 00	RW	Num				US
07.050	Thermistor Temperature	-50 to 3	300 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Analog Input 1 Control (T2)	0 to			0	RW					US
	Analog Input 2 Control (T5)	0 to			0		Num				US
	Analog Output 1 Control (T7)	0 to	-		0	RW					US
07.061	Analog Input 1 Minimum Reference (T2)	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
07.062	Analog Input 1 At Minimum Reference (T2)	±100.	00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
07.063	Analog Input 1 Maximum Reference (T2)	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	100.	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.064	Analog Input 1 At Maximum Reference (T2)	±100.	00 %	100.	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.065	Analog Input 2 Minimum Reference (T5)	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num			1	US
07.066	Analog Input 2 At Minimum Reference (T5)	±100.	00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
07.067	Analog Input 2 Maximum Reference (T5)	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US
07.068	Analog Input 2 At Maximum Reference (T5)	±100.	00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US
07.090	Analog Input 1 Destination B (T2)	0.000 to	30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
07.094	Analog Input 2 Destination B (T5)	0.000 to	30.999			RO	Num	DE	1	PT	US
07.099	Analog Output 1 Source B (T7)	0.000 to	30.999			RO	Num			PT	US

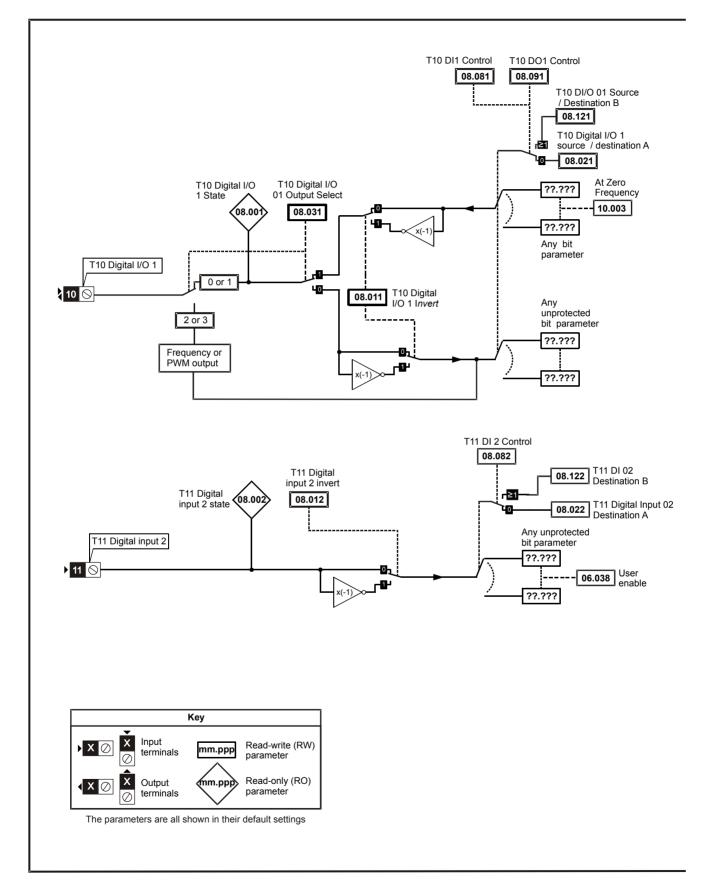
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

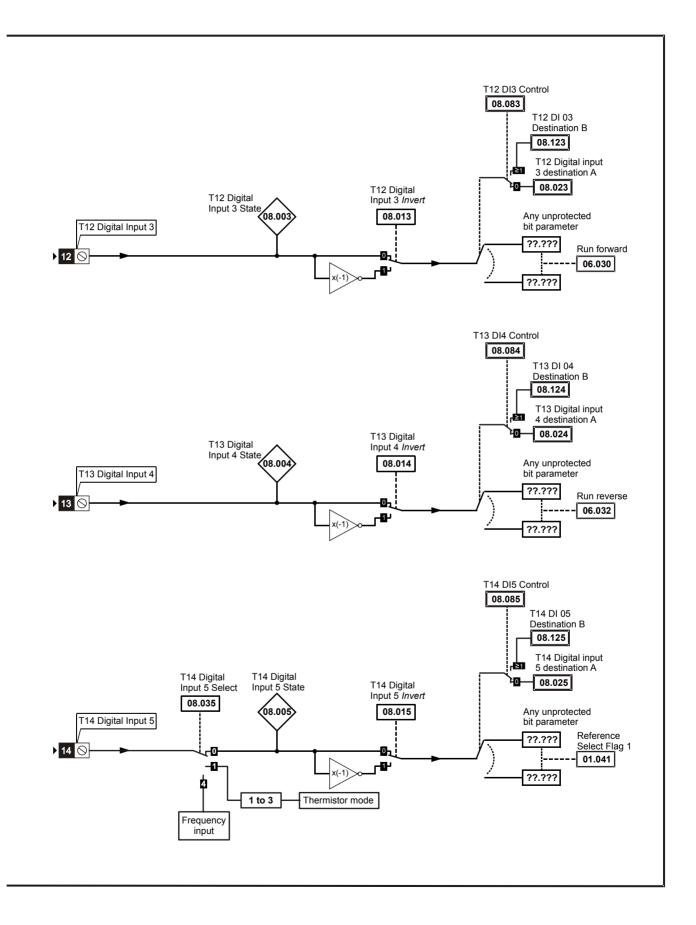
Safety information i	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.8 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 10-12 Menu 8 logic diagram



	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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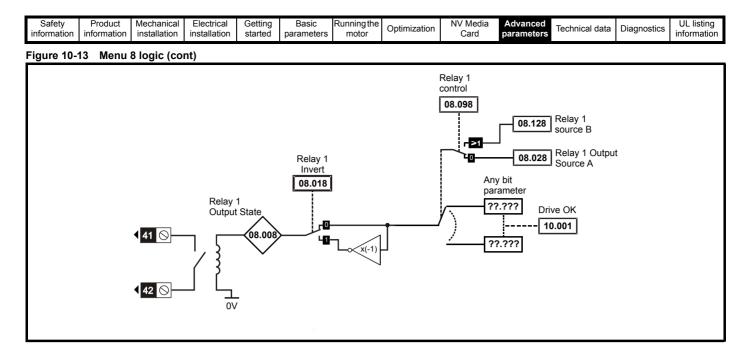
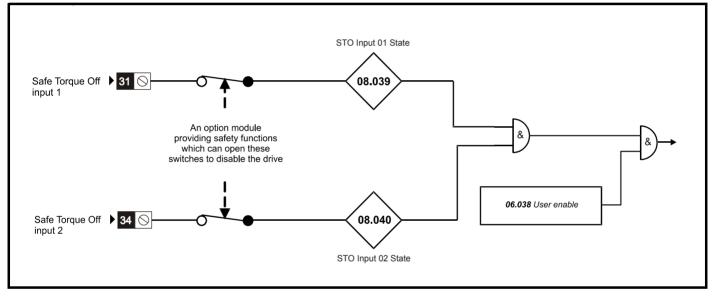
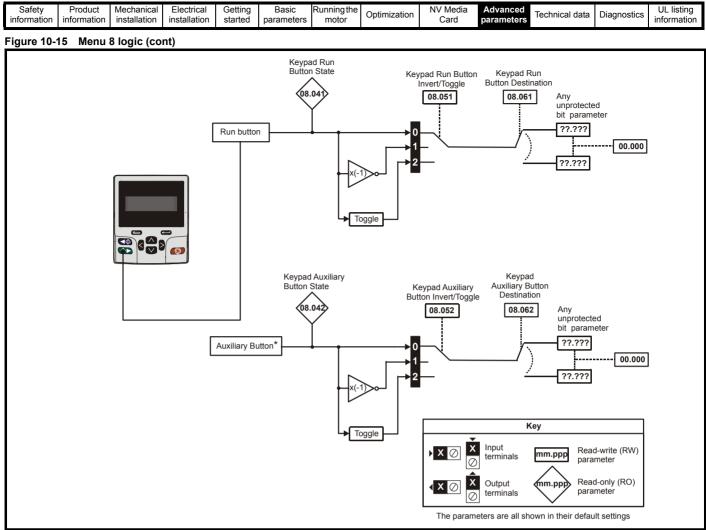


Figure 10-14 SAFE TORQUE OFF Logic diagramI





* The auxiliary button will be available with the future remote keypad.

Optimization	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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		Ra	ange (€)	Def	ault (⇔)	1					
	Parameter	OL		RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	-		Тур	e		
08.001	Digital I/O 1 State (T10)	Off (0	D) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital Input 2 State (T11)	Off (0	0) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital Input 3 State (T12)	Off (0	D) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 4 State (T13)	Off (0	0) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 5 State (T14)	Off (0	D) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	Relay 1 Output State	Off (0	0) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	Relay 2 Output State	Off (0	0) or C	n (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.011	Digital I/O 1 Invert (T10)	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital Input 2 Invert (T11)	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital Input 3 Invert (T12)	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 4 Invert (T13)	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 5 Invert (T14)	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.018	Relay 1 Invert	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.019	Relay 2 Invert	Not.Inv	(0), In	vErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0	to 204	8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital IO1 Source / Destination A (T10)	0.000	0 to 30).999		0.003	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital Input 02 Destination A (T11)	0.000	0 to 30	0.999	60 H	z: 6.038 z: 6.039	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital Input 03 Destination A (T12)		0 to 30			.030	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination A (T13)		0 to 30			.032	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination A (T14)		0 to 30			.041	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.028	Relay 1 Output Source A		0 to 30			0.001	RW	Num			PT	US
08.029	Relay 2 Output Source A		0 to 30		C	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select (T10)		uLSE (3)	Ou	:Put (1)	RW	Txt				US
	Digital Input 5 Select (T14)	•	3), Fr (4)	Inl	Put (0)	RW	Txt				US
	STO Input 01 State		0) or C	• •			RO	Bit	ND	NC		
	STO Input 02 State		0) or C	• •			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Keypad Run Button State	•	0) or C	. ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	•	0) or C	. ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	24 V Supply Input State	•	0) or C	. ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Keypad Run Button Invert / Toggle	Not.Inv (0), In	```			.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert / Toggle					.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
	24 V Supply Input Invert	Not.Inv				.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Keypad Run Button Destination		0 to 30			.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination		0 to 30			.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	24 V Supply Input Destination		0 to 30		0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	DI1 Control (T10)		0 to 26			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	DI2 Control (T11)		0 to 26			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	DI3 Control (T12)		0 to 26			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	DI4 Control (T13)		0 to 26			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	DI5 Control (T14)		0 to 26			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	DO1 Control (T10)		0 to 21			0	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	Relay 1 Control		0 to 21			0	RW	Num				US
	Relay 2 Control		0 to 21			0	RW	Num		 	D7	US
	DI/O 01 Source / Destination B (T10)		0 to 30				RO	Num	DE	 	PT	US
	DI 02 Destination B (T11)		0 to 30				RO	Num	DE		PT	US
	DI 03 Destination B (T12)		0 to 30				RO	Num	DE		PT	US
	DI 04 Destination B (T13)		0 to 30				RO	Num	DE		PT	US
	DI 05 Destination B (T14)		0 to 30		-	000	RO	Num	DE	 	PT	US
	Relay 01 Source B		0 to 30			.000	RW	Num			PT	US
00.129	Relay 02 Source B	0.000	0 to 30	9.999	Ĺ	.000	RW	Num			PT	US

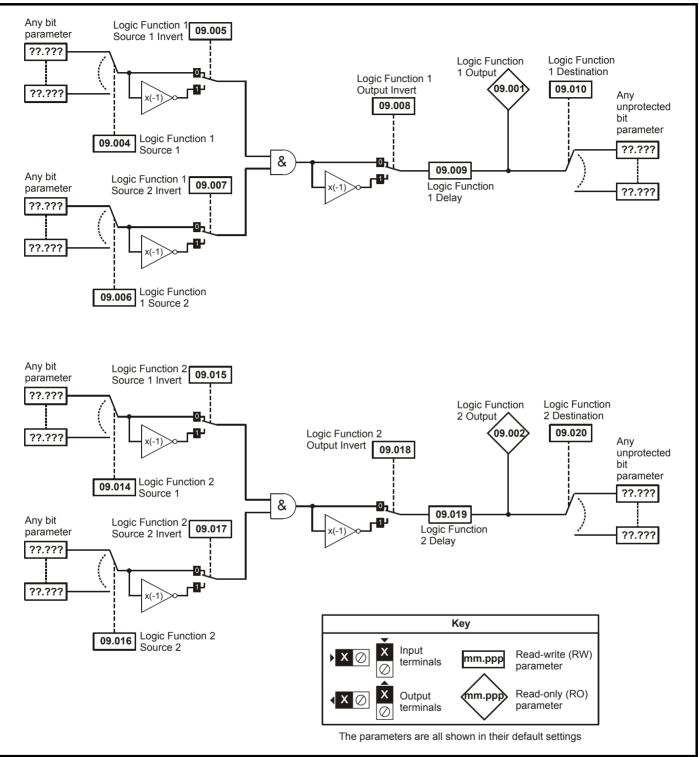
information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters Card parameters	Safety information in		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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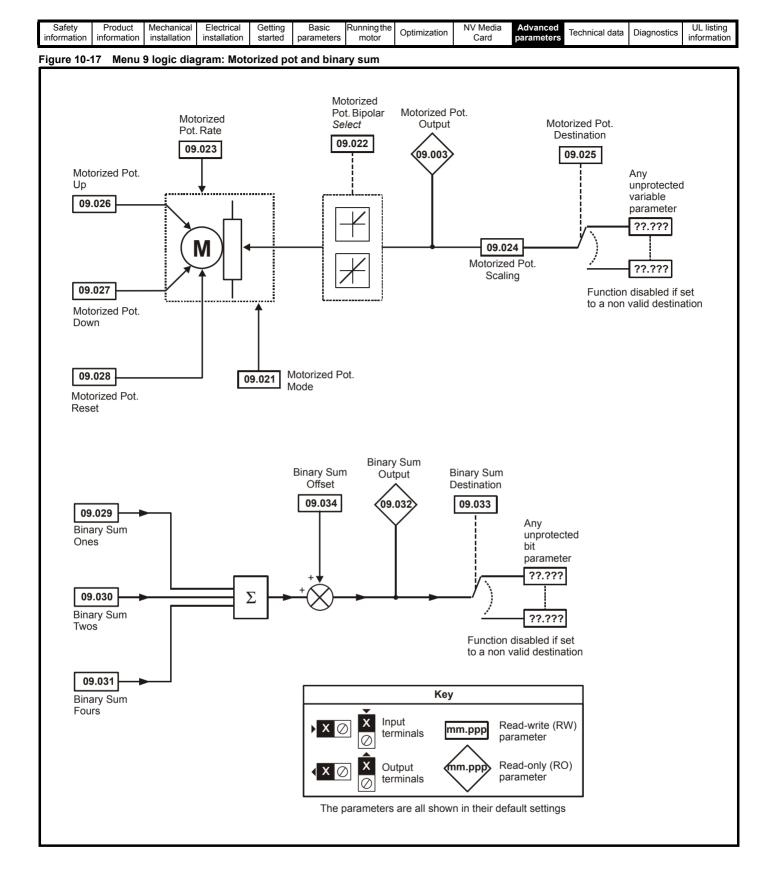
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

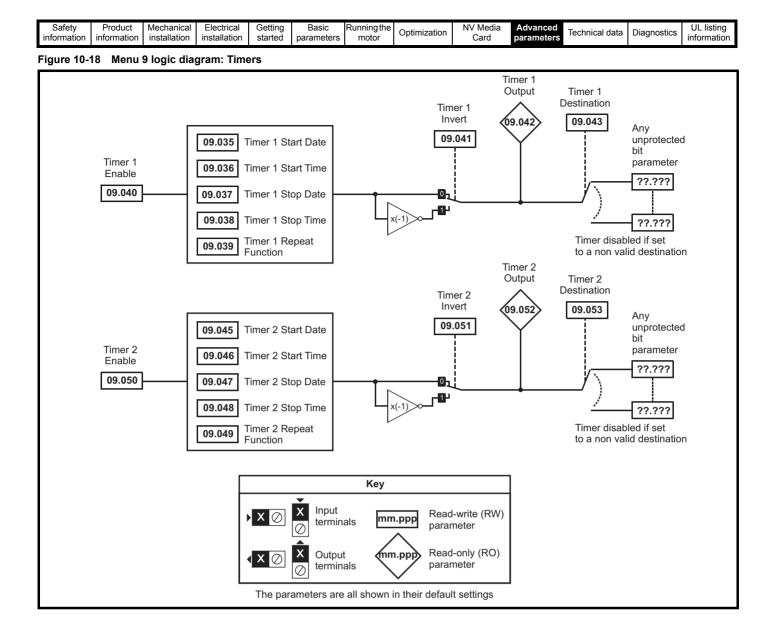
Г	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	rechinical uata	Diagnostics	information

10.9 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 10-16 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic







Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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	b (Ran	ge(\$)	Defa	ult(⇔)			-			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	De		
	Logic Function 1 Output		or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Logic Function 2 Output	()	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Motorized Pot Output		.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	-		0 30.999		000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	9		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	0		0 30.999		000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	~		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	. ,	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay		5.0 s		0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination		0 30.999		000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1		0 30.999		000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2		0 30.999		000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay		5.0 s		0 s	RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination		o 30.999		000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode		o 4		0	RW	Num				US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate		250 s		0 s	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling		o 4.000		000	RW	Num				US
09.025	Motorized Pot Destination		0 30.999		000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.026	Motorized Pot Up		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Down	. ,	or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset		or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	. ,	or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	. ,	or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				
09.031	Binary Sum Fours		or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				
09.032	Binary Sum Output		255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Binary Sum Destination		o 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	,		248		0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date		o 31-12-99		00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59	00:0	00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date		o 31-12-99		00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time		o 23:59:59	00:0	00:00	RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function		1), 2 (2), 3 (3), , 6 (6), 7 (7)	Nor	iE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable		or On (1)		f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	. ,	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	. ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination		o 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date		o 31-12-99	00-0	00-00	RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time		o 23:59:59		00:00	RW	Time				US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date		o 31-12-99		00-00	RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time		o 23:59:59	00:0	00:00	RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	(5), 6 ((2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 6), 7 (7)	Nor	nE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit	l		İ	US
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to	o 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	ad / Write I RO I Read only I Num	Number peremoter		motor Tut	Tout string Din	Dinon		-			

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontinuination	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Discussion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical uata	Diagnostics	information

10.10 Menu 10: Status and trips

	Devenueden	Range (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	be		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	At Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.007	Above Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.008	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.0 to 99999.9 kW		kW	RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.00 to 1500.00 s	-	00 s	RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)		(0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Of	(0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5),inF (6)	Non	E (0)	RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s	1.	0 s	RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Action On Trip Detection	0 to 31		0	RW	Num				US
	User Trip	0 to 255				Num				
	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to 100.0 %				Num	ND			
	Status Word	0 to 32767				Num	ND	NC		
	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	
	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO			NC	PT	PS
	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO			NC	PT	PS
	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO			NC	PT	PS
	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO			NC	PT	PS
	Trip 5 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO		ND	NC	PT	PS
	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO			NC	PT	_
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS

Safety information	n information Mechanical Electrical Getting installation istallation started	Basic Runningth parameters motor	e Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technica	I data I	Diagnos	stics	UL lis	
	Parameter	Range			ault (⇔)			Тур	De		
10.004		OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A					DT	
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 to 2				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 to 3				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00 to 2				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 to 3				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00 to 2				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00 to 3				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00 to 2				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 1000		0.	.00 Ω	RW	Num		NO	DT	US
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) or 0				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Autotune Active	Off (0) or 0	. ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) or (RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	\mid
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655	35			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to 655	35			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0) or 0	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0) or 0				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.090	Drive Ready	Off (0) or 0	. ,			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Inh (0), rdy (1) ScAn (3), run (4), rES (6), dc.inJ (Error (9), ActivE (rES (12), rES (13 UU (1	S.LoSS (5), 7), rES (8), 10), rES (11),), HEAt (14),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to 10	23			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	۔ 2147483648 to 21 s				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Active Alarm	NonE (0), br.rES (rES (3), d.OV.Ld (LS (6), rES (7), rES (9), rES (10), rES(12), Lo./ I.AC.Lt (4), tuning (5), 5 (8), OPt.AL rES (11), AC (13), 14)			RO	Txt	ND	NC		
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0 to 3				RO	Bin	ND	NC		PS
10.107	Low AC Alarm	Off (0) or (RO	Bit	ND	NC		
10.108	Reversed cooling fan detected	Off (0) or 0	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND		PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
internation		motanation	inotaliation	0101100	paramotoro	motor		ouru	paramotoro			internation

10.11 Menu 11: General drive set-up

	Parameter	Range (\$)		Default (⇔)			Тур)e		
		OL RFC	A	OL RFC-A						
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 30.999		2.001	RW	Num			PT	US
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 30.999		4.020	RW	Num			PT	US
	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or On (1)			RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Customer Defined Scaling	0.000 to 10.000		1.000	RW	Num				US
	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.080		0.010	RW	Num			PT	US
11.023	Serial Address	1 to 247		1	RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode	8.2NP (0), 8.1NP (1), 8.1EP (2) (3),8.2NP E (4), 8.1NP E (5), 8 (6), 8.1OP E (7), 7.1EP (8), 7.1 7.1EP E (10), 7.1OP E (1	5.1EP E OP (9), 1)	8.2NP (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 24 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 115200 (10)	(6),	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				US
	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250 ms		2 ms	RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250 ms		0 ms	RW	Num				US
	Drive Derivative	0 to 255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	L
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99			RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	ſ
	User Security Code	0 to 9999			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.031	User Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)			RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	0.00 to 9999.99 A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	110V (0), 200V (1), 400V (575V (3), 690V (4)	. ,-		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Drive Configuration	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.F PrESEt (4), PAd (5), PAd.rEl E.Pot (7), torque (8),Pid (F (6),	AV (0)	RW	Txt			PT	US
11.035	Power Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99			RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	
	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999		0	RO	Num		NC	PT	
	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999		0	RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	NonE (0), OPEn.LP (1), rFC-	-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog (Auto (3), boot (4)	(2),	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	NonE (0), Std (1), US (2		NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	User Security Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (1), r.onLy. r.onLy.A (3), StAtUS (4), no.A		LEVEL.0 (0)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.045	Select Motor 2 Parameters	1 (0), 2 (1)		1 (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.052	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
		0 to 9999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.000 to 999.999 A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 999.999 A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type	0 to 255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	300 (1295134768) to (214748	33647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.065	Frame size and voltage code	0 to 999			RO	Num	ND	NC	ΡT	
	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0 to 255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
11.068		0 to 32767			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	•	0.00 to 99.99			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1		0	RW	Num		NC		
	NV Media Card Type	NonE (0), rES (1), Sd.CArc	1 (2)		RO	Num	ND	NC	ΡT	
	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or On (1)	. (_)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 9999			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) t	0	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US

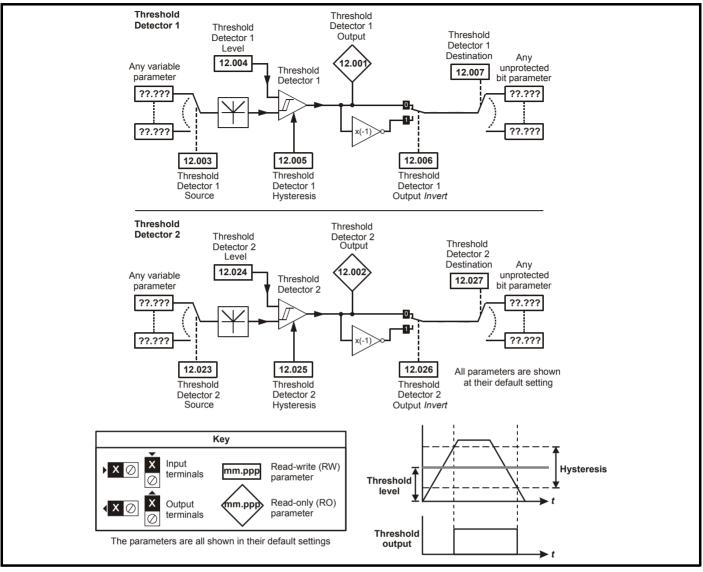
Safety informatio	Product Mechanical Electrical Ge n information installation installation stall					Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card		dvanced arameters	Technica	l data	Diagno	stics	UL lis	
	Pa	arameter		_	OL	Range (\$) RFC-A	D		llt (⇔) RFC-A			Тур	De		
11.080	Drive Name	Characters	5-8			(-214748 (-21474	33648) to			7935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name	Characters	9-12			(-214748 (-21474	,		· (757	7935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name	Characters	13-16			(-214748 (-21474	83647)		· (757	7935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode				OPEn	.LP (1), rF	C-A (2)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.085	Security Star	tus			NonE (0), r.	onLy.A (1). no.Acc (3), StAtUS (2),)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Acces	ss Status			LEVI	EL.0 (0), A	LL (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.091	Additional Id	lentifier Cha	aracters 1		,	21474836 to 214748364	,				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	Additional Id	lentifier Cha	aracters 2		(2	21474836 to 214748364	47)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	Additional Id	lentifier Cha	aracters 3		(-2147483648) to (2147483647)						RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.094	Disable Strin	ng Mode			Of	ff (0) or Or	n (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit			PT	US
11.097	AI ID Code					(0), Sd.C.), boot (3)	Ard (1), , rS-485 (4)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

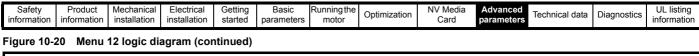
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

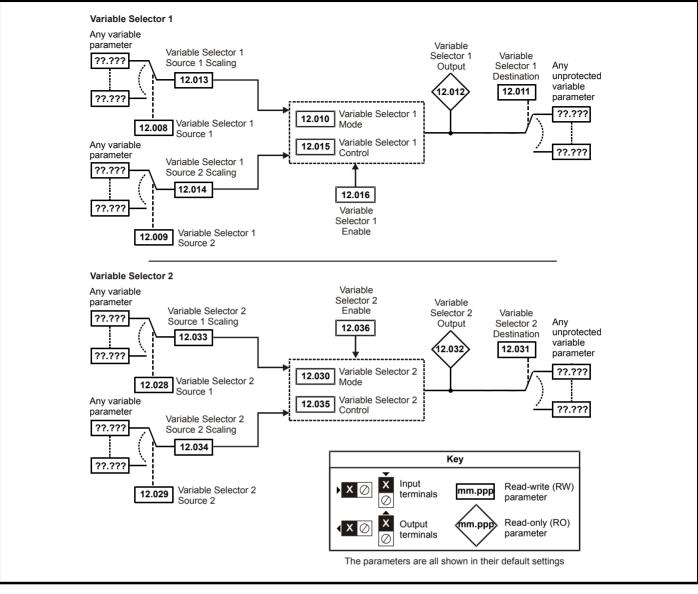
0-6-6-	Duration	Marchandard	Els states el	0	Desis	Duran in a firm		ND / Maralla	A			III Battan
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	information
monnation		motanation	motanation	otantoa	paramotoro	motor		5	parametere			monuation

10.12 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 10-19 Menu 12 logic diagram







Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Runningthe motor Optimization	n NV Media Card Parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

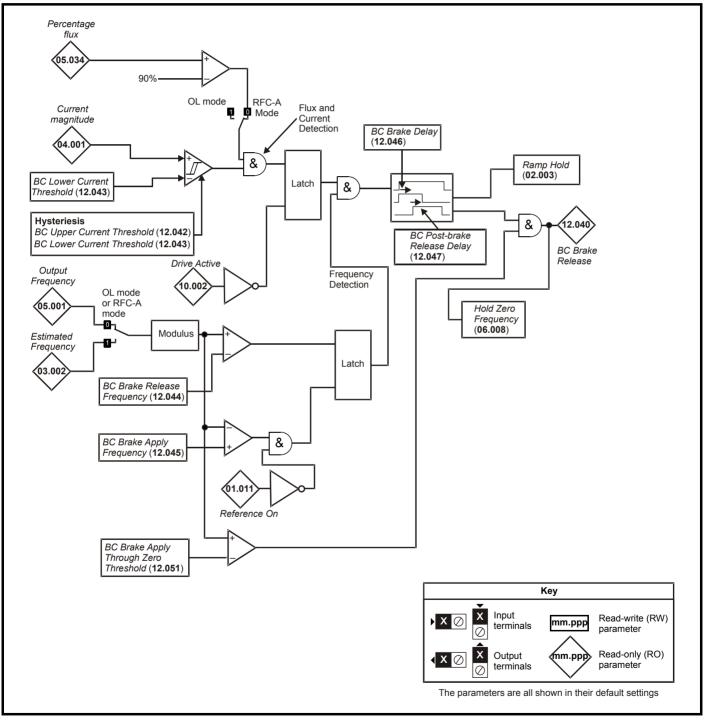


WARNING

The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

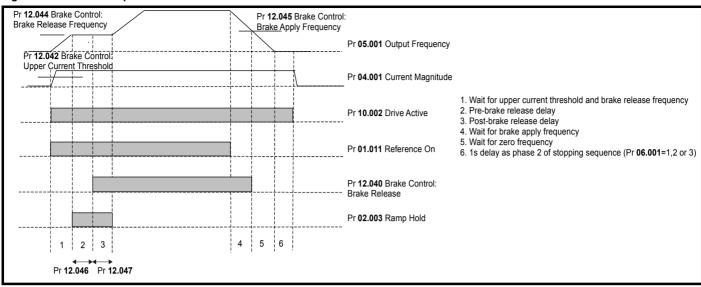
When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of an NV media card in boot mode can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 10-21 Brake function



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-22 Brake sequence



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runningthe notor Optimizat	on NV Media Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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		Rang	le(\$)	Defa	ault(⇔)	1					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	be		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	N C	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	N C	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 to 2	25.00 %		00 %	RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0) o	. ,		ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination	0.000 to			.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000 to			.000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2	0.000 to		0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (C	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±100.	00 %			RO	Num	ND	N C	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00 to	100.00	C	.00	RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)	0	RW	Bit				US	
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0	RW	Num			PT	US	
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	RW	Num				US	
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 to 2	25.00 %	0.0	RW	Num				US	
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) o	r On (1)	0	RW	Bit				US	
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to		-	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000 to		0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 (5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7), 8 (8), 9 (9)		(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±100.	00 %			RO	Num	ND	N C	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00 to		C	.00	RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)	0	n (1)	RW	Bit				US
12.040	BC Brake Release	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	N C	PT	
12.041	BC Enable	diS (0), rELAy USE	di	S (0)	RW	Txt				US	
12.042	BC Upper Current Threshold	0 to 200 %			0 %	RW	Num	1			US
12.043	BC Lower Current Threshold	0 to 2	1	0 %	RW	Num				US	
12.044	BC Brake Release Frequency	0.00 to 2	1.00 Hz		RW	Num				US	
12.045	BC Brake Apply Frequency	0.00 to 20.00 Hz			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.046	BC Brake Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s			.0 s	RW	Num				US
12.047	BC Post-brake Release Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s			.0 s	RW	Num				US
12.050	BC Initial Direction	rEf (0), For	(1), rEv (2)	rE	f (0)	RW	Txt				US
12.051	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.00 to 2	5.00 Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US

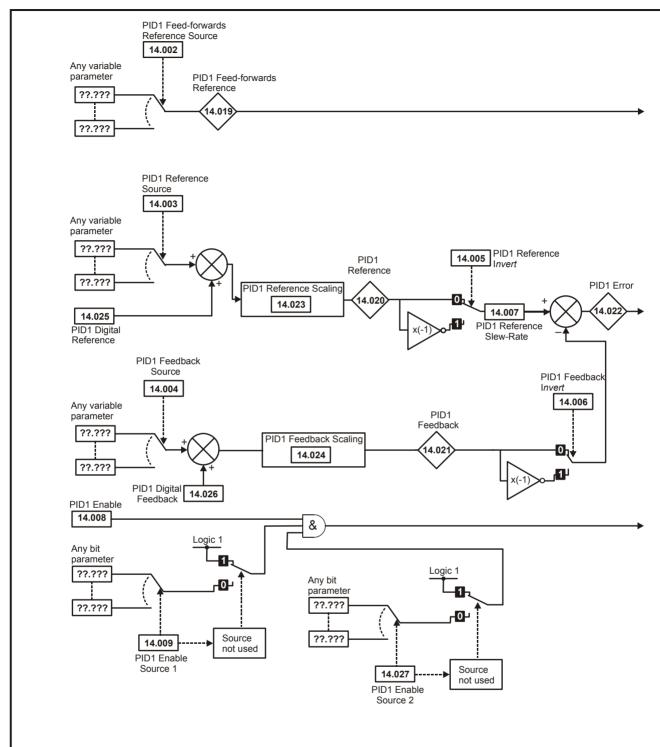
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	optimization	Card	parameters		Diagnostics	information

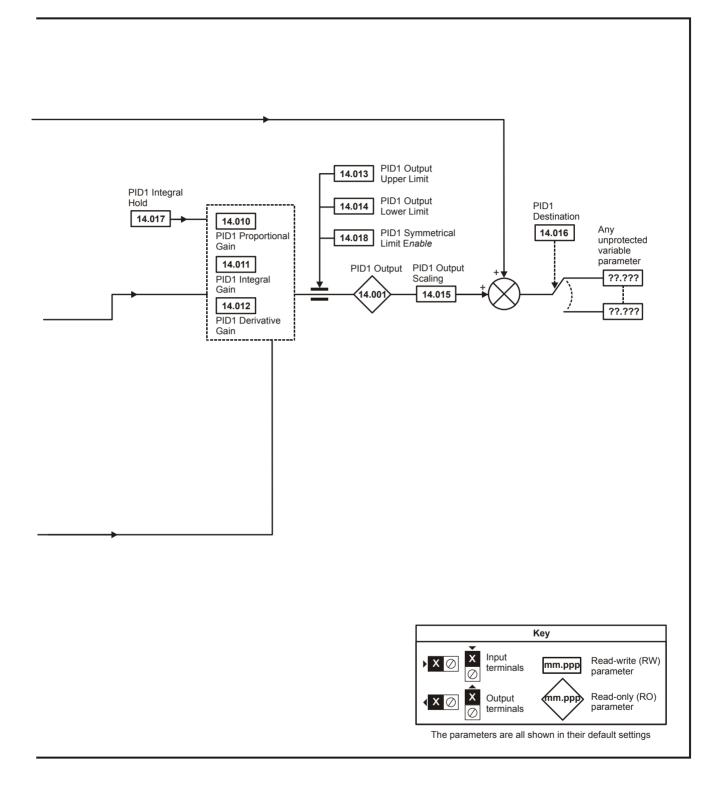
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.13 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 10-23 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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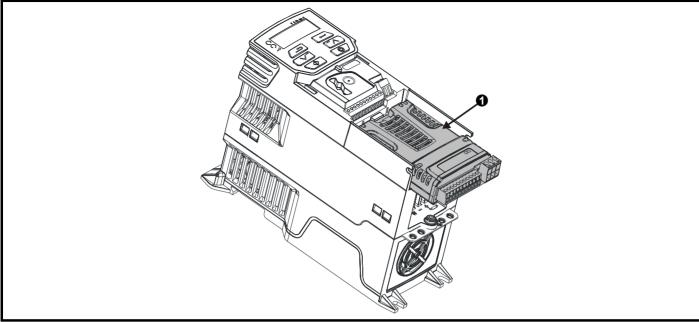
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information
					P							

I	Parameter	Rar	ıge (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)			Ту			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			iyi	pe		
14.001	PID1 Output	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to	3200.0 s	0.	0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	RW	Bit				US	
	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000	to 4.000	1.	RW	Num				US	
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0.	500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0.	000	RW	Num				US
	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to	100.00 %	100.	RW	Num				US	
	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±10	0.00 %	-100	RW	Num				US	
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	-	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.	000	RW	Num				US
	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000	1.000		RW	Num				US	
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±10	0.00 %		RW	Num				US	
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±10	0.00 %			Num				US	
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num		1	ΡT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.14Menu 15: Option module set-upFigure 10-24Location of option module slot and its corresponding menu number



Option Module Slot 1 - Menu 15 1.

10.14.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(�)	Default(⇔)			Ту	pe		
15.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.002	Software Version	00.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.051	Software Sub-version	0 to 99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
443	SI-PROFIBUS	Fieldbus
447	SI-DeviceNet	Fieldbus

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.15 Menu 18: Application menu 1

Devenueter	Rang	ge (\$)	Defau	Turne						
Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
18.001 Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer			C		RW	Num				PS
18.002 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 2					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.003 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 3					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.004 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 4					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.005 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 5					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.006 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 6					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.007 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 7					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.008 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 8					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.009 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 9					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.010 Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 10					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.011 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 11					RW	Num				US
18.012 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 12					RW	Num				US
18.013 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 13					RW	Num				US
18.014 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 14					RW	Num				US
18.015 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 15	00700				RW	Num				US
18.016 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 16	-32768	to 32767			RW	Num				US
18.017 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 17					RW	Num				US
18.018 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 18					RW	Num				US
18.019 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 19					RW	Num				US
18.020 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 20				RW	Num				US	
18.021 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 21			C		RW	Num				US
18.022 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 22					RW	Num				US
18.023 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 23				RW	Num				US	
18.024 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 24					RW	Num				US
18.025 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 25					RW	Num				US
18.026 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 26				RW	Num				US	
18.027 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 27				RW	Num				US	
18.028 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 28				RW	Num				US	
18.029 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 29				RW	Num				US	
18.030 Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 30				RW	Num				US	
18.031 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 31					RW	Bit				US
18.032 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 32				RW	Bit				US	
18.033 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 33				RW	Bit				US	
18.034 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 34					RW	Bit				US
18.035 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 35					RW	Bit				US
18.036 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 36					RW	Bit				US
18.037 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 37					RW	Bit		╞──┤		US
18.038 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 38					RW	Bit		╞──┤		US
18.039 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 39					RW	Bit				US
18.040 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 40					RW	Bit		$\left \right $		US
18.041 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 41	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
18.042 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 42					RW	Bit				US
18.043 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 42					RW	Bit		$\left \right $		US
18.044 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 44					RW	Bit		$\left \right $		US
18.045 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 44					RW	Bit		$\left \right $		US
					RW	Bit				US
••					RW					US
18.047 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 47						Bit				
18.048 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 48					RW	Bit				US
18.049 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 49					RW	Bit				US
18.050 Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 50					RW	Bit				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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10.16 Menu 20: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Rang	le (\$)	Defau	ılt (⇔)		τ.	(D .0	
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A		''	pe	
20.021	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 21					RW	Num		
20.022	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 22					RW	Num		
20.023	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 23					RW	Num		
20.024	Application Menu 2 Read write Long Integer 24					RW	Num		
20.025	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 25	21/7/226/24	0 2147483647		0	RW	Num		
20.026	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 26	-21474030401	0 2 147 403047		J	RW	Num		1
20.027	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 27					RW	Num		
20.028	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 28					RW	Num		
20.029	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 29					RW	Num		
20.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 30					RW	Num		1

	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
I	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

10.17 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

	Deveryeden	Range	e (\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
21.001	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_F	REF_CLAMP Hz	50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE	_REF_CLAMP2	0.0	0	RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr PrESEt (3), PA PAd.rE	d (4), rES (5), F (6)	A1.A2	2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	EL_RATE	5.0)	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	_	10.	-	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to VM_SPEE UNIPOL		50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num		RA		US
21.007	M2 Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED_	CURRENTA	Maximum Heavy Du	ity Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 8000	00.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm		RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VOL	TAGE_SET V	110V drive 200V drive 400V drive 5 400V drive 6 575V drive 690V drive	e: 230 V 0Hz: 400 V 0Hz: 460 V e: 575 V	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0.8	5	RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) to	32 (16)	Auto	(0)	RW	Num				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000 to 9	9.9999 Ω	0.000	0 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance	0.000 to 50	0.000 mH	0.000	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	Off (0) or	On (1)		-	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 30	00 s	179 s	179 s	RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Frequency Controll er Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 4	000.00	20.0	00	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to 6	600.000	40.0	00	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 500	0.00 mH	0.00	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.033	M2 Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 to	1	0	· 	RW	Num				US

Safety information	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical of	data	Diagnostics	UL lis inform	
	Paramete			Ran	ge (‡)			Default	(⇒)			Туре		
	Falamete	I	0	L	RF	C-A	OL		RFC-A			Type		
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2				0.0 to 1	00.0 %			0.0 %	RW	Nur	n		US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4				0.0 to 1	00.0 %			0.0 %	RW	Nur	n		US

* When read via serial communications, this parameter will show pole pairs.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe		NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnastics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information
internation		motanation	inotaliation	0101100	parametere			oara	paramotoro			internation

10.18 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

	Parameter	Rar	nge(\$)	Defa	ılt(⇔)			Turne	
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Туре	
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	1.0	07	RW	Num	P	
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up		to 30.999	1.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up		to 30.999	2.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up		to 30.999	2.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up		to 30.999	11.		RW	Num	P1	
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.009 22.010	Parameter 00.009 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up		to 30.999	11.		RW RW	Num	P1	
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up Parameter 00.012 Set-up		to 30.999 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num Num	P1	
22.012	Parameter 00.013 Set-up		to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up		to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P	
22.014	Parameter 00.015 Set-up		to 30.999	1.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.015	Parameter 00.016 Set-up		to 30.999	7.0		RW	Num	P	
22.010	Parameter 00.017 Set-up		to 30.999	1.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.017	Parameter 00.018 Set-up		to 30.999	1.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up		to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up		to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P	
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up		to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num	P1	r us
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num	P1	r us
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	11.	030	RW	Num	P1	r US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num	PT	r US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	1.0	51	RW	Num	P1	r us
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	2.0	04	RW	Num	P1	r US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	0.000	2.002	RW	Num	P1	
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 1	to 30.999	11.)42	RW	Num	P1	
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up		to 30.999	6.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up		to 30.999	6.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up		to 30.999	8.0		RW	Num	P1	
	Parameter 00.035 Set-up		to 30.999	8.0		RW	Num	P1	
	Parameter 00.036 Set-up		to 30.999		55	RW	Num	P1	
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.039 22.040	Parameter 00.039 Set-up		to 30.999 to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	PT	
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up Parameter 00.041 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW RW	Num Num	P1	
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up		to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num	P1	
22.042	Parameter 00.043 Set-up		to 30.999		025	RW	Num	P	
22.043	Parameter 00.044 Set-up		to 30.999		023	RW	Num	P1	
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up		to 30.999	11.		RW	Num	P1	
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up		to 30.999		042	RW	Num	P1	
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	PT	
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up		to 30.999		050	RW	Num	PT	
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up		to 30.999	12.		RW	Num	P1	
	,						I		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	n NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical o	data [Diagnostics	UL lis inform	
	Para	meter				ge(\$)		Defau				Туре		
				(OL	RFC	-A	OL	RFC-A					
	Parameter 0					0 30.999		12.0	-	RW	Num		PT	
	Parameter 0					0 30.999		0.0		RW	Num		PT	US
	Parameter 0					0 30.999		0.0		RW	Num		PT	US
	Parameter 0					0 30.999		0.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.059	Parameter 0	0.059 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
	Parameter 0					0 30.999		0.0		RW	Num	1	PT	US
	Parameter 0		· [·			0 30.999		0.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.062	Parameter 0	0.062 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.063	Parameter 0	0.063 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.064	Parameter 0	0.064 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.065	Parameter 0	0.065 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.000	3.010	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.066	Parameter 0	0.066 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.000	3.011	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.067	Parameter 0	0.067 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.000	3.079	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.068	Parameter 0	0.068 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.000	0.000	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.069	Parameter 0	0.069 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		5.0	40	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.070	Parameter 0	0.070 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.071	Parameter 0	0.071 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	000	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.072	Parameter 0	0.072 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.073	Parameter 0	0.073 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.074	Parameter 0	0.074 Set-	up		0.000 to	0 30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.075	Parameter (0.075 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		0.0	00	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.076	Parameter 0	0.076 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		10.0	037	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.077	Parameter 0	0.077 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		11.(032	RW	Num		PT	US
22.078	Parameter 0	0.078 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		11.0	029	RW	Num	1	PT	US
22.079	Parameter 0	0.079 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		11.(031	RW	Num		PT	US
22.080	Parameter 0	0.080 Set-	up		0.000 to	30.999		11.0	044	RW	Num		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11 Technical data

11.1 Drive technical data

11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of 'Heavy Duty' refer to section 2.2 Ratings on page 10.

Table 11-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

						Heavy D	uty				
Model	Nomina	al rating	Maxim	um permis	sible conti	nuous outp	out current	(A) for the f	ollowing sv	witching fre	quencies
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V											
01100017	0.25	0.33									
01100024	0.37	0.5									
02100042	0.75	1.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
02100056	1.1	1.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
200 V											
01200017	0.25	0.33									
01200024	0.37	0.5									
01200033	0.55	0.75									
01200042	0.75	1.0									
02200024	0.37	0.5				2.4					
02200033	0.55	0.75				3.3					
02200042	0.75	1.0				4.2					
02200056	1.1	1.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
02200075	1.5	2.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.0
03200100	2.2	3.0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	7.3
04200133	3.0	3.0									
04200176	4.0	5.0									
400 V											
02400013	0.37	0.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	
02400018	0.55	0.75	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	
02400023	0.75	1.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.0	
02400032	1.1	1.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.0	
02400041	1.5	2.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.8	2.0	
03400056	2.2	3.0	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.1	3.7	2.4
03400073	3.0	3.0	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.1	5.6	3.8	
03400094	4.0	5.0	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	8.5	7	4.6	
04400135	5.5	7.5									
04400170	7.5	10.0									

										-		
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

Table 11-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F)

				ŀ	leavy Duty				
Model				m permissible or the followir			nt (A)		
	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V									
01100017									
01100024									
02100042	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
02100056	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9
200 V									
01200017									
01200024									
01200033									
01200042									
02200024				2.4					
02200033				3.3					
02200042				4.2					
02200056	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4
02200075	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.4
03200100	10	10	10	10	9.5	8.6	7.5	6.1	5
04200133									
04200176									
400 V			•						
02400013	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	
02400018	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.1	
02400023	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.1	
02400032	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.5	1.1	
02400041	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.2	2.5	1.1	
03400056	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5	3.5	2.8	1.9	
03400073	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	6.2	4.5	3.4		
03400094	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	7.9	6.2	4.7		
04400135									
04400170									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.1.2 Power dissipation

Table 11-3 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient

						Heavy	Duty				
Model	Nomina	I rating		Drive los	sses (w) tak	ing into acc	count any cu	urrent derati	ng for the gi	iven conditio	ns
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V											
01100017	0.25	0.33									
01100024	0.37	0.5									
02100042	0.75	1.0									
02100056	1.1	1.5									
200 V											
01200017	0.25	0.33									
01200024	0.37	0.5									
01200033	0.55	0.75									
01200042	0.75	1.0									
02200024	0.37	0.5									
02200033	0.55	0.75									
02200042	0.75	1.0									
02200056	1.1	1.5									
02200075	1.5	2.0									
03200100	2.2	3.0	85	87	91	96	101	110	117	121	117
04200133	3.0	3.0									
04200176	4.0	5.0									
400 V											
02400013	0.37	0.5									
02400018	0.55	0.75									
02400023	0.75	1.0									
02400032	1.1	1.5									
02400041	1.5	2.0									
03400056	2.2	3.0	55	57	62	68	75	86	90	86	77
03400073	3.0	3.0	72	74	82	90	98	113	101	92	
03400094	4.0	5.0	95	99	108	116	129	128	125	113	
04400135	5.5	7.5									
04400170	7.5	10.0									1

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	information	Installation	Installation	stanteu	parameters	motor		Caru	parameters		-	iniornation

Table 11-4 Losses @ 50°C (122°F) ambient

		Heavy Duty									
Model	Nomina	al rating		Drive los	sses (w) tak	ing into acc	count any cu	urrent derati	ng for the g	iven conditio	ns
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V											
01100017	0.25	0.33									
01100024	0.37	0.5									
02100042	0.75	1.0									
02100056	1.1	1.5									
200 V											
01200017	0.25	0.33									
01200024	0.37	0.5									
01200033	0.55	0.75									
01200042	0.75	1.0									
02200024	0.37	0.5									
02200033	0.55	0.75									
02200042	0.75	1.0									
02200056	1.1	1.5									
02200075	1.5	2.0									
03200100	2.2	3.0	86	88	92	96	96	97	93	90	86
04200133	3.0	3.0									
04200176	4.0	5.0									
400 V											
02400013	0.37	0.5									
02400018	0.55	0.75									
02400023	0.75	1.0									
02400032	1.1	1.5									
02400041	1.5	2.0									
03400056	2.2	3.0	57	58	64	70	73	63	60	60	
03400073	3.0	3.0	73	75	82	91	87	77	71		
03400094	4.0	5.0	96	98	109	122	111	104	97		
04400135	5.5	7.5									
04400170	7.5	10.0									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 48 to 62 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA $\,$

11.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

Model sizes 04200133 to 04400170 have an internal DC choke so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions.

When required each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

11.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3

Maximum voltage: 200 V drive: 240 V 400 V drive: 480 V 575 V drive: 575 V

690 V drive: 690 V

11.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range: - 20 °C to 40 °C (- 4 °F to 104 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures $>40 \ ^{\circ}C \ (104 \ ^{\circ}F)$.

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

11.1.7 Storage

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +60 °C (140 °F) for long term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

11.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1% per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

11.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only).

In addition to this, drive sizes 2 and 3 are rated to IP21 standard (without an Adaptor Interface module installed).

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 11-5.

Table 11-5 IP Rating degrees of protection

	First digit		Second digit
	otection against contact and gress of foreign bodies	Pr	otection against ingress of water
0	No protection	0	No protection
1	Protection against large foreign bodies $\phi > 50$ mm (large area contact with the hand)	1	Protection against vertically falling drops of water
2	Protection against medium size foreign bodies $\phi > 12 \text{ mm}$ (finger)	2	Protection against spraywater (up to 15 ° from the vertical)
3	Protection against small foreign bodies $\phi > 2.5$ mm (tools, wires)	3	Protection against spraywater (up to 60 ° from the vertical)
4	Protection against granular foreign bodies $\phi > 1$ mm (tools, wires)	4	Protection against splashwater (from all directions)
5	Protection against dust deposit, complete protection against accidental contact.	5	Protection against heavy splash water (from all directions, at high pressure)
6	Protection against dust ingress, complete protection against accidental contact.	6	Protection against deckwater (e.g. in heavy seas)
7	-	7	Protection against immersion
8	-	8	Protection against submersion

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intornation	intornation	installation	installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Galu	parameters			intornation

Table 11-6 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description
Туре 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.

11.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

11.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2002-95-EC for RoHS compliance.

11.1.12 Vibration

Size 2 & 3:

Bump Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-27: Test Ea: Severity: 15 g peak, 11 ms pulse duration, half sine. No. of Bumps: 18 (3 in each direction of each axis).

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb: Severity: 18 g peak, 6 ms pulse duration, half sine. No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis).

Random Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh: Severity: 1.0 m²/s³ (0.01 g²/Hz) ASD from 5 to 20 Hz -3 db/octave from 20 to 200 Hz

Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Sinusoidal Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:

Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz

Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz 10 m/s² peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz 15 m/s² peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz

Sweep rate:1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Referenced standard: EN 61800-5-1: 2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6:

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Severity: 0.075 mm amplitude from 10 to 57 Hz

1g peak acceleration from 57 to 150 Hz

Sweep rate:1 octave/minute Duration:10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Testing to Environmental Category ENV3

Subjected to resonance search in the range listed. If no natural frequencies found then subjected only to endurance test. Referenced standard: Environment Category ENV3: Frequency range: 5 to 13.2 Hz \pm 1.0 mm 13.2 to 100 Hz \pm 0.7g (6.9 ms -2)

For more information, please refer to section 12 *Vibration Test 1* of the Lloyds Register Test Specification Number 1.

11.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤ 20 (equally spaced)

11.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Sizes 2 & 3: 1.5 s

11.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

11.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

Frequency:

The absolute frequency accuracy depends on the accuracy of the oscillator used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the oscillator is $\pm 2 \%$, and so the absolute frequency accuracy is $\pm 2 \%$ of the reference, when a preset frequency is used. If an analog input is used, the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open & closed loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.01 Hz

Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign

Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign

Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 %

worst case 5 %

11.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on size 1 to 4 drives is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 11-7 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

Table 11-7 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA
1		
2	45	
3	58.6	49
4		

11.1.18 Overall dimensions

- H Height including surface mounting brackets
- W Width
- D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted

Table 11-8 Overall drive dimensions

Size	Dimension							
5126	Н	w	D					
1	160 mm (6.3 in)	75 mm (2.95 in)	130 mm (5.1 in)					
2	205 mm (8.07 in)	75 mm (2.55 m)	150 mm (5.9 in)					
3	226 mm (8.9 in)	90 mm (3.54 in)	160 mm (6.3 in)					
4	277 mm (10.9 in)	115 mm (4.5 in)	175 mm (6.9 in)					

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Card	parameters			information

11.1.19 Weights

Table 11-9 Overall drive weights

Size	Model	kg	lb
1		0.75	1.65
2	All	1.0	2.2
3		1.5	3.3
4	1	3.13	6.9

11.1.20 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 11-10.

Table 11-10 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 11-11, Table 11-12 and Table 11-13 show the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

WARNING Table 11-11 AC Input current and fuse ratings (100 V)

		Maximum		Fuse rating				
Model	Typical input current	continuous input	Maximum overload input current	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J			
Woder	ourroint	current		Maximum	Maximum			
	Α	Α	A	Α	A			
01100017	8.7	8.7		10	10			
01100024	11.1	11.1		16	16			
02100042	18.8	18.8		20	20			
02100056	24.0	24.0		25	25			

Table 11-12 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

					Fuse	rating	
	Typical input	Maximum continuous	Maximum overload	IEC gG		Class CC	or Class J
Model	current	input current	input current		imum	-	mum
		_		A			A
	Α	Α	A	1ph	3ph	1ph	3ph
01200017	4.5	4.5		6		5	
01200024	5.3	5.3		0		10	
01200033	8.3	8.3		10		10	
01200042	10.4	10.4		16		16	
02200024	5.3/3.2	5.3/4.1			6	10	5
02200033	8.3/4.3	8.3/6.7			10	1	0
02200042	10.4/5.4	10.4/7.5		16	10	16	10
02200056	14.9/7.4	14.9/11.3		20	16	20	16
02200075	18.1/9.1	18.1/13.5		20	10	20	10
03200100	23.9/12.8	23.9/17.7	30/25	25	20	25	20
04200133	23.7/13.5	23.7/16.9		25	20	25	20
04200176	17.0	21.3			25		25

	Safet informa	Product ion informatic	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 11-13 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

		•• · ·		Fus	e rating
Model	Typical input current	Maximum continuous input current	Maximum overload input current	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J
Model		input ourrent	input ourient	Maximum	Maximum
	Α	Α	А	Α	Α
02400013	2.1	2.4			
02400018	2.6	2.9		6	5
02400023	3.1	3.5		0	
02400032	4.7	5.1			10
02400041	5.8	6.2		10	10
03400056	8.3	8.7	13	10	10
03400073	10.2	12.2	18	16	16
03400094	13.1	14.8	20.7	10	20
04400135	14.0	16.3		20	20
04400170	18.5	20.7		25	25

NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 11-14 Cable ratings (100 V)

Madal		•	EC 60364-5-52) m ²		Cable size (UL508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Output			
-	Nominal Maximum I		Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
01100017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01100024	1.5	6	1	2.5	14	10	16	12		
02100042	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
02100056	4	6	1	2.5	10	10	16	12		

Table 11-15 Cable ratings (200 V)

		•	EC 60364-5-52) m ²		Cable size (UL 508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Ou	tput		
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
01200017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200033	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200042	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200033	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200042	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200056	2.5/1.5	6	1	2.5	12/14	10	16	12		
02200075	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
03200100	4	6	1.5	2.5	10/12	10	14	12		
04200133	4/2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
04200176	4	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	narameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
mormation	information	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	motor		Caru	parameters			inionnation

Table 11-16 Cable ratings (400 V)

Madal		•	EC 60364-5-52) m ²		Cable size (UL 508C) AWG				
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Ou	tput	
-	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	
02400013	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
02400018	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
02400023	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
02400032	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
02400041	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
03400056	1	6	1	2.5	14	10	16	12	
03400073	1.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12	
03400094	2.5	6	1.5	2.5	12	10	14	12	
04400135	2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12	
04400170	4	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12	

11.1.21 Protective ground cable ratings

Table 11-17 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm ² and \leq 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the first input phase conductor.
> 16 mm ² and \leq 35 mm ²	16 mm ²
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor.

11.1.22 Maximum motor cable lengths

Table 11-18 Maximum motor cable lengths (100 V drives)

	100 V Nominal AC supply voltage								
		Maximum p	permissible m	otor cable le	ngth for each	of the followi	ng switching f	requencies	
Model	0.667 kHz					6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
01100017		50 m (164 f t)				25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m
01100024	50 m (164 ft)				(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)
02100042	100 m				75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m
02100056		(32	8 ft)		(246 ft)	(164 ft)	(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(59 ft)

Table 11-19 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

			200 V	Nominal AC	supply voltag	e			
		Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies							
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
01200017									
01200024		50 m (164 #)		37.5	25 m	18.75	12.5 m	9 m
01200033	50 m (164 ft)				(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)
01200042									
02200024									
02200033					75 m	50 m	07.5	05	10
02200042		100 m				50 m (164 ft)	37.5 (123 ft)	25 m (82 ft)	18 m (59 ft)
02200056						(10411)	(12011)	(02 11)	(00 11)
02200075									
03200100	100 m				75 m (246 ft)	50 m (164 ft)	37.5 (123 ft)	25 m (82 ft)	18 m (59 ft)
04200133 04200176		10) m		75 m (246 ft)	50 m (164 ft)	37.5 (123 ft)	25 m (82 ft)	18 m (59 ft)

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Table 11-20 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	400 V Nominal AC supply voltage								
		Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies							
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
02400013									
02400018									
02400023		100 m				50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
02400032									
02400041									
03400056									
03400073	100 m				75 m	50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
03400094	1								
04400135		100 m				50 m	37.5	25 m	18.25 m
04400170	1	10	0 111		75 m	50 11	57.5	23 111	10.25 11

• Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

• The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 11-18, Table 11-19 and Table 11-20 if high capacitance motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.4.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 40.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.1.23 Braking resistor values

 Table 11-21
 Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for

the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating					
	Ω	kW	kW					
100 V								
01100017	130	1.2						
01100024	130	1.2						
02100042	130	1.2						
02100056	130	1.2						
200 V								
01200017	130	1.2						
01200024	130	1.2						
01200033	130	1.2						
01200042	130	1.2						
02200024	68	2.2						
02200033	68	2.2						
02200042	68	2.2						
02200056	68	2.2						
02200075	68	2.2						
03200100	45	3.4	2.2					
04200133	22	6.9						
04200176	22	6.9						
400 V								
02400013	270	2.3						
02400018	270	2.3						
02400023	270	2.3						
02400032	270	2.3						
02400041	270	2.3						
03400056	100	6.1	2.2					
03400073	100	6.1	3					
03400094	100	6.1	4					
04400135	50	12.2						
04400170	50	12.2						

* Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

11.1.24 Torque settings

Table 11-22 Drive relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Screw terminals	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

 Table 11-23
 Drive power terminal data

Model size	AC terminals				
1	0.5 Nm (0.5 Nm (0.4 lb ft)			
2			1.5 N m (1.0 lb ft)		
3	1.4 Nm	(1 lb ft)	1.5 N III (1.0 Ib It)		
4					

Table 11-24 Terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size	
	Control connector	1.5 mm² (16 AWG)	
All	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm² (12 AWG)	
	STO connector	0.5 mm ² (20 AWG)	
All	AC input power connector	6 mm² (10 AWG)	
All	AC output power connector	2.5 mm ² (12 AWG)	

11.1.25 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the *EMC Data Sheet* which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive.

Table 11-25 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)
EN61000-4-4	burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 µs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground ¹	Level 2
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports	
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6- 1:2007	Generic immunity standard for the residential, commercial and light - industrial environment			Complies
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6- 2:2005	Generic immur industrial envir	nity standard for the onment		Complies
IEC61800-3 EN61800- 3:2004	Product standa speed power d (immunity requ		Meets immunit requirements f second enviror	or first and

¹ See section *Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building* on page 49 for control ports for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection

Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	tion NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Fmission

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

Table 11-26 Size 1 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Sw	itching f	frequency	(kHz)	
length (m)	3	4	6	8	12	16
Using internal filter	:					
0 – 2						
Using internal filter	and exte	ernal fer	rite ring	(1 turn):		
0 – 10						
10 - 20						
Using external filte	r:					
0 – 20						
20 - 100						

Table 11-27 Size 1 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Switching frequency (kHz)									
3	4	6	8	12	16				
lter:									
Iter and e	external fe	errite ring	(2 turns):						
ilter:									
	Iter:	3 4 Iter: Iter and external fe	3 4 6 Iter: Iter and external ferrite ring	3 4 6 8 Iter: Iter and external ferrite ring (2 turns):	3 4 6 8 12 Iter:				

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

E2R EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)

E2U EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, unrestricted distribution

Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3:2004)



Т

This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be CAUTION required to take adequate measures.

R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3:2004 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes. The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives.

IEC 61800-3:2004 and EN 61800-3:2004

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
C3	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Rated at over 1000 V or over 400 A, intended for use in complex systems in the second environment	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

Optional external EMC filters 11.2

Table 11-28 EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT Part number
200 V	-
400 V	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

11.2.1 EMC filter ratings

Table 11-29 Optional external EMC filter details

		mum	Voltage	e rating			sipation at	Ground lea	akage	
	continuou	us current				rated o	current	Balanced supply		Discharge
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground	Worst case	resistors
	Α	Α	v	v		w	w	mA	mA	MΩ

11.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

Table 11-30 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

07.001			Dimensi	on (mm)			Wei	iaht
CT part number	I	Н	V	N	[)	we.	gin
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb

11.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

Table 11-31 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

		Power connect	ctions		Ground connections					
CT part number	Max ca	ble size	Max t	orque		Max t	orque			
number	mm ²	AWG	N m	lb ft	Ground stud size	N m	lb ft			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical uata	Diagnostics	information

12 **Diagnostics**

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

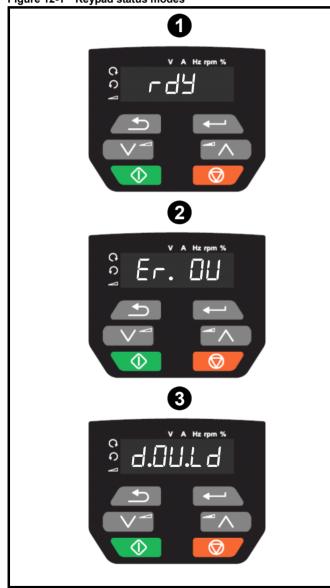
- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications



Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter. If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized WARNING Control Techniques distributor for repair.

12.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

Figure 12-1 Keypad status modes



- Drive OK status 1
- 2 Trip status
- 3 Alarm status

12.2 Trip indications

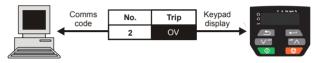
The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the keypad will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-2 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr **10.001** 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF19) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table to identify the specific trip.

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr **10.020** via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-2 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up OV in Table 12-2.
- Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis. 4

Identifying a trip / trip source 12.3

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

OV	Ph.Lo
OI ac	Pb.Er
OI.br	OI.Sn
PSU	Oht.r
Oht.I	th.fb
Oht.P	P.Dat
Oh.dc	So.St

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a drive, if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 12-2 Key to sub-trip number

	x x y z z
00 - Generated by the control module	
01 - Generated by the power module	
0 - Always zero for a single drive]
00	
01 - Reason for the trip	
07	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recinical data	Diagnostics	information

12.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Table 12-2 Trip indications

Trip	Diagnosis								
C.Acc	NV Media Card Write fail								
185	The <i>C.Acc</i> trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the NV Media Card. If the trip occurs during the data transfer to the card then the file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the drive then the data transfer may be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the transfer, the parameters are not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive down and up again.								
	 Recommended actions: Check NV Media Card is installed / located correctly Replace the NV Media Card 								
C.bt	The Menu 0 parameter modification cannot be saved to the NV Media Card								
	Menu 0 changes are automatically saved on exiting edit mode.								
177	The <i>C.bt</i> trip will occur if a write to a Menu 0 parameter has been initiated via the keypad by exiting edit mode and Pr 11.042 is set for auto or boot mode, but the necessary boot file has not been created on the NV Media Card to take the new parameter value. This occurs when Pr 11.042 is changed to Auto (3) or Boot (4) mode, but the drive is not subsequently reset.								
	 Recommended actions: Ensure that Pr 11.042 is correctly set, and then reset the drive to create the necessary file on the NV Media Card Re-attempt the parameter write to the Menu 0 parameter 								
C.by	NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module								
	The <i>C.by</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media Card is already being accessed by an Option Module. No data is transferred.								
178	Recommended actions:								
	Wait for the option module to finish accessing the NV Media Card and re-attempt the required function								
C.Cpr	NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive								
	A compare has been carried out between a file on the NV Media Card, a <i>C.Cpr</i> trip is initiated if the parameters on the NV Media Card are different to the drive.								
188	Recommended actions:								
	Set Pr mm.000 to 0 and reset the trip								
	Check to ensure the correct data block on the NV Media Card has been used for the compare								
C.d.E	NV Media Card data location already contains data								
C.u.E	The <i>C.d.E</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to store data on a NV Media Card in a data block which already								
	contains data.								
179	Recommended actions:								
	Erase the data in data location								
	Write data to an alternative data location								
C.dat	NV Media Card data not found								
	The C.dat trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access non-existent file or block on the NV Media Card.								
183	Recommended actions:								
	Ensure data block number is correct								
C.Err	NV Media Card data structure error								
	The <i>C.Err</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access the NV Media Card but an error has been detected in the data structure on the card. Resetting the trip will cause the drive to erase and create the correct folder structure. The cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip.								
	Sub-trip Reason 1 The required folder and file structure is not present								
	1 The required folder and file structure is not present 2 The HEADER.DAT file is corrupted								
182	3 Two or more files in the OLDATA\DRIVE folder have the same file identification number								
	Recommended actions:								
	Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process								
	Ensure the card is located correctly								
	Replace the NV Media Card								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information					
Т	rip						Diagn	osis									
С	.Ful		lia Card ful														
			<i>ul</i> trip indication for the ca		an attempt	has been r	nade to crea	te a data bl	ock on a N	V Media Card,	, but there is n	ot enough					
	84		mended ac														
					e entire N\	/ Media Ca	rd to create	space									
			a different														
C.	Opt									ve and destination							
		drive, bu transfer, values f	ut the option but is a wa rom the care	module o rning tha d. This tri	category is the data f	different be or the optic	etween the s	ource and o at is differe	destination nt will be s	ferred from the drives. This tri et to the defau ata block and t	p does not sto Ilt values and	op the data					
1	80	 Recommended actions: Ensure the correct option module is installed. Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for the option module installed will be at their 															
		defa	ult values			-					will be at their						
	.Pr		This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive. V Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative														
C			IV Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative he <i>C.Pr</i> trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed, If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) is different between he source and target drives. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the drive and th														
1	75	Recom	mended ac	tions:													
			a different			ina Pr mm	. 000 to 9666	and resett	ina the driv	۵							
С	.rdo		ia Card ha		-	-				6							
					-		made to mo	dify a read-	only NV Me	edia Card or a	read-only dat	a block. A					
					if the read-	only flag ha	as been set.										
1	81		mended ac														
			ar the read o ks in the N\		• •	r mm.000	to 9777 and	reset the c	Irive. This v	will clear the re	ead-only flag f	or all data					
С	.rtg					/ or curre	nt rating of	the source	and desti	nation drives	are different	t					
1	86	or voltag set to 8y	ge ratings ar /yy) is atter	e differer	nt between ween the d	source and ata block c	d destination on a NV Med	drives. Thi lia Card and	s trip also a d the drive.	Card to the driv applies if a con The <i>C.rtg</i> trip t be transferre	npare (using F does not stop	Pr mm.000 the data					
		Recom	mended ac	tions:													
			et the drive					e meferme d'a									
	.SI				• •	•	eters have tr r has failed	ansierred C	onectly								
	174	The C.S	3/ trip is initi ond correct	ated, if th	e transfer	of an option	n module file			ailed because ndicating the o							
С	.typ					•	ith current										
		current of drive if t	drive mode. he operating	This trip g mode ir	is also pro	duced if an		nade to trai	nsfer paran	e NV Media C neters from a I g modes.							
1	87		mended ac		rivo ouppo	to the drive	oporating	nada in tha	noromotor	filo							
		Clea	ar the value	in Pr mr	1.000 and r	eset the dr	e operating r ive e same as th										
c	L.AI		input 1 cur							-							
		The cL.	A1 trip indic	ates that	a current lo		tected in cur rent falls belo		on Analog	input 1 (Termi	nal 2). In 4-20	mA and					
			mended ac														
	28	CheChe	ck control w ck control w ck the Anal	/iring is c /iring is u	ndamaged	7.007)											
			rent signal is				A										

Safety information ir	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip	Diagnosis
CL.bt	Trip initiated from the Control Word (06.042)
35	 The <i>CL.bt</i> trip is initiated by setting bit 12 on the control word in Pr 06.042 when the control word is enabled (Pr 06.043 = On). Recommended actions: Check the value of Pr 06.042. Disable the control word in <i>Control Word Enable</i> (Pr 06.043) Bit 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word When the control word is enabled, the trip can only be cleared by setting bit 12 to zero
Cur.c	Current calibration range
231	Current calibration range error.
Cur.O	Current feedback offset error
225	 The <i>Cur.O</i> trip indicates that the current offset is too large to be trimmed. Recommended actions: Ensure that there is no possibility of current flowing in the output phases of the drive when the drive is not enabled Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
D.Ch	Drive parameters are being changed
97	 A user action or a file system write is active that is changing the drive parameters and the drive has been commanded to enable, i.e. <i>Drive Active</i> (10.002) = 1. Recommended actions: Ensure the drive is not enabled when defaults are loading
Der.E	Derivative file error
246	Sub-trip Reason 1 Derivative file different 2 Derivative file missing

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runningthe information installation installation started parameters motor 0	Deptimization NV Media Advanced Card parameters Technic	Il data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis				
Der.I		product image error				
		rip indicates that an error has been detected in the derivative by the sub-trip number.	product image. The reason for the trip can be			
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments			
	1	Divide by zero				
	2	Undefined trip				
	3	Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter				
	4	Attempted access to non-existent parameter				
	5	Attempted write to read-only parameter				
	6	Attempted and over-range write				
	7	Attempted read from write-only parameter				
	30	The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks will not run			
248	31	The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.	As 30			
	32	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed.	As 30			
	33	The ID code within the image is not valid	As 30			
	34	The derivative image has been changed for an image with a different derivative number	As 30			
	40	The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended				
	41	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned	As 40			
	51	Core menu customization table CRC check failed	As 30			
	52	Customizable menu table CRC check failed	As 30			
	53	Customizable menu table changed	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Default are loaded for the derivative menu and the trip wi keep occurring until drive parameters are saved.			
	61	The option module installed in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30			
	80	Image is not compatible with the control board	Initiated from within the image code			
	81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number	As 80			
		ended actions: ct the supplier of the drive				
dest	Two or mo	pre parameters are writing to the same destination param	eter			
		ip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more rriting to the same parameter.	logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) within			
199		nded actions:				
		mm.000 to 'Destinations' or 12001 and check all visible para	meters in all menus for parameter write conflict			
dr.CF	Drive con	figuration				

Optimization Lechnical data Diagnostics	Safety information			Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis
EEF	Default para	meters have been loaded
	The EEF trip	indicates that default parameters have been loaded. The exact cause/reason of the trip can be identified from
	the sub-trip n	umber.
	Sub-trip	Reason
	1	The most significant digit of the internal parameter database version number has changed
	2	The CRC's applied to the parameter data stored in internal non-volatile memory indicate that a valid set of parameters cannot be loaded
	3	The drive mode restored from internal non-volatile memory is outside the allowed range for the product or the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode
	4	The drive derivative image has changed
31	5	The power stage hardware has changed
	6	The internal I/O hardware has changed
	7	Reserved
	8	The control board hardware has changed
	9	The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed
	Recommend	led actions:
		e drive and perform a reset ficient time to perform a save before the supply to the drive is removed
		persists - return drive to supplier
Et	An External	trip is initiated
		s occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip string. See An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038 .
	Sub-trip	Reason
	1	External Trip (10.032) = 1
6	Ľ.	
	Recommend	led actions:
	Check the	e value of Pr 10.032 .
		est' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.
		r 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms
Fan.f	Fan fail	
	Recommend	
173		k that the fan is fitted and connected correctly. k that the fan is not obstructed.
		act the supplier of the drive to replace the fan.
Fi.ch	File changed	
	Recommend	led actions:
247	Powe	r cycle the drive.
Fi.In	Firmware inc	
	The Fi.In trip	indicates that the user firmware is incompatible with the power firmware.
237	Recommend	led actions:
	Re-program t	he drive with the latest version of the drive firmware for the Unidrive M300.
HF01	Data proces	sing error: CPU hardware fault
	The HF01 trip	o indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has
	failed.	
	Recommend	led actions:
	Hardware	e fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF02	-	sing error: CPU memory management fault
	The <i>HF02</i> trip failed.	o indicates that a DMAC address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has
	Recommend	led actions:
	Hardware	e fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
HF03		sing error: CPU has detected a bus fault
	-	indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.
	Recommend	led actions:
	Hardware	e fault – Contact the supplier of the drive

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information				
Т	rip						Diagn	osis								
H	F04	Data pro	cessing ei	rror: CP	U has dete	cted a us	age fault									
		The HF0-	4 trip indica	ates that	a usage fa	ult has occ	urred.This tr	ip indicates	s that the co	ontrol PCB on	the drive has	failed.				
		Recomm	ended act	ions:												
		Hard	ware fault -	- Contac	t the suppli	ier of the d	rive									
н	F05	Reserve	d													
н	F06	Reserve	d													
	E07	Dete pro		(#0#) \A/o	tabdaa fai											
П	F07				tchdog fai		s occurred T	This trip ind	icatos that t	he control PC	R on the drive	has failed				
					a watchuog	j lallule lla	s occurred. I	nis uip inu								
			ended act													
	-00				t the suppli		rive									
H	F08		Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The <i>HF08</i> trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the c													
			 Find the control PCB on the drive failed. This the indicates that the control PCB on the drive failed. The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive 													
Н	F09															
		-	ata processing error: Free store overflow he <i>HF09</i> trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha iled.													
		Recommended actions:														
		Hard	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Reserved													
Н	F10	Reserve														
н	F11	-	_			-	omms error									
		The HF1	1 trip indica	ites that	a non-vola	tile memor	y comms erro	or has occu	urred.							
		Sub-trip Reason Reco							commended	action						
		1	Non-	volatile r	memory cor	nms error.		Hardwa	are fault – c	ontact the sup	plier of the d	rive.				
		2	EEPI	ROM siz	e is incomp	atible with	the user	Re-pro	aram drive	with compatibl	e user firmw	are				
		2	firmw	are.				ive-pro	gramunve			are.				
		Recomm	Recommended actions:													
		Hard	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive													
		The c	 The crash level is indicated by the sub-trip number This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed 													
			•					led								
H	F12	-	-		in program											
							ick over flow n the drive ha		ed. The sta	ick can be ider	ntified by the	sub-trip				
					Stac											
		Sub-tr	•	ground ta		n										
		2		l tasks	1515											
		3			ntorrunto											
		3	Main	system	nterrupts											
		Recomm	ended act	ions:												
		Hard	ware fault -	- Contac	t the suppli	ier of the d	rive									
Н	F13	Reserve	d													
			•													
H	F14	Reserve	d													
	E4.5	Beech	4													
H	F15	Reserve	u													
L	F16	Data pro	cessing ei	ror PT	OS error											
	-10	-	-			ror has on	curred This	trip indicate	s that the c	control PCB or	the drive ha	s failed				
			ended act									e iunou.				
					t the suppli	er of the d	rivo									
			ware iduit -		a une suppli											

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information				
Т	rip						Diagno	sis								
Н	F17	Reserve	d													
Н	F18	•	-			memory h										
			•			l flash mem trip number		I when wr	iting option	module parar	neter data. Th	ne reason				
		Sub-tr			ly life sub-		Reason									
		1	•		initializatio	n timed out	Reason									
		2	•			writing men	u in flash									
		3	-	-		ng setup me										
		4					on menus fai	led								
		5	Incorr	ect setup	menu CR	C contained	in flash									
		6	Incorr	ect applic	ation men	u CRC cont	ained in flash									
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:												
		Hardwar	e fault - co	ntact the	supplier of	the drive.										
H	F19		Data processing error: CRC check on the firmware has failed													
		The HF1	The <i>HF19</i> trip indicates that the CRC check on the drive firmware has failed.													
		Recomm	ecommended actions:													
		• Re-p	Re-program the drive													
		 Hard 	Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive													
lt.	AC		utput current overload timed out (I ² t)													
			The <i>lt.AC</i> trip indicates a motor thermal overload based on the output current (Pr 05.007) and motor thermal time constant (Pr 04.015). Pr 04.019 displays the motor temporature as a percentage of the maximum value. The drive will trip on $lt AC$													
		(Pr 04.015). Pr 04.019 displays the motor temperature as a percentage of the maximum value. The drive will trip on when Pr 04.019 gets to 100 %.														
	~		Recommended actions:													
	20	• Ensu	Ensure the load is not jammed / sticking													
						ot changed										
			e the motor are the mot				08) (RFC-A m	node only)							
It	.br		resistor o			<u> </u>										
		_					d has timed o	ut. The va	alue in Brak	king Resistor	Thermal Accu	mulator				
		(10.039)	is calculate	ed using E	Braking Re	sistor Rateo	Power (10.0	30), <i>Braki</i>	ing Resistol	r Thermal Tim	e Constant (1	0.031) and				
		-		esistance	(10.061).	The <i>lt.br</i> trip	is initiated w	hen the E	Braking Res	istor Thermal	Accumulator	(10.039)				
	19	reaches		tional												
			nended ac		d in Dr 10	030 Dr 10	031 and Pr 1	0 061 ara	corroct							
										ftware overloa	ad protection i	s not				
							to 0 to disab				•					
L	F.Er						•			ctifier module						
										fier module or by the sub-trip						
		commun		is nave t		leu. me lea		ip can be		by the sub-thp	number.					
		Sourc	ce xx		y zz											
		Control system	00		0 01	No commu	nications bet	ween the	control sys	tem and the p	ower system.					
		Control				<u> </u>										
	12	system	00		0 02	Excessive	communicati	on errors	between th	e control syst	em and powe	r system.				
		Control	01		1 00	Excessive	communicati	ons errors	s detected b	by the rectifier	module.					
		system								-						
		Recomm	ended acti	ons:												
		Hard	ware fault	- contact	the supplie	er of the driv	e.									
No	o.PS	No powe		h =4 ···-												
	20				the power	and control	Doards.									
2	36		nended ac													
		Chec	ск connecti	on betwe	en power a	and control	board.									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started p	Basic barameters	Running the motor	Optimizati	on NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information					
· ·	Trip						Dia	gnosis									
	D.Ldl	Digital o	output over	load				-									
		The O.L. A trip is	<i>dI</i> trip indication initiated if the distance of the distance	ates that th ne following	g conditio	n is met:			or from the	e digital output	has exceede	d the limit.					
	26	Recomm	imum outpu nended ac t ck total loac	tions:		ligital outpu	it is 100 i	nA.									
		Che	ck control w ck output w	viring is cor	rect												
0).Spd	Motor fr	equency h	as exceed	led the o	ver freque	ncy thre	shold									
	7	(03.008) Over Fre	in either di	rection, an reshold in F	O.SPd tri Pr 03.008	ip is produc in either di	ced. In R	RFC-A mode, i	f the Estima	n the Over Fre ated Frequenc If Pr 3.008 is s	y (03.002) ex	ceeds the					
		Recomm	nended act	tions:													
		Che	Reduce the <i>Frequency Controller Proportional Gain</i> (03.010) to reduce the speed overshoot (RFC-A mode only) Check that a mechanical load is not driving motor														
C	Dh.br	-	Braking IGBT over-temperature														
	101		The Oh.br over-temperature trip indicates that braking IGBT over-temperature has been detected based on software thermal model. Recommended actions:														
	101	Recomm															
		Che	Check braking resistor value is greater than or equal to the minimum resistance value														
0	OHt.C	Control	Control stage over temperature														
		This trip	indicates th	at a contro	ol stage o	ver-temper	ature has	s been detecte	ed if Cooling	g Fan control (06.045) = 0.						
	219	Recomm	nended act	tions:													
		 Incre 	ease ventila	tion by set	ting Cooli	ng Fan cor	ntrol (06.0	045) > 0.									
0)h.dc	DC bus	over temp	erature													
		thermal and DC reaches	protection s bus ripple.	ystem to p The estima an <i>Oh.dc</i>	rotect the ated temporter trip is init	DC bus co erature is c iated. The	mponent lisplayed	s within the dr as a percenta	ive. This ind ge of the tr	e thermal mode cludes the effe ip level in Pr 0 r before trippir	cts of the out 7.035. If this	put current parameter					
		S	ource	XX	3	1	zz		0	Description							
		Contr	rol system	00	2	2	00	DC bus therm	al model gi	ves trip with s	ub-trip 0						
	27	Che	nended act ck the AC s ck DC bus r	upply volta		ce and leve	els										
			uce duty cy														
		Red	uce motor lo	bad													
			ck the outpu						D. 05 007			040					
			Check the h Pr 05.011) -	•	•	with motor i	amepiat	e (Pr 05.006 , 1	Pr 05.007, I	Pr 05.008 , Pr (05.009, Pr 05	.010,					
			Disable slip	•	,	5.027 = 0)	– (Open	loop)									
		1	Disable dyn	amic V to I	F operation	on (Pr 05.0	13 = 0) -	(Open loop)									
			Select fixed	•		, ,		o) 6 .019 = 1) – (O	inen loon)								
								une (Pr 05.012									
								, Pr `03.012) –									

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running th motor	e Optin	nization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Т	rip						[)iagno	sis					
0	ht.l	Inverter o	over tempe	rature ba	ased on th	ermal m	odel							
		This trip in	ndicates that	at an IGB1	T junction	over-temp	peratur	e has b	een detec	ted based	on a software	e thermal mode	el.	
			ource	xx	У	z	z				scription			
		Contro	ol system	00	1	C	0	Inv	erter ther	mal model	gives {Oht.I} 1	rip with sub-tr	ip 0	
	21	 Redu Ensuit Redu Increation Redu Check 	 Recommended actions: Reduce the selected drive switching frequency Ensure Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable (05.035) is set to Off Reduce duty cycle Increase acceleration / deceleration rates Reduce motor load Check DC bus ripple Ensure all three input phases are present and balanced 											
O	ht.P		age over te	•										
			ndicates that s identified b		r stage ove	er-temper	ature h	as bee	n detected	d. From the	sub-trip 'xxy	zz', the Therm	listor	
		So	ource	xx	У		ZZ			6	escription			
		Power	r system	01	0		ZZ	The	mistor loc	ation in the	drive define	d by zz		
	22	Recommended actions: Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speed Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Reduce duty cycle Increase acceleration / deceleration rates Reduce motor load Check the derating tables and confirm the drive is correctly sized for the application. Use a drive with larger current / power rating												
0	ht.r		over temp											
		the sub-tr Source Powe syster	Source xx y zz Description Power system Power module number Rectifier number zz Thermistor location can be identified for the sub-trip number.											
	02	Checi Fit an Force Checi Checi Checi Checi Increa Increa Redu Redu	end action k the motor output line the heatsir k enclosure k enclosure k enclosure ase ventilati ase accelera ce duty cyc	and moto reactor o hk fans to / drive fan ventilatio door filter on ation / deo le ad	r sinusoida run at ma ns are still n paths rs celeration	al filter ximum sp functioni	eed by	setting		5 = 1				
	.A1 89		n put 1 over nput on ana			24mA.								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrica installatio		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
1	Ггір						Diagn	osis						
0	I.AC	Instant	aneous o	utput over	current de	etected								
		The ins	tantaneou	is drive outp	out current	has excee	ded VM_DR	IVE_CURF	RENT_MAX					
		Sou	rce	хх	У	ZZ	zz Description							
			Control system 00 0 00 Instantaneous over-current trip when the measured a.c. current exceeds VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX].											
	3	 Inci If so Cho Cho Is the solution of the solutio	rease acco een during eck for sho eck integri ne motor o duce the v duce the v	cable length values in the values in the	celeration i reduce the the output tor insulati within limit frequency current loo	voltage bo cabling on using a ts for the fr loop gain pp gain pa	n insulation f ame size? parameters rameters	- (Pr 03.01)3.012) or (Pr	03.013, 03.01	4, 03.015)		
C)l.br		-				•		-	BT activated				
			br trip indi	xx	y	t has been		oraking IGI		ng IGBT proted	ction has beer	n activated.		
	4		wer stem	01	0	00	Braking	IGBT inst	antaneous	over-current tr	ip			
		Che Che	eck brakin	resistor wiri	alue is grea	ater than o	r equal to the	e minimum	resistance	value				
0	l.dc	Power	module o	over current	t detected	from IGB	T on state v	oltage mo	nitoring					
		The Ol.	Ol.dc trip indicates that the short circuit protection for the drive output stage has been activated.											
1	109	• Dis	mended a connect the place the o	ne motor cal	ble at the d	rive end a	nd check the	motor and	l cable insu	lation with an	insulation test	er		
0	I.SC	Output	phase sh	nort-circuit										
2	228	Recom • Che • Che	mended a eck for sho eck integri	actions: ort circuit on	the output	cabling on using a	ed. Possible n insulation f ame size?		h fault.					
0	l.Sn	Snubb	er over-ci	urrent dete	cted									
	This trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubbing circuit, The exact cause trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.									use of the				
		Source)	хх	У	zz								
		Power	system	01	1	00:	Rectifier snu	bber over-	current trip	detected				
	92	 Ens Cho Cho Cho Cho 	sure the m eck for sup eck for sup eck the mo	iternal EMC notor cable le pply voltage pply disturba	ength does imbalance ance such tor cable in	a not excee as notchin isulation w	ed the maxim g from a DC ith a Megger	drive.	ected switc	hing frequency	j.			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parame			Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip							Diagno	sis				
O	Pt.d	Option n	nodule do	es not a	cknowle	dge durii	ing driv	ve mode cl	nangeove	r			
2	15	has been Recomm • Rese	stopped nended tr i t the trip	during the p:	e drive m	ode chan	ngeover	ot acknowle with in the			ve that commu	unications with	ו the drive
			trip persis	-		ion modu	ule						
0	ut.P		hase los								5	<u> </u>	
	98	(06.059) 1. When 2. Durin more Recomm • Chec	= 1 then c in the drive ig running than TBD nended ac ik motor a	utput pha is enabl the outp % nega tions: nd drive	ase loss i ed short ut curren tive phas connectio	s detecter oulses are t is monito e sequen ons	ed as fo re applie tored ar nce curr	Ilows: ed to make nd the outpo rent for TBE	sure each ut phase lo)s.	i output ph oss conditio	utput Phase L ase is connec on is detected	ted.	
								ion Enable					
	V		-								15 seconds		
		VM_DC_ Voltag	•	SET[M	AX] for 1	5 s. The ti	trip thre	ceeded the eshold varie VM_DC_V	s dependi	ng on volta	ge rating of th	ie drive as sh	own below.
	2	Sourc Contro syster	bl	xx 00				antaneous t _VOLTAGE		zz he DC bus	voltage excee	eds	
		Contro syster	trol 00 0				2: Time		ip indicatir		DC bus volta	ge is above	
		Powe syster		01		()		antaneous t _VOLTAGE	•	he DC bus	voltage excee	eds	
		 Incre Decre Chec Chec 	Recommended actions: • Increase deceleration ramp (Pr 00.004) • Decrease the braking resistor value (staying above the minimum value) • Check nominal AC supply level • Check for supply disturbances which could cause the DC bus to rise • Check motor insulation using a insulation tester										
P.	Dat		ystem co	-									
		The P.Da	t trip indic	ates that	there is a	an error ir	n the co	onfiguration	data stor	ed in the p	ower system.		
		Sou	irce	xx y	y zz					Descriptio	n		
		Control	system	00	01	No data	a was c	obtained fro	m the pow	ver board.			
Control system 00 0 02 There is no data table in node 1.													
		Control	-		0 03	to store	e it.				e space avail	able in the co	ntrol pod
2	20	Control	•		04			e table give	n in the ta	ble is inco	rect.		
		Control	-		05	Table C				~		10 11 1	
		Control	-		00 06				-		that produce		ioo low.
		Control	-		07						power board		
		Power	system	01 (00 0					, , ,	ower module h		
		Power	system	01	01	The pov error.	ower dat	ta table tha	t is upload	led to the c	ontrol system	on power up	has an
			ended ac ware fault		ct the sup	plier of th	he drive	9					
1					P								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic barameters	Running the motor	Optimization	n NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diag	nosis				
F	Pad	Keypad	has been	removed v	vhen the	drive is r	eceiving th	e reference	from the l	eypad		
			•	tes that the nected from		• •	node [<i>Refe</i>	rence Select	or (01.014)	= 4 or 6] and	the keypad ha	as been
:	34	Recomn	nended ac	tions:								
			• •	ad and rese								
	_		-					nce from and		9		
PI	b.Er							power cont			Anim and haid	a sa tifi a al las s
		the sub-t	trip numbe					een power co		reason for the	trip can be to	entined by
		Sub-	trip			Reasor	า					
		1		L operating	-							
	93	2		wer board I								
		3		er board los			ith power b	oard				
		4	Co	mmunicatio	on CRC e	rror						
		Recomn	nended ac	tions:								
		• Hard	dware fault	- Contact t	he suppli	ier of the d	rive					
Pk	o.HF		oard HF									
		Power p	rocessor h	ardware fau	ult.							
		Recomn	nended ac	tions:								
2	235	• Hard	dware fault	- Contact tl	ne suppli	er of the di	ive					
Р	d.S	Power d	lown save	error								
		The Pd.S	S trip indica	ates that an	error ha	s been det	ected in the	e power dowi	n save para	meters saved	in non-volatil	e memory.
	37	Recom	mended a	ctions:								
		Perfe	• Perform a 1001 save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered u									
Pł	l.Lo	Supply	Supply phase loss									
		The <i>PH.Lo</i> trip indicates that the drive has detected an input phase loss or large supply imbalance. The driv stop the motor before this trip is initiated. If the motor cannot be stopped in 10 seconds the trip occurs imm <i>PH.Lo</i> trip works by monitoring the ripple voltage on the DC bus of the drive, if the DC bus ripple exceeds the drive will trip on PH.Lo. Potential causes of the DC bus ripple are input phase loss, Large supply impedant output current instability.								curs immediate ceeds the three	ely. The eshold, the	
		Sourc	ce	XX	У				ZZ			
		Contr syste		00	0	atten	npts to stop		fore tripping	ol system feed g unless bit 2 d		
	32			etection can use Loss De				required to o	perate from	the DC suppl	y or from a sir	ngle phase
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:		·						
		 Cheo Cheo Redu Redu Disa 	 Reduce the duty cycle Reduce the motor load Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2. 									
P	SU		power su									
		The PSL	J trip indica	ates that on	e or more	e internal p	ower suppl	y rails are ou		or overloaded	d	
		Sou	urce	XX	У		zz		Desci	ription		
		Control	system	00	0		00	nternal powe	er supply ov	verload		
	5	Power	system	01	1							
		• Rem		tion module				ve to the sup	plier			

	Mechanical Electrical installation installation	Getting Basi started parame		Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Trip				Diagno	sis					
r.All	RAM allocation err	or		-						
	The <i>r.All</i> trip indicate RAM allocation is ch given. The sub-trip is	ecked in order o	of resulting sub	-trip numbers	s, and so t	he failure w	vith the highest			
	Parameter siz			F	Parameter		Value			
	1 bit	1		Volatile		0				
	8 bit	2			User sa	-	1			
227	16 bit	3		P	ower-dow	n save	2			
		32 bit 4 64 bit 5								
	04 51	5]							
		Sub-array		N	lenus		Value			
	Derivative image				29		2			
	Option slot 1 set-up)			15		4			
r.b.ht	Hot rectifier/brake									
250	Over-temperature de	etected on input	rectifier or bral	king IGBT.						
Reserved	Reserved trips									
14-17	These trip numbers are reserved trip numbers for future use.									
11 09	Trip Number Description									
01	01	Reserved reset	•							
94 - 95	94 -95	Reserved reset	table trip							
103 - 108 191 - 198	103 - 108	Reserved reset	table trip							
168 - 173	191 – 198	Reserved reset	•							
238 - 245	168 - 173	Reserved reset	•							
23, 39, 99, 176, 205 - 214	238 - 245	Reserved non-	resettable trip							
223 - 224										
rS	Measured resistant	ce has exceede	d the paramet	ter range						
	The <i>rS</i> trip indicates value of <i>Stator Resi</i>		ed stator resist	tance during	an auto-tu	ine test has	s exceeded the	maximum p	ossible	
	The stationary auto-tune is initiated using the auto-tune function (Pr 05.012) or in open loop vector mode (Pr 05.014) on the first run command after power up in mode 4 (Ur_I) or on every run command in modes 0 (Ur_S) or 3 (Ur_Auto). This trip can occur if the motor is very small in comparison to the rating of the drive. Recommended actions:									
33										
 Check the motor cable / connections Check the integrity of the motor stator winding using a insulation tester Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the drive terminals Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the motor terminals Check the motor resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model Select fixed boost mode (Pr 05.014 = Fd) and verify the output current waveforms with an oscilloscope 										
	Replace the mot	•	.,	,				· · · · · · · ·		
SCL	Control word watc	-								
30	The SCL trip indicate Recommended act		ol word has be	en enabled a	ind has tin	ned out				

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runningthe information installation installation started parameters motor 0	Deptimization NV Media Advanced Card parameters Technic	Il data Diagnostics UL listing information
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Trip		Diagnosis										
SL.df	Option mod	lule in option slot 1 has changed										
	The SL.df tri	p indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive is a different type to that installed when were last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	No module was installed previously										
	2	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.										
204	3	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.										
204	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.										
	>99	Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.										
		 Recommended actions: Turn off the power, ensure the correct option module is installed in the option slot and re-apply the power. 										
	Confirm	that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and a user save in Pr mm.000 .										
SL.Er		lule in option slot 1 has detected a fault										
202	can be identi	ip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the erro ified by the sub-trip number.										
		ded actions:										
		vant option module User Guide for details of the trip										
SL.HF	•	lule 1 hardware fault										
		rip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has indicated a hardware fault. The possible e trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	The module category cannot be identified										
	2 /	All the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corrupt										
	3	There is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module										
	4	The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up										
200	5	Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working										
	6											
	Recommen	Recommended actions:										
	Ensure t	Ensure the option module is installed correctly										
		the option module										
SL.nF	•	the drive										
SL.IIF	-	Iule in option slot 1 has been removed ip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has been removed since the last power up.										
		ded actions:										
203		the option module is installed correctly.										
		Il the option module.										
		m that the removed option module is no longer required perform a save function in Pr mm.000 .										
SL.tO		-										
02.10		Option module watchdog function service error The <i>SL</i> . <i>t</i> O trip indicates that the option module installed in Slot 1 has started the option watchdog function and then failed										
		vatchdog correctly.										
201	service the w											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagno	sis				
	D.St	Soft star	t relay faile	ed to clo	se, soft sta	art monitor	failed					
			•		the soft sta identified by			d to close	or the soft	start monitorir	ng circuit has t	failed.
		S	ub-trip			Reaso	ı					
2	26		1	Soft	-start failure	9						
			2	DC	bus capacit	or failure or	n 110 V drive	•				
			ended act		41 1 ¹ -							
					the supplie							
St	.HF		-		during la	-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
					a hardware i.e. stored l		-HF19) has c	occurred a	and the drive	e has been po	wer cycled.	he sub-trip
2	21			•	i.e. storeu i	11.19.						
			ended act									
					and press	reset to cle	ear the trip					
	ito		TORQUE		ard fitted							
	34		rd not fitted									
t	th	Motor the	ermistor o	ver-temp	perature							
			o indicates a motor ov			nistor conne	ected to term	inal 14 (c	ligital input	5) on the cont	rol connection	s has
2	24	Recomm	ended act	ions:								
		Chec	k motor ten	nperature	Э							
		Chec	k thermisto	r continu	ity							
th	.br		sistor over	-								
			he <i>th.br</i> trip is initiated if the hardware based braking resistor thermal monitoring is connected and the resistor overheats. the braking resistor is not used, then this trip must be disabled with bit 3 of Action <i>On Trip Detection</i> (10.037) to prevent his trip.									
1	10	Recomm	ended act	ions:								
		Chec	k brake res k braking re k braking re	esistor va	alue is grea	ter than or	equal to the	minimum	resistance	value		
Th	.Fb		hermistor									
						thermistor I	nas failed. Th	ne thermi	stor locatior	n can be ident	ified by the su	b-trip
		Sour	rce	3	xx		у			ZZ		
2	18	Power s	vstem	(01		0	Thermis	tor location	defined by zz		
		Recomm	ended act									
41	hS		ermistor s		the supplie		/e					
L.		The thS to		s that the	e motor ther	mistor conr	ected to terr	ninal 14 (digital input	5) on the con	trol connectior	ns, is short
2	25		ended act									
		Chec	k thermisto	r continu	itv							
			ace motor /									
tu	n.S	Autotune	e test stop	ped befo	ore comple	tion						
		The drive	was preve	nted fron	n completin	g an autotu	ine test, beca	ause eithe	er the drive	enable or the	drive run were	e removed.
1	18	Recomm	ended act	ions:								
		Chec	k the drive	enable s	ignal (Term	inal 31 & 34	4) were activ	e during	the autotune	е		
tu	ine				eded the pa			5				
		The drive	has trippe	d during		utotune or	-	oad meas	surement te	st. The cause	of the trip car	ı be
		Sub-t	rip					Reason				
1	13	1	Mea	asured in	ertia has e	ceeded the	e parameter	range du	ring a mech	anical load m	easurement	
												1
			ended act									
		Chec	k motor cal	ole wiring	g is correct							

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Trip	Diagnosis
U.OI	User OI ac
8	A U.OI trip is initiated if the output current of the drive exceeds the trip level set by User Over Current Trip Level (Pr 04.041).
U.S	User Save error / not completed
36	 The U.S trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory. For example, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were being saved. Recommended actions: Perform a user save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive.
US.24	User 24 V supply is not present on Adaptor Interface terminals (1, 2)
91	A US.24 trip is initiated if the User Supply Select (Pr 06.072), is set to 1 and no user 24 V supply is present on the user 24 V input on the Adaptor Interface. Recommended actions:
	Ensure the user 24 V supply is present on the user terminals on the Adaptor Interface.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL list information

Table 12-3 Serial communications look up table

Νο	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	rES	90	LF.Er	200	SL.HF
2	OV	91	US.24	201	SL.tO
3	OI.AC	92	OI.Sn	202	SL.Er
4	Ol.br	93	Pb.Er	203	SL.nf
5	PSU	94 - 95	rES	204	SL.df
6	Et	96	rES	205 - 214	rES
7	O.Spd	97	D.Ch	215	Opt.d
8	U.OI	98	Out.P	216 - 217	rES
9	rES	99	rES	218	th.fb
10	th.br	100	Rst	219	OHt.C
11	rES	101	Oh.br	220	P.Dat
12	rES	102	Oht.r	221	St.HF
13	tune	103 - 108	rES	222	rES
14 - 17	rES	109	OI.dc	223 - 224	rES
18	tun.S	110 - 111	rES	225	Cur.O
19	lt.br	112 - 167	rES	226	SO.St
20	It.AC	168 - 172	rES	227	r.All
21	Oht.I	173	Fan.F	228	OI.SC
22	Oht.P	174	C.SI	229	rES
23	rES	175	C.Pr	230	rES
24	th	176	rES	231	Cur.c
25	thS	177	C.bt	232	dr.CF
26	O.Ld1	178	C.by	233	rES
27	Oh.dc	179	C.d.e	234	Sto
28	cL.A1	180	C.Opt	235	Pb.HF
29	rES	181	C.rdo	236	no.PS
30	SCL	182	C.Err	237	Fi.In
31	EEF	183	C.dat	238 - 245	rES
32	PH.Lo	184	C.Ful	246	Der.E
33	rS	185	C.Acc	247	Fich
34	Pad	186	C.rtg	248	Der.I
35	CL.bt	187	C.typ	249	rES
36	U.S	188	C.Cpr	252 - 254	rES
37	Pd.S	189	OI.A1	255	Rst.L
38	Lo.Ld	190	rES		
39	rES	191 - 198	rES		
40 - 89	rES	199	dest		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting		Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Card	parameters			information

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 12-4 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01, HF02, HF03, HF04, HF05, HF06, HF07, HF08, HF09, HF10, HF11, HF12, HF13, HF14, HF15, HF16, HF17, HF18, HF19	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur.
1	Stored HF trip	{St.HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {SI.HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEF}	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V	{PSU}	
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI.AC}, {OI.br}, {OI.dc} and {Fan.f}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{PH.Lo} and {Oh.dc}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {PH.Lo}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oh.dc} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

12.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF19} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on St.HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

12.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string display. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "tuning and LS" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 12-5 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See Current Limit Active (10.009).

Safety F	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media	Advanced	T		UL listing
	formation	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	information

12.7 Status indications

Table 12-6 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The SAFE TORQUE OFF signal is not applied to SAFE TORQUE OFF terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0.	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
dc.inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled

Table 12-7 Status indications at power-up

String	Status				
PS.LOAD	Waiting for power stage.				
The drive is waiting for the processor in the power stage to respond after power-up.					
LOAD OPtion	Waiting for an option module				
The drive is waiting for the Option Module to respond after power-up.					
UPLOAD	Loading parameter database				
At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held in the drive because an Option module has changed. This may involve data					
transfer between the drive	ve and option module. During this period 'UPLOAD' is displayed.				

12.8 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr 10.020 and Pr 10.029 inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-2 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr **10.038**.

12.9 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs, the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final demand ref
03.002	Estimated frequency
03.003	Frequency error
03.004	Frequency controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2
07.037	Temperature nearest to trip level

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr 10.037.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
intornation	Information	installation	installation	3101100	parameters	motor		Ould	parameters			mormation

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